BALL AEROSPACE & TECHNOLOGIES CORP Form 424B5 March 17, 2010

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Filed Pursuant to Rule 424(b)(5) Registration No. 333-157537 and 333-157537-01 through 333-157537-27

The information in this preliminary prospectus supplement is not complete and may be changed. This preliminary prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus are part of an effective registration statement filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission. This preliminary prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus are not an offer to sell nor do they seek an offer to buy these securities in any jurisdiction where the offer or sale is not permitted.

Subject to Completion, dated March 17, 2010

Prospectus Supplement to Prospectus Dated February 26, 2009

Ball Corporation

\$450,000,000

% Senior Notes due 2020

Ball Corporation is offering \$450 million in aggregate principal amount of its pay interest on the notes in cash semiannually in arrears on and of each year, beginning and future senior unsecured indebtedness and senior in right of payment to all of Ball Corporation's existing and future senior unsecured indebtedness and senior in right of payment to all of Ball Corporation's future indebtedness, if any, that expressly provides for its subordination to the notes. The notes will be effectively junior to all secured indebtedness of Ball Corporation and structurally subordinated to all indebtedness and other liabilities, including trade payables, of Ball Corporation's subsidiaries that are not guarantors of the notes. We may redeem up to 35% of the notes from the proceeds of certain equity offerings prior to payment to 100% of the principal amount of the notes redeemed plus accrued and unpaid interest to the redemption date and a "make-whole premium" as described in this prospectus supplement. On or after payment, 2015, we may redeem some or all of the notes at any time at the redemption prices described in this prospectus supplement.

Investing in the notes involves risks. See "Risk Factors" beginning on page S-11.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or passed upon the adequacy or accuracy of this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

	Per		
	Note	Total	
Public offering price (1)	%	\$	•
Underwriting discount	%	\$,
Proceeds to us, before expenses	%	\$	

(1)

Plus accrued interest from

, 2010, if settlement occurs after that date.

The underwriters expect to deliver the notes on or about March , 2010, in book-entry form through the facilities of The Depository Trust Company.

Joint Book-Running Managers

Deutsche Bank Securities BofA Merrill Lynch

J.P. Morgan

Goldman, Sachs & Co.

Barclays Capital

Co-Managers

RBS KeyBanc Capital Markets Wells Fargo Securities

BNP PARIBAS HSBC Rabo Securities USA, Inc.

The date of this prospectus supplement is , 2010

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ABOUT THIS PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT

This document consists of two parts. The first part is this prospectus supplement, which describes the specific terms of our offering of the notes. The second part is the accompanying prospectus, which forms a part of the registration statement and provides more general information, some of which may not be applicable to this offering. This prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus include important information about us, the notes and other information you should know before investing. This prospectus supplement also adds, updates and changes information contained in the accompanying prospectus. If there is any inconsistency between the information in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus, you should rely on the information in this prospectus supplement. You will find additional information about us in the registration statement. Any statements made in this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus concerning the provisions of legal documents are not necessarily complete and you should read the documents that are filed as exhibits to the registration statement or otherwise filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") for a more complete understanding of the document or matter. Before purchasing the notes, you should carefully read both this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus, together with the additional information described under "Where You Can Find More Information" and "Incorporation of Certain Documents by Reference" in this prospectus supplement.

You should rely only on the information contained or incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus and in any term sheet we authorize that supplements this prospectus supplement. We have not, and the underwriters have not, authorized any other person to provide you with different information or make any representations other than those contained or incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement. If anyone other than us provides you with different or inconsistent information, you should not rely on it. We take no responsibility for, and can provide no assurance as to the reliability of, any other information that others may give you. We are not, and the underwriters are not, making an offer to sell these securities in any jurisdiction where the offer or sale is not permitted. You should assume that the information appearing in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus and the documents incorporated by reference is accurate only as of their respective dates. Our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects may have changed since those dates.

WHERE YOU CAN FIND MORE INFORMATION

Ball files annual, quarterly and special reports, proxy statements and other information with the Securities and Exchange Commission, or the SEC. You can inspect and copy these reports, proxy statements and other information at the Public Reference Room of the SEC, 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20549. Please call the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330 for further information on the operation of the Public Reference Room. Ball's SEC filings will also be available to you on the SEC's website at http://www.sec.gov and through the New York Stock Exchange, 20 Broad Street, New York, NY 10005, on which Ball's common stock is listed.

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INCORPORATION OF CERTAIN DOCUMENTS BY REFERENCE

The SEC allows the "incorporation by reference" of the information filed by Ball with the SEC into this prospectus supplement, which means that important information can be disclosed to you by referring you to those documents. Any information incorporated by reference is an important part of this prospectus supplement, and any information that we file with the SEC and incorporate by reference herein subsequent to the date of this prospectus supplement will be deemed automatically to update and supersede this information. The documents listed below previously filed by Ball with the SEC are incorporated by reference herein:

Ball's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009;

Ball's definitive Proxy Statement for the 2010 Annual Meeting of Shareholders dated March 15, 2010; and

Ball's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on February 26, 2010.

Whenever, before the termination of the offering of the securities made under this prospectus supplement, we file reports or documents under Sections 13(a), 13(c), 14 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or the Exchange Act, those reports and documents will be deemed to be incorporated by reference into this prospectus supplement from the time they are filed. We do not incorporate by reference any information furnished pursuant to Items 2.02 or 7.01 of Form 8-K in any future filings, unless specifically stated otherwise. Unless the context requires otherwise, all references to this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus include the documents incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus.

If you make a request for such information in writing or by telephone, we will provide you, without charge, a copy of any or all of the information incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus. Any such request should be directed to:

Ball Corporation 10 Longs Peak Drive, P.O. Box 5000 Broomfield, Colorado 80021-2510 (303) 469-3131 Attention: General Counsel

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DISCLOSURE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This prospectus supplement contains, and the documents incorporated by reference herein may contain, forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Securities Act, and Section 21E of the Exchange Act. These forward-looking statements represent our goals and results could vary materially from those expressed or implied. Such forward-looking statements are subject to certain risks, uncertainties and assumptions that include, but are not limited to, expected earnings and cash flows, future growth and financial performance and the expected benefits and other benefits of the acquisitions described herein. Forward-looking statements typically can be identified by the use of words such as "will," "expect," "estimate," "anticipate," "forecast," "plan," "believe" and similar terms. Although we believe that our expectations are reasonable, we can give no assurance that these expectations will prove to have been correct, and actual results may vary materially.

Important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those discussed in the forward-looking statements are disclosed under "Risk Factors" in our Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009 and in this prospectus supplement. Some of the factors that

we believe could affect our results include, but are not limited to: loss of one or more major customers or changes to contracts with one or more customers or fluctuation in customer or consumer growth, demand and preferences; successful or unsuccessful acquisitions, joint ventures or divestitures and the integration activities associated therewith, including the recent acquisition and related integration of four metal beverage container plants; insufficient production capacity or overcapacity in foreign and domestic metal and plastic container industry production facilities and its impact on pricing; changes in senior management; the current global credit recession and its effects on liquidity, credit risk, asset values and the economy; failure to achieve anticipated productivity improvements or production cost reductions, including those associated with capital expenditures; availability and cost of gas and electric power, natural resources, raw materials and supplies, as well as the recent significant increases in resin, steel, aluminum and energy costs, and the ability or inability to include or pass on to customers changes in raw material costs; changes or competition in the pricing of the Company's products and services and the possible decrease in, or loss of, sales resulting therefrom;

insufficient or reduced cash flow, and interest rates affecting our debt;

transportation costs;

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the number and timing of the purchases of Ball Corporation's common shares;

regulatory action or federal and state legislation including mandated corporate governance, financial reporting laws and the Foreign Corrupt Practices Act;

the effects of other restrictive packaging legislation, such as recycling laws;

labor strikes, boycotts, terrorist activity, war and regional and global pandemics;

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increases and trends in various employee benefits and labor costs, including pension, medical and health care costs, as well as the rates of return projected and earned on assets and discount rates used to measure future obligations and expenses of the Company's defined benefit retirement plans;

antitrust, intellectual property, consumer and other litigation;

maintenance and capital expenditures;

goodwill impairment;

changes in generally accepted accounting principles or their interpretation or other accounting changes;

the authorization, funding, availability and returns of contracts for the aerospace and technologies segment and delays, extensions and technical uncertainties, as well as schedules of performance associated with those contracts and related services provided thereunder;

international business and market risks such as the devaluation or revaluation of certain currencies and the activities of foreign subsidiaries in Europe and particularly in developing countries such as the PRC and Brazil;

changes in the foreign exchange rates of the U.S. dollar against the European euro, British pound, Polish zloty, Serbian dinar, Hong Kong dollar, Canadian dollar, Chinese renminbi, Brazilian real and Argentine peso, and in the foreign exchange rate of the European euro against the British pound, Polish zloty and Serbian dinar;

regulatory action or laws including tax, environmental, health and workplace safety, including in respect of climate change, or chemicals or substances used in raw materials or in the manufacturing process, particularly publicity concerning Bisphenol-A, or BPA, a chemical used in the manufacture of epoxy coatings applied to many types of containers (including certain of those produced by the Company);

changes to unaudited results due to statutory audits of our financial statements or management's evaluation of the Company's internal control over financial reporting; and

loss contingencies related to income and other tax matters, including those arising from audits performed by U.S. and foreign tax authorities.

We caution you that the foregoing list of important factors may not contain all of the material factors that are important to you. In light of these risks and uncertainties, the matters referred to in the forward-looking statements contained in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus may not in fact occur. Except as required by applicable law, we undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

MARKET AND INDUSTRY DATA

The market, industry or similar data presented herein are based upon estimates by our management, using various third party sources where available. While management believes that such estimates are reasonable and reliable, in certain cases such estimates cannot be verified by information available from independent sources. While we are not aware of any misstatements regarding any market, industry or similar data

presented herein, such data involves risks and uncertainties and is subject to change based on various factors, including those discussed under the headings "Disclosure Regarding Forward-Looking Statements" and "Risk Factors" in this prospectus supplement.

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SUMMARY

This summary may not contain all the information that may be important to you. You should read this entire prospectus supplement, the accompanying prospectus and those documents incorporated by reference into this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus, including the risk factors and the financial data and related notes, before making an investment decision. In this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus, unless otherwise indicated or the context otherwise requires, references to "Ball Corporation" or "Ball" refer only to Ball Corporation and not to any of its subsidiaries, and references to the "Company," "we," "us," "our" and similar terms refer to Ball Corporation and its subsidiaries.

Our Company

We are one of the world's leading suppliers of metal and plastic packaging to the beverage, food and household products industries. We believe we are one of the largest manufacturers of metal beverage containers in the world and the largest in North America. Our packaging products are produced for a variety of end uses and are currently manufactured in plants around the world. We also supply aerospace and other technologies and services to governmental and commercial customers. We had net sales of \$7.3 billion and EBITDA of \$939.8 million for the year ended December 31, 2009.

Our products include:

aluminum and steel beverage cans for carbonated soft drinks, beer, energy drinks and other beverages, of which in 2009 we produced approximately 31 billion recyclable beverage cans in North America, 2.7 billion cans in the People's Republic of China, or PRC (as well as 1.7 billion cans manufactured by two joint ventures), and 16 billion cans in Europe (excluding Russia), representing approximately 31 percent, 22 percent and 32 percent of total market shipments, respectively;

two- and three-piece steel food cans for packaging vegetables, fruit, soups, meat, seafood, pet food and other products, of which we produced more than 5.1 billion units in 2009 in North America, representing approximately 18 percent of total shipments;

aerosol cans, paint cans and custom and specialty containers, of which our production represented approximately 45% of total annual North American steel aerosol shipments in 2009;

polyethylene terephthalate (PET) and polypropylene plastic bottles for carbonated soft drinks, water, juice, sports drinks, beer and other beverages, of which we produced approximately 5 billion units in 2009 in North America, representing approximately 8 percent of total U.S. PET container shipments, and approximately 625 million polypropylene food and specialty containers in 2009; and

aerospace and other high technology products and services, including spacecraft, instruments and sensors, radio frequency and microwave technologies, data exploitation solutions and a variety of advanced aerospace technologies and products that enable deep space missions.

We sell our packaging products primarily to major beverage, food and household products companies, including SABMiller plc, PepsiCo Inc. and its affiliated bottlers, The Coca-Cola Company and its affiliated bottlers, Anheuser-Busch InBev n.v./s.a., MillerCoors LLC, Heineken N.V. and ConAgra Foods, Inc. We believe we have been able to develop long-term customer relationships by providing superior quality and customer service at competitive prices. Our preferred supplier status with our customers is evidenced by our large number of

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long-term supply contracts, our high customer retention and our numerous customer awards and recognitions. We estimate that in 2009 more than 80 percent of our sales were made pursuant to long-term contracts.

Competitive Strengths

We believe that a number of factors contribute to our position as a premier supplier of packaging products, with multiple sources of earnings and cash flow. These factors include:

Significant Presence in Multiple Markets We are the largest manufacturer of metal beverage containers in North America. Our 2009 North American metal beverage container shipments of approximately 31 billion recyclable beverage cans represented approximately 31 percent of total U.S. and Canadian shipments. In addition, we are the second largest metal beverage container producer in Europe, where our 2009 shipments of 16 billion cans represented approximately 32 percent of total European shipments (excluding Russia). We are one of the largest beverage can producers in the PRC and participate in joint ventures in Brazil and the PRC. We also have a strong position in North American steel food container and aerosol can manufacturing, with an approximate 18 and 45 percent share, respectively, of shipments in 2009, and a significant position in the PET container segment.

Diversified Sources of Cash Flow Our operations historically have generated significant cash flow. Our presence in multiple markets, including metal beverage cans, steel food and aerosol cans, PET and polypropylene containers and high technology aerospace products, diversifies our potential sources of cash flow.

Low Cost Manufacturer with State-of-the-Art Facilities Modernization programs at many of our facilities over the past decade have increased productivity, reduced costs and improved product quality. For example, we have recently completed a project to upgrade and streamline our North American beverage can end manufacturing capabilities, a project that we expect will result in productivity gains and cost reductions. Our international packaging segment also operates modern, efficient beverage can plants, with expertise in both steel and aluminum can production. In addition, we have strategically positioned our production sites to provide among the most cost-efficient and effective global coverage of any beverage can manufacturer. Our facilities are located in close proximity to the major geographic regions we serve and are close to our major customers' filling operations in order to minimize transportation costs. Our four recently acquired metal beverage container facilities are among the most modern and efficient in North America.

Experienced Management We are led by an experienced management team with a proven track record of successfully integrating major acquisitions, increasing profitability and cash flow, expanding our customer base, implementing state-of-the-art manufacturing process technology, improving operating efficiencies, introducing product innovations and entering new markets and businesses. Our top ten senior executives average over 20 years of experience in the packaging industry.

High Quality Products and Service We believe that the quality of our products and our customer service is among the highest in the industry, as indicated by the number of quality awards we have earned. For example, Ball Corporation was the co-winner of the Ceres and the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants' (ACCA) Best First Time Reporter Award for sustainability reporting in the 2009 Ceres-ACCA North American Sustainability Awards and received the 2009 International Metal Decorators Association Award of Excellence for 2 Piece Container for its Sunshine Wheat beverage cans, using

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the Eyeris technology. Ball Corporation has received the Abbott Supplier Excellence Award for four consecutive years, and Ball Packaging Europe received the 2008 "Supplier of the Year Award" from Coca-Cola Enterprises. In addition, Ball's plastic packaging division received the 2008 "Quality Supplier of the Year" award from Heinz. Outside of packaging, Ball's aerospace business received a NASA Public Service Group Achievement Award for its work on the Spitzer Space Telescope (2009) and NASA's Goddard Space Flight Center Contractor of the Year Award in May 2008, and Ball's Hubble Space Telescope team was awarded a NASA Group Achievement Award for the Advanced Camera For Surveys (ACS) recovery (2008). We continually strive to improve the quality of our products and production processes through rigorous quality systems, comprehensive employee training and tight control of our manufacturing processes.

Technological Leadership We have extensive experience in improving productivity and designing innovative products. In particular, we have successfully increased manufacturing efficiencies and lowered unit costs through internally-developed equipment enhancements. We also have made numerous patented advancements in can and can end manufacturing techniques. Our North American packaging research and development activities are primarily conducted in the Ball Technology & Innovation Center located near Denver, Colorado, and we perform our European research and development activities at our modern technical center in Bonn, Germany. Current research and development efforts include the development of new sizes and types of metal and plastic containers as well as new uses for the current containers. Our innovation efforts continue to build momentum and play an important role in keeping us close to our customers. Over the last 24 months or so we have launched 25 new products that have resulted in over 5 billion new or enhanced units in the marketplace a growth of over one billion new units in 2009 alone.

Business Strategy

Over the past several years, we have pursued a strategy of: (1) consolidating and growing through acquisitions, strategic alliances or other means in order to improve the competitive positioning and profitability of our existing businesses; (2) rationalizing and restructuring those businesses which faced overcapacity and/or insufficient levels of profitability and cash flow; and (3) operating our businesses to maximize returns on capital, profitability and cash flow.

To maintain our status as a premier, low-cost manufacturer of packaging products and expand our world-class niche aerospace business, we will continue to pursue several strategic initiatives, including:

Pursue Selected Growth Opportunities A component of our growth strategy has been, and will continue to be, to enter into strategic alliances and make acquisitions that complement our existing businesses, improve our competitive positioning, diversify our customer base, expand our product offering and leverage our existing distribution and logistics channels. Our investments are driven by improving return on invested capital, being accretive to our long-term growth, enhancing economic value, and increasing operating cash flow. Over the past several years, we have entered into strategic alliances and completed several acquisitions, including the four metal beverage container facilities and associated contracts recently acquired in the United States, and intend to continue to pursue such opportunities in the future.

Leverage Relationships with Existing Customers We have long-term relationships with leading domestic and international beverage and food manufacturers and are

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continually seeking to expand our business with these customers and their affiliates. These customer relationships are maintained and expanded through our continued delivery of low-cost quality products, superior customer service, innovation in design, efficient distribution through the use of strategically located facilities and the supply of products under multi-year supply contracts.

Maintain Low Cost Position We will continue to pursue opportunities to strengthen our low-cost position in the metal beverage can business, as well as opportunities to lower costs in steel food and aerosol cans and PET and polypropylene containers. Our strategy is to reduce costs and increase operating efficiencies through: (1) investments in productivity-enhancing machinery and equipment; (2) development and implementation of proprietary process technology; (3) reductions in the material content of containers; (4) improved utilization of capacity, equipment and personnel; and (5) economies of scale in purchasing.

Enhance Technological Leadership We will continue to make research and development an important element of our competitive advantage and strategy, both in designing new products and in improving production efficiency and productivity. We plan to continue to work actively with customers to improve existing products and to design new packaging features. We also intend to leverage our design and engineering capabilities to develop value-added packaging and aerospace products, and to create more cost-effective manufacturing systems and materials that contribute to improvements in quality and operating efficiency.

Pursue Operational Improvements and Product Innovation We are converting selected manufacturing lines in Europe and North America from the production of standard size commodity beverage cans to the production of specialty cans as our customers' needs for new sizes and styles of beverage cans continue to grow. In addition, we are creating customized, differentiated plastic containers for our customers, including unique barrier plastics such as Gamma®, Gamma-Clear®, AmazonHM® and KHS Corpoplast GmbH Plasmax® barrier bottles.

Capitalize on Ball Aerospace & Technologies Corp.'s World-Class Capabilities We intend to continue to focus on our core strengths in the defense market and the commercial space market and take advantage of growth opportunities related to our services and tactical components.

Industry Overview

We operate in the packaging industry, which consists of metal, glass, plastic and paper-based products in the form of cans, bottles, cartons, boxes, closures and flexible packages for a variety of end uses, including food and beverage, consumer products, personal care, pharmaceutical and medical, household and food service, among others. According to industry sources, the global packaging industry had estimated revenues in 2009 of approximately \$429 billion. The industry is global with companies of various sizes operating primarily on a local/regional basis as it is generally not economic to transport unfilled containers long distances. We hold leading positions in two of the industry's largest, more mature markets in North America and Europe that are expected to exhibit stable to moderate growth. Worldwide shipments of metal beverage cans exceeded 245 billion units in 2009. The North American beverage can industry is the largest with more than 100 billion cans shipped in 2009, followed by Europe (excluding Russia) with more than 47 billion cans. Shipments of steel food cans and aerosol cans in the U.S. and Canada are approximately 31 and 3 billion cans annually, respectively.

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The Offering

The following is a brief summary of certain terms of this offering. For a more complete description of the terms of the notes, see "Description of Notes" in this prospectus supplement.

Issuer Ball Corporation.

Notes Offered \$450 million in aggregate principal amount of notes.

Maturity Date , 2020.

Interest Rate and Interest Payment Dates % per annum, payable semiannually in arrears in cash on and of each

year, beginning , 2010.

Guarantees Ball Corporation's operations are conducted through its subsidiaries. Ball Corporation's

payment obligations under the notes will be fully and unconditionally guaranteed by certain of Ball Corporation's existing and future domestic restricted subsidiaries. The notes will not be

guaranteed by any of Ball Corporation's foreign subsidiaries.

For the year ended December 31, 2009, the non-guarantor subsidiaries generated 29% of our net sales. As of December 31, 2009, the non-guarantor subsidiaries held 46% of our assets. See "Risk Factors" Risks Related to the Notes The notes will be structurally subordinated to all

existing and future liabilities of our subsidiaries that do not guarantee the notes."

In the event of a Change of Control, as defined herein, the holders may require Ball

Corporation to purchase for cash all or a portion of their notes at a purchase price equal to 101% of the principal amount of the notes, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any. See

"Description of Notes Repurchase at the Option of Holders Change of Control." The notes will be Ball Corporation's senior unsecured obligations and will rank:

equally in right of payment to all of Ball Corporation's existing and future senior unsecured

indebtedness and other liabilities, including trade payables and our outstanding $6^7/8\%$ Senior Notes due 2012 (the "2012 notes"), our outstanding $7^1/8\%$ Senior Notes due 2016 (the "2016 notes"), our outstanding $6^5/8\%$ Senior Notes due 2018 (the "2018 notes") and our outstanding $7^3/8\%$ Senior Notes due 2019 (the "2019 notes" and, together with the 2012 notes, the 2016

notes and the 2018 notes, the "existing senior notes"); and

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Guarantee

Ranking

Change of Control

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senior in right of payment to all of Ball Corporation's future indebtedness, if any, that expressly provides for its subordination to the notes.

The subsidiary guarantee of each subsidiary guarantor will be such subsidiary guarantor's senior unsecured obligation and will rank:

equally in right of payment to all of such subsidiary guarantor's existing and future senior unsecured debt and other liabilities, including trade payables; and

senior in right of payment to all of such subsidiary guarantor's future debt, if any, that expressly provides for its subordination to such subsidiary guarantor's subsidiary guarantee. The notes will be effectively subordinated to any secured debt of Ball Corporation, including borrowings under Ball Corporation's senior secured credit facilities, to the extent of the value of the assets securing that indebtedness. The notes will also be structurally subordinated to all existing and future indebtedness and other liabilities, including trade payables, of Ball Corporation's subsidiaries that are not subsidiary guarantors.

As of December 31, 2009, on an as adjusted basis, after giving effect to this offering and the other transactions described in "Use of Proceeds:"

Ball Corporation and its subsidiaries would have had approximately \$2,545.5 million in aggregate principal amount of outstanding long-term debt on a consolidated basis, of which approximately \$943.6 million would have been secured, and an additional \$591 million would have been available for borrowing on a secured basis under Ball Corporation's committed credit facilities;

approximately \$1,150 million in aggregate principal amount of Ball Corporation's and its subsidiary guarantors' outstanding debt would have consisted of the existing senior notes; and

Ball Corporation's subsidiaries that are non-guarantors would have had approximately \$1,545 million in liabilities, excluding intercompany liabilities but including trade payables. See "Risk Factors" Risks Related to the Notes The notes will be structurally subordinated to all existing and future liabilities of our subsidiaries that do not guarantee the notes."

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Optional Redemption

Prior to , 2013, we may redeem up to 35% of the aggregate principal amount of the notes issued under the indenture with the net proceeds of certain equity offerings, provided at least 65% of the aggregate principal amount of the notes issued under the indenture remains outstanding after the redemption.

We may redeem some or all of the notes at any time prior to $\,$, 2015, at a price equal to 100% of the principal amount of notes redeemed plus accrued and unpaid interest to the redemption date and a make whole premium. On or after $\,$, 2015, we may redeem some or all of the notes at any time at the redemption prices described in the section "Description of Notes" Optional Redemption."

Ball Corporation will issue the notes under an indenture among Ball Corporation, the subsidiary guarantors and the trustee. The indenture, among other things, will limit Ball Corporation's and its restricted subsidiaries' ability to:

incur additional debt and issue preferred stock; pay dividends or make other restricted payments;

make certain investments;

create liens;

allow restrictions on the ability of certain of our subsidiaries to pay dividends or make other payments to us;

sell assets;

enter into sale and leaseback transactions; merge or consolidate with other entities; and enter into transactions with affiliates.

Each of the covenants is subject to a number of important exceptions and qualifications. Certain of these covenants will no longer be applicable if and when the notes are rated investment grade by any two of Moody's, S&P and Fitch. See "Description of Notes Certain Covenants Changes in Covenants when Notes Rated Investment Grade."

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Certain Covenants

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Use of Proceeds We estimate that the net proceeds from this offering will be approximately \$ after

deducting underwriting discounts and commissions and estimated expenses related to this offering. We intend to use the net proceeds from this offering, together with borrowings under our revolving credit facility or accounts receivable securitization facility or cash on hand, to retire the 2012 notes, which bear an interest rate of $6^7/8\%$ per year and mature on December 15,

2012, whether by redemption, tender offer, open market purchases, privately negotiated

transactions or otherwise.

DTC Eligibility The notes will be issued in fully registered book-entry form and will be represented by

permanent global notes without coupons. Global notes will be deposited with a custodian for and registered in the name of a nominee of DTC, in New York, New York. Investors may elect to hold interests in the global notes through DTC and its direct or indirect participants as described in the accompanying prospectus under "Description of Notes" Book-Entry, Delivery

and Form."

Form and Denomination The notes will be issued in minimum denominations of \$2,000 and any integral multiple of

\$1,000 in excess thereof.

Risk Factors See "Risk Factors" beginning on page S-11 and other information included or incorporated by

reference in this prospectus supplement for a discussion of the factors you should carefully

consider before deciding to invest in the notes.

Corporate Information

Our principal executive office is located at 10 Longs Peak Drive, Broomfield, Colorado 80021-2510 and our telephone number is (303) 469-3131. We also maintain a website at *www.ball.com*. The information on our website is not part of this prospectus supplement unless such information is specifically incorporated herein.

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Summary Historical Financial Data

The following table sets forth selected historical consolidated financial data for the Company. The selected historical consolidated financial data as of December 31, 2009 and 2008 and for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2009 have been derived from the Company's audited consolidated financial statements and related notes included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009. The selected historical consolidated financial data as of December 31, 2007, 2006 and 2005 and for each of the years ended December 31, 2006 and 2005 have been derived from the Company's historical consolidated financial statements, which have been adjusted to reflect the adoption of guidance related to the accounting and reporting for the noncontrolling interest in a subsidiary, that are not included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009. The following data should be read in conjunction with "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and the historical consolidated financial statements and the related notes all contained in our Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on February 25, 2010, which is incorporated by reference into this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus.

Year Ended December 31,										
		2005	_	2006		2007		2008		2009
(dollars in millions, except per share data))
Statement of Earnings Data:										
Total net sales	\$	5,751.2	\$	6,621.5	\$	7,389.7	\$	7,561.5	\$	7,345.3
Cost of sales (1)		4,802.7		5,540.4		6,226.5		6,340.4		6,071.5
Depreciation and										
amortization		213.5		252.6		281.0		297.4		285.2
Selling, general and										
administrative		233.8		287.2		323.7		288.2		328.6
Business consolidation and other										
activities		21.2		35.5		44.6		52.1		44.5
Gain on sales of investments								(7.1)		(39.1)
Property insurance gain				(75.5)						
Earnings before		400.0		501.0		512.0		500.5		6516
interest and taxes		480.0		581.3		513.9		590.5		654.6
Net earnings	\$	272.9	\$	330.0	\$	281.7	\$	319.9	\$	388.4
Net earnings attributable to										
Ball Corporation	\$	272.1	\$	329.6	\$	281.3	\$	319.5	\$	387.9
Earnings per share:										
Basic	\$	2.52	\$	3.19	\$	2.78	\$	3.33	\$	4.14
Diluted		2.48		3.14		2.74		3.29		4.08
Other Data:										
EBITDA (2)(3)										
(unaudited) EBITDA margin	\$	693.5	\$	833.9	\$	794.9	\$	887.9	\$	939.8
(unaudited)		12.1%	6	12.6%	ó	10.8%	6	11.7%	ó	12.8%
Interest										
expense (4)	\$	116.4	\$	134.4	\$	149.4	\$	137.7	\$	117.2
Cash flow from operations		558.8		401.4		673.0		627.6		559.7

Cash flow from					
investing					
activities	(290.0)	(993.4)	(265.8)	(418.0)	(581.4)
Cash flow from					
financing					
activities	(410.7)	680.2	(412.4)	(205.5)	100.8
Capital					
expenditures (5)	(291.7)	(279.6)	(308.5)	(306.9)	(187.1)
Cash dividends					
per common					
share	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40
Ratio of earnings					
to fixed charges					
(unaudited)	3.5x	3.6x	3.0x	3.7x	4.7x
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	As of December 31,									
	2005			2006 200		2007 2008		2009		
	(dollars in millions)									
Balance Sheet Data:										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	61.0	\$	151.5	\$	151.6	\$	127.4	\$	210.6
Working capital		67.9		307.0		329.8		302.9		494.7
Total assets		4,361.5		5,840.9		6,020.6		6,368.7		6,488.3
Total debt and capital lease obligations, including current										
maturities		1,589.7		2,451.7		2,358.6		2,410.1		2,596.2
Ball Corporation's shareholders' equity		853.4		1,165.4		1,342.5		1,085.8		1,581.3
Total shareholders' equity		858.5		1,166.4		1,343.6		1,087.3		1,583.0

- (1) Excludes depreciation expense.
- EBITDA represents earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization. We present EBITDA because we consider it an important supplemental measure of our financial performance and our management believes it is frequently used by securities analysts, investors and other interested parties in the evaluation of companies' financial performance in our industry. EBITDA is a non-U.S. GAAP measure and should not be considered an alternative to net earnings as an indicator of our operating performance. Non-U.S. GAAP measures should not be considered in isolation and should not be considered superior to, or a substitute for, financial measures calculated in accordance with U.S. GAAP. A reconciliation of EBITDA to net earnings attributable to Ball Corporation follows:

	Year Ended December 31,							
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009			
		(dolla	ars in milli	ions)				
EBITDA	\$ 693.5	\$ 833.9	\$ 794.9	\$ 887.9	\$ 939.8			
Depreciation and amortization	(213.5)	(252.6)	(281.0)	(297.4)	(285.2)			
Earnings before interest and taxes	480.0	581.3	513.9	590.5	654.6			
Interest expense	(116.4)	(134.4)	(149.4)	(137.7)	(117.2)			
Earnings before taxes	363.6	446.9	364.5	452.8	537.4			
Tax provision	(106.2)	(131.6)	(95.7)	(147.4)	(162.8)			
Equity in results of affiliates	15.5	14.7	12.9	14.5	13.8			
Net earnings	272.9	330.0	281.7	319.9	388.4			
Less earnings attributable to noncontrolling interests	(0.8)	(0.4)	(0.4)	(0.4)	(0.5)			
Earnings attributable to Ball Corporation	\$ 272.1	\$ 329.6	\$ 281.3	\$ 319.5	\$ 387.9			

(3) EBITDA was impacted by net business consolidation and other activity (costs) gains, including gains on property insurance and sales of investments, of \$(21.2) million, \$40 million, \$(44.6) million, \$(45) million

and \$(5.4) million for the years ended December 31, 2005, 2006, 2007, 2008 and 2009, respectively. See the notes accompanying Ball Corporation's consolidated financial statements contained in its Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009 for details about business consolidation costs or gains.

- (4) Includes \$19.3 million of debt refinancing costs in 2005, reported as interest expense.
- (5)
 Amounts in 2007 and 2006 do not include the offsets of \$48.6 million and \$61.3 million, respectively, of insurance proceeds received to replace fire-damaged assets in our Hassloch, Germany plant.

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RISK FACTORS

You should carefully consider the following risk factors and the risk factors and assumptions related to our business identified or described in our most recent annual report on Form 10-K, including Exhibit 99.2 thereto, and all other information contained or incorporated by reference into this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus before investing in the notes. The risks described below or incorporated by reference herein are not the only risks facing us. Additional risks and uncertainties not currently known to us or that we currently deem to be immaterial may also materially and adversely affect our business operations. The occurrence of any one or more of the following could materially adversely affect our business, financial condition or results of operations. In such case, you may lose all or part of your original investment.

Risks Related to the Notes

Our significant debt could adversely affect our financial health and prevent us from fulfilling our obligations under the notes.

We have now and, after this offering, will continue to have a significant amount of debt. On December 31, 2009, on an as adjusted basis, after giving effect to this offering and the other transactions described in "Use of Proceeds," we would have had total long-term debt of \$2,545.5 million (of which \$450 million would have consisted of the notes, \$943.6 million would have consisted of borrowings under our credit facilities, \$1,150 million would have consisted of our existing senior notes and \$1.9 million would have consisted of other debt). Our high level of debt could have important consequences, including the following:

use of a large portion of our cash flow to pay principal and interest on our notes, our credit facilities and our other debt, which will reduce the availability of our cash flow to fund working capital, capital expenditures, research and development expenditures and other business activities;

increase our vulnerability to general adverse economic and industry conditions;

limit our flexibility in planning for, or reacting to, changes in our business and the industry in which we operate;

restrict us from making strategic acquisitions or exploiting business opportunities;

place us at a competitive disadvantage compared to our competitors that have less debt;

limit our ability to make capital expenditures in order to maintain our manufacturing plants in good working order and repair; and

limit, along with the financial and other restrictive covenants in our debt, among other things, our ability to borrow additional funds, dispose of assets or pay cash dividends.

In addition, a substantial portion of our debt bears interest at variable rates. If market interest rates increase, variable-rate debt will create higher debt service requirements, which would adversely affect our cash flow. While we sometimes enter into agreements limiting our exposure, any such agreements may not offer complete protection from this risk.

We will require a significant amount of cash to service our debt. Our ability to generate cash depends on many factors beyond our control.

Our ability to make payments on and to refinance our debt, including the notes, and to fund planned capital expenditures and research and development efforts, will depend on our ability to generate cash in the future. This is subject to general economic, financial, competitive,

legislative, regulatory and other factors that may be beyond our control.

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Based on our current operations, we believe our cash flow from operations, available cash and available borrowings under our credit facilities will be adequate to meet our future liquidity needs for the next several years barring any unforeseen circumstances which are beyond our control.

We cannot assure you, however, that our business will generate sufficient cash flow from operations or that future borrowings will be available to us under our credit facilities or otherwise in an amount sufficient to enable us to pay our debt, including the notes, or to fund our other liquidity needs. We may need to refinance all or a portion of our debt, including the notes, on or before maturity. We cannot assure you that we will be able to refinance any of our debt, including our credit facilities, the existing senior notes or the notes, on commercially reasonable terms or at all.

Despite our current significant level of debt, we may still be able to incur substantially more debt. This could further exacerbate the risks associated with our substantial debt.

We may be able to incur substantial additional debt in the future. Although our credit facilities contain, the indentures governing our four series of existing senior notes contains, and the indenture governing the notes will contain, restrictions on the incurrence of additional debt, these restrictions are subject to a number of qualifications and exceptions and, under certain circumstances, debt incurred in compliance with these restrictions could be substantial. If new debt is added to our current debt levels, the substantial risks described above would intensify.

The notes and the subsidiary guarantees will be unsecured and effectively subordinated to our existing and future secured debt.

Holders of our secured debt will have claims that are prior to your claims as holders of the notes to the extent of the value of the assets securing the secured debt. Notably, Ball Corporation and the subsidiary guarantors are parties to our credit facilities, which are secured by liens on the stock of substantially all of the subsidiaries of Ball Corporation and the subsidiary guarantors. The notes will be effectively subordinated to all secured debt to the extent of the value of the collateral. In the event of any distribution or payment of our assets in any foreclosure, dissolution, winding-up, liquidation, reorganization or other bankruptcy proceeding, holders of secured debt will have prior claim to those of our assets that constitute their collateral. Holders of the notes will participate ratably with all holders of our unsecured debt that is deemed to be of the same class as the notes, and potentially with all of our other general creditors, based upon the respective amounts owed to each holder or creditor, in our remaining assets. In any of the foregoing events, we cannot assure you that there will be sufficient assets to pay amounts due on the notes. As a result, holders of notes may receive less, ratably, than holders of secured debt.

As of December 31, 2009, the aggregate amount of our secured debt was approximately \$871.8 million, and approximately \$663 million was available for additional borrowings under our committed credit facilities. We may be permitted to borrow substantial additional debt, including secured debt, in the future under the terms of the indenture governing the notes.

The notes will be structurally subordinated to all existing and future liabilities of our subsidiaries that do not guarantee the notes.

The notes will be structurally subordinated to all existing and future liabilities, including trade payables, of our subsidiaries that do not guarantee the notes, and the claims of creditors of those subsidiaries, including trade creditors, will have priority as to the assets and cash flows of those subsidiaries. In the event of a bankruptcy, liquidation, dissolution, reorganization or similar proceeding of any of the non-guarantor subsidiaries, holders of their liabilities, including their trade creditors, will generally be entitled to payment on their claims

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from assets of those subsidiaries before any assets are made available for distribution to us. None of our foreign subsidiaries will guarantee the notes and certain of our domestic subsidiaries will not guarantee the notes. As of December 31, 2009, on an as adjusted basis, after giving effect to this offering and the other transactions described in "Use of Proceeds," our non-guarantor subsidiaries would have had \$1,545 million of outstanding liabilities, excluding intercompany liabilities but including trade payables. Under some circumstances, the terms of the notes will permit Ball Corporation and the guarantor subsidiaries to incur additional debt. In addition, the non-guarantor subsidiaries generated 29 percent of our net sales and 38 percent of our EBITDA for the year ended December 31, 2009 and held 46 percent of our assets as of December 31, 2009.

The terms of our debt impose, or will impose, restrictions on us that may affect our ability to successfully operate our business and our ability to make payments on the notes.

The indentures governing our existing senior notes contain, and the indenture governing the notes will contain, covenants that, among other things, limit our ability to:

incur additional debt and issue preferred stock;
pay dividends or make other restricted payments;
make certain investments;
create liens;
allow restrictions on the ability of certain of our subsidiaries to pay dividends or make other payments to us;
sell assets;
enter into sale and leaseback transactions;
merge or consolidate with other entities; and
enter into transactions with affiliates.

These covenants could materially and adversely affect our ability to finance our future operations or capital needs and to engage in other business activities that may be in our best interest.

All of these covenants may restrict our ability to expand or to pursue our business strategies. Our ability to comply with these covenants may be affected by events beyond our control, such as prevailing economic conditions and changes in regulations, and if such events occur, we cannot be sure that we will be able to comply. A breach of these covenants could result in a default under the indenture governing the notes. If there were an event of default under the indenture for the notes, holders of such defaulted notes could cause all amounts borrowed under the notes to be due and payable immediately.

We may not be able to service the notes because of our operational structure.

The notes are obligations solely of Ball Corporation, and each subsidiary guarantee is the obligation solely of the applicable guarantor. Ball Corporation, the issuer of the notes, is a holding company and, as such, its operations are conducted through its subsidiaries. Ball Corporation's

subsidiaries are its primary source of income and it relies on that income to make payments on debt. However, Ball Corporation's subsidiaries are separate and distinct legal entities.

Except for the subsidiary guarantees given by the subsidiary guarantors, holders of the notes cannot demand repayment of the notes from Ball Corporation's subsidiaries because the notes are not obligations of non-guarantor subsidiaries. Therefore, although Ball Corporation's

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operating subsidiaries may have cash, Ball Corporation may not be able to make payments on its debt. In addition, the non-guarantor subsidiaries are not obligated to make distributions to Ball Corporation. The ability of Ball Corporation's subsidiaries to make payments to Ball Corporation will also be affected by their own operating results and will be subject to applicable laws and contractual restrictions contained in the instruments governing any debt or leases of such subsidiaries. Although the indentures governing the existing senior notes limit, and the indenture governing the notes will limit, the ability of such subsidiaries to enter into any consensual restrictions on their ability to pay dividends and other payments to us, such limitations will be subject to a number of significant qualifications.

If the notes are rated investment grade on any date following the date of the supplemental indenture relating to the notes by at least two of Moody's, S&P and Fitch, certain covenants contained in the indenture will no longer be applicable to the notes, and the holders of the notes will lose the protection of these covenants.

The indenture contains certain covenants that will no longer be applicable to the notes if, on any date following the date of the supplemental indenture relating to the notes, the notes are rated investment grade by at least two of Moody's, S&P and Fitch and no default or event of default has occurred. See "Description of Notes Certain Covenants Changes in Covenants when Notes Rated Investment Grade." These covenants restrict, among other things, our ability to pay dividends, incur additional debt and enter into certain types of transactions. Because we would not be subject to these restrictions if the notes are rated investment grade by at least two of the rating agencies, we would be able to make dividends and distributions, incur substantial additional debt and enter into certain types of transactions. If the notes lose the protection of these covenants, the covenants will never be reinstated thereafter, regardless of any subsequent changes in the rating of the notes.

We may not have the ability to raise the funds necessary to finance the change of control offer required by the indenture governing the notes.

Upon certain events constituting a change of control, as that term is defined in the indenture governing the notes, including a change of control caused by an unsolicited third party, we will be required to make an offer in cash to repurchase all or any part of each holder's notes at a price equal to 101% of the principal thereof, plus accrued interest. The source of funds for any such repurchase would be our available cash or cash generated from operations or other sources, including borrowings, sales of equity or funds provided by a new controlling person or entity. We cannot assure you that sufficient funds will be available at the time of any change of control event to repurchase all tendered notes pursuant to this requirement. Our failure to offer to repurchase notes, or to repurchase notes tendered, following a change of control will result in a default under the indenture governing the notes, which could lead to a cross-default under our credit facilities and under the terms of our other debt. In addition, our credit facilities would either prohibit or effectively prohibit us from making any such required repurchases. Prior to repurchasing the notes on a change of control event, we must either repay outstanding debt under our credit facilities, we would remain effectively prohibited from offering to repurchase the notes.

We may not be required, or we may not be able, to repurchase the notes upon an asset sale.

Holders of the notes may not have all or any of their notes repurchased following an asset sale because:

we are only required to repurchase the notes under certain circumstances if there are excess proceeds of the asset sale; or

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we may be prohibited from repurchasing the notes by the terms of our senior debt.

Under the terms of the indenture governing the notes, we may be required to repurchase all or a portion of the notes following an asset sale at a purchase price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the notes. However, we are only required to repurchase the notes from the excess proceeds of the asset sale that we do not use to repay other senior debt or to acquire replacement assets. We can also defer the offer to you until there are excess proceeds in an amount greater than \$50 million. The terms of our senior debt will require us to apply most, if not all, of the proceeds of an asset sale to repay that debt, in which case there may be no excess proceeds of the asset sale for the repurchase of the notes.

In addition, the terms of our senior debt may prevent us from repurchasing the notes without the consent of our senior lenders. In those circumstances, we would be required to obtain the consent of our senior lenders before we could repurchase the notes with the excess proceeds of an asset sale. If we were unable to obtain any required consents, the requirement that we purchase the notes from the excess proceeds of an asset sale will be ineffective.

The subsidiary guarantees of the notes could be subordinated or voided by a court.

Under the federal bankruptcy law and comparable provisions of state fraudulent transfer laws, a guarantee could be voided, or claims in respect of a guarantee could be subordinated to all other debts of that guarantor if, among other things, the guarantor, at the time it incurred the debt evidenced by its guarantee:

received less than reasonably equivalent value or fair consideration for the incurrence of such guarantee; and

was insolvent or rendered insolvent by reason of such incurrence; or

was engaged in a business or transaction for which the guarantor's remaining assets constituted unreasonably small capital; or

intended to incur, or believed that it would incur, debts beyond its ability to pay such debts as they mature.

In such instances, the note holders would cease to have any claim in respect of that subsidiary guarantee and would be creditors solely of Ball Corporation and any remaining subsidiary guarantors. In addition, any payment by that subsidiary guarantor pursuant to its subsidiary guarantee could be voided and required to be returned to the subsidiary guarantor, or to a fund for the benefit of the creditors of the subsidiary guarantor.

The measures of insolvency for purposes of these fraudulent transfer laws will vary depending upon the law applied in any proceeding to determine whether a fraudulent transfer has occurred. Generally, however, a guarantor would be considered insolvent if:

the sum of its debts, including contingent liabilities, was greater than the fair saleable value of all of its assets;

the present fair saleable value of its assets was less than the amount that would be required to pay its probable liability on its existing debts, including contingent liabilities, as they become absolute and mature; or

it could not pay its debts as they become due.

On the basis of historical financial information, recent operating history and other factors, we believe that each subsidiary guarantor, after giving effect to each subsidiary guarantee of the notes, will not be insolvent, will not have unreasonably small capital for the business in which it is engaged and will not have incurred debts beyond its ability to pay such debts as

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they mature. We cannot assure you, however, as to what standard a court would apply in making these determinations or that a court would agree with our conclusions in this regard.

A court may void the issuance of the notes in circumstances of a fraudulent transfer under federal or state fraudulent transfer laws.

If a court determines the issuance of the notes constituted a fraudulent transfer, the holders of the notes may not receive payment on the notes.

Under federal bankruptcy and comparable provisions of state fraudulent transfer laws, if a court were to find that, at the time the notes were issued Ball Corporation:

issued the notes with the intent of hindering, delaying or defrauding current or future creditors; or

received less than fair consideration or reasonably equivalent value for incurring the debt represented by the notes, and either (i) we were insolvent or were rendered insolvent by reason of the issuance of the notes; or (ii) we were engaged, or about to engage, in a business or transaction for which our assets were unreasonably small; or (iii) we intended to incur, or believed, or should have believed, we would incur, debts beyond our ability to pay as such debts mature;

then a court could:

avoid all or a portion of our obligations to the holders of the notes;

subordinate our obligations to the holders of the notes to other existing and future debt of us, the effect of which would be to entitle the other creditors to be paid in full before any payment could be made on the notes; or

take other action harmful to the holders of the notes, including in certain circumstances, invalidating the notes.

In any of these events, we could not assure you that the holders of the notes would ever receive payment on the notes.

The measures of insolvency for the purposes of the above will be as described in the risk factor "The subsidiary guarantees of the notes could be subordinated or voided by a court." We cannot assure you as to what standard a court would apply in order to determine whether we were "insolvent" as of the date the notes were issued, or that, regardless of the method of valuation, a court would not determine that we were insolvent on that date. Nor can we assure you that a court would not determine, regardless of whether we were insolvent on the date the notes were issued, that the issuance of the notes constituted fraudulent transfers on another ground.

An active trading market may not develop for the notes.

There is currently no public market for the notes, and we do not currently plan to list the notes on any national securities exchange. In addition, the liquidity of any trading market in the notes, and the market price quoted for the notes, may be adversely affected by changes in the overall market for these securities and by changes in our financial performance or prospects. A liquid trading market in the notes may not develop.

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USE OF PROCEEDS

We estimate that the net proceeds from the sale of the notes offered by this prospectus supplement will be approximately \$ after deducting the underwriting discounts and commissions and estimated expenses related to this offering. We intend to use the net proceeds from this offering, together with borrowings under our revolving credit facility or accounts receivable securitization facility or cash on hand, to retire the 2012 notes, which bear an interest rate of $6^7/s\%$ per year and mature on December 15, 2012, whether by redemption, tender offer, open market purchases, privately negotiated transactions or otherwise.

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CAPITALIZATION

The following table sets forth our consolidated cash and cash equivalents and capitalization as of December 31, 2009 (1) on an actual basis and (2) on an as adjusted basis after giving effect to the issuance of \$450 million in aggregate principal amount of notes offered hereby and the other transactions described in "Use of Proceeds."

	As of December 31, 2009					
	As Actual Adjuste (dollars in millions)					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	210.6	\$	210.6		
Long-term debt, including current portion: Senior Secured Credit Facilities:						
Revolving Credit Facilities (1)	\$	35.6	\$	107.4		
Term Loan Facilities (2)		836.2		836.2		
6 ⁷ / ₈ % Senior Notes due 2012		509.0				
6 ⁵ /8% Senior Notes due 2018		450.0		450.0		
7 ¹ / ₈ % Senior Notes due 2016		375.0		375.0		
7 ³ /8% Senior Notes due 2019		325.0		325.0		
Notes offered hereby				450.0		
Other debt (3)		1.9		1.9		
Total long-term debt, including current portion		2,532.7		2,545.5		
Total shareholders' equity		1,583.0		1,583.0		
Total capitalization	\$	4,115.7	\$	4,128.5		

- Our revolving credit facility consists of a \$735 million U.S. dollar equivalent senior secured facility. At December 31, 2009, taking into account outstanding letters of credit, we had \$663 million (\$591.2 million, as adjusted) available under such facility. The amounts outstanding on an actual basis as of December 31, 2009, were comprised of \$2.3 million (\$74.1 million, as adjusted) and £20.9 million (\$33.3 million).
- (2)
 On an actual and as adjusted basis, comprised of a £63.8 million (\$101.5 million) Term A Loan, a
 €227.5 million (\$326.1 million) Term B Loan, a Cdn. \$114.0 million (\$108.6 million) Term C Loan and a
 \$300 million Term D Loan.
- As of December 31, 2009, on an actual and adjusted basis, other debt consisted of \$9.4 million of industrial revenue bonds, \$(15.9) million of unamortized discounts and \$8.4 million of other debt. Other debt excludes \$63.5 million outstanding under uncommitted bank facilities and Ball's accounts receivable securitization facility which is reported as an off-balance sheet liability in accordance with U.S. GAAP. As of December 31, 2009, Ball had \$250 million outstanding under its accounts receivable securitization facility. See "Description of Other Indebtedness Accounts Receivable Securitization Facility."

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RATIO OF EARNINGS TO FIXED CHARGES

The following table sets forth our ratio of earnings to fixed charges for the periods indicated:

	Year Ended December 31,								
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009				
Ratio of Earnings to Fixed Charges (1)	3.5x	3.6x	3.0x	3.7x	4.7x				

The ratio of earnings to fixed charges is calculated by dividing earnings, as defined below, by fixed charges, as defined below. For this purpose, "earnings" consist of earnings before taxes (a) plus amortization of capitalized interest, distributed income of equity and investees and fixed charges (b) less interest capitalized, and "fixed charges" consist of interest expensed and capitalized as well as interest expense within rent. Interest for unrecognized tax benefits related to uncertain tax positions has not been included in the calculations.

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DESCRIPTION OF OT