

CAREGUIDE INC  
Form 10-Q  
August 14, 2007

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington D.C. 20549

**FORM 10-Q**

**QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15 (d) OF  
THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the quarterly period ended: June 30, 2007  
**OR**

**TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15 (d) OF  
THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_  
Commission file number: 0-22319

**CAREGUIDE, INC.**

(Exact name of small business issuer as specified in its charter)

Delaware  
(State or other jurisdiction of  
incorporation or organization)

16-1476509  
(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

4401 N.W. 124<sup>th</sup> Avenue, Coral Springs, FL 33065

(Address of principal executive offices)

(954) 796-3714

(Issuer's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the issuer (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of accelerated filer and large accelerated filer in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one): Large accelerated filer  Accelerated filer  Non-accelerated filer

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes  No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date: As of August 13, 2007, 67,538,976 shares of the Company's common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, were outstanding.



**PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION****Item 1. Financial Statements****CareGuide, Inc. and Subsidiaries  
Consolidated Balance Sheets***(Dollars in thousands, except par values)*

	<b>June 30, 2007 (unaudited)</b>	<b>December 31, 2006</b>
<b>Assets</b>		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,000	\$ 5,975
Restricted cash available for current liabilities	2,308	4,717
Securities available for sale	21	24
Securities held for trading	246	284
Notes receivable	-	308
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts		
of \$779 and \$544, respectively	1,950	3,503
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	610	587
Current assets of discontinued operations	335	344
Total current assets	7,470	15,742
Property and equipment, net	2,737	2,948
Intangibles and other assets, net	5,145	5,963
Goodwill	32,692	32,629
Restricted cash	924	908
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>\$ 48,968</b>	<b>\$ 58,190</b>
<b>Liabilities and stockholders equity</b>		
Current liabilities:		
Claims payable	\$ 4,829	\$ 7,260
Line of credit	8,000	8,000
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	5,051	4,932
Deferred revenue	225	1,500
Current tax liability	286	344
Current portion of lease obligations	380	365
Current liabilities of discontinued operations	359	425
Total current liabilities	19,130	22,826
Long-term liabilities:		
Notes payable	6,682	6,520
Lease obligations, net of current portion	913	1,107
Deferred tax liability	7	7
Total liabilities	26,732	30,460
Commitments and contingencies		
Stockholders equity:		
Common stock, \$.01 par value, 100,000,000 and 80,000,000 shares authorized; 67,538,976 shares issued and outstanding	675	675
Additional paid-in capital	63,002	62,474
Other comprehensive loss	(21)	(32)
Accumulated deficit	(41,420)	(35,387)
Total stockholders equity	22,236	27,730
<b>Total liabilities and stockholders equity</b>	<b>\$ 48,968</b>	<b>\$ 58,190</b>

See notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.

**CareGuide, Inc. and Subsidiaries****Consolidated Statements of Operations (unaudited)***(Shares and dollars in thousands, except per share data)*

	Three Months		Six Months	
	Ended June 30, 2007	2006	Ended June 30, 2007	2006
Revenues:				
Capitation revenue	\$ -	\$8,901	\$3,032	\$17,606
Administrative and fee revenue	4,925	4,896	10,064	11,852
Total revenues	4,925	13,797	13,096	29,458
Cost of services direct service costs, excluding depreciation and amortization of:				
\$494, \$340, \$1,087 and \$680, respectively				
	3,538	9,889	10,273	21,620
Gross profit	1,387	3,908	2,823	7,838
Operating costs and expenses:				
Selling, general and administrative expense	2,868	2,504	5,742	5,118
Restructuring costs	585	-	700	-
Depreciation and amortization	739	587	1,501	1,136
Total operating costs and expenses	4,192	3,091	7,943	6,254
Operating (loss) income from continuing operations	(2,805)	817	(5,120)	1,584
Other income (expense):				
Interest and other income	29	125	133	235
Trading portfolio loss	(59)	(213)	(37)	(229)
Interest expense	(491)	(406)	(980)	(808)
(Loss) income from continuing operations before income				
taxes and discontinued operations	(3,326)	323	(6,004)	782
Income tax expense	(41)	(119)	(85)	(98)
(Loss) income from continuing operations	(3,367)	204	(6,089)	684
Income (loss) from discontinued operations	54	(286)	57	(286)
Net (loss) income	(3,313)	(82)	(6,032)	398
Accretion of preferred stock	-	-	-	(11)
Net (loss) income attributable to common stockholders	\$(3,313)	\$ (82)	\$(6,032)	\$ 387
Net (loss) income per common share-basic and diluted:				
(Loss) income from continuing operations	\$ (0.05)	\$ -	\$ (0.09)	\$ 0.01
Discontinued operations	-	-	-	-
Net (loss) income	\$ (0.05)	\$ -	\$ (0.09)	\$ 0.01
Weighted average common shares outstanding:				
Basic	67,539	67,539	67,539	59,351
Diluted	67,539	70,411	67,539	63,998
See notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.				

**CareGuide, Inc. and Subsidiaries**  
**Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (unaudited)**

(Dollars in thousands)

	<b>Six Months Ended June 30,</b>	
	<b>2007</b>	<b>2006</b>
<b>Cash provided by (used in) operating activities:</b>		
Net (loss) income	\$ (6,032)	\$ 398
Adjustments to reconcile net (loss) income to net cash (used in) provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	1,501	1,136
Stock option compensation	92	51
Amortization of warrants	436	448
Interest expense on notes payable	161	-
Additional (loss) income from subleases	(243)	455
Decrease in accounts receivable	1,553	528
Increase (decrease) in prepaid expenses and other current assets	63	(42)
Decrease in claims payable	(2,431)	(2,089)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses	112	(1,526)
(Decrease) increase in deferred revenue	(1,275)	351
Increase in other assets	-	74
Reverse trading portfolio loss	54	229
(Decrease) increase in current tax liability	(54)	143
Deferred tax benefit	-	(141)
(Decrease) increase in current liabilities of discontinued operations	(57)	251
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	(6,120)	266
<b>Cash provided by (used in) investing activities:</b>		
Purchases of property and equipment	(496)	(91)
Restricted deposits, net	2,394	1,128
Collection of notes receivable	310	-
Cash (used in) acquired in merger, net of acquisition costs	(62)	4,329
Net cash provided by investing activities	2,146	5,366
<b>Cash used in financing activities:</b>		
Principal payments of capital lease obligations	(1)	(158)
Net cash used in financing activities	(1)	(158)
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(3,975)	5,474
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	5,975	2,336
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 2,000	\$ 7,810

See notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.

## CAREGUIDE, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2007

### 1. Organization and Description of Business

The accompanying financial statements for the three and six months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006 are unaudited and reflect all adjustments (consisting only of normal recurring adjustments) which are, in the opinion of management, necessary for a fair presentation of the financial position and operating results for these interim periods. These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements and notes thereto, for the nine months ended December 31, 2006. The amounts presented for the 2006 interim periods have been restated from amounts presented in the original filing to conform to the interim results presented in the Company's Form 10-KSB for the nine month period ended December 31, 2006. The results of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2007 are not necessarily indicative of the results for the entire year.

CareGuide, Inc. (the Company or CareGuide) is a population health management company that provides a full range of healthcare management services to health plans, work/life companies, government entities, and self-funded employers to help them to reduce health care costs while improving the quality of care for the members. The Company has approximately 80 customers across the United States.

The Company's services may be provided under a variety of contractual arrangements, including capitation, fee-for-service, and case rates. CareGuide also provides case management and disease management for administrative fees only. Contracts may include performance bonuses and shared cost savings arrangements.

### 2. Mergers

On January 25, 2006, the Company, formerly known as Patient Infosystems, Inc., or PATY, merged with CCS Consolidated, Inc. and its subsidiaries (CCS). While the Company was the surviving legal entity in such merger (which may be referred to herein as the PATY Merger), CCS securityholders acquired control of the Company, and accordingly, CCS was deemed the acquirer for purposes of accounting.

On December 8, 2006, pursuant to an Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of November 3, 2006, by and among CareGuide, Haelan Acquisition Corporation, an Indiana corporation and a newly formed wholly-owned subsidiary of CareGuide (Merger Sub), Haelan Corporation, an Indiana corporation (Haelan) and Richard L. Westheimer, as securityholders' representative (the Haelan Merger Agreement), Merger Sub merged with and into Haelan (the Haelan Merger), and as a result Haelan became a wholly-owned subsidiary of CareGuide. The Haelan Merger Agreement and the Haelan Merger were approved by the shareholders of Haelan at a meeting held on November 20, 2006. In the Haelan Merger, CareGuide paid \$1.5 million in cash to Haelan to satisfy certain liabilities of Haelan existing at the closing and specified in the Haelan Merger Agreement, and all outstanding securities of Haelan were exchanged for convertible promissory notes of CareGuide (the Convertible Notes or "Haelan Notes") in the aggregate principal amount of \$6.5 million. The Convertible Notes are subordinated to the rights of CareGuide's senior lender.

The Convertible Notes carry an interest rate of 5% per year, compounding annually, mature on December 8, 2009 and are convertible at maturity into shares of common stock of CareGuide, valued based upon the average closing price of the common stock for the 20 consecutive trading days ending on the date prior to conversion. The maturity date of the notes may be accelerated in the event of a sale transaction, as defined in the Convertible Notes, involving CareGuide.

The financial statements presented herein for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006 are the historical financial statements of the former CCS Consolidated, Inc., with the combined results of operations of the Company (formerly known as Patient Infosystems, Inc.) and CCS Consolidated, Inc. reflected for the period from January 25, 2006 to June 30, 2006.

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### 2. Mergers (continued)

The following unaudited pro forma summary presents the Company's consolidated results of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006 as if both the PATY Merger and the Haelan Merger had been consummated on January 1, 2006. The pro forma consolidated results of operations include certain pro forma adjustments, including the amortization of identifiable intangible assets, interest and expenses on certain debt (in thousands, except for share and per share data).

	Pro Forma for the Three Months Ended June 30, 2006	Pro Forma for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2006
Total revenues	\$ 14,980	\$ 32,000
Cost of services – direct service costs	(10,246)	(22,740)
Total operating costs and expenses	(3,999)	(8,249)
Other expenses, net	(714)	(1,073)
Net loss from continuing operations	\$ 21	\$ (62)
Net loss per common share - basic and diluted	\$ -	\$ -
Weighted average shares outstanding	67,538,976	67,538,976

The pro forma results are not necessarily indicative of those that would have occurred had the acquisitions been consummated on January 1, 2006.

### 3. Business Operations

The Company realized net loss of approximately \$3.3 million and \$6.0 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2007, respectively, and had a working capital deficit of \$11.7 million at June 30, 2007. The Company's ability to continue as a going concern is dependent upon achieving profitability from future operations sufficient to maintain adequate working capital. These financial statements have been prepared assuming the Company will continue as a going concern. Until the Company can sustain sufficient profitable operations or other revenue-generating activities to be self-sufficient, the Company will remain dependent on other sources of capital.

Through June 30, 2007, such capital has been obtained from the issuance of capital stock and borrowings from a financial institution (the "Line of Credit"). The Company's primary investors have guaranteed the borrowing from a financial institution (see Note 5) and have committed to provide additional funding to the Company, if required, through January 1, 2008 up to a maximum of \$2.0 million.

The full balance to the Company's lender, plus any accrued but unpaid interest, is currently due and payable on October 1, 2007. In connection with the Haelan acquisition, the Company committed not to extend the maturity date of or refinance the Line of Credit any further so long as the Haelan Notes are outstanding, unless such refinancing or extension allows for the Haelan Notes to be repaid in accordance with their terms, without the consent of the holders of the Haelan Notes. The Company does not currently anticipate that it will be able to satisfy its obligations under the Line of Credit with operating cash. As a result, the Company expects that it will be necessary to restructure the Line of Credit or to find an alternative lender before maturity of the Line of Credit. The Company's lender under the Line of Credit has conditionally agreed to extend the maturity date of the Line of Credit to January 1, 2009 and increase the size of the facility by \$1.0 million, subject to the negotiation and execution of definitive documentation and the receipt of necessary consents. There can be no assurance that definitive documentation will be executed or that the Company will be able to restructure the Line of Credit on terms favorable to it or at all prior to its current maturity date. If the Company is successful in negotiating an extension and/or increase in the Line of Credit, the Company believes that all or a portion of its obligations will continue to be guaranteed by certain of its subsidiaries as well as certain of its principal stockholders, which may be different from the stockholders that currently guarantee the Line of Credit. The Company also anticipates that it may be required to provide consideration, which the Company believes would likely be in the form of warrants to purchase shares of its common stock, to the guarantors of the extended Line of Credit as compensation for their guarantees, and the Company's stockholders would experience dilution of their ownership to the extent that the Company issues any such warrants, and such dilution could be substantial. The Company expects that the exercise price of such warrants would be equal to the closing price of our common stock on

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the date of grant and the fair market value of any such warrants would be expensed over the life of the extension of the Line of Credit.

Management's plans for dealing with the adverse effects of these conditions include entering into contracts with additional health plans, achieving positive gross margins by exiting or renegotiating under-performing contracts, reducing operating expenses by challenging staffing levels at all of the Company's locations and considering strategic partnerships with other healthcare companies. The Company is restructuring its operations in 2007 designed to reduce annualized operating expenses by approximately \$3.2 million. However, there can be no assurance that the Company will be successful in achieving positive financial results.

### **4. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

#### **Risks and Uncertainties**

The Company's business could be impacted by continuing price pressure on new and renewal business, the Company's ability to effectively control provider costs, additional competitors entering the Company's markets and changes in federal and state legislation or governmental regulations. Changes in these areas could adversely impact the Company's financial position, results of operations and/or cash flows in the future.

Direct service costs are comprised of the incurred claims paid to third-party providers for services for which the Company is at risk and the related expenses of the Company associated with the providing of its services. Network provider and facility charges for authorized services that have yet to be billed to the Company are estimated and accrued in its Incurred But Not Reported (IBNR) claims payable liability. Such accruals are based on historical experience, current enrollment statistics, patient census data, adjudication and authorization decisions and other information. The IBNR liability is adjusted as changes in these factors occur and such adjustments are reported in the period of determination. Although it is possible that actual results could vary materially from recorded claims in the near term, management believes that the recorded IBNR liability is adequate.

#### **Reclassification**

Certain prior period balances have been reclassified to agree with the current year presentation. There was no effect from these reclassifications on the net income (loss) for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006 or stockholders' equity reported as of that date.

#### **Depreciation and Amortization**

The Company reports all depreciation and amortization expense as an operating expense. For the three months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, the reported amounts included \$494,000 and \$340,000, respectively, of depreciation and amortization expenses that were attributable to cost of services. For the six months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, the reported amounts included \$1.1 million and \$680,000, respectively, of depreciation and amortization expenses that were attributable to cost of services.

#### **Restricted Cash**

In connection with several of the Company's customer contracts and office leases, the Company is required to maintain letters of credit and has secured these letters of credit by establishing certificates of deposit totaling \$2.9 million at June 30, 2007. These certificates of deposit are included in restricted cash in the consolidated balance sheets.

At June 30, 2007, CCS New Jersey, Inc., a subsidiary of the Company, had on deposit \$623,000 with the State of New Jersey as a condition of licensure as an Organized Delivery System in New Jersey. This deposit is included as restricted cash in the consolidated balance sheets.

The portion of restricted cash that is available and that the Company intends to use to satisfy current liabilities is included in current assets. The fair value of restricted cash approximates its carrying value.



**4. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)****Long-Lived Assets**

In August 2001, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued SFAS No. 144, *Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets*, (SFAS No. 144) which addresses financial accounting and reporting for the impairment or disposal of long-lived assets and supersedes SFAS No. 121, and the accounting and reporting provisions of Accounting Principles Board (APB) Opinion No. 30, *Reporting the Results of Operations*, for a disposal of a segment of a business. The Company periodically reviews the carrying value of its long-lived assets to assess recoverability and impairment. The Company recorded no impairments during the three and six months ended June 30, 2007 or 2006.

**Claims Payable**

The Company provides for claims incurred but not yet reported based primarily on past experience, together with current factors, using generally accepted actuarial methods. Estimates are adjusted as changes in these factors occur and such adjustments are reported in the year of determination. Although it is reasonably possible that actual results could vary materially from recorded claims in the near term, management believes that recorded reserves are adequate.

The estimates for claims payable are continually reviewed and adjusted as necessary, as experience develops or new information becomes known. Such adjustments are included in current operations.

**Reconciliation of Claims Payable**

(Dollars in thousands)

	<b>Six Months Ended</b>	
	<b>June 30,</b>	
	<b>2007</b>	<b>2006</b>
<b>Claims payable, beginning of period</b>	\$ 7,260	\$ 9,429
<b>Claims Incurred:</b>		
Current period	2,840	14,751
Prior periods	(277)	(851)
<b>Total incurred claims</b>	2,563	13,900
<b>Paid Claims:</b>		
Current period	(440)	(827)
Prior periods	(2,735)	(4,599)
Claims paid by health plan	(1,819)	(10,563)
<b>Total paid claims</b>	(4,994)	(15,989)
<b>Claims payable, end of period</b>	\$ 4,829	\$ 7,340

Cost of services for the six months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006 includes a benefit of approximately \$277,000 and \$116,000, respectively, related to the favorable settlement of claims for services included in the prior reporting periods.

#### 4. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

##### Revenue and Major Customers

Capitated fees are due monthly and are recognized as revenue during the period in which the Company is obligated to provide services to members. Administrative fees are recognized during the period in which case management and disease management services are provided. Fee-for-service revenues are recognized during the period in which the related services are provided to members. Fees received in advance are deferred and ultimately recognized in the period in which the Company is obligated to provide service to members.

Certain of the Company's receivables are based on contractual arrangements which may be subject to retroactive adjustments as final settlements are determined. Such amounts are accrued on an estimated basis in the period the related services are rendered and are adjusted in future periods upon final settlement.

For the three months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, 25.2% and 71.3%, respectively, and for the six months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, 41.0% and 64.8%, respectively, of the Company's total revenue from continuing operations was earned under contracts with affiliates of two customers, Aetna Health Plans (Aetna) and Blue Cross Blue Shield of Michigan (BCBSMI). The capitated risk contracts with Aetna were terminated effective January 31, 2007. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2006, 5.1% and 14.8%, respectively, of the Company's total revenue from continuing operations was earned under contracts with Health Net, Inc. (Health Net). The Health Net contracts were terminated effective May 1, 2006. The revenues from BCBSMI for the three and six months ended June 30, 2007 were 25.2% and 17.8%, respectively, of the total revenues from continuing operations for these periods. Other than these customers, no other one customer accounted for more than 10% of the Company's total revenue for the three or six months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006.

##### Direct Service Costs

Direct service costs are comprised principally of expenses associated with providing the Company's services, including third-party network provider charges. The Company's direct service costs require pre-authorization and are recognized in the month in which services are rendered. Network provider and facility charges for authorized services that have not been billed to the Company (known as incurred but not reported expenses) are estimated and accrued based on the Company's historical experience, current enrollment statistics, patient census data, adjudication decisions and other information. The liability for such costs is included in the caption Claims payable in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

##### Income Taxes

The Company and its subsidiaries file federal tax returns on a consolidated basis, and certain of its subsidiaries file state income tax returns on a separate basis. The Company's provision for income taxes includes federal and state income taxes currently payable and changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities, excluding the establishment of deferred tax assets and liabilities related to acquisitions. Deferred income taxes are accounted for in accordance with SFAS No. 109, *Accounting for Income Taxes* and represent the estimated future tax effects resulting from temporary differences between financial and tax reporting bases of certain assets and liabilities. In addition, future tax benefits, such as net operating loss (NOL) carryforwards, are required to be recognized to the extent that realization of such benefits is more likely than not. Deferred tax assets are reduced by a valuation allowance when, in the opinion of the management, it is more likely than not that some or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized.

In June 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Interpretation No. 48 ("FIN 48"), *Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes* - an interpretation of SFAS Statement No. 109, to clarify certain aspects of accounting for uncertain tax positions, including issues related to the recognition and measurement of those tax positions. FIN 48 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2006. The Company adopted FIN 48 effective January 1, 2007. At December 31, 2006, the Company had available federal net operating loss carryforwards of \$66.2 million. Any adjustment in federal income taxes would be offset by a reduction in the net operating loss carryforwards. Upon adoption of FIN 48, the Company reviewed its tax liabilities in connection with various state tax returns and determined that its recorded tax liabilities were adequate. Therefore, there was no effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements upon adoption of FIN 48 on January 1, 2007.

#### 4. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

##### Stock-Based Compensation Plans

In December 2004, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Standard ( SFAS ) No. 123(Revised), Share-Based Payment ( SFAS No.123(R) ), establishing accounting standards for transactions in which an entity exchanges its equity instruments for goods or services. SFAS No. 123(R) also addresses transactions in which an entity incurs liabilities in exchange for goods or services that are based on the fair value of the entity's equity instruments, or that may be settled by the issuance of those equity instruments. SFAS No. 123(R) covers a wide range of share-based compensation arrangements including stock options, restricted stock plans, performance-based stock awards, stock appreciation rights, and employee stock purchase plans. SFAS No. 123(R) replaces existing requirements under SFAS No. 123, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation, and eliminates the ability to account for share-based compensation transactions using APB Opinion No. 25, Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees. The Company adopted SFAS 123(R) on April 1, 2006. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2007, the Company recognized \$71,000 and \$92,000, respectively, in compensation expense for certain stock options in accordance with SFAS No. 123(R). Prior to April 1, 2006, the Company recognized and measured compensation for its stock rights and stock option plans in accordance with APB Opinion No. 25. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2006, the Company recognized \$21,000 and \$51,000, respectively, of compensation expense in accordance with APB No. 25.

##### Goodwill and Indefinite Lived Intangible Assets

In July 2001, the FASB issued SFAS No. 141, *Business Combinations* (SFAS No. 141), and SFAS No. 142, *Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets* (SFAS No. 142). SFAS No. 141 requires that the purchase method of accounting be used for all business combinations initiated after September 30, 2001, as well as all purchase method business combinations completed after September 30, 2001. SFAS No. 141 also specifies criteria intangible assets acquired in a purchase method business combination must meet in order to be recognized and reported apart from goodwill, noting that any purchase price allocable to an assembled workforce may not be accounted for separately. SFAS No. 142 requires that goodwill and intangible assets with indeterminable useful lives no longer be amortized, but instead tested for impairment at least annually in accordance with the provisions of SFAS No. 142. SFAS No. 142 also requires that intangible assets with definite useful lives be amortized over their respective estimated useful lives to their estimated residual values, and reviewed for impairment in accordance with SFAS No. 144. At March 31, 2007 and 2006, the Company tested goodwill and intangible assets with indeterminable useful lives for impairment and determined that no impairments had occurred.

**4. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

**Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements**

In September 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 157, *Fair Value Measurements* ("SFAS No. 157"). This Statement defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in GAAP, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. SFAS No. 157 applies under other accounting pronouncements that require or permit fair value measurements, with FASB having previously concluded in those accounting pronouncements that fair value is the relevant measurement attribute. Accordingly, SFAS No. 157 does not require any new fair value measurements. However, for some entities, the application of SFAS No. 157 will change current practice. SFAS No. 157 will be effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007, and interim periods within those fiscal years. The Company has not yet assessed the impact, if any, of SFAS No. 157 on its consolidated financial statements.

In September 2006, FASB issued SFAS No. 158, *Employers' Accounting for Defined Benefit Pension and Other Postretirement Plans - an amendment of FASB Statements No. 87, 88, 106, and 132R* ("SFAS No. 158"). SFAS No. 158 improves financial reporting by requiring an employer to recognize the overfunded or underfunded status of a defined benefit postretirement plan (other than a multiemployer plan) as an asset or liability in its statement of financial position and to recognize changes in that funded status in the year in which the changes occur through comprehensive income of a business entity or changes in unrestricted net assets of a not-for-profit organization. SFAS No. 158 also improves financial reporting by requiring an employer to measure the funded status of a plan as of the date of its year-end statement of financial position, with limited exceptions. SFAS No. 158 will be effective as of the end of the fiscal year ending after December 15, 2006. The Company has not yet assessed the impact, if any, of SFAS No. 158 on its consolidated financial statements.

In February 2007, FASB issued SFAS No. 159, *The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities - Including an amendment of FASB Statement No. 115* ("SFAS No. 159"). SFAS No. 159 permits entities to elect to measure many financial instruments and certain other items at fair value. The objective is to improve financial reporting by providing entities with the opportunity to mitigate volatility in reported earnings caused by measuring related assets and liabilities differently without having to apply complex hedge accounting provisions. SFAS No. 159 is expected to expand the use of fair value measurement, which is consistent with the FASB's long-term measurement objectives for accounting for financial instruments. SFAS No. 159 is effective as of the beginning of an entity's first fiscal year that begins after November 15, 2007. Early adoption is permitted as of the beginning of a fiscal year that begins on or before November 15, 2007, provided the entity also elects to apply the provisions of FASB Statement No. 157, *Fair Value Measurements*. The Company has not yet assessed the impact, if any, of SFAS No. 159 on its consolidated balance sheets.

**4. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)****Net (Loss) Income Per Share**

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2007, the calculations of basic and diluted net loss per share were based on loss attributable to common stockholders of \$3,313,000 and \$6,032,000, respectively, and a basic and diluted weighted average number of common shares outstanding of 67,538,976 for each of these periods. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2006, the calculations of basic and diluted net (loss) income per share were based on (loss) income attributable to common stockholders of \$(82,000) and \$387,000, respectively, a basic weighted average number of common shares outstanding of 67,538,976 and 59,350,781, respectively, and a fully diluted weighted-average number of common shares outstanding of 70,410,930 and 63,998,328, respectively, after giving effect to 2,871,954 and 4,647,547 weighted average shares underlying outstanding stock options and warrants for the same respective periods. The computation of fully diluted loss per share for the three and six months ended June 30, 2007 did not include any common stock equivalents of outstanding, options or warrants, because the effect would be anti-dilutive due to the net loss from continuing operations in those periods. The calculation of the Company's net (loss) income per share for the three and six months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006 is as follows (shares and dollars in thousands, except per share amounts):

	<b>Three Months Ended</b>		<b>Six Months Ended</b>	
	<b>June 30, 2007</b>	<b>2006</b>	<b>June 30, 2007</b>	<b>2006</b>
(Loss) income from continuing operations	\$ (3,367)	\$ 204	\$(6,089)	\$ 684
Dividends and accretion of preferred stock	-	-	-	(11)
Net (loss) income attributable to common stockholders from continuing operations	(3,367)	204	(6,089)	673
Income (loss) from discontinued operations	54	(286)	57	(286)
Net (loss) income attributable to common stockholders	\$ (3,313)	\$ (82)	\$(6,032)	\$ 387
Weighted average common stock outstanding - basic	67,539	67,539	67,539	59,351
Weighted average common stock outstanding - diluted	67,539	70,411	67,539	63,998
Net (loss) income per share, basic and diluted, continuing operations	\$ (0.05)	\$ -	\$ (0.09)	\$ 0.01
Income per share, basic and diluted, discontinued operations	-	-	-	-
Net (loss) income per share, basic and diluted	\$ (0.05)	\$ -	\$ (0.09)	\$ 0.01

## 5. Long-Term Obligations

### Line of Credit

The Company has an \$8,000,000 revolving line of credit (the "Line of Credit") with an outside lender for working capital purposes. The Line of Credit bears interest at the outside lender's prime rate plus 1%, which was 9.25% and 9.25% at June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively, and is scheduled to expire on October 1, 2007. The Line of Credit is collateralized by all of the Company's assets, including its investment in all of its subsidiaries. In addition, the outside lender required that the Company obtain unconditional guaranties (the "Guaranties") from its primary investors. Under the terms of the Guaranties, each participating primary investor unconditionally and irrevocably guarantees prompt and complete payment of its pro rata share of the amount the Company owes under the Line of Credit. At June 30, 2007, the full balance of \$8,000,000 was outstanding under the Line of Credit.

### Convertible Notes Issued in Haelan Merger

The Company completed the Haelan Merger on December 8, 2006, resulting in the issuance of \$6.5 million in aggregate principal amount of Convertible Notes (see Note 2). The Convertible Notes are subordinated to the rights to prior payment of the Company's senior lender under the Line of Credit. The Convertible Notes carry an interest rate of 5% per year, compounding annually, mature on December 8, 2009 and are convertible at maturity into shares of common stock of CareGuide, valued based upon the average closing price of the common stock for the 20 consecutive trading days ending on the date prior to conversion. The maturity date of the Convertible Notes may be accelerated in the event of a sale transaction, as defined in the Convertible Notes, involving the Company.

In the event that the average closing price of the common stock of the Company for the 20 consecutive trading days ending on the date prior to conversion is equal to or greater than \$1.50 per share, the outstanding principal and accrued interest under the Convertible Notes will automatically convert into shares of common stock at \$1.50 per share. In the event that such average closing price at the time of conversion is less than \$1.50 per share, the outstanding principal and accrued interest under the Convertible Notes will convert into shares of common stock at such average closing price, but not less than \$1.00 per share, and in such case each holder of a Convertible Note may elect to receive all or a portion of the amounts due under the note in cash in lieu of shares of common stock of CareGuide. After December 8, 2007, or upon a sale transaction, the Company may elect to prepay the amounts then outstanding under the Convertible Notes in cash, subject to the prior approval of the Company's senior lender under the Line of Credit, but upon any such election by the Company, if the average closing price of the Company's common stock for the 20 consecutive trading days ending on the date prior to conversion is at least \$1.00 per share, each holder of a Convertible Note may elect to receive all or any portion of the amounts due under the Convertible Note in the form of shares of common stock valued at such average closing price.

## 6. Stockholders' Equity

### Capital Stock

The Company is authorized to issue up to 120,000,000 shares of capital stock, of which 100,000,000 are designated as common stock and 20,000,000 are designated as preferred stock. An amendment to the Company's certificate of incorporation to increase the authorized number of shares of common stock from 80,000,000 shares to 100,000,000 shares was approved by the Company's stockholders at an annual meeting of stockholders held on June 13, 2007. As of June 30, 2007 and 2006, there were 67,538,976 shares of common stock outstanding and no shares of preferred stock outstanding.

### Common Stock held in Escrow

Of the common shares outstanding as of June 30, 2007, 516,796 shares were held by an escrow agent for the benefit of Psilos Group Partners II, L.P. ( Psilos ), a stockholder of the Company, contingent upon the occurrence of certain events. On July 25, 2007, the time period for removal of the contingencies elapsed, and the escrow arrangement terminated. All of the shares held in escrow will be distributed to all former stockholders of CCS at the effective time of the PATY Merger based on the number of shares of CCS's common stock, on an as-converted basis, held by each such holder at the closing of the PATY Merger.

### 2005 Equity Incentive Plan

During the fiscal year ended March 31, 2006, CCS's board of directors and stockholders adopted the CCS Consolidated, Inc. 2005 Equity Incentive Plan (the "2005 Plan"). Prior to the PATY Merger, CCS granted options to certain of its officers under the 2005 Plan. These options were assumed by the Company as part of the PATY Merger and were converted into options to purchase shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$0.2337 per share, based on the exchange ratio for CCS's common stock in the PATY Merger. As of June 30, 2007, options to purchase 1,272,082 shares of the Company's common stock were outstanding under the 2005 Plan. The options granted under the 2005 Plan and assumed by the Company have a term of ten years from the date of grant. The options were accelerated in connection with the PATY Merger so that they were 25% vested as of January 25, 2006 and will vest in 36 monthly installments thereafter. No options were granted under the 2005 Plan during the three and six months ended June 30, 2007. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2007, the Company recognized compensation expense related to options granted under the 2005 Plan of \$46,000 and \$67,000, respectively, as compared to \$21,000 and \$51,000 for the same respective periods of the prior year.

### Amended and Restated 1995 Stock Option Plan

The Company continues to administer the Patient Infosystems 1995 Stock Option Plan (the PATY Plan ). As of June 30, 2007, there are options to purchase 207,380 shares of the Company's common stock outstanding under the PATY Plan, with a weighted average exercise price of \$2.96 per share. No further grants of options may be awarded under the PATY Plan.

### 2007 Equity Incentive Plan

In March 2007, the Company's board of directors approved a 2007 Equity Incentive Plan (the 2007 Plan ) subject to approval of the stockholders of the Company, and the 2007 Plan was adopted by the Company's stockholders at an annual meeting held on June 13, 2007. The Company has reserved 7,000,000 shares of its common stock for issuance under the terms of the 2007 Plan. As of June 30, 2007, the Company has granted options to purchase up to 6,143,525 shares of the Company's common stock at a weighted average purchase price of \$0.44 per share. All options granted under the 2007 Plan vest over a period of 4 years and have a term of ten years from the date of grant.

6. Stockholders Equity (continued)

Stock-Based Compensation Expense

In accordance with SFAS No. 123(R), which the Company adopted on April 1, 2006, the Company's net income (loss) for the three and six months ended June 30, 2007 and the three months ended June 30, 2006 gives effect to \$67,000, \$93,000 and \$21,000, respectively, of expense related to certain stock options and warrants granted in prior periods. Upon adoption of SFAS No. 123(R), the Company used the modified prospective transaction method, which requires that compensation expense be recorded for all non-vested options beginning with the first quarter of adoption. Prior periods were not restated to reflect the impact of adopting SFAS No. 123(R) on April 1, 2006. Income before taxes, net income, cash flows from operating activities, cash flows from financing activities and basic and diluted earnings per share for the six months ended June 30, 2007 were lower by approximately \$22,000, \$22,000, \$0, \$0, \$0.00 and \$0.00, respectively, than if the Company had continued to account for stock-based compensation under APB Opinion No. 25 for awards under the PATY Plan and the 2005 Plan during this period. During the three months ended March 31, 2006 the Company reported such stock option expenses on a pro-forma basis only, in accordance with SFAS No. 123. The Company determines all stock-based employee compensation expense using the Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model. For comparative purposes, the pro forma net income for the six months ended June 30, 2006 is set forth in the table below (shares and dollars in thousands):

	<b>For Six Months Ended 30, 2007</b>
Net income attributable to common stockholders, as reported	\$
Deduct: Total stock-based employee compensation expense determined under fair value based method for all awards, net of related tax effects	(3)
Pro forma net income	\$
Net loss per share basic and diluted as reported	\$
Net loss per share basic and diluted pro forma	\$
Weighted average common shares basic	59,351
Weighted average common shares - diluted	63,998

The Company did not grant any stock options or other stock awards during the three or six months ended June 30, 2006.

On June 13, 2007, the Company's Board of Directors approved the grant of options to purchase an aggregate of up to 6,143,525 shares of the Company's common stock to current employees and hired employees whose employment relationship was to begin after June 13, 2007 but prior to June 30, 2007, subject in all cases to the filing of a registration statement on Form S-8 with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The registration statement was filed on June 15, 2007, which was the effective grant date for options to purchase 3,393,525 shares of common stock, each with an exercise price of \$0.46, the last reported price of the Company's common stock on the Over-the-Counter Bulletin Board on the grant date. On June 18, 2007, June 19, 2007 and June 25, 2007, options to purchase 1,000,000, 750,000 and 1,000,000 shares of common stock were granted in connection with the commencement of employment, at exercise prices of \$0.45, \$0.44 and \$0.37, respectively, each of which was equal to the last reported price of the Company's common stock on the date of grant. During the three months ended June 30, 2007, the Company recognized \$18,000 of compensation expense under SFAS No. 123(R) related to these options granted in June 2007.



## 7. Commitments and Contingencies

### Commitments

#### Employment Agreements

The Company has entered into employment agreements with certain management employees, which include, among other things, annual base salaries, non-competition provisions, salary continuation benefits, performance bonuses based upon the overall profitability of the Company and certain other non-cash benefits, including life, health and disability insurance. Employment agreements generally automatically renew for successive one-year terms.

#### Provisions of Contractual Arrangements

The Company enters into contracts in the ordinary course of business which include reconciliation or savings sharing provisions. In such contracts, savings achieved by the Company against contractual benchmarks are measured to determine a potential penalty or bonus to be paid by or to the Company. No additional revenue is recognized under the contractual provisions until the amount is estimable and realization is reasonably assured. At this time, the Company has no losses under such arrangements which appear to be probable of assertion and for which a reasonable estimate can be determined.

#### Litigation

The Company is subject to claims and suits arising in the ordinary course of business. In the opinion of management, the ultimate resolution of such pending legal proceedings will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's results of operations or financial position.

#### Call Option Liability

The Company is party to call option agreements with an underwriter and its affiliates, which entitle certain holders to purchase up to 153,518 shares of American Caresource Holdings, Inc. common stock ( ACSH ) from the Company for \$6.00 per share at any time until October 31, 2010. The options were granted in connection with an offering of the Company's securities underwritten by the holder. The 153,518 shares held for trading are valued at market price, and the call options are considered derivative instruments and are carried at fair value. The fair value of each call option has been determined at June 30, 2007 using the Black-Scholes pricing model using the following assumptions: volatility 62.35%, interest rate 4.72%, average life of 1.67 years. Changes to the fair market of the trading portfolio and the call option obligation are recognized in the accompanying consolidated statement of operations. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2007, the Company recognized a loss of \$59,000 and \$37,000, respectively, in the trading portfolio, and for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006, the Company recognized a loss of \$213,000 and \$229,000, respectively, in the trading portfolio, which losses were partially offset by an decrease in the call option liability of \$15,000, \$39,000, \$151,000 and \$186,000, respectively, for such periods.

As of June 30, 2007, the Company held 166,610 shares of ACSH common stock and has designated 153,518 shares as trading securities because these shares would be used to satisfy the call options.

### Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

Management's discussion and analysis provides a review of our operating results and cash flows for the three and six months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006 and our financial condition at June 30, 2007. The focus of this discussion and analysis is on the underlying business reasons for significant changes and trends affecting our revenues, results of operations, cash flows and financial condition. This discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with our accompanying consolidated unaudited financial statements and related notes thereto included in this quarterly report, as well as in conjunction with our consolidated audited financial statements for the nine months ended December 31, 2006, included with our Transition Report on Form 10-KSB filed with the SEC on April 17, 2007.

In January 2006, we merged with CCS Consolidated, Inc. ("CCS Consolidated"), a privately held company. At the closing of the merger, the former stockholders of CCS Consolidated owned a majority of our outstanding voting stock and had the right to elect a majority of our board of directors, and the executive management team of CCS Consolidated comprised a majority of the management of the combined company. As a result, the transaction was accounted for as a reverse merger, and CCS Consolidated was deemed to be the acquiring company for accounting purposes. In December 2006, we acquired Haelan Corporation ( Haelan ), which became a wholly

owned subsidiary of CareGuide, Inc.

The review of our operating results and cash flows for the six months ended June 30, 2006 includes the results of CCS Consolidated and its subsidiaries only (excluding the Company (formerly Patient Infosystems, Inc.)) for the period from January 1, 2006 to January 25, 2006 and includes the results of CareGuide, Inc. (formerly Patient Infosystems, Inc.) and its subsidiaries (including CCS Consolidated) from the merger date of January 25, 2006 through June 30, 2006. The review of our operating results and cash flows for the three months ended June 30, 2006 includes the results of CareGuide and CCS Consolidated. The review of our operating results and cash flows for the three and six months ended June 30, 2007 includes the results of CareGuide and all of its subsidiaries, including CCS Consolidated and Haelan. The review of our financial condition as of June 30, 2007 includes CareGuide, Inc. and all consolidated subsidiaries, including CCS Consolidated and Haelan.

## **Our Business**

We are a population health management company that provides a full range of healthcare management services to health plans, work/life companies, government entities, and self-funded employers to help them to reduce health care costs while improving the quality of care for their members. We have approximately 80 customers across the United States.

We focus on population health management solutions as we believe that the steadily rising cost of healthcare for employers and union groups, increasing demands on Medicare and Medicaid funding that are outpacing resources, and an increased interest in healthcare technology and population health management services by the federal government, employers, unions, and large insurers creates a fertile environment for our business model. Furthermore, we believe that our approach to population health management, as discussed below, yields superior results in comparison to traditional disease management programs, and positions us for growth.

We consider one of our greatest strengths to be our proprietary One Care Street product, which we believe has the ability to identify which health members in a covered population are most likely to utilize healthcare services in the next six to twelve months. Without relying on claims data like traditional predictive models, One Care Street has been demonstrated to be able to recognize individuals who will seek care before they have acute needs. In addition, our research has shown that One Care Street can prospectively identify members who are most likely to generate the highest medical costs in each current year, absent intervention by a service provider such as us. Based upon our research in the health perception field, we believe that One Care Street exceeds the predictive power of many traditional models.

Once One Care Street has identified which members will most likely need medical services in the near future, we can offer an array of services to members in need of health intervention. We match each member to what we believe to be the right intensity of service, which can vary from telephonic coaching and links to educational resources for symptoms or chronic condition-related issues to more intensive services such as in-home assessments, face-to-face care management, and remote telemonitoring. Through this matching process, we expect to enhance our customers' return on investment.

We have entered into service agreements to develop, implement and operate programs for: (i) patients who have recently experienced certain cardiovascular events; (ii) patients who have been diagnosed with primary congestive heart failure; (iii) patients suffering from asthma; (iv) patients suffering from diabetes; (v) patients who are suffering from hypertension; (vi) demand management, which provides access to nurses; (vii) case and utilization management services provided by a third party; (viii) various survey initiatives which assess, among other things, satisfaction, compliance of providers or payors to national standards, health status or risk of specific health related events; and (ix) the performance of specific administrative and management functions on behalf of a customer. These contracts provide for fees to be paid to us by our customers based upon the number of patients participating in each of our programs, as well as initial program implementation and set-up fees from customers. In addition, we maintain a 24-hour, seven days a week nurse help line, and we also provide health management services to the public sector.

We have historically had two types of revenue. We can accept risk from a payor such as a health plan on the providing of post-acute services, in which case we would receive a Per Member Per Month fee that is categorized as capitation revenue. Alternatively, we can provide services to health plans and other customers without accepting risk, and for these types of contracts, we may receive a fee on either an administration services only, or ASO, basis

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or we may provide these services on a fee-for-service basis. For risk contracts, the cost of our services would include the cost of providing clinical care and the claims incurred.

While we have historically derived the majority of our revenues from risk-based contracts, we have been exiting the capitated risk business over the last few years. Our current strategic direction is to develop the "next generation" of disease and care management services, using our predictive modeling, health coaching and our full range of health care interventions. The last of our risk-based contracts terminated January 31, 2007, and we expect most future contracts to be on the basis of ASO or fee-for-service. Related to these business model changes through the first few months of 2007, we reduced our employee count through the elimination of positions directly attributable to our risk-based contracts. In April 2007, we announced an additional restructuring initiative which involves an expected reduction in operating expenses and a strategic realignment of certain functions inside the company.

### **Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates**

Our consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States, or GAAP, which requires us to make estimates, judgments and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses. We base our estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of certain assets and liabilities. We believe that the accounting estimates employed and the resulting balances are reasonable; however, actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions.

The listing below is not intended to be a comprehensive list of all of our accounting policies. We believe the following critical accounting policies reflect the significant estimates and assumptions used in the preparation of our consolidated financial statements. An accounting policy is deemed to be critical to us if it requires an accounting estimate to be made based on assumptions about matters that are highly uncertain at the time the estimate is made, if different estimates reasonably could have been used, or if changes in the estimate that are reasonably likely to occur could materially impact the financial statements. In many cases, the accounting treatment of a particular transaction is specifically dictated by GAAP, with no need for our judgment in their application. There are also areas in which our judgment in selecting any available alternative would not produce a materially different result. Readers should refer to the notes to our consolidated financial statements included in this report, which contain additional accounting policies and other disclosures required by GAAP.

#### *Use of Estimates*

In preparing our consolidated financial statements, we use estimates in determining the economic useful lives of our assets, provisions for doubtful accounts, claims liabilities, tax valuation allowances and various other recorded or disclosed amounts. Estimates require us to use our judgment. While we believe that our estimates for these matters are reasonable, if the actual amount is significantly different than the estimated amount, our assets, liabilities or results of operations may be overstated or understated.

#### *Revenue Recognition*

We have historically recognized capitated revenue for contracts under which we accept risk. Capitated revenue is recorded by multiplying a contractually negotiated revenue rate per health plan member per month ( PMPM ) by the number of health plan members covered by our services during the month. These PMPM rates are initially determined during contract negotiations with customers based on estimates of the costs of our services, including the cost of claims. Such rates are generally renegotiated at contract renewal. In certain contracts, the PMPM rates differ depending on the health plan's lines of business, such as Medicare, commercial or Medicaid. The PMPM rates will also differ in certain cases depending on the type of service provider, such as a skilled nursing facility or a home health provider. Contracts with health plans generally range from one to two years with provisions for subsequent renewal. We have diminished the percentage of our revenue generated from risk-based contracts during 2005 and 2006, and the last of our risk-based contracts was terminated effective as of January 31, 2007.

We also recognize administrative services only, or ASO, and fee revenue for a variety of contracts. On certain contracts, we receive a fee for providing services without accepting risk for claims. Such contracts include those that pay a set fee each month. Other contracts include a PMPM fee which include a per day per member case rate based on the number of health plan members who receive services during the month. Such fees are negotiated

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with the health plan or employer group based on estimated costs and anticipated level of services. We recognize fee-for-service revenue for certain services provided for our customers and expenses paid on behalf of our customers for which we are generally reimbursed on a cost-plus basis during the period in which the services are provided.

Some of our revenues are based on contractual arrangements which may be subject to retroactive adjustments as final settlements are determined. Such amounts are recorded on an estimated basis in the period the related services are rendered and are adjusted in future periods upon final settlement. Additionally, certain contracts provide that a portion of our fees may be refundable to the customer ( performance-based ) if our programs do not achieve, when compared to a baseline period, a targeted percentage reduction in the customer's healthcare costs or other selected criteria that focuses on improving the health of the members. Such fees are recorded as a deferred revenue liability and we recognize the performance-based portion of our monthly fees as revenue based on the most recent assessment of the performance of the particular metric measured in the contract.

### *Intangibles and Other Assets*

Intangible and other assets consist primarily of websites, trade names, trademarks, covenants not to compete, and customer relationships and are generally derived upon acquisitions of subsidiaries. Such intangible assets are amortized to expense over the estimated life of the asset. We engage the services of an independent valuation firm to assist in identification of and valuation of the intangible assets at time of acquisition.

### *Goodwill*

Goodwill is associated with acquisitions and is not amortized. In accordance with GAAP, goodwill is tested annually for impairment, or whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable. If the impairment test indicates impairment, the goodwill will be written down to the estimated fair value.

### *Direct Service Costs and IBNR Claims Payable Liability*

Direct service costs are comprised of the incurred claims paid to third-party providers for services for which we are at risk and our related expenses associated with providing services. Network provider and facility charges for authorized services that have yet to be billed to us are estimated and accrued in our Incurred But Not Reported ( IBNR ) claims payable liability. Such accruals are based on historical experience, current enrollment statistics, patient census data, adjudication and authorization decisions and other information. The IBNR liability is adjusted as changes in these factors occur, and such adjustments are reported in the period of determination. Although it is possible that actual results could vary materially from recorded claims in the near term, we believe that our recorded IBNR liability is adequate.

**RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**

This information should be read in conjunction with our consolidated unaudited financial statements as of June 30, 2007 and for the three and six months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006 and the related notes thereto.

Our historical business model was the acceptance of capitated risk to provide post-acute services to members of a health plan's covered population. Under this model, we received capitated PMPM revenue for all covered members. We then paid the claims of the members that needed services. Thus, the capitated revenue received included the cost of claims, as well as our expenses to provide our services. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2006, we accepted capitated risk from Aetna Health Plans (Aetna). We had previously accepted capitated risk from Health Net. The Health Net contracts fully converted from capitated risk to ASO effective as of January 1, 2006. Therefore, we received administration fees from Health Net during the three and six months ended June 30, 2006. All of our Health Net contracts were terminated effective May 1, 2006, and all of our contracts with Aetna were terminated effective January 31, 2007. Therefore, during the six months ended June 30, 2007, we accepted capitated risk from Aetna for the month of January 2007 only and recorded only minor amounts of ASO revenue from Aetna. During the three months ended June 30, 2007, we recorded no revenue related to capitated risk arrangements.

***Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2007 Compared to the Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2006****Capitation Revenue*

As described above, we accepted capitated risk from Aetna during the three and six months ended June 30, 2006. The related capitated revenues for these periods were \$8.9 million and \$17.6 million, respectively. As the capitated risk contracts were terminated effective January 31, 2007, we recognized capitated revenue for the month of January 2007 only, which aggregated \$3.0 million.

*Administrative and Fee Revenue*

Administrative and fee revenue for the three and six months ended June 30, 2007 was \$4.9 million and \$10.1 million, respectively, as compared to \$4.9 million and \$11.9 million for the same respective periods of the prior year.

*Total Revenues*

Our total revenues for the three and six months ended June 30, 2007 aggregated \$4.9 million and \$13.1 million, respectively, which decreased \$8.9 million and \$16.4 million, respectively, from the same respective periods of the prior year. This decrease was the net result of the following (dollars in thousands):

	Three Months	Six Months
Revenue for period ended June 30, 2006	\$ 13,797	\$ 29,458
Changes due to:		
Aetna Capitated Risk	(8,901)	(14,574)
Health Net	(701)	(4,349)
BCBSMI	(81)	161
InnovaCare	(477)	(952)
Merger with Haelan	1,089	2,307
All other	199	1,045
Revenue for period ended June 30, 2007	\$ 4,925	\$ 13,096

*Direct Service Costs*

Direct service costs consist of incurred claims on capitated risk and fee-for-service business and the direct clinical costs of providing our services to customers and members of customers. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2007, the direct service costs exclude \$494,000 and \$1.1 million, respectively, of depreciation and amortization cost attributable to direct service costs but that are reported as an operating cost. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2006, the direct service costs exclude \$340,000 and \$680,000, respectively, of depreciation and amortization cost attributable to direct service costs but that are reported as an operating cost. The decreases in

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direct service costs of \$6.4 million and \$11.3 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2007, respectively, from the same respective periods of the prior year were due primarily to the net result of the following factors:

The termination of the Aetna capitated risk contracts as of January 31, 2007 resulted in a decrease in direct service costs for the three and six months ended June 30, 2007, as compared to the same periods of the prior year, of \$5.6 million and \$10.3 million, respectively.

There was a decrease in incurred claims related to Health Net of \$0.2 million and \$0.7 million for these same respective periods due to the termination of the Health Net contracts as of May 1, 2006.

The purchase of Haelan in December 2006 added \$0.4 million and \$0.8 million of direct service costs for the three and six months ended June 30, 2007 from contracts acquired in that transaction.

Direct service costs are impacted by changes in management's estimates of our obligations for claims payable. Out cost of services for the six months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006 includes a benefit of approximately \$277,000 and \$851,000, respectively, related to the favorable settlement of claims for services in the prior reporting periods.

### *Gross Profit*

Our gross profit for the three months ended June 30, 2007 decreased by \$2.5 million to \$1.4 million from \$3.9 million for the same period of the prior year. Our gross profit for the six months ended June 30, 2007 decreased by \$5.0 million to \$2.8 million from \$7.8 million for the same period of the prior year. The termination of our Aetna capitated risk contracts as of January 31, 2007 resulted in a gross profit decrease of \$3.3 million and \$4.2 million, respectively, for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2007. The termination of our Health Net contracts as of May 1, 2006 resulted in a gross profit decrease of \$0.5 million and \$3.6 million, respectively, for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2007. The effect of these terminations was partially offset by the \$0.7 million and \$1.5 million of gross profit in the three and six months ended June 30, 2007, respectively, contributed from contracts acquired in the merger with Haelan that occurred in December 2006.

### *Selling, General and Administrative Expenses ( SG&A )*

SG&A increased by \$364,000 and \$624,000 during the three and six months ended June 30, 2007, respectively, when compared to same respective periods of the prior year. During the three months ended March 31, 2006, we recognized a one-time loss on a sublease of office space of \$394,000. Our merger with Haelan accounted for an increase of \$543,000 and \$943,000 during the three and six months ended June 30, 2007, respectively, as a result of additional employees acquired in the merger.

### *Restructuring costs*

In connection with the transition from a capitated risk entity to an integrated disease and care management entity, we have undertaken restructuring initiatives, including certain office space consolidation and staff reductions, including the ceasing of operations at our facility in Rochester, New York in the third quarter of 2007. As a result of these initiatives, we anticipate reductions in force aggregating approximately 75 full-time employees with annual salaries and benefits in excess of \$3.2 million. We currently estimate severance and other costs in connection with these restructuring initiatives of approximately \$1.3 million to be recognized during 2007. The restructurings are expected to be completed in the third and fourth quarters of 2007. We recognized expenses of approximately \$585,000 and \$700,000 related to restructuring initiatives undertaken during the three and six months ended June 30, 2007, respectively.

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### *Depreciation and Amortization Expense*

Depreciation and amortization expense related to fixed and intangible assets for the three and six months ended June 30, 2007 increased by \$152,000 and \$365,000, respectively, when compared to the same respective periods of the prior year. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2007, we amortized fixed and intangible assets acquired in our mergers with PATY and Haelan of \$615,000 and \$1.3 million, respectively, which represented increases of \$415,000 and \$924,000, respectively, from the same respective periods of the prior year. These increases were partially offset by reductions of \$233,000 and \$467,000 in depreciation and amortization of other fixed or intangible assets which became fully depreciated or amortized subsequent to June 30, 2006. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2007, our direct service costs exclude \$494,000 and \$1.1 million, respectively, of depreciation and amortization cost attributable to direct service costs but that are reported as an operating cost. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2006, our direct service costs exclude \$340,000 and \$680,000, respectively, of depreciation and amortization cost attributable to direct service costs but that are reported as an operating cost.

### *Other Income (Expense), net*

Interest income decreased by \$96,000 and \$102,000 to \$29,000 and \$133,000 during the three and six months ended June 30, 2007, respectively, when compared to the same respective periods of the prior year due to lower interest-bearing cash balances during these periods.

Interest expense on our line of credit with Comerica Bank (the "Line of Credit") increased by \$5,000 and \$23,000 to \$192,000 and \$383,000 during the three and six months ended June 30, 2007, respectively, when compared to the same respective periods of the prior year due to increased floating interest rates during 2007.

Certain of our principal stockholders have guaranteed our obligations under the Line of Credit and as compensation those stockholders were issued warrants to purchase shares of our common stock. These warrants are being amortized to interest expense over the life of the loan. The warrant amortization was \$218,000 and \$436,000 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2007, respectively, as compared to \$219,000 and \$448,000 for the same respective periods of the prior year. The offset to this expense is an increase in additional paid-in capital.

In connection with the purchase of Haelan in December 2006, we issued \$6.5 million of convertible notes payable which accrue interest at a 5% per year compounded rate. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2007, we recognized \$81,000 and \$161,000, respectively, of interest expense in connection with these notes that was not present in the three and six months ended June 30, 2006.

Prior to the PATY Merger, Patient Infosystems effected a spin-off of its subsidiary, American Caresource Holdings, Inc. ( ACSH ). We retained 166,610 shares of ACSH common stock following the spin-off and have classified 13,092 of these shares as available-for-sale. The available-for-sale shares are carried at fair value, with unrealized gains and losses reported as a separate component of our stockholders' equity. The remaining 153,518 shares of ACSH common stock have been classified as a trading portfolio, as these shares may be needed to satisfy a call option that we have granted on these shares to a holder who acted as an underwriter of our securities in a private placement offering in 2005, as described in Note 7 to our consolidated unaudited financial statements included in this report. We carry this trading portfolio at fair value, with unrealized gains and losses reported as a component of our consolidated statements of operations. The value of the ACSH common stock declined in the three and six months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006 as compared to the same periods of the prior year.

### *Income tax expense*

Income tax expense for the three and six months ended June 30, 2007 was \$41,000 and \$85,000, respectively, compared to expense of \$119,000 and \$98,000 recognized in the same respective periods of the prior year.

### *Net (Loss) Income*

After taking into account \$54,000 and \$57,000 of income from discontinued operations associated with Coordinated Care Solutions of Texas, Inc. during the three and six months ended June 30, 2007, respectively, and a loss of \$286,000 from discontinued operations during each of the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2006, we recognized a net loss of \$3.3 million and \$6.0 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2007 as compared to a net loss of \$82,000 and net income of \$398,000 for the same respective periods of the prior year. As described above, the primary drivers for the net losses were decreases in revenue from terminated contracts, offset

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partially by decreases in expenses associated with those contracts, as well as higher administrative expenses resulting from our expansion following the Haelan acquisition and restructuring costs during 2007. The losses were mitigated by gross profit generated by contracts acquired in the Haelan acquisition. As discussed above, our new integrated product featuring One Care Street, coupled with the restructuring initiatives commenced in 2007, are designed to increase our revenues while reducing direct service costs and other operating costs.

### **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

#### *Comerica Line of Credit*

We have obtained an \$8.0 million revolving line of credit with Comerica Bank (the "Line of Credit"). The Line of Credit bears interest at Comerica's prime rate plus 1%, which was 9.25% and 9.25 at June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively. We have fully borrowed against this facility, and the full amount is currently due and payable on October 1, 2007. The Line of Credit is collateralized by all of our tangible assets, including our investment in all of our subsidiaries. Our obligations to Comerica under the Line of Credit have been guaranteed by certain of our subsidiaries as well as certain of our principal stockholders. Under the terms of the guarantees, each such stockholder unconditionally and irrevocably guarantees prompt and complete payment of its pro rata share of the amount owed by us under the Line of Credit. As compensation for their guarantees, these stockholders were issued warrants to purchase shares of our common stock, which warrants vested based on the outstanding balance of the Line of Credit through November 2006. The warrants became fully vested in November 2006 and were exercised in full. At the time of the PATY Merger with PATY, the shares of our common stock underlying the warrants had been issued into escrow, and such shares were released from escrow upon the exercise of the warrants. No additional shares were issued by us upon the exercise of the warrants by these stockholders.

The Loan agreement underlying the Line of Credit contains representations and warranties and affirmative and negative covenants that are customary for credit facilities of this type. The Line of Credit could restrict our ability to, among other things, sell certain assets, change our business, engage in a merger or change in control transaction, incur debt, pay cash dividends, make investments and encumber our assets. The Line of Credit also contains events of default that are customary for credit facilities of this type, including payment defaults, covenant defaults, insolvency type defaults and events of default relating to liens, judgments, material misrepresentations and the occurrence of certain material adverse events.

As described above, the full balance under the Line of Credit, plus any accrued but unpaid interest, is currently due and payable on October 1, 2007. In connection with the Haelan acquisition, we committed not to extend the maturity date of or refinance the Line of Credit any further so long as the Haelan Notes are outstanding, unless such refinancing or extension allows for the Haelan Notes to be repaid in accordance with their terms, without the consent of the holders of the Haelan Notes. We do not currently anticipate that we will be able to satisfy our obligations under the Line of Credit with operating cash. As a result, we expect that it will be necessary to restructure the Line of Credit or to find an alternative lender before maturity of the Line of Credit. Our lender under the Line of Credit has conditionally agreed to extend the maturity date of the Line of Credit to January 1, 2009 and increase the size of the facility by \$1.0 million, subject to the negotiation and execution of definitive documentation and the receipt of necessary consents. There can be no assurance that definitive documentation will be executed or that we will be able to restructure the Line of Credit on terms favorable to us or at all prior to its current maturity date. If we are successful in negotiating an extension and/or increase in the Line of Credit, we believe that all or a portion of our obligations will continue to be guaranteed by certain of our subsidiaries as well as certain of our principal stockholders, which may be different from the stockholders that currently guarantee the Line of Credit. We also anticipate that we may be required to provide consideration, which we believe would likely be in the form of warrants to purchase shares of our common stock, to the guarantors of the extended Line of Credit as compensation for their guarantees, and our stockholders would experience dilution of their ownership to the extent that we issue any such warrants, and such dilution could be substantial. We expect that the exercise price of such warrants would be equal to the closing price of our common stock on the date of grant and the fair market value of any such warrants would be expensed over the life of the extension of the Line of Credit.

#### *Haelan Notes and Earn-Out*

As described above, in connection with our acquisition of Haelan in December 2006, we issued convertible promissory notes, or Haelan Notes, in the aggregate principal amount of \$6.5 million to the former securityholders of



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Haelan. The Haelan Notes do not mature until December 2009, although this could be accelerated in the event that we consummate a sale transaction involving our company. We may also elect to prepay amounts due under the Haelan Notes beginning in November 2007. Under the terms of the Haelan Notes, we may satisfy our obligations to the holders of such notes through the issuance of shares of our common stock, but only in the event that the average closing price of our common stock exceeds certain thresholds. No assurance can be given that we will be allowed to issue shares of our common stock in satisfaction of this liability, and we may not have available capital on hand to satisfy such amounts due in cash. In such case, we may need to seek outside sources of funding.

We also have a contingent obligation to the former Haelan shareholders to pay up to \$3.0 million in the event that Haelan's revenues for 2007 exceed certain agreed-upon thresholds. In the event that such revenue targets are achieved, we may elect to satisfy a portion of this obligation through the issuance of shares of our common stock valued at a trailing average closing price of such shares. In the event that this contingent obligation to the Haelan shareholders materializes, our stock price may be trading at a level that will make it prohibitively dilutive to us to issue shares of our common stock, in which case we would need to make any necessary payments in cash. As with the Haelan Notes, we may need to seek alternative sources of capital in order to satisfy this obligation.

### *Working Capital*

As of June 30, 2007, we had a deficit in working capital of \$11.7 million. This deficit is inclusive of the \$8.0 million Line of Credit discussed above, which has a maturity date of October 1, 2007. Our Aetna capitated risk contracts were terminated as of January 31, 2007. These contracts resulted in cash inflows of approximately \$1.2 million per month and as a result of the contract termination these inflows will not be available in the future. Additionally, there will be a delay in the reduction of cash outflows related to these Aetna risk contracts as we will be paying claims in future periods related to claims reserves as of the termination date of the contract and will incur restructuring costs as a result of ceasing the Aetna-related operations as well as restructuring costs incurred to refocus our business on ASO services.

We are dependent on continued growth of our ASO and fee-for-service revenue contracts to replace the cash flow that was historically generated from our capitated risk contracts. We have implemented a restructuring program in 2007 to streamline and restructure our operations to focus on our core business of population healthcare management where we are not at-risk for provider claims. Under our restructuring initiatives, we expect to reduce our overall operating expenses to align with our current business model, and we believe that as a result of actions taken and to be taken under those initiatives, our existing cash and cash equivalents and short-term investment balances and cash from operations will be sufficient to fund our operations expenditures and growth initiatives. We do not believe that such resources will be sufficient to repay the \$8.0 million Line of Credit loan that matures October 1, 2007 as discussed above.

Certain of our stockholders (Essex Woodlands Health Ventures, Psilos Group Partners, Radius Ventures Partners, John Pappajohn and Derace Schaffer) have signed a letter dated April 16, 2007 which provides that, in the event that CareGuide should require additional funding to continue our operations through January 1, 2008, these stockholders will provide the necessary additional funding, up to \$2.0 million in the aggregate, to CareGuide in amounts to be determined between and among this investor group. These investors collectively own approximately 57% of our common stock. Messrs. Pappajohn and Schaffer serve on our board of directors, as do Mark Pacala and Albert Waxman, who are affiliated with Essex Woodlands Health Ventures and Psilos Group Partners, respectively.

### *Capitated Risk Contracts*

In connection with our acceptance of capitated risk, our customers required us to provide them with letters of credit for their protection in case we did not have sufficient resources to pay the related claim liabilities. These letters of credit are generally collateralized by certificates of deposit and are shown on our consolidated financial statements as Restricted cash available for current liabilities. Such restricted cash balances as of June 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006 were \$2.3 million and \$4.7 million, respectively. Aetna was paid \$1.7 million from our restricted cash in March 2007 as final payment for the negotiated settlement for the 2004 and 2005 contract years.

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Our claims payable liability at June 30, 2007 was \$4.8 million, which exceeded the restricted cash available for current liabilities by \$2.5 million. Any excess of claim liabilities over restricted cash will have to be paid out of operating cash.

### *Cash Flows*

In connection with the Aetna capitated contracts, we recorded 100% of the capitated revenues and 100% of the capitated incurred claims. However, we did not pay all the claims. Aetna also paid a portion of the claims, and consequently retained cash to pay these claims. Reconciliations are performed periodically for the claims Aetna paid for periods in time that is compared to the cash Aetna retained for such period. If Aetna pays less than the cash it retained, it will owe this amount to us. If Aetna pays more than the cash it retained, we will owe Aetna this excess. As described above, we paid \$1.7 million to Aetna for the final payment related to the reconciliation for the 2004 and 2005 contract years in March 2007, but this did not affect our operating cash as the amount was paid from reductions in restricted cash.

The net cash used in operating activities for the six months ended June 30, 2007 was \$6.1 million, inclusive of the \$1.7 million paid to Aetna discussed above. We paid other claims during this period of \$5.0 million. This amount will be reduced in future periods as we have exited the capitated risk business. We expect future uses of cash to decrease due to the restructuring initiatives discussed above. We also expect collections of revenue to increase due to the introduction of our integrated health management product.

During the six months ended June 30, 2006, we generated net cash provided by operating activities of \$266,000, primarily due to increases in deferred revenue.

The acquisition of PATY in January 2006 provided operating cash of \$4.3 million during the six months ended June 30, 2006. We paid related acquisition costs of approximately \$0.9 million during the nine months ended December 31, 2006. We also paid approximately \$1.7 million during the nine months ended December 31, 2006 for the purchase of Haelan. During the six months ended June 30, 2007, we paid \$62,000 of additional acquisition costs related to the acquisition of Haelan in December 2006.

### **Effects of Restructuring**

As discussed above, our capitated risk contracts with Aetna were terminated effective January 31, 2007. This termination completed our exit from the capitated risk business. We have also recently consolidated office facilities to improve efficiencies, including ceasing operations at our facility in Rochester, New York in the third quarter of 2007. In connection with these actions, we have undertaken restructuring initiatives. As a result of these initiatives, we anticipate reductions in force aggregating approximately 75 full-time employees with annual salaries and benefits of approximately \$3.2 million. We currently estimate severance and other costs in connection with these restructuring initiatives of approximately \$1.3 million. The restructurings are expected to be completed in the third and fourth quarters of 2007. We recorded expenses of approximately \$585,000 and \$700,000 related to these restructuring initiatives during the three and six months ended June 30, 2007.

### **Inflation**

Inflation did not have a significant impact on our operations during the three and six months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006. We continue to monitor the impact of inflation in order to minimize its effects through pricing strategies, productivity improvements and cost reductions.

### **Recent Accounting Pronouncements**

In September 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 157, *Fair Value Measurements* ("SFAS No. 157"). This Statement defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in GAAP, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. SFAS No. 157 applies under other accounting pronouncements that require or permit fair value measurements, with FASB having previously concluded in those accounting pronouncements that fair value is the relevant measurement attribute. Accordingly, SFAS No. 157 does not require any new fair value measurements. However, for some entities, the application of SFAS No. 157 will change current practice. SFAS No. 157 will be effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007, and interim periods within those fiscal years. We have not yet assessed the impact, if any, of SFAS No. 157 on our consolidated financial statements.

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In September 2006, FASB issued SFAS No. 158, *Employers' Accounting for Defined Benefit Pension and Other Postretirement Plans - an amendment of FASB Statements No. 87, 88, 106, and 132R* ("SFAS No. 158"). SFAS No. 158 improves financial reporting by requiring an employer to recognize the overfunded or underfunded status of a defined benefit postretirement plan (other than a multiemployer plan) as an asset or liability in its statement of financial position and to recognize changes in that funded status in the year in which the changes occur through comprehensive income of a business entity or changes in unrestricted net assets of a not-for-profit organization. SFAS No. 158 also improves financial reporting by requiring an employer to measure the funded status of a plan as of the date of its year-end statement of financial position, with limited exceptions. SFAS No. 158 will be effective as of the end of the fiscal year ending after December 15, 2006. We have not yet assessed the impact, if any, of SFAS No. 158 on our consolidated financial statements.

In February 2007, FASB issued SFAS No. 159, *The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities - Including an amendment of FASB Statement No. 115* ("SFAS No. 159"). SFAS No. 159 permits entities to elect to measure many financial instruments and certain other items at fair value. The objective is to improve financial reporting by providing entities with the opportunity to mitigate volatility in reported earnings caused by measuring related assets and liabilities differently without having to apply complex hedge accounting provisions. SFAS No. 159 is expected to expand the use of fair value measurement, which is consistent with the FASB's long-term measurement objectives for accounting for financial instruments. SFAS No. 159 is effective as of the beginning of an entity's first fiscal year that begins after November 15, 2007. Early adoption is permitted as of the beginning of a fiscal year that begins on or before November 15, 2007, provided the entity also elects to apply the provisions of FASB Statement No. 157, *Fair Value Measurements*. We have not yet assessed the impact, if any, of SFAS No. 159 on our consolidated balance sheets.

## FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

This report, and other filings by us with the Securities and Exchange Commission ( SEC ), including the information incorporated by reference herein, contains various forward-looking statements and information that are based on our beliefs and assumptions, as well as information currently available to us. From time to time, we and our officers, directors or employees may make other oral or written statements (including statements in press releases or other announcements) that contain forward-looking statements and information. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the words believe, anticipate, estimate, expect, intend, plan, seek, will result, will continue, project and similar negative of such words and expressions), when used in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and in such other filings and statements, are intended to identify forward-looking statements, although some statements may use other phrasing. All statements that express expectations and projections with respect to future matters, including, without limitation, statements relating to growth, new lines of business, expectations of the business environment in which we operate, perceived opportunities in the market, our mission and strategy, and general optimism about future operating results, are forward-looking statements and speak only as of the date made. All forward-looking statements and information in this Quarterly Report are forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Exchange Act, as amended, and are intended to be covered by the safe harbors created thereby. Such forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and are subject to risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause our actual results, performance or achievements to differ materially from historical results or from any results expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Such factors include, without limitation, the risk factors set forth below. These factors are not intended to be an all-encompassing list of risks and uncertainties that may affect the operations, performance, development and results of our business. Many of such factors are beyond our ability to control or predict, and readers are cautioned not to put undue reliance on such forward-looking statements. In providing forward-looking statements, we expressly disclaim any obligation to update publicly or otherwise these statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise except to the extent required by law.

### Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.

We are subject to market risk related to interest rate changes, primarily as a result of the Line of Credit, which bears interest based on floating rates. Advances under the Line of Credit bear interest at our lender's prime rate plus 1.0%. A one percentage point interest rate change would have resulted in interest expense fluctuating approximately \$20,000 and \$40,000 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2007, respectively.

We do not execute transactions or hold derivative financial instruments for hedging or speculative purposes.

**Item 4. Controls and Procedures.**

**Conclusions Regarding the Effectiveness of Disclosure Controls and Procedures**

We maintain disclosure controls and procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our Exchange Act reports is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer (our principal executive officer) and our Chief Financial Officer (our principal financial officer), as appropriate, to allow for timely decisions regarding required disclosure. In designing and evaluating the disclosure controls and procedures, management recognizes that any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving the desired control objectives, and management is required to apply its judgment in evaluating the cost-benefit relationship of possible controls and procedures. In addition, the design of any system of controls also is based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions; over time, control may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or the degree of compliance with policies or procedures may deteriorate. Because of the inherent limitations in a cost-effective control system, misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected.

Under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our chief executive officer (principal executive officer) and chief financial officer (principal financial officer), we conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures as such term is defined under Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act), as of June 30, 2007, the end of the period covered by this report. We have recently identified a material weakness in our internal controls over the accounting for lease modifications. Controls surrounding lease modifications did not ensure that such modifications were properly recognized in the accounting records on a timely basis. This identification resulted in the restatement of previously issued consolidated financial statements (see Note 3 to our consolidated audited financial statements for the nine months ended December 31, 2006, included with our Transition Report on Form 10-KSB filed with the SEC on April 17, 2007). We are correcting the internal controls over the accounting for lease modifications. Based upon this evaluation and as a result of the identified material weakness, our chief executive officer and chief financial officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were not effective for the recording, processing, summarizing and reporting the information that we are required to disclose in the reports we file under the Exchange Act within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms. Management nevertheless has concluded that the accompanying consolidated financial statements included in this Form 10-Q present fairly, in all material respects, the results of our operations and our financial position for the three and six months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006 presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

Our principal executive officer and principal financial officer also evaluated whether any change in our internal control over financial reporting, as such term is defined under Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) promulgated under the Exchange Act, occurred during our most recent fiscal quarter covered by this report that has materially affected, or is likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting. Based on their evaluation, our principal executive officer and principal financial officer concluded that there have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

**PART II - OTHER INFORMATION**

**Item 1. Legal Proceedings.**

We are subject to various legal claims and actions incidental to our business, including professional liability claims. We maintain insurance, including insurance covering professional liability claims, with customary deductible amounts. There can be no assurance that (i) claims will not be filed against us in the future, (ii) prior experience with respect to the disposition of litigation is representative of the results that will occur in future cases or (iii) adequate insurance coverage will be available at acceptable prices for incidents arising or claims made in the future. There are no pending legal or governmental claims to which we are a party that we believe would, if adversely resolved, have a material adverse effect on our operations.

**Item 1A. Risk Factors.**

Except as set forth below, there have been no material changes in our risk factors from those set forth in our Transition Report on Form 10-KSB for the nine months ended December 31, 2006, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on April 17, 2007, as supplemented by our Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2007 filed on May 15, 2007.

**Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.**

None.

**Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities.**

None.

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### Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders.

On June 13, 2007, the Company held a annual meeting of its stockholders to vote on the following proposals:

**1.** To elect the following nominees for election as directors:

Nominee	Votes for	Votes withheld	Result
Dr. Albert S. Waxman	58,347,805	3,237,777	Approved
Mr. John Pappajohn	58,405,438	3,180,144	Approved
Dr. Derace L. Schaffer	58,425,422	3,160,160	Approved
Mr. Mark L. Pacala	58,506,460	3,079,122	Approved
Mr. Chris Paterson	53,480,521	8,105,061	Approved
Mr. William C. Stapleton	58,504,260	3,081,322	Approved
Dr. Michael J. Barber	58,504,260	3,081,322	Approved

**2.** Approval of the Company's 2007 Equity Incentive Plan.

Vote results, Proposal 2:

For	Against	Abstain
46,207,777	13,378,728	264,236

This proposal was approved by the majority of shares voted.

**3.** Approval of an amendment to the Company's Certificate of Incorporation to increase the authorized number of shares of common stock from 80,000,000 to 100,000,000 shares.

Vote results, Proposal 3:

For	Against	Abstain
57,032,613	4,330,396	222,573

This proposal was approved by the majority of the outstanding shares of common stock of the Company.

**4.** Ratification of the appointment of McGladrey & Pullen LLP as the Company's independent auditors for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2007.

Vote results, Proposal 4:

For	Against	Abstain
52,323,087	9,089,177	173,318

This proposal was approved by the majority of shares voted.

### Item 5. Other Information.

None.

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### Item 6. Exhibits.

<u>Exhibit #</u>	<u>Description of Exhibits</u>
2.1	\$\$ Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated September 19, 2005, by and among Patient Infosystems, Inc., PATY Acquisition Corp. and CCS Consolidated, Inc.
2.2	@ Amendment No. 1 to the Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated November 22, 2005, by and among Patient Infosystems, Inc., PATY Acquisition Corp. and CCS Consolidated, Inc.
2.3	@@ Amendment No. 2 to the Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated December 23, 2005, by and among Patient Infosystems, Inc., PATY Acquisition Corp. and CCS Consolidated, Inc.
2.4	## Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated November 3, 2006, by and among CareGuide, Inc., Haelan Acquisition Corporation and Haelan Corporation
3.1	++ Certificate of Incorporation
3.2	^^ Certificate of Amendment to Certificate of Incorporation
3.3	* By-Laws
4.1	++ Form of Common Stock Certificate
4.2	** Amended and Restated Stock Option Plan of the Registrant
4.3	++ CCS Consolidated, Inc. 2005 Equity Incentive Plan
4.4	*** Form of Registration Rights Agreement dated on or about March 31, 2000 between the Registrant and John Pappajohn, Derace Schaffer, M.D., Gerald Kirke and Michael Richards for Series C 9% Cumulative Convertible Preferred Stock
4.5	^ Series D Convertible Preferred Stock Registration Rights Agreement dated April 10, 2003
4.6	\$\$\$ Form of 2005 Registration Rights Agreement
4.8	+++ Form of 2005 Warrant to Purchase Shares of Common Stock
4.9	#### Form of Warrant to Purchase Common Stock issued to certain directors and officers of the Registrant
4.10	#### Form of Warrant to Purchase Common Stock for director service
4.11	Amendment No. 1 to 2007 Equity Incentive Plan
10.1	Employment agreement, dated as of June 18, 2007 by and between the Registrant and Thomas L. Tran
10.2	Employment agreement, dated as of June 25, 2007 by and between the Registrant and John Pegues
11.1	Computation of Per Share Earnings (included in the notes to the financial statements contained in this report)
31.1	Certification of the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
31.2	Certification of the Principal Accounting Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.1	Certification pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002



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- \* Previously filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission as an Exhibit to the Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed on July 3, 1996 and incorporated herein by reference.
- \*\* Previously filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission as an Exhibit to the Registration Statement on Form S-8 filed on October 8, 2004 and incorporated herein by reference.
- \*\*\* Previously filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission as an Exhibit to the Annual Report on Form 10-K filed on April 2, 2001 and incorporated herein by reference.
- ++ Previously filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission as an Exhibit to the Annual Report on Form 10-KSB filed on March 31, 2006 and incorporated herein by reference.
- +++ Previously filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission as an Exhibit to the Registration Statement on Form SB-2/A filed on July 19, 2006 and incorporated herein by reference.
- ^ Previously filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission as an Exhibit to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed on April 23, 2003 and incorporated herein by reference.
- ^^ Previously filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission as an Exhibit to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB filed on November 14, 2006 and incorporated herein by reference.
- \$\$ Previously filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission as an Exhibit to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 23, 2005 and incorporated herein by reference.
- \$\$\$ Previously filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission as an Exhibit to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB filed on November 14, 2005 and incorporated herein by reference.
- @ Previously filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission as an Exhibit to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed on November 29, 2005 and incorporated herein by reference.
- @@ Previously filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission as an Exhibit to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed on December 23, 2005 and incorporated herein by reference.
- ## Previously filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission as an Exhibit to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed on November 6, 2006 and incorporated herein by reference.
- ### Previously filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission as an Exhibit to the Transition Report on Form 10-KSB filed on April 17, 2007 and incorporated herein by reference.

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**SIGNATURES**

In accordance with the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

**CAREGUIDE, INC.**

Date: August 14, 2007

By: /s/Thomas L. Tran  
Thomas L. Tran  
Chief Financial Officer