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ECOLOGICAL SERVICES INC
Form 10KSB
August 12, 2004

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-KSB

(Mark One)

[
] ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE
ACT OF 1934 [Fee Required]

For the Fiscal Year Ended March 31, 2004

[X] TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 [No Fee Required]

For the transition period from April 1, 2003 to March 31, 2004.

Commission File No. 0-22236

Skreem Entertainment Corporation
(formerly Stanford Capital Corporation)

(Name of small business issuer in its charter)

Delaware

33-0565710

(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

(I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)

11637 Orpington Street, Orlando, Florida 32817

(Address of Principal Executive Offices) (Zip Code)

Registrant's Telephone Number, Include Area Code: (407) 207-0400

Securities Registered Pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of Each Class	Name of Each Exchange on Which Registered
None	None

Securities Registered Pursuant to Section 15(d) of the Act:

Common Stock, \$0.001 par value
(Title of Class)

Check whether the issuer (1) filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act during the past twelve (12) months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports); and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past ninety (90) days. Yes xT No

Check if disclosure of delinquent filers in response to Item 405 of Regulation S-B is not contained in this form, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-KSB or any amendment to this Form 10-KSB. [x]

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State issuer's revenues for its most recent fiscal year were \$376.

State the aggregate market value of the voting stock held by nonaffiliates computed by reference to the price at which the stock was sold, or the average bid and ask prices of such stock, as of a specified date within the past 60 days: The Company's common stock does not have a trading market.

As of July 31, 2004, the Registrant had 26,006,925 shares of Common Stock issued and outstanding.

DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

List hereunder the following documents if incorporated by reference and the part of the form 10-KSB (e.g. part I, part II, etc.) into which the document is incorporated: (1) Any annual report to security holders; (2) Any proxy or other information statement; and (3) Any prospectus filed pursuant to rule 424(b) or (c) under the Securities Act of 1933: None.

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PART I

ITEM 1. DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS

SPECIAL NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This periodic report contain forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 with respect to the financial condition, results of operations, business strategies, operating efficiencies or synergies, competitive positions, growth opportunities for existing products, plans and objectives of management. Statements in this periodic report that are not historical facts are hereby indentified as "forward-looking statements".

Business

The Company was incorporated in Delaware on June 11, 1992. On May 28, 1998, the Company changed its name from Plasmatic Technologies, Inc. to Ecological Services, Inc. and on January 3, 2003 changed its name to Stanford Capital Corporation. In December 2002, the Company acquired all the issued and outstanding shares of Stanford Capital International, Ltd. a Hong Kong based public relations firm for 10,000 shares of its common stock. This transaction was subsequently revoked. On January 31, 2004, the Company aquired all of the shares of Skreem Entertainment Corporation in exchange for 22,000,000 shares of its one for five post reverse split common shares. Skreem Entertainment Corporation promotes finances and manages artists in the entertainment industry.

Overview

Our business is to search for recording talent and promote and fund.

The making of a recording act

Signing and promoting a recording act falls into two distinct categories. The first is the process of signing an already established group or artist and through avenues not readily available to the act, but available to the record company, promote the act to a level of widespread public recognition. The second is a company, through auditions and referrals, forms a group or hires an artist with the goal of achieving wide spread recognition. The principal difference financially between these alternatives is that an established act will take a larger percentage of the overall revenues because they absorbed the initial costs of getting started and promoting themselves before the recording deal happened, while normally all of the costs involved in developing the second type of group are borne on by the company which will need to recoop such costs. From the company's vantage the second process results in more control over the product and a larger percentage of the revenues. Examples of the second categories are the signing groups "Menudo", "New Kids On The Block", and "O-Town". "Back Street Boys" and "N-Sync" are examples of established acts that were signed after they were already in existence. These groups mentioned are examples of the two categories and the Company did not sign, promote or fund these groups.

For company formed acts, the company provides the training coordinate and consultation that it deems necessary to produce a hit record. This includes, but is not limited to vocal coaching, choreography, fitness training, clothes, hair design, transportation, living expenses, as well as food and housing if necessary. In addition, the company finds and contracts with producers and

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writers to record songs that fit the style of the act as dictated by the company. The act records the songs, then performs them live to promote the sales of the records and increase radio airplay. A video is also made for further promotion in the television arena. Revenue is generated through record sales, performance fees, management fees, merchandising such as T-shirts, hats, etc., and publishing royalties. This includes publishing royalties that are paid in the event that the recording(s) are included on any compilations that are released by any other entity. From these revenues the company's investment is repaid, after repayment, the remainder is split between the company and the act by percentages outline in the original recording agreement. All agreements are different as to percentages; however, the repayment of all money invested by the company before any payment is made to the act is standard practice.

In the case of established acts, the process is the same. The main differences is the revenue split between the act and the company, and creative control. The established act will always demand a higher percentage of the revenues and more control over the musical direction of the act and the selection of the material to be recorded. With new talent, this can be controlled in the first contract but will undoubtedly be an issued in future negotiations.

Record Sales

Prior to 1997 the record industry enjoyed tremendous success with record sales. The past six years however have presented a new problem in the form of the internet. Downloading, also referred to as file sharing, has hurt the record industry tremendously, especially in the pop music market. If someone wants a copy of a new song by their favorite artist they can simply sign on to one of the free file sharing web sites, type in the name of the song, and download it to their own computer. They can then make a compilation of their favorites, put the downloaded songs onto a CD and listen to them without the need of paying for them. This completely bypasses the record company, the publisher, and the writer, all of whom would normally have received royalties on the sale of those recordings. Steps are currently being taken by the major record companies nationwide to stop this practice. In the meantime everyone in the industry is searching for alternative ways to generate revenue beyond the traditional means that are outlined.

Solutions we have initiated to insulate us from the downloading problem

In the United States we have one federal government that regulates copyrights, publishing, licensing, patenting, and most intellectual rights' laws for all of the states collectively. Therefore, when a song is released in the U.S. all states have the right to airplay and sale of that song as long as they pay the predetermined royalty rates. These royalties are tracked by and then paid to performance organizations such as ASCAP and BMI who in turn disburse the money to their respective members who are listed as either writers or publishers (or both) of each song. Every writer and publisher in the U.S. must be a member of one of these organizations to collect royalties on a commercial record release. These royalties are paid every time a song is played or purchased. This includes TV themes, Musak (elevator music), night club performances, juke boxes, radio, etc.. There is a different rate for each type of venue, but it applies equally to all of the states.

In Europe, however, this is not the case. Each country is a governing entity unto itself. Therefore, when a song is released in Germany, it cannot be played, reproduced, or sold in Spain unless the company wishing to release it in Spain pays the license holder of the song a licensing fee for the Spanish rights to the song. This is the case between all countries except Germany, Austria, and Switzerland, also known as the "GAS Territory". Through an agreement between these three countries, recorded and copyrighted materials can be released in all three without special licensing. Outside of those three, all other countries must pay a licensing fee.

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Because the European countries are small and easily accessible by the general public, when a song is released in one country its existence becomes known in other countries very quickly through word of mouth and DJs that travel from country to country to perform, sometimes during the same weekend. As the popularity of the song grows it attains a "chart position". A "chart" is a weekly report that lists songs currently in market order for sales, radio airplay, and DJ club play. These lists usually consist of the top selling or played 200 songs. There are DJ club charts, national charts, and radio charts that report publicly each week. The charts are posted on sites available to everyone on the internet. A song achieving the TOP 40 of any of these charts is considered a success and is in position to create future revenues in the areas of licensing and publishing. A good chart position creates a demand for the song (and act) in each marketplace. Record companies in each marketplace must then acquire the license for their country in order to release the song. This is done by paying the original license holder a fee that is negotiated based on the song's current popularity, the highest chart position it has attained, and its predicted future popularity. The result is that the original license holder is paid a licensing fee by each country that wishes to release the song. Licensing fees for each song can range from \$5,000.00 to \$25,000.00 and more from each country depending on the popularity of the song and the act and the size of the country.

Why the European marketplace is ideal for establishing artists in our target market

Our target market is kids between 12 and 18 years of age, especially girls. Teenage girls in Europe make up the majority of the record buying public for pop music. They love American acts and want everything and anything the act has to offer as far as pictures, shirts, hats, CDs, autographs, etc. Since N-Sync has stopped touring there, few acts have come out to fill that void. The kids are hungry for new American talent with a fresh sound.

When developing a recording act in the U.S., the basic process has been the same for decades. Record a CD of songs then shop the CD to distributors and other larger record companies for distribution and promotional support. Next a single is chosen out of the CD of songs; it's released, and followed by the release of the full CD. If the act doesn't have an entire CD or close to it completed, they can almost be assured that no one will be interested. Although oversimplified, it generally is how it works. Producing a CD is expensive and time consuming. The cost of producing 12 or more songs that will stand up to the quality of what's currently on the market by established artists can be astronomical.

The European market is just the opposite. The first step in the process is to record and release a single. This minimizes cost and time. Since this is established practice, there are limited problems with distribution companies or record companies (as long as they like the act). It also allows the Company to as far as musical direction and style before you commit to an entire CD of material. Then a second single is released. A video is produced for each single that's simultaneously released. Concurrently, the act will be performing doing both paid and promotional live performances. Based on the success of these two releases, the company can then determine whether or not to take on the expense of a full CD.

Our target market are net surfers. By creative use of the internet including a web site, online promotions such as giveaways, online chats with the act, contests with prizes such as a chance to spend a day with the act, free downloads of unreleased songs, etc., interest and record sales grows. One of the goals of all of this is to create excitement that will result sufficient record sales to attain a favorable position in the weekly charts because licensing fees are negotiated according to the popularity of the song, the act, and their

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position in the charts. While the act is working its live performances, internet chats, and recording, the company negotiates licenses with other companies for other countries. It will always be the license holding company's prerogative to release any song it owns the license for in any country without any fees. It will however have to take on the expense of pressing and distribution if that avenue is chosen, but if the record is a success this will be offset by not having to split revenues. The company can also enter into a limited partnership with a different company in each country and share in the profits of the release while sharing the expenses if it so chooses.

The key element in our strategy

A key element in initiating and successfully implementing a marketing and development plan such as has been described is someone who knows the marketplace intimately and is respected by the people who do business in that marketplace. Tony Harrison our Vice President fits those requirements. He has both American and German citizenship and has lived in Germany for over 20 years. He's known in the music industry as "Captain Hollywood". As a performer, he's one of the most respected in Europe. He has had worldwide hits and has been performing since 1985. He's also worked as a choreographer and /or producer for such acts as LaToya Jackson, BackStreet Boys, Natural, and O-Town. He's known by everyone in the record business in Europe and is highly respected for both his success as an entertainer and his knowledge of the industry since June 2003. As "Captain Hollywood" he has since had two songs in the top 20 dance charts and in the top 40 national charts. His years of experience in all aspects of the business have proven invaluable in successfully introducing SKREEM Entertainment to the record industry in Europe.

Coming to America after European success

The final step is to introduce the act to the Americans. This process has been successfully achieved several times in the past with Back Street Boys, Britney Spears, N-Sync, and Snap. The act will be polished and roadworthy from time to time spent in Europe, and will have already been making money through record sales, publishing revenues, licensing fees, live performances, and merchandising. Also, they'll have bragging rights with regards to having "Gold Records" in Europe. The catch there is that a gold record in the U.S. requires 500,000 copies sold. In Europe, depending on the country, a gold record can be earned with a few as 25,000 copies sold. American audiences do not generally realize this and assume that the act has sold many more records than they actually have sold. This is helpful in the American marketing campaign. They also come to America with many record industry people, promoters, and managers already aware of them through industry connections in Europe. This is helpful when arranging for the act to perform nationally or with an already established American act, which is the most tried and true way of introducing the act and their songs to the public.

All of this leads to launching a recording act that has the potential of creating a greater return on a much lower investment than would be necessary to achieve the same results by starting out in the American market.

ITEM 2.DESCRPTION OF PROPERTIES

The Company's administrative offices are located in a leased office facility located at 11637 Orpington Street, Orlando, Florida 32817. The facility contains approximately 2,000 square feet of office space. There is no lease on the facility nor is there a rental fee as the property is owned by the principal shareholder of the Company (post merger).

ITEM 3.LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

None

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ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

No matters were submitted to a vote of the Company's shareholders through the solicitation of proxies, during the fourth quarter of the Company's fiscal year ended March 31, 2004.

PART II

ITEM 5. MARKET FOR COMMON EQUITY, RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS AND SMALL BUSINESS ISSUER PURCHASER OF EQUITY SECURITIES

The Company's Common Stock is not listed for trading. Since its inception, the Company has not paid any dividends on its Common Stock, and the Company does not anticipate that it will pay dividends in the foreseeable future. At March 31, 2004, the Company had approximately 108 shareholders.

The Company issued 10,000 shares of its common stock for the acquisition of Stanford Capital Corporation. When this transaction was recinded, the shares were cancelled. However, pursuant to the terms of the Termination Agreement with the shareholders of Stanford Capital Corporation, the shareholders were to be issued 10,000 post reverse split common shares.

The Company also issued 22,000,000 post reverse split common shares for the acquisition of Skreem Entertainment Corporation.

ITEM 6. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OR PLAN OF OPERATION

Three Months Ended March 31, 2004 Compared to the Three Months Ended March 31, 2003

Revenues. The Company had no revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2004 as it prepared for its first recording and record release in the summer. For the three months ended March 31, 2003, Company had revenue of \$200.

Operating Expense. Operating expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2004, were \$149,470, an increase of \$65,817 or 78.7% from the \$83,653 for the corresponding period of the prior year. This increase primarily resulted from travel, housing, and transportation expenses of approximately \$89,000 incurred by "Third Wish" Artists and Manager while on tour in Germany during the three months ended March 31, 2004. In addition, there was an increase in promotion and advertising of approximately \$17,000. The overall increase is offset by a decrease in music production costs of approximately \$36,000.

General and Administrative Expenses. General and administrative expenses increased by \$21,882 or 508% to \$26,186 for the three months ended March 31, 2004 from \$4,304 for the corresponding period of the prior year. This increase is primarily attributable to increased legal and accounting fees of approximately \$19,000.

Salaries and Benefits. Salaries and benefits decreased by \$6,997 or 25.1% to \$20,885 for the three months ended March 31, 2004 from \$27,882 for the corresponding period of the prior year. This decrease is attributable to having less employees during the three months ended March 31, 2004.

Interest Expense. Interest expense decreased by \$13,293 or 58.4% to \$9,453 for the three months ended March 31, 2004 from \$22,746 for the corresponding period of the prior year. This decrease is attributable to having more debt outstanding for the three months ended March 31, 2003.

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As a result of the foregoing, the net operating loss of the company increased by \$67,609 to \$205,994 for the three months ended March 31, 2004.

Year Ended December 31, 2003 Compared to Year Ended December 31, 2002

Revenue. Revenue for the year ended December 31, 2003 decreased by \$2,174 or 85.3% to 376 from \$2550 for the year ended December 31, 2002. This decrease in revenues is attributable to a decrease in show income.

Operating Expenses. Operating expenses increased by \$281,756 or 149% to 470,331 for the year-ended December 31, 2003 from \$188,575 for the year ended December 31, 2002. This increase is primarily attributable to expenses of approximately \$121,000 incurred by "Third Wish" Artists and Manager while on tour in Germany and promotion and Advertising expenses of approximately \$160,000 incurred during 2003.

General and Administrative Expenses. General and administrative expenses increased by \$52,493 or 138% to \$90,455 for the year ended December 31, 2003 from \$37,962 for the year ended December 31, 2002. This increase is primarily attributable to an increase in travel expenses of approximately \$37,000 and an increase in professional fees of approximately \$17,000.

Salaries and Benefits. Salaries and benefits increased by \$16,670 or 18.9% to \$104,825 for the year ended December 31, 2003 from \$88,155 for the year ended December 31, 2002. This increase is primarily attributable to a bonus and medical insurance coverage of approximately \$12,000 and \$13,500 respectively for an officer of the Company. This increase is partially offset by a decrease in salaries as there were less employees during 2003.

Interest Expense. Interest expense decreased by \$1,319 or 1.8% to \$71,129 for the year ended December 31, 2003 from \$72,448 for the year ended December 31, 2002. This decrease is attributable to having less debt throughout 2003.

As a result of the foregoing, the net operating loss of the Company increased by \$351,774 to \$736,364 for the year ended December 31, 2003 from \$384,590 for the year ended December 31, 2002.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

As of March 31, 2004, the Company had cash of \$2,914 and a deficit in working capital of \$581,477.

For the three months ended March 31, 2004, the Company used \$168,280 in operating activities which is primarily due to a net loss of \$205,994 offset by an increase in liabilities of \$32,033.

For the year-ended December 31, 2003, the Company used \$672,070 in operating activities, or \$365,286 more than the \$306,784 used in operating activities for the year ended December 31, 2002. The principal reasons for the increase in the cash used in operating activities was the increase in the net operating loss of \$351,774 which was partially offset by changes in operating assets and liabilities.

There were no cash flows from investing activities for the three months ended March 31, 2004.

Cash used by investing activities increased by \$1,132 to \$3,497 for the year ended December 31, 2003 from \$2,365 for the year ended December 31, 2002. All of

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the cash used by investing activities in both years was for the purchase of equipment.

Cash provided by financing activities was \$156,591 for the three months ended March 31, 2004. Cash provided by financing activities increased by \$381,500 to \$687,000 for the year ended December 31, 2003 from \$305,500 for the year ended December 31, 2002. All of the cash provided by financing activities in all periods was from proceeds of notes payable to affiliates.

Because of the continued net operating losses of the Company, the Company will not be able to continue as a going concern unless it is able to sell its shares or obtain third and/or related party loans. Although the principal shareholder of the Company has been willing to lend funds to the Company in the past, there is no obligation for them to do so in the future. Without such funding, or the sale of its shares, the Company will have insufficient funds to execute its business plans for the next twelve months.

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ITEM 7. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SKREEM ENTERTAINMENT CORPORATION

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Board of Directors and Shareholders
Skreem Entertainment Corporation

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheet of Skreem Entertainment Corporation and subsidiary (a development stage company) (the "Company"), as of March 31, 2004, and the related consolidated statements of

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operations, shareholders' deficit and cash flows for the three months ended March 31, 2004 and the years ended December 31, 2003 and 2002 and for the period from August 19, 1999 (date of inception) through March 31, 2004. These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall consolidated financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Skreem Entertainment Corporation and subsidiary as of March 31, 2004 and the results of its operations, and its cash flows for the three months ended March 31, 2004 and the years ended December 31, 2003 and 2002 and for the period August 19, 1999 (date of inception) through March 31, 2004 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern. As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the Company is in the development stage and has suffered recurring losses from operations and had a net capital deficit, which raises substantial doubt about its ability to continue as a going concern. Management plans to continue funding the operation through an affiliate owned by a major shareholder of the Company. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

Thomas Leger & Co. L.L.P.

July 21, 2004
Houston, Texas

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SKREEM ENTERTAINMENT CORPORATION
(A Development Stage Company)
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET
MARCH 31, 2004

ASSETS

CURRENT ASSETS

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,914

Total current assets	2,914

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PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, net	6,895
DEPOSITS	19,921
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 29,730

LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' DEFICIT

CURRENT LIABILITIES

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 43,141
Accrued interest payable to affiliates	15,658
Notes payable to affiliates	525,592
Total current liabilities	584,391

SHAREHOLDERS' DEFICIT

Preferred stock, par value \$0.001, 1,000,000 shares authorized, no shares issued and outstanding	-
Common stock, par value \$0.001, 50,000,000 shares authorized, 26,006,925 shares issued and outstanding	26,007
Paid-in capital	1,555,996
Deficit accumulated during the development stage	(2,136,664)
Total shareholders' deficit	(554,661)
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' DEFICIT	\$ 29,730

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The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

SKREEM ENTERTAINMENT CORPORATION
(A Development Stage Company)
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

	Three months ended March 31, 2004	For the Years Ended 2003	December 31 2002	Aug (Dat M
REVENUES	\$ -	\$ 376	\$ 2,550	
EXPENSES				
Operating expenses	(149,470)	(470,331)	(188,575)	
General and administrative expenses	(26,186)	(90,455)	(37,962)	
Salaries and benefits	(20,885)	(104,825)	(88,155)	
Impairment of loan receivable	-	-	-	
Loss from operations	(196,541)	(665,235)	(312,142)	
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE)				
Interest expense	(9,453)	(71,129)	(72,448)	

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NET LOSS	\$ (205,994)	\$ (736,364)	\$ (384,590)	\$ (
BASIC AND DILUTED	=====	=====	=====	=====
LOSS PER SHARE	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.06)	\$ (0.05)	
BASIC AND DILUTED	=====	=====	=====	
WEIGHTED AVERAGE				
SHARES OUTSTANDING	24,733,180	12,054,795	(1) 7,000,000	(1)
	=====	=====	=====	

(1) Number of shares outstanding to reflect reverse merger and for comparison purposes only

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

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SKREEM ENTERTAINMENT CORPORATION
(A Development Stage Company)
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' DEFICIT
FROM AUGUST 19, 1999 (DATE OF INCEPTION) TO MARCH 31, 2004

	Common Stock		Paid	Retained
	Shares	Amount	In	Deficit
	-----	-----	Capital	-----
Balance at inception, August 19, 1999	-	\$ -	\$ -	-
Issuance of common stock	20,000	20	-	-
Net Loss	-	-	-	(84,021)
Balance at December 31, 1999	20,000	20	-	(84,021)
Net loss	-	-	-	(230,879)
Balance at December 31, 2000	20,000	20	-	(314,900)
Net loss	-	-	-	(494,816)
Balance at December 31, 2001	20,000	20	-	(809,716)
Net loss	-	-	-	(384,590)
Balance at December 31, 2002	20,000	20	-	(1,194,306)
Reclassification of debt to equity	43,000	43	1,581,940	-
Net loss	-	-	-	(736,364)
Balance at December 31, 2003	63,000	63	1,581,940	(1,930,670)
Effect of issuance of common stock				

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and recapitalization in reverse acquisition transaction	25,943,925	25,944	(25,944)	-
Net loss	-	-	-	(205,994)
Balance at March 31, 2004	26,006,925	\$ 26,007	\$ 1,555,996	\$ (2,136,664)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

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SKREEM ENTERTAINMENT CORPORATION
(A Development Stage Company)
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	Three months ended March 31, 2004	For the years ended Dec 2003	2002
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Net loss	\$ (205,994)	\$ (736,364)	\$ (384,000)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:			
Depreciation expense	1,273	6,220	5,300
Impairment of loan receivable	-	-	-
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:			
Decrease (Increase) in prepaid expenses	4,408	(4,408)	-
Increase in other assets	-	(19,920)	-
Increase in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	22,580	11,307	-
Increase in interest payable to affiliates	9,453	71,095	72,400
Total adjustments	37,714	64,294	77,800
Net cash used in operating activities	(168,280)	(672,070)	(306,700)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Purchase of property and equipment	-	(3,497)	(2,300)
Loan receivable	-	-	-
Net cash used by investing activities	-	(3,497)	(2,300)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from notes payable to affiliates	156,591	687,000	305,500
Principal payments on notes payable to affiliates	-	-	-
Net cash provided by financing activities	156,591	687,000	305,500
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(11,689)	11,433	(3,600)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENT AT BEGINING OF YEAR	14,603	3,170	6,800
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENT AT END OF YEAR	\$ 2,914	\$ 14,603	\$ 3,170

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The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

SKREEM ENTERTAINMENT CORPORATION
(A Development Stage Company)
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Nature of the business and merger

Stanford Capital Corporation (Stanford) was incorporated under the laws of the State of Delaware on June 11, 1992. During January 2004, Stanford acquired all of the issued and outstanding shares of common stock of Skreem Entertainment Corporation (Skreem) in exchange for 22,000,000 post reverse split shares of common stock, par value \$0.001 per share, to the holders of Skreem's common stock. The transaction is considered a reverse merger and Skreem became a wholly owned subsidiary of Stanford. Stanford and Skreem are collectively referred to as "the Company". On March 16, 2004 the Company filed a Certificate of Amendment with the Delaware Secretary of State changing the Company's name to Skreem Entertainment Corporation and reverse splitting the Company's shares on a one (1) for five (5) basis. The financial statements herein reflect the effect of the reverse stock split. The proforma effects of the reverse merger are not material to the consolidated financial statements.

Skreem is a development stage company that was incorporated in Nevada on August 19, 1999. Skreem was formed to promote, finance and manage artists and projects in the music industry and is located in the State of Florida.

Basis of presentation and consolidation

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Company has elected to continue the fiscal year of the legal acquirer (registrant). As the transaction is deemed a reverse merger, this gives rise to the three month transition period ended March 31, 2004.

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its wholly owned subsidiary. All significant intercompany balances and transactions, including intercompany profits and unrealized profits and losses are eliminated on consolidation.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand and on deposit at a major financial institution. The Company considers highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

Advances to Artists

The Company advances monies to artists upon the artist signing the "Exclusive Recording Artist Agreement." An advance paid to an artist shall be reported as an asset if the past performance and current popularity of the artist to whom the advance is made provide a sound basis for estimating that the amount of the advance will be recoverable from future royalties to be earned by the artist. Any portion of advances that subsequently appear not to be fully recoverable from future royalties to be earned by the artist shall be charged to expense

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during the period in which the loss becomes evident.

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1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Property and equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost. Provisions for depreciation are computed using the double-declining method based on the estimated useful lives of the assets, generally five to seven years. Expenditures that increase the value or extend the life of the asset are capitalized, while cost of maintenance and repairs are expensed as incurred. Leasehold improvements are amortized on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the useful life of the improvement or the term of the lease. When assets are retired or otherwise disposed of, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts, and any resulting gain or loss is recognized.

In accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 144, "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-lived Assets," the Company examines the possibility of decrease in value of fixed assets when events or changes in circumstances reflect the fact that their recorded value may not be recoverable.

Record masters

A record master borne by the Company is reported as a cost of production when the past performance and current popularity of the artist does not provide a sound basis for estimating that the cost will be recovered from future sales.

Operating expenses

Operating expenses include music production costs, artist compensation costs, and other operating expenses. The Company enters into production, promotion and related consulting agreements in the ordinary course of business.

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with general accepted accounting principles in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Income taxes

From inception of the Company through August 31, 2003, the Company had elected to be taxed under Subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code. As a result, corporate income or loss passes through to the shareholder and therefore, no provision for federal or state income taxes is recorded by the Company. On August 31, 2003, the Company converted certain debt and accrued interest owed to affiliates to equity. The affiliates were a corporation and a partnership which made the Company ineligible to be taxed under subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code. Subsequent to August 31, 2003, the Company accounts for income tax using Statements of Financial Accounting (SFAS) No. 109 "Accounting for Income Taxes."

Recent accounting pronouncements

In January 2003, and as revised in December 2003, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Interpretation No.46 ("FIN 46") "Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities." Until this interpretation, a company generally

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included another entity in its consolidated financial

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1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

statements only if it controlled the entity through voting interest. FIN 46 requires a variable interest entity, as defined, to be consolidated by a company if that company is subject to a majority of the risk of loss from the variable interest entity's activities or entitled to receive a majority of the entity's residual returns. Certain provisions of FIN 46 were deferred until the period ending after March 15, 2004. The adoption of FIN 46 for provisions effective during 2003 and 2004 did not have a material impact on the Company's financial position, cash flows or results of operations.

In April 2003, the FASB issued SFAS No. 149, "Amendment of Statement 133 on Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities" ("SFAS 149"), which amends SFAS 133 for certain decisions made by the FASB Derivatives Implementation Group. In Particular, SFAS 149: (1) clarifies under what circumstances a contract with an initial net investment meets the characteristic of a derivative, (2) clarifies when a derivative contains a financing component, (3) amends the definition of an underlying to conform it to language used in FASB Interpretation No. 45 "Guarantor's Accounting and Disclosure Requirements for Guarantees, Including Indirect Guarantees of Indebtedness of Others," and (4) amends certain other existing pronouncements. This Statement is effective for contracts entered into or modified after June 30, 2003, and for hedging relationships designated after June 30, 2003. In addition, most provisions of SFAS 149 are to be applied prospectively. The adoption of SFAS 149 did not have a material impact on the Company's financial position, cash flows or results of operations.

In May 2003, the FASB issued SFAS No. 150, "Accounting for Certain Financial Instruments with Characteristics of Both Liabilities and Equity" ("SFAS 150"). SFAS 150 changes the accounting for certain financial instruments that under previous guidance issuers could account for as equity. It requires that those instruments be classified as liabilities in balance sheets. The guidance in SFAS 150 is generally effective for all financial instruments entered into or modified after May 31, 2003, and otherwise is effective on July 1, 2003. The adoption of SFAS 150 did not have a material impact on the Company's financial position, cash flows or results of operations.

Going Concern

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates the realization of assets and the satisfaction of liabilities in the normal course of business. The Company sustained losses of \$205,994, \$736,364, and \$384,590 for the three months ended March 31, 2004, and years ended December 31, 2003, and 2002 respectively. The Company had an accumulated deficit of \$2,136,664 at March 31, 2004. These factors raise substantial doubt about the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time. The Company is highly dependent on its ability to continue to obtain investment capital from an affiliate in order to fund the current and planned operating levels. The financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of recorded asset amounts or the amounts and classification of liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern. The Company's continuation as a going concern is dependent upon its ability to continue receiving investment capital from an affiliate to complete promotion of the Company's artists, continue production of music and achieve a level of success that will enable it to sustain its operations. No assurance can be given that the Company will be successful in these efforts.

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2. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment is comprised of the following at March 31, 2004:

Furniture	\$18,161
Music equipment	17,164

	35,325
Less: accumulated depreciation	(28,430)
	\$ 6,895
	=====

Depreciation expense was \$1,273, \$6,220, and \$5,359 for the three months ended March 31, 2004 and for the years ended December 31, 2003 and 2002, respectively.

3. DEPOSITS

At March 31, 2004, the Company had deposits of \$15,366 for the rental of a vehicle and \$4,554 for the rental of housing for the Artists and Manager of "3rd Wish" .

4. INCOME TAXES

From inception of the Company through August 31, 2003, the Company had elected to be taxed under Subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code. As a result, corporate income or loss passes through to the shareholder and therefore, no provision for federal or state income taxes is recorded by the Company. On August 31, 2003, the Company converted certain debt and accrued interest owed to affiliates to equity. The affiliates were a corporation and a partnership which made the Company ineligible to be taxed under subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code. Subsequent to August 31, 2003, the Company accounts for income tax using Statements of Financial Accounting (SFAS) No. 109 "Accounting for Income Taxes."

The following table sets forth a reconciliation of federal income tax for the three months ended March 31, 2004:

Loss before income taxes	\$ (205,994)
	=====
Income tax benefit computed at statutory rates	(70,038)
Valuation allowance	69,322
Permanent differences, nondeductible expenses	716

Tax benefit	\$ -
	=====

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4. INCOME TAXES - Continued

As of March 31, 2004, the Company has net operating loss carryforwards of approximately \$448,623. The carryforwards begin to expire in the year 2023. The Company's net operating loss carry forwards may be subject to annual limitations, which could reduce or defer the utilization of the losses as a result of an ownership change as defined in section 382 of the Internal Revenue Code. The tax effects of the temporary differences between reportable financial statement income and taxable income are recognized as a deferred tax asset and liability.

Significant components of the deferred tax assets are set out below along with a valuation allowance to reduce the net deferred tax asset to zero. In order to comply with generally accepted accounting principles, management has decided to establish the valuation allowance because of the potential that the tax benefits underlying deferred tax asset may not be realized. Significant components of the Company's deferred tax asset at March 31, 2004 are as follows:

Deferred tax assets	2003

Net operating loss carry forwards	\$ (152,531)
Less: valuation allowance	152,531

Net deferred tax assets	\$ -
	=====

5. NOTES PAYABLE TO AFFILIATES

Notes payable to affiliates consist of the following at March 31, 2004:

Notes payable upon demand to Martin Consultants, Inc., secured by the assets of the Company, interest at 8% per annum	\$ 486,000
Note payable upon demand to JT Investments, Ltd., unsecured, interest at 8% per annum	39,592

	\$ 525,592
	=====

The Company's Board of Directors held a meeting on August 30, 2003 and unanimously approved a proposal received from Martin Consultants, Inc. and JT Investments, Ltd., affiliates of the Company, to convert the debt and accrued interest owed by the Company to equity. Martin Consultants, Inc. and JT Investments, Ltd. are 100% and 50%, respectively owned by a major shareholder of the Company. The notes payable and related accrued interest of \$1,373,600 and \$208,383, respectively were reclassified to equity on August 31, 2003 and Martin Consultants, Inc. was issued 43,000 shares (pre-merger) of common stock.

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6. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Accounts payable due to an affiliate consisted of \$9,254 for health insurance as of March 31, 2004. Additionally, notes payable due to affiliates as of March 31, 2004 are presented at Note 5.

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The Company promotes an artist who is the son of the Company's major shareholder. Total advances to the son are approximately \$141,000 as of March 31, 2004.

7. OPERATING LEASES

The Company leases a vehicle and housing for the Artists and Manager of "3rd Wish" in Germany. Total rent expense was \$13,205 and \$42,637 for the three months ended March 31, 2004 and for the year ended December 31, 2003 respectively. There was no rent expense for the year ended December 31, 2002.

Future minimum noncancelable lease payments to be made in each of the years indicated at March 31, 2004 are as follows:

2005	\$53,708
2006	12,739

	\$66,447
	=====

8. NU-SOL AGREEMENT AND IMPAIRMENT

During May 2000, the Company entered into a financing agreement with Nu-Sol Productions, Inc. (N U-SOL). The purpose of the agreement shall be for NU-SOL to produce, manufacture, market, and commercially exploit the first LP by Precious Francis "Precious" entitled "Big Girls Don't Cry" and singles derived therefrom (the Property) and the Company funding the costs and expenses of \$130,000 with respect to the production, manufacturing, marketing, and exploitation of the Property. All net revenues shall be distributed first to the Company until the Company recoups 100% of the \$130,000 advanced plus an additional \$39,000, and thereafter 30% of all net revenues derived. The Company had originally recorded the advance to NU-SOL as a loan receivable and during 2001, the Company deemed the amount advanced uncollectible and recorded an impairment charge.

9. COMMITMENTS

On July 26, 2002, the Company entered into a Music Publishing Agreement, a Personal Management Agreement and an Exclusive Artist Recording Agreement with the Artists of "3rd Wish."

Additionally, on July 14, 2003, the Company entered into an Exclusive Artist Recording Agreement with Precious Dawn Francis.

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10. SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION

No cash was paid during the three months ended March 31, 2004 and for the years ended December 31, 2003 and 2002 for interest or income taxes.

Non-cash financing transactions:

A reclassification of notes payable and accrued interest to equity of \$1,581,983 was approved by the Board of Directors during 2003 and is presented at Note 5.

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11. CONCENTRATIONS OF RISK

The Company is economically dependent on an affiliate owned by the Company's major shareholder.

The Company is dependent on the success of the Artists. The talent would be difficult to replace.

12. COMPARATIVE FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The comparative statements of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2004 and 2003 are as follows:

	Three Months ended March	
	2004	2003
Revenues	\$ -	\$ 200
Expenses		
Operating expenses	(149,470)	(83,653)
General and administrative expenses	(26,186)	(4,304)
Salaries and benefits	(20,885)	(27,882)
Loss from operations	(196,541)	(115,639)
Interest expense	(9,453)	(22,746)
Net Loss	\$ (205,994)	\$ (138,385)
	=====	=====
Basic and Diluted Loss per share	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.02)
	=====	=====
Basic and Diluted Weighted Average shares outstanding	24,723,180	7,000,000 (1)
	=====	=====

(1) Number of shares outstanding to reflect reverse merger and for comparison purposes only.

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SKREEM ENTERTAINMENT CORPORATION
(A Development Stage Company)
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

13. CAPITAL STOCK

The authorized capital stock of the Company consists of Preferred Stock (1,000,000 shares) and Common Stock (50,000,000 shares) with a par value of \$0.001 each. The Board of Directors is authorized, subject to limitations prescribed by law, to provide for the issuance of the authorized shares of preferred stock in series, and by filing a certificate pursuant to the applicable law of the State of Delaware to establish from time to time the number of shares to be included in each such series and the qualifications,

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limitations or restrictions thereof. At March 31, 2004, there were no preferred shares issued and outstanding, and there were 26,006,925 common shares issued and outstanding.

14. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Private Placement Memorandum

The Company has offered a Private Placement Memorandum ("PPM") which offers for sale a maximum of 3,000,000 and a minimum of 1,000,000 shares of its common stock, \$.001 par value at \$.50 per share ("the Offering"). The shares are offered on a "best efforts" basis. The Offering will be made in reliance upon an exemption from registration under the federal securities laws provided by Regulation D as promulgated by the United States Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). The Offering will terminate upon the earlier of (i) the sale of the 3,000,000 shares or (ii) May 31, 2004 unless extended by the Company for sixty days. The Company has issued 553,656 shares with proceeds of \$276,828 through July 21, 2004.

Distribution and Service Agreement

During May 2004, the Company entered into a 5.5 year Distribution and Service Agreement with Cheyenne Records GmbH (Cheyenne). The agreement grants Cheyenne certain exclusive rights to distribute and sell recordings. In addition, Cheyenne will perform certain services in accordance with the agreement.

Music Video Production Agreement

During May 2004, the Company entered into a Music Video Production Agreement with 1171 Production Group (Production Company). Production Company will produce a music video embodying the performance by "3rd Wish". In consideration for services rendered by Production Company, the Company agrees to pay \$100,000 upon the terms and conditions set forth in the agreement. In connection with the music video, the Company has agreed to pay \$40,000 to a third party for the performance of "Baby Bash" in the music video.

ITEM 8. CHANGES IN AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS ON ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE

The Company has had no disagreements with its certified public accountants with respect to accounting practices or procedures or financial disclosure. The Company did however change its certifying accountants from David T. Thomson P.C. to Thomas Leger & Co. LLP.

- (i) On March 3, 2004, the Registrant dismissed David T. Thomson, PC from its position as the Company's independent accountants.
- (ii) The audit report of David T. Thomson, PC, on April 10, 2003, for the year ended March 31, 2002 contained no adverse opinion, disclaimer of opinion or modification of the opinion.
- (iii) The Registrant's Board of Directors participated in and approved the decision to change independent accountants.
- (iv) In connection with its audit for the most recent fiscal year and the interim period until the date of dismissal, there have been no disagreements with David T. Thomson, PC on any matter of accounting principle or practice, financial statement disclosure, or auditing scope or procedure, which disagreement if not resolved to the satisfaction of David T. Thomson, PC would have caused them to make reference thereto in their

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report on the financial statements.

- (v) During the most recent fiscal year and the interim period until the date of dismissal , there have been no reportable events (as defined in Regulation S-K Item 304 (a) (1) (v)).
- (vi) The Registrant requested that David T. Thomson, PC furnish it with a letter addressed to the SEC stating whether or not it agrees with the above statements.

(b) New independent accountants

On May 3, 2004, the Registrant engaged Thomas Leger & Co. LLP to audit its financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2003. During the two most recent fiscal years and through March 31, 2003, the Registrant has not consulted with Thomas Leger & Co. LLP regarding (i) the application of accounting principles to a specified transaction, either completed or proposed or the type of audit opinion that might be rendered on the Registrant's financial statements, and no written report or oral advise was provided to the Registrant by concluding there was an important factor to be considered by the Registrant in reaching a decision as to an accounting, auditing or financial reporting issue; or (ii) any matter that was either the subject of a disagreement, as that term is defined in item 304 (a) (1) (iv) of Regulation S-K and the related instructions to Item 304 of Regulation S-K, or a reportable event, as that term is defined in Item 304 (a) (1) (v) of Regulation S-K.

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Item 8A. Controls and Procedures

(a) Evaluation of disclosure controls and procedures. Our chief executive officer and our chief financial officer, after evaluating the effectiveness of the Company's "disclosure controls and procedures" (as defined in the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 Rule 13a-14(c) and 15-d-14(c) as of a date (the "Evaluation Date") within 90 days before the filing date of this quarterly report, have concluded that as of the Evaluation Date, our disclosure controls and procedures were adequate and designed to ensure that material information relating to us and our consolidated subsidiaries would be made known to them by others within those entities.

(c) Changes in internal controls. There were no significant changes in our internal controls or to our knowlege, in other factors that could significantly affect our disclosure controls and procedures subsequent to the Evaluation Date.

Item 8B. Other Information

None

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PART III

ITEM 9. DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVE OFFICERS OF THE REGISTRANT

Information Regarding Present Directors and Executive Officers

The following table sets forth as of June 30, 2004, the name, age, and position of each executive officer and director and the term of office of each director of the Company.

Name	Age	Title	Director or Officer Since
------	-----	-------	---------------------------

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Charles Camorata	50	President, Chief Executive Officer and Director	01-31-04
Tony Harrison	41	Vice President and Director	01-31-04
Karen Pollino	53	Secretary / Treasurer and Director	01-31-04

The following is the business background of each officer and director.

Charles Camorata. Mr. Camorata was a founder of and has been employed by Skreem Entertainment Corporation since August 1999 and was appointed Chief Executive Officer and director of the Company on January 31, 2004. From 1980-1999 he was the owner and president of Camorata Productions, Inc. an entity which composed, arranged and produced music as well as designed audio and visual systems for theme parks and recording studios. He has composed and published 35 musical arrangements.

Tony Harrison. Mr. Harrison joined Skreem Entertainment Corporation in August 2003 and was appointed Vice President and director of the Company on January 31, 2004. Since 1996 he has operated a recording studio just outside Cologne Germany and produces records in Europe under the "Captain Hollywood" label.

Karen Pollino. Ms. Pollino joined Skreem Entertainment Corporation in August 1999 and was appointed Secretary/Treasurer and director of the Company January 31, 2004. From 1997 to 1999, Ms. Pollino was employed by Martin Consultants, Inc. as Secretary/Treasurer. From 1990 to 1997 she was employed by Sorex Medical of Salt Lake City where she had oversight responsibility of purchasing and customer service.

Except as indicated below, to the knowledge of management, during the past five years, no present or former director, or executive officer of the Company:

- (1) filed a petition under the federal bankruptcy laws or any state insolvency law, nor had a receiver, fiscal agent or similar officer appointed by a court for the business or property of such person, or any partnership in which he was a general partner at or within two years before the time of such filing, or any corporation or business association of which he was an executive officer at or within two years before the time of such filing;
- (2) was convicted in a criminal proceeding or named subject of a pending criminal proceeding (excluding traffic violations and other minor defenses);
- (3) was the subject of any order, judgement or decree, not subsequently reversed, suspended or vacated, of any court of competent jurisdiction, permanently or temporarily enjoining him from or otherwise limiting, the following activities:
 - (i) acting as a future commission merchant, introducing broker, commodity trading advisor, commodity pool operator, floor broker, leverage transaction merchant, associated person of any of the foregoing, or as an investment advisor, underwriter, broker or dealer in securities, or as an affiliate person, director or employee of any investment company or engaging in or continuing any conduct or practice in connection with such activity;

- (ii) engaging in any type of business practice; or

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- (iii) engaging in any activity in connection with the purchased or sale of any security or commodity or in connection with any violation of federal or state securities laws or federal commodities laws;
- (4) was the subject of any order, judgement, or decree, not subsequently reversed, suspended, or vacated, of any federal or state authority barring, suspending, or otherwise limiting for more than 60 days the right of such person to engage in any activity described above under this Item, or to be associated with persons engaged in any such activity;
- (5) was found by a court of competent jurisdiction in a civil action or by the Securities and Exchange Commission to have violated any federal or state securities law, and the judgement in such civil action or finding by the Securities and Exchange Commission has not been subsequently reversed, suspended, or vacated.
- (6) was found by a court of competent jurisdiction in a civil action or by the Commodity Futures Trading Commission to have violated any federal commodities law, and the judgement in such civil action or finding by the Commodity Futures Trading Commission has not been subsequently reversed, suspended or vacated.

ITEM 10. EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

The following tables set forth certain summary information concerning the compensation paid or accrued for each of the Company's last three completed fiscal years to the Company's or its principal subsidiaries chief executive officer and each of its other executive officers that received compensation in excess of \$100,000 during such period (as determined at March 31, 2003, the end of the Company's last completed fiscal year):

Name	Year	Compensation
-----	-----	-----
Kevin Monson	2001	None
Kevin Monson	2002	None
Kevin Monson *	2003	None

* Resigned on January 31, 2004

Cash Compensation

There was no cash compensation paid to any director or executive officer of the Company during the fiscal years ended March 31, 2003, 2002, and 2001.

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Bonuses and Deferred Compensation

None.

Compensation Pursuant to Plans.

None.

Pension Table

None.

Other Compensation

None.

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Compensation of Directors.

None.

Termination of Employment and Change of Control Arrangement

There are no compensatory plans or arrangements, including payments to be received from the Company, with respect to any person named in Cash Compensation set out above which in any way result in payments to any such person because of his resignation, retirement, or other termination of such person's employment with the Company or its subsidiaries, or any change in control of the Company, or change in the person's responsibilities following a changing in control of the Company.

ITEM 11. SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT

The following table sets forth, as of July 31, 2004 the name and the number of shares of the Company's Common Stock, par value \$.001 per share, held of record or beneficially by each person who held of record, or was known by the Company to own beneficially, more than 5% of the 26,006,925 issued and outstanding shares of the Company's Common Stock, and the name and shareholdings of each director and of all officers and directors as a group.

Title of Class -----	Name of Beneficial Owner -----	Amount and Nature of Beneficial Ownership (1) -----	Percentage of Class -----
OFFICERS, DIRECTORS AND FIVE PERCENT SHAREHOLDERS			
Common	Charles Camorata	200,000	0.8%
Common	Tony Harrison	200,000	0.8%
Common	Karen Pollino	100,000	0.4%
Common	Jeffrey Martin (1)	21,350,000	82.1%
Common	Kevin Monson	3,505,925	13.5%
	All officers and Directors as a Group (3) persons	500,000	1.9%

(1) Includes shares owned by Martin Consultants, Inc.

ITEM 12. CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS

Notes payable to affiliates consist of the following at March 31, 2004:

Notes payable upon demand to Martin Consultants, Inc., secured by the assets of the Company, interest at 8% per annum	\$ 486,000
Note payable upon demand to JT Investments, Ltd., unsecured, interest at 8% per annum	39,592

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 \$ 525,592

The Company's Board of Directors held a meeting on August 30, 2003 and unanimously approved a proposal received from Martin Consultants, Inc. and JT Investments, Ltd., affiliates of the Company, to convert the debt and accrued interest owed by the Company to equity. Martin Consultants, Inc. and JT Investments, Ltd. are 100% and 50%, respectively owned by a major shareholder of the Company. The notes payable and related accrued interest of \$1,373,600 and \$208,383, respectively were reclassified to equity on August 31, 2003 and Martin Consultants, Inc. was issued 43,000 shares (pre-merger) of common stock.

Accounts payable due to an affiliate consisted of \$9,254 for health insurance as of March 31, 2004. Additionally, notes payable due to affiliates as of March 31, 2004 are presented at Note 5.

The Company promotes an artist who is the son of the Company's major shareholder. Total advances to the son are approximately \$141,000 as of March 31, 2004.

TRANSACTIONS WITH PROMOTERS

There have been no transactions between the Company and promoters during the last fiscal year.

ITEM 13. EXHIBITS AND REPORTS ON FORM 8-K

None

ITEM 14. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTANTS FEES AND SERVICES

	2004	2003
Audit Fees (1)	\$17,792	\$ 5,562
Audit Related Fees (2)	36,668	-
Tax Fees	-	-
All Other Fees	-----	-----
Total	\$ 54,460	\$ 5,562
	=====	=====

(1) Audit fees consist of fees billed for the audit of the Company's consolidated financial statements and review of the interim consolidated financial statements.

(2) Audit related fees consist of fees billed for the audit of Skreem Entertainment Corporation's prior years financial statements since inception and related business acquisition and review of proforma information on Form 8-K and accounting research.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the Registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated:

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SKREEM ENTERTAINMENT CORPORATION

Date: August 12, 2004

By /s/ Charles Camorata

Charles Camorata, Principal Executive Officer

Date: August 12, 2004

By /s/ Karen Pollino

Karen Pollino, Chief Financial Officer

In accordance with the Exchange Act, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the Registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

Name -----	Title -----	Date -----
/s/ Charles Camorata Charles Camorata	Principal Executive Officer	June 2, 2004
/s/ Karen Pollino Karen Pollino	Chief Financial Officer	June 2, 2004
/s/ Tony Harrison Tony Harrison	Vice President & Director	June 2, 2004

CERTIFICATIONS

I, Charles Camorata, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this annual report on Form 10-KSB of Skreem Entertainment Corporation;

2. Based on my knowledge, this annual report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this annual report;

3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this annual report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this annual report;

1. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining

2. disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14) for the registrant and we have:

a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this annual report is being prepared;

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b) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures as of a date within 90 days prior to the filing date of this annual report (the "Evaluation Date"); and

c) presented in this annual report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures based on our evaluation as of the Evaluation Date;

5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent function):

a) all significant deficiencies in the design or operation of internal controls which could adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data and have identified for the registrant's auditors any material weaknesses in internal controls; and

b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal controls; and

6. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have indicated in this annual report whether or not there were significant changes in internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect internal controls subsequent to the date of our most recent evaluation, including any corrective actions with regard to significant deficiencies and material weaknesses.

Dated: August 12, 2004

By: /s/ Charles Camorata

Charles Camorata
Chief Executive Officer

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I, Karen Pollino , certify that:

1. I have reviewed this annual report on Form 10-KSB of Skreem Entertainment Corporation;

2. Based on my knowledge, this annual report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this annual report;

3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this annual report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this annual report;

4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14) for the registrant and we have:

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a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this annual report is being prepared;

b) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures as of a date within 90 days prior to the filing date of this annual report (the "Evaluation Date"); and

c) presented in this annual report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures based on our evaluation as of the Evaluation Date;

5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent function):

a) all significant deficiencies in the design or operation of internal controls which could adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data and have identified for the registrant's auditors any material weaknesses in internal controls; and

b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal controls; and

6. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have indicated in this annual report whether or not there were significant changes in internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect internal controls subsequent to the date of our most recent evaluation, including any corrective actions with regard to significant deficiencies and material weaknesses.

Dated: August 12, 2004

By: /s/ Karen Pollino

Karen Pollino
Chief Financial Officer

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CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER AND CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER PURSUANT
TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Charles Camorata, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that the Annual Report of Skreem Entertainment Corporation; on Form 10-KSB for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2004 fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and that information contained in such Form 10-KSB fairly presents in all material respects the financial condition and results of operations of Skreem Entertainment Corporation.

By: /s/ Charles Camorata

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Name: Charles Camorata

Title: Chief Executive Officer

August 12, 2004

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CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER AND CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER PURSUANT
TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Karen Polino, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that the Annual Report of Skreem Entertainment Corporation; on Form 10-KSB for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2004 fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and that information contained in such Form 10-KSB fairly presents in all material respects the financial condition and results of operations of Skreem Entertainment Corporation.

By: /s/ Karen Pollino

Name: Karen Pollino

Title: Chief Financial Officer

August 12, 2004

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