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KOGER EQUITY INC
Form 10-Q
August 08, 2003

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

X QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES
-- EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2003 or

-- TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission File Number 1-9997

KOGER EQUITY, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

FLORIDA

59-2898045

(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

225 NE MIZNER BOULEVARD, SUITE 200
BOCA RATON, FLORIDA
(Address of principal executive offices)

33432
(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (561) 395-9666

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes X No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

Class	Outstanding at July 31, 2003
Common Stock, \$.01 par value	21,323,773 shares

KOGER EQUITY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of
Koger Equity, Inc.
Boca Raton, Florida:

We have reviewed the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheet of Koger

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Equity, Inc. and subsidiaries (the "Company") as of June 30, 2003, and the related condensed consolidated statements of operations for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2003 and 2002, the condensed consolidated statement of changes in shareholders' equity for the six-month period ended June 30, 2003 and the condensed consolidated statements of cash flows for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2003 and 2002. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management.

We conducted our review in accordance with standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A review of interim financial information consists principally of applying analytical procedures to financial data and of making inquiries of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters. It is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the financial statements taken as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Based on our review, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to such condensed consolidated financial statements for them to be in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We have previously audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the consolidated balance sheet of the Company as of December 31, 2002, and the related consolidated statements of operations, changes in shareholders' equity, and cash flows for the year then ended (not presented herein); and in our report dated February 21, 2003, we expressed an unqualified opinion on those consolidated financial statements. In our opinion, the information set forth in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2002 is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the consolidated balance sheet from which it has been derived.

DELOITTE & TOUCHE LLP
Certified Public Accountants

West Palm Beach, Florida
July 18, 2003

KOGER EQUITY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(Unaudited - See Independent Accountants' Report)
(In thousands, except share data)

ASSETS

June 30
2003

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Real Estate Investments:

Operating properties:

Land	\$ 110,6
Buildings	784,1
Furniture and equipment	3,4
Accumulated depreciation	(164,4)
Operating properties, net	733,8
Undeveloped land held for investment	9,9
Undeveloped land held for sale, net of allowance	3,0
Cash and cash equivalents	4,7
Restricted cash	14,4
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for uncollectible accounts of \$1,558 and \$1,280	13,0
Other assets	17,7
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 796,7

LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

Liabilities:

Mortgages and loans payable	\$ 426,3
Accounts payable	2,6
Accrued real estate taxes payable	7,9
Other accrued liabilities	10,8
Dividends payable	7,4
Advance rents and security deposits	5,2
Total Liabilities	460,5

Commitments and contingencies

Shareholders' Equity:

Preferred stock, \$.01 par value; 50,000,000 shares authorized; no shares issued	
Common stock, \$.01 par value; 100,000,000 shares authorized; 29,845,732 and 29,826,632 shares issued; 21,322,431 and 21,294,894 shares outstanding	2
Capital in excess of par value	472,3
Notes receivable from stock sales to officers	(5,2)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(2
Retained earnings	6
Treasury stock, at cost; 8,523,301 and 8,531,738 shares	(131,6)
Total Shareholders' Equity	336,1

TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$ 796,7

See notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

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KOGER EQUITY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS
 (Unaudited - See Independent Accountants' Report)
 (In thousands, except per share data)

	Three Months Ended June 30,	
	2003	2002
REVENUES		
Rental and other rental services	\$ 35,964	\$ 31,126
Management fees	126	--
Other	--	--
Total operating revenues	36,090	32,252
EXPENSES		
Property operations	14,694	11,126
Depreciation and amortization	8,156	6,126
General and administrative	3,086	2,126
Direct costs of management fees	2	--
Other	31	--
Total operating expenses	25,969	22,378
OPERATING INCOME	10,121	10,874
OTHER INCOME AND (EXPENSE)		
Interest income	86	--
Mortgage and loan interest, including amortization of deferred loan costs of \$368 and \$299 for the three months and \$725 and \$588 for the six months	(7,367)	(6,126)
Total other income and (expense)	(7,281)	(6,126)
INCOME BEFORE GAIN ON SALE OR DISPOSITION OF ASSETS, INCOME TAXES AND MINORITY INTEREST	2,840	4,748
Gain on sale or disposition of assets	589	--
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES AND MINORITY INTEREST	3,429	4,748
Income tax expense (benefit)	(21)	--
INCOME BEFORE MINORITY INTEREST	3,450	4,748
Minority interest	--	--
NET INCOME	\$ 3,450	\$ 4,748
EARNINGS PER SHARE:		
Basic	\$ 0.16	\$ 0.16
Diluted	\$ 0.16	\$ 0.16
WEIGHTED AVERAGE SHARES:		

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Basic	21,311	21,
	=====	=====
Diluted	21,382	21,
	=====	=====

See notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

KOGER EQUITY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN
 SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY
 (Unaudited - See Independent Accountants' Report)
 (In thousands)

	Common Stock ----- Shares Issued -----	Par Value -----	Capital in Excess of Par Value -----	Notes Receivable from Stock Sales -----	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss -----	Retain Earni -----
BALANCE,						
DECEMBER 31, 2002	29,827	\$298	\$472,156	\$ (5,266)	\$ (212)	\$ 7
Common stock sold			64			
Options exercised	19	--	144			
Dividends declared						(14,
Net income						7,
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
BALANCE,						
JUNE 30, 2003	29,846	\$298	\$472,364	\$ (5,266)	\$ (212)	\$
	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====

See notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

KOGER EQUITY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
 (Unaudited - See Independent Accountants' Report)
 (In thousands)

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OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Net income	\$ 7,72
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:	
Depreciation and amortization	16,61
Amortization of deferred loan costs	72
Provision for uncollectible accounts	32
Minority interest	-
Gain on sale or disposition of assets	(58)
Changes in assets and liabilities:	
(Increase) decrease in receivables and other assets	(53)
Increase in accounts payable, accrued liabilities and other liabilities	3,90
Net cash provided by operating activities	28,16

INVESTING ACTIVITIES

Property acquisitions	-
Tenant improvements to first generation space	(2,62)
Tenant improvements to existing properties	(2,64)
Building improvements	(2,24)
Deferred tenant costs	(1,10)
(Additions to) disposals of furniture and equipment	(16)
Increase in restricted cash	(87)
Purchase of limited partner interests in Koger-Vanguard Partnership, L.P.	-
Proceeds from sale of assets	1,58
Net cash used in investing activities	(8,07)

FINANCING ACTIVITIES

Proceeds from exercise of stock options	13
Proceeds from sales of common stock	14
Proceeds from mortgages and loans	31,00
Principal payments on mortgages and loans payable	(36,32)
Dividends paid	(14,92)
Distributions paid to limited partners	-
Financing costs	-
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(19,97)

Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	11
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of period	4,62
Cash and cash equivalents - end of period	\$ 4,74

SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION

Cash paid during the period for interest	\$ 13,91
Cash paid during the period for income taxes	\$ -

See notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

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KOGER EQUITY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE SIX MONTHS
ENDED JUNE 30, 2003 AND 2002
(Unaudited - See Independent Accountants' Report)

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION. The condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Koger Equity, Inc. and its wholly-owned subsidiaries (the "Company" or "KE"). All material intercompany transactions and accounts have been eliminated in consolidation. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission related to interim financial statements.

During January 2002, the Company acquired all of the remaining limited partnership units in Koger-Vanguard Partners, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership (the "Partnership" or "KVP"), for approximately \$16.5 million. These partnership units were convertible into 999,710 shares of the Company's common stock. The Company previously consolidated the Partnership with an associated minority interest. The acquisition of this minority interest was recorded using the purchase method of accounting. As a result, the excess of the fair value of the acquired net assets over the purchase price (approximately \$6.2 million) was recorded as a reduction in the carrying value of the acquired fixed assets.

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto for the year ended December 31, 2002, included in the Company's Form 10-K Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2002. The accompanying balance sheet at December 31, 2002 has been derived from the audited financial statements at that date and is condensed.

All adjustments which, in the opinion of management, are necessary to fairly present the results for the interim periods have been made. Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified in order to conform to current year presentation. Results of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2003 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year.

New Accounting Standards. Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 142 discontinues the practice of amortizing goodwill and indefinite lived intangible assets and initiates an annual review for impairment. Impairment will be examined more frequently if certain indicators are encountered. Intangible assets with a determinable useful life will continue to be amortized over that period. The amortization provisions apply to goodwill and intangible assets acquired after September 30, 2001. SFAS No. 142 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2001. The Company adopted the Statement effective January 1, 2002. SFAS No. 142 also requires the separate recognition of intangible assets acquired as part of an asset acquisition, including the value attributable to leases in place and certain customer relationships. The Company recorded \$274,000 of the estimated value of leases in place as part of its acquisition of Three Ravinia Drive in January 2002 and \$5,859,000 of the estimated value of leases in place as part of its acquisition of The Lakes on Post Oak in December 2002. The Company intends to amortize these intangible assets on a straight-line basis over the next four years.

In April 2002, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued SFAS No. 145, "Rescission of FASB Statements No. 4, 44, and 64, Amendment of FASB Statement No. 13, and Technical Corrections." This Statement rescinds SFAS No. 4, "Reporting Gains and Losses from Extinguishment of Debt." Under SFAS No. 4, all gains and losses from extinguishment of debt were required to be aggregated and, if material, classified as an extraordinary item, net of related income tax effect. Under SFAS No. 145, gains and losses from extinguishment of debt should be classified as extraordinary items only if they meet the criteria in Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 30. SFAS No. 145 is effective for

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fiscal years beginning after May 15, 2002. The Company's adoption of SFAS No. 145 has not had a material impact on its condensed consolidated financial statements.

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In July 2002, the FASB issued SFAS No. 146, "Accounting for Costs Associated with Exit or Disposal Activities." This Statement applies to costs associated with an exit activity that does not involve an entity newly acquired in a business combination, an asset retirement obligation covered by SFAS No. 143 or with a disposal activity covered by SFAS No. 144. SFAS No. 146 requires that a liability for a cost associated with an exit or disposal activity shall be recognized and measured initially at its fair value in the period in which the liability is incurred provided that such fair value can be reasonably estimated. An exception applies for certain one-time termination benefits that are incurred over time. The Company adopted SFAS No. 146 effective January 1, 2003. The Company's adoption of SFAS No. 146 has not had a material impact on its condensed consolidated financial statements.

In November 2002, the FASB issued FASB Interpretation ("FIN") No. 45, "Guarantor's Accounting and Disclosure Requirements for Guarantees of Indebtedness of Others." FIN No. 45 requires certain guarantees to be recorded at fair value and also requires significant new disclosures related to guarantees, even when the likelihood of making any payments under the guarantee is remote. FIN No. 45 generally applies to contracts or indemnification agreements that contingently require the guarantor to make payments to the guaranteed party based on changes in an underlying variable that is related to an asset, liability, or an equity security of the guaranteed party. FIN No. 45 is effective for guarantees issued or modified after December 31, 2002. The Company adopted FIN No. 45 effective January 1, 2003. The Company's adoption of FIN No. 45 has not had a material impact on its condensed consolidated financial statements.

In December 2002, the FASB issued SFAS No. 148, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation--Transition and Disclosure." SFAS No. 148 amends SFAS No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation," to provide alternative methods of transition to the fair value method of accounting for stock-based employee compensation. In addition, SFAS No. 148 amends the disclosure provisions of SFAS No. 123 to require prominent disclosure about the effects of an entity's accounting policy with respect to stock-based employee compensation on reported net income and earnings per share in annual and interim financial statements. SFAS No. 148 does not amend SFAS No. 123 to require companies to account for their employee stock-based awards using the fair value method. However, the disclosure provisions are required for all companies with stock-based employee compensation, regardless of whether they utilize the fair value method of accounting described in SFAS No. 123 or the intrinsic value method described in APB Opinion No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees." SFAS No. 148's transition provisions are effective for fiscal years ending after December 15, 2002. The Company adopted the interim disclosure provisions of SFAS No. 148 effective January 1, 2003. The Company's adoption of SFAS No. 148 has not had a material impact on its condensed consolidated financial statements.

In January 2003, the FASB issued FIN No. 46, "Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities," which is intended to clarify the application of ARB No. 51, "Consolidated Financial Statements" to certain entities in which equity investors do not have the characteristics of a controlling financial interest or do not have sufficient equity at risk for the entity to finance its activities without additional subordinated financial support. FIN No. 46 requires the consolidation of variable interest entities ("VIEs") in which the variable

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interest will absorb a majority of the entity's expected losses if they occur, receive a majority of the entity's expected residual returns if they occur, or both. FIN No. 46 is effective for VIEs created after January 31, 2003. The Company's adoption of FIN No. 46 has not had a material impact on its condensed consolidated financial statements.

2. ORGANIZATION. Koger Equity, Inc. ("KE"), a Florida corporation, was incorporated in 1988 to own and manage commercial office buildings and other income-producing properties. KE is a self-administered and self-managed real estate investment trust (a "REIT") and its common stock is listed on the New York Stock Exchange under the ticker symbol "KE." As of June 30, 2003, KE owned and managed 124 office buildings containing 8.93 million rentable square feet, primarily located within 16 suburban office projects in nine cities in the Southeastern United States and Houston, Texas.

In addition to managing its own properties, the Company provided asset management services to Crocker Realty Trust, a related party. In 2002, the Company managed 70 office buildings for AP-Knight LP, a related party. The Company and AP-Knight LP terminated this property management agreement effective December 31, 2002. The Company and Crocker Realty Trust terminated the asset management agreement on May 1, 2003.

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3. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ESTIMATES. The preparation of condensed consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the Company to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. These estimates are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. However, actual results could differ from the Company's estimates under different assumptions or conditions. On an ongoing basis, the Company evaluates the reasonableness of its estimates.

The Company believes the following critical accounting policies affect the significant estimates and assumptions used in the preparation of its condensed consolidated financial statements:

Investments in Real Estate. Rental property and improvements, including interest and other costs capitalized during construction, are included in real estate investments and are stated at cost. Expenditures for ordinary maintenance and repairs are expensed to operations as they are incurred. Significant renovations and improvements, which improve or extend the useful life of the assets, are capitalized. Except for amounts attributed to land, rental property and improvements are depreciated as described below.

The Company recognizes gains on the sale of property in accordance with SFAS No. 66. Revenues from sales of property are recognized when a significant down payment is received, the earnings process is complete and the collection of any remaining receivables is reasonably assured.

In September 2002, the Company entered into an agreement to sell approximately 14.5 acres of undeveloped land at its Atlanta Gwinnett property for approximately \$3.6 million. This sale is contingent on certain zoning revisions and is expected to close in the fourth quarter of 2003.

Additionally, the Company entered an agreement to sell approximately 7.7 acres of undeveloped land at its Charlotte Carmel property for approximately \$1.6 million. This sale was closed in the second quarter of 2003.

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Depreciation and Amortization. The Company computes depreciation on its operating properties using the straight-line method based on estimated useful lives of three to 40 years. A significant portion of the acquisition cost of each operating property is allocated to the acquired buildings (usually 85% to 90%). The allocation of the acquisition cost to buildings and the determination of the useful lives are based on the Company's estimates. If the Company were to allocate acquisition costs inappropriately to buildings or to incorrectly estimate the useful lives of its operating properties, it may be required to adjust future depreciation expense. Deferred tenant costs (leasing commissions and tenant relocation costs) are amortized over the term of the related leases. Intangible assets recorded under the terms of SFAS No. 142 are amortized over the average life of the underlying leases.

Impairment of Long-Lived Assets. The Company's long-lived assets include investments in real estate. The Company assesses impairment of long-lived assets whenever changes or events indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable. The Company assesses impairment of operating properties based on the operating cash flows of the properties. In performing its assessment, the Company must make assumptions regarding estimated future cash flows and other factors to determine the fair value of the respective assets. During the quarter ended June 30, 2003, no impairment charges were recorded. If these estimates or their related assumptions change in the future, the Company may be required to record impairment charges.

Revenue Recognition. Rental income is generally recognized over the lives of leases according to provisions of the underlying lease agreements. Certain leases provide for tenant occupancy during periods for which no rent is due or where minimum rent payments increase during the term of the lease. For these leases, the Company records rental income for the full term of each lease on a straight-line basis. For the quarters ended June 30, 2003 and 2002, the recognition of rental revenues on a straight-line basis for applicable leases increased rental revenues by \$1,075,000 and \$534,000, respectively, over the amount which would have been recognized based upon the contractual provisions of these leases. For the six months ended June 30, 2003 and 2002, the recognition

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of rental revenues on a straight-line basis for applicable leases increased rental revenues by \$2,370,000 and \$994,000, respectively, over the amount which would have been recognized based upon the contractual provisions of these leases.

The Company generates management fees and leasing commissions income by providing on-site property management and leasing services to third party owners. Management fees are generally earned monthly and are based on a percentage of the managed properties' monthly rental and other operating revenues. Leasing commissions are earned when the Company, on behalf of the third party owner, negotiates or assists in the negotiation of new leases, renewals and expansions of existing leases, and are generally a percentage of rents to be received under the initial term of the respective leases.

The management and leasing agreements between the Company and third party owners generally are based on annually renewable terms and may be terminated in certain cases and for certain reasons by either party with a 30 to 90 day (depending on the terms of the specific agreement) notice.

Allowances for Doubtful Accounts. The Company maintains allowances for doubtful accounts for estimated losses resulting from the inability of its tenants to make required payments for rents and other rental services. In

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assessing the recoverability of these receivables, the Company makes assumptions regarding the financial condition of the tenants based primarily on past payment trends and certain financial information that tenants submit to the Company. If the financial condition of the Company's tenants were to deteriorate and result in an impairment of their ability to make payments, the Company may be required to increase its allowances by recording additional bad debt expense. Likewise, should the financial condition of its tenants improve and result in payments or settlements of previously reserved amounts, the Company may be required to record a reduction in bad debt expense.

Minority Interest. During 1998, KE acquired a suburban office park in Charlotte, North Carolina for a purchase price of \$52.3 million. The transaction was structured as a contribution of the property to KVP in exchange for 999,710 limited partner units valued at \$22.95 million. In connection with this transaction, KVP assumed \$22.2 million of debt and received a contribution of \$7.2 million from KE in exchange for general partner interests. The limited partner units were entitled to a cumulative preferred return, which approximated the average dividend rate on KE's shares. In addition, the limited partner units carried with them the right to redeem the units for common shares of KE on a one-unit-for-one-share basis or, at the option of KE, the units may be redeemed for cash.

KE's general partner interests included a majority of the partnership's voting rights, and the limited partners were not granted any veto or additional control rights. Therefore, KE has reported KVP's assets, liabilities and operations in its condensed consolidated financial statements. The limited partnership units and earnings thereon were reported as minority interests.

During January 2002, the Company acquired all of the remaining limited partnership units in KVP for approximately \$16.5 million. These partnership units were convertible into 999,710 shares of the Company's common stock.

Federal Income Taxes. The Company is qualified and has elected tax treatment as a real estate investment trust under the Internal Revenue Code (a "REIT"). A corporate REIT is a legal entity that owns income-producing real property, and through distributions of income to its shareholders, is permitted to reduce or avoid the payment of federal income taxes at the corporate level. To maintain qualification as a REIT, the Company must distribute to shareholders at least 90 percent of REIT taxable income. To the extent that the Company pays dividends equal to 100 percent of REIT taxable income, the earnings of the Company are taxed at the shareholder level. However, the use of net operating loss carryforwards, which may reduce REIT taxable income to zero, are limited for alternative minimum tax purposes. Distributed capital gains on sales of real estate are not subject to tax; however, undistributed capital gains are taxed as capital gain. Although Koger Realty Services, Inc. ("KRSI") is consolidated with the Company for financial reporting purposes, this entity is subject to federal income tax and files separate federal and state income tax returns.

Stock Options. Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation" requires expanded disclosures of stock-based compensation arrangements with employees and encourages (but does not require) compensation cost to be measured based on the fair value of the equity instrument awarded. Companies are permitted, however, to continue to apply Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25 ("APB 25"), which recognizes compensation cost based on the intrinsic value of the equity instrument awarded. The Company has continued to apply APB 25 to its stock based compensation awards to employees and has disclosed the required pro forma effect on net income and earnings per share.

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	Three Months Ended June 30,	
	2003	2002
Net income - As reported	\$3,450,000	\$4,337,000
- Pro forma	\$3,236,000	\$4,122,000
Diluted earnings per share - As reported	\$0.16	\$0.20
- Pro forma	\$0.15	\$0.19

	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2003	2002
Net income - As reported	\$7,721,000	\$9,488,000
- Pro forma	\$7,294,000	\$8,863,000
Diluted earnings per share - As reported	\$0.36	\$0.44
- Pro forma	\$0.34	\$0.41

Fair Value of Financial Instruments. The Company believes the carrying amount of its financial instruments (temporary investments, accounts receivable, and accounts payable) is a reasonable estimate of fair value of these instruments. Based on a market interest rate of 7.0 percent, the fair value of the Company's mortgages and loans payable would be approximately \$429.9 million at June 30, 2003.

Cash and Cash Equivalents. Cash in excess of daily requirements is invested in short-term monetary securities. Such temporary cash investments have an original maturity of less than three months and are deemed to be cash equivalents for purposes of the condensed consolidated financial statements.

Restricted Cash. Restricted cash represents amounts contractually placed in escrow for purposes of making payments for certain future building improvements, tenant allowances, leasing commissions, real estate taxes, and debt service.

4. FEDERAL INCOME TAXES. KE is qualified and has elected tax treatment as a REIT under the Internal Revenue Code. A REIT is a taxable corporation that owns income-producing real property, and through distributions of income to its shareholders, is permitted to reduce or avoid the payment of federal income taxes at the corporate level. To maintain qualification as a REIT, in addition to certain other requirements, KE must distribute to shareholders at least 90 percent of REIT taxable income. To the extent that KE pays dividends equal to 100 percent of REIT taxable income, the taxable earnings of KE are taxed at the shareholder level. KE has a net operating loss carryforward of approximately \$2,414,000, which may be used to reduce REIT taxable income. However, the use of net operating loss carryforwards is limited for alternative minimum tax purposes. During the first quarter of 2002, the Company made payments of approximately \$385,000 for the Company's 2001 estimated alternative minimum tax liability. These payments were refunded to the Company during the fourth quarter of 2002.

Although KRSI is consolidated with KE for financial reporting purposes, this entity is subject to federal income tax and files separate federal and state income tax returns. KRSI operated at a net loss for the first six months of 2003 and has, therefore, recorded no provision for federal income taxes for the three and six months ended June 30, 2003.

5. STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS. Cash in excess of daily requirements is invested in short-term monetary securities. Such temporary cash investments have

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an original maturity date of less than three months and are deemed to be cash equivalents for purposes of the statements of cash flows.

During January 2002, the Company acquired all of the remaining limited partnership units in Koger-Vanguard Partners, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership, for approximately \$16.5 million. These partnership units were convertible into 999,710 shares of the Company's common stock.

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On January 31, 2002, the Company acquired a 31-story office building located in Atlanta, Georgia and containing approximately 800,000 rentable square feet for \$125.0 million and other transaction costs. The purchase of the property was funded with cash and by an \$80 million draw from the Company's secured revolving credit facility. As of June 30, 2003, approximately 67% of the property's rentable space was leased.

During the second quarter of 2003, the Company sold approximately 7.7 acres of undeveloped land at its Charlotte Carmel property for approximately \$1.6 million and recognized a gain of approximately \$585,000.

6. EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE. Basic earnings per common share has been computed based on the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding for each period. Diluted earnings per common share is similar to basic earnings per share except that the weighted average number of common shares outstanding is increased to include the number of additional common shares that would have been outstanding if the dilutive common shares underlying the options had been issued. The treasury stock method is used to calculate dilutive shares which reduces the gross number of dilutive shares by the number of shares purchasable from the proceeds of the options assumed to be exercised. See Exhibit 11 for weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding, dilutive shares, and computations of basic and diluted earnings per share.

7. MORTGAGES AND LOANS PAYABLE. At June 30, 2003, the Company had \$426,371,000 of loans outstanding, which are collateralized by mortgages on the Company's operating properties. Annual maturities for mortgages and loans payable are summarized as follows (in thousands):

Year Ending December 31,	
2003	\$ 2,593
2004	113,631
2005	6,112
2006	23,706
2007	98,098
Subsequent Years	182,231

Total	\$ 426,371
	=====

8. DIVIDENDS. The Company paid quarterly dividends of \$0.35 per share on February 6, 2003 to shareholders of record on December 31, 2002. The Company paid quarterly dividends of \$0.35 per share on May 1, 2003 to shareholders of record on March 31, 2003. During the quarter ended June 30, 2003, the Company's Board of Directors declared a quarterly dividend of \$0.35 per share payable on

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August 7, 2003 to shareholders of record on June 30, 2003. The Company currently expects that significantly all dividends paid for 2003 will be treated as ordinary income to the recipient for income tax purposes.

9. SEGMENT REPORTING. The Company operates in one business segment, the ownership and management of commercial real estate. The Company's primary business is the ownership, development, and operation of income-producing office properties. Management operates each property as an individual operating segment and has aggregated these operating segments into a single segment for financial reporting purposes due to the fact that all of the individual operating segments have similar economic characteristics. All of the Company's operations are located in the Southeastern United States and Houston, Texas.

10. NOTES RECEIVABLE FROM STOCK SALES. On February 17, 2000, and in conjunction with the Company's plan to repurchase up to 2.65 million shares of common stock (the "Shares"), the Board of Directors granted to Mr. Thomas J. Crocker, Chief Executive Officer, the right to purchase up to 500,000 Shares and to Mr. Robert E. Onisko, former Chief Financial Officer, the right to purchase up to 150,000 Shares. These officers were entitled to make purchases of one Share for every three Shares purchased by the Company as part of this plan. The Shares were to be purchased from the Company at the same time and for the same price as the Company purchased Shares. In addition, the Company agreed to loan

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up to 75% of the purchase price for the Shares to Mr. Crocker and to Mr. Onisko. These loans are collateralized by the Shares purchased. These loans bear interest at 150 basis points over the applicable LIBOR rate. Approximately \$861,000 of these loans are subject to recourse and the remaining loans will be without recourse. Accrued interest on these loans is a recourse obligation and any paid interest is not refundable if the stock is returned in settlement of the loans. In 2000, Mr. Crocker acquired 302,495 Shares and Mr. Onisko acquired 100,831 Shares under this plan. In 2002, Mr. Crocker acquired 17,875 Shares and Mr. Onisko acquired 1,659 Shares under this plan. The Company's loans to Mr. Crocker and Mr. Onisko were made under the terms of a contract which precedes the Sarbanes-Oxley Act.

11. SUBSEQUENT EVENT. On August 4, 2003, the Company entered into a binding agreement to acquire two properties known as the Rosemeade and CIGNA buildings in Dallas, Texas for approximately \$33.2 million. The two office buildings combined contain approximately 280,000 square feet of rentable space and are to be acquired from State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio, an unrelated third party.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the condensed consolidated financial statements and related notes appearing elsewhere in this Form 10-Q, and the Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the period ended December 31, 2002.

During January 2002, the Company acquired all of the remaining limited partnership units in Koger-Vanguard Partners, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership, for approximately \$16.5 million. These partnership units were convertible into 999,710 shares of the Company's common stock.

On January 31, 2002, the Company acquired Three Ravinia Drive, an 800,000 square foot office building located in Atlanta, Georgia, for approximately \$125.0

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million and other transaction costs. As of June 30, 2003, approximately 67% of the property's rentable space was leased.

On December 6, 2002, the Company acquired The Lakes on Post Oak, an 1.2 million square foot, suburban three office building complex located in Houston, Texas, for approximately \$101.5 million and other transaction costs. The Company allocated approximately \$12.4 million and \$90.7 million of the net purchase price to the value of the acquired land and building, respectively. As of June 30, 2003, approximately 74% of the property's rentable space was leased.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Rental and other rental services revenues totaled \$35,964,000 for the quarter ended June 30, 2003, compared to \$31,855,000 for the quarter ended June 30, 2002. Rental and other rental services revenues totaled \$72,244,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2003, compared to \$62,450,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2002. These increases resulted primarily from the acquisition of The Lakes on Post Oak property in December 2002 (\$4.7 million and \$9.5 million for the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2002, respectively) and an increase in rental revenues from the Three Ravinia Drive property acquired on January 31, 2002 (\$400,000 and \$2.0 million for the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2002, respectively). The effect of these increases was partially offset by a decline in rental revenues at the remainder of the Company's properties. At June 30, 2003, the Company's buildings were on average 82 percent occupied with an average rental rate of \$17.20 per rentable square foot. Excluding Three Ravinia Drive and The Lakes on Post Oak, which were considered to be in lease-up periods at June 30, 2003, the remainder of the Company's buildings were on average 86 percent occupied. At June 30, 2002, the Company's buildings were on average 87 percent occupied with an average rental rate of \$16.74 per rentable square foot.

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Management fee revenues totaled \$126,000 for the quarter ended June 30, 2003, compared to \$963,000 for the quarter ended June 30, 2002. Management fee revenues totaled \$331,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2003, compared to \$1,751,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2002. These decreases were due primarily to the loss of fees from the AP-Knight LP management agreement that was terminated in December 2002 and the loss of fees from the Crocker Realty Trust management agreement that was terminated in May 2003.

Property operations expense includes such charges as utilities, real estate taxes, janitorial, maintenance, property insurance, provision for uncollectible rents and management costs. The amount of property operations expense and its percentage of total rental revenues for the applicable periods are as follows:

Period	Amount	Percent of Rental and O Rental Servi
-----	-----	-----
June 30, 2003--Quarter	\$ 14,694,000	40.9%
June 30, 2002--Quarter	\$ 11,928,000	37.4%
June 30, 2003--Six Months	\$ 28,042,000	38.8%
June 30, 2002--Six Months	\$ 22,388,000	35.8%

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These increases in property operations expenses were due primarily to increases in the Company's expenditures for property insurance and maintenance and an increase in the Company's provision for bad debts in 2003 as compared to the same periods in 2002.

Depreciation expense has been calculated on the straight-line method based upon the useful lives of the Company's depreciable assets, generally 3 to 40 years. Depreciation expense increased \$1,112,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2003, compared to the same period in 2002. Depreciation expense increased \$2,288,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2003, compared to the same period in 2002. These increases were due primarily to the Company's acquisition of the Three Ravinia Drive property on January 31, 2002, and the acquisition of The Lakes on Post Oak property in December 2002. Amortization expense increased \$313,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2003, compared to the same period in 2002. Amortization expense increased \$1,072,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2003, compared to the same period in 2002. These increases were due primarily to an increase in the Company's expenditures for deferred tenant costs and the amortization of the recorded fair value of leases acquired in the purchases of Three Ravinia Drive and The Lakes on Post Oak.

General and administrative expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2003 and 2002, totaled \$3,086,000 and \$2,947,000, respectively. General and administrative expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2003 and 2002, totaled \$6,030,000 and \$5,457,000, respectively. These increases were due primarily to an increase in professional fees, a reduction in the allocation of corporate overhead to direct costs of management fees, the cost of relocating the Company's corporate management offices, and the write off of certain amounts related to abandoned development projects. These increases were partially offset by reduced accruals for special distributions payable to certain of the Company's executive officers. Additionally, the Company accrued certain amounts during the second quarter of 2003 that are payable to the Company's former Chief Financial Officer under the terms of a settlement agreement.

Direct costs of management fees decreased \$820,000 the three months ended June 30, 2003, compared to the same period in 2002. Direct costs of management fees decreased \$1,745,000 the six months ended June 30, 2003, compared to the same period in 2002. These decreases were due primarily to the loss of the AP-Knight LP management agreement that was terminated in December 2002 and the loss of the Crocker Realty Trust asset management agreement that was terminated in May 2003.

Interest revenues decreased \$92,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2003 compared to the same period in 2002. This decrease was due primarily to a decline in the Company's average invested cash balances.

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For the three months ended June 30, 2003, interest expense increased to \$7,367,000 from \$6,029,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2002. For the six months ended June 30, 2003, interest expense increased to \$14,770,000 from \$11,823,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2002. These increases were due primarily to an increase in the Company's average debt balance in 2003 as compared to 2002 primarily due to the Company's acquisition of The Lakes on Post Oak in December 2002. At June 30, 2003 and 2002, the weighted average interest rate on the Company's outstanding debt was approximately 6.42 percent and 7.04 percent, respectively.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Operating Activities-- During the six months ended June 30, 2003, the Company generated approximately \$28.2 million in net cash from operating

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activities. The Company's primary internal sources of cash are the collection of rents from buildings owned by the Company. As a REIT for federal income tax purposes, the Company is required to pay out annually, as dividends, at least 90 percent of its REIT taxable income (which, due to non-cash charges, including depreciation and net operating loss carryforwards, may be substantially less than cash flow). In the past, the Company has paid out dividends in amounts at least equal to its REIT taxable income. The Company believes that its cash provided by operating activities will be sufficient to cover debt service payments and to pay the dividends required to maintain REIT status through 2003. Dividends are determined quarterly by the Company's board of directors.

The level of cash flow generated by rents depends primarily on the occupancy rates of the Company's buildings and changes in rental rates on new and renewed leases and under escalation provisions in existing leases. At June 30, 2003, leases representing approximately 13.2 percent of the gross annualized rent from the Company's properties, without regard to the exercise of options to renew, were due to expire during the remainder of 2003. These scheduled expirations represent 208 leases for space in buildings located in 15 of the 16 centers or locations in which the Company owns buildings. Certain of these tenants may not renew their leases or may reduce their demand for space. During the six months ended June 30, 2003, leases were renewed on approximately 44 percent of the Company's rentable square feet that were scheduled to expire during the six-month period. Current market conditions in certain markets may require that rental rates at which leases are renewed or at which vacated space is leased be lower than rental rates under existing leases. Based upon the amount of leases that will expire during 2003 and the competition for tenants in the markets in which the Company operates, the Company has and expects to continue to offer incentives to certain new and renewal tenants. These incentives may include the payment of tenant improvement costs and, in certain markets, reduced rents during initial lease periods.

Governmental tenants (including the State of Florida and the United States Government) which account for approximately 24 percent of the Company's occupied space at June 30, 2003 may be subject to budget reductions in times of recession and governmental austerity measures. Consequently, there can be no assurance that governmental appropriations for rents may not be reduced. Additionally, certain of the private sector tenants that have contributed to the Company's rent stream may reduce their current demands, or curtail their future need, for additional office space. During 2002, the State of Florida eliminated its Department of Labor, which has had an adverse impact on the Company's property in Tallahassee.

Historically, the Company has benefited from generally positive economic conditions and stable occupancy levels for office buildings in many of the metropolitan areas in which the Company owns buildings. The Company believes that the Southeastern and Southwestern United States provides significant economic growth potential due to diverse regional economies, expanding metropolitan areas, skilled work force and moderate labor costs. However, the Company is currently experiencing reduced demand in the markets in which it owns buildings. Cash flow from operations could be reduced if a weakened economy continues to result in lower occupancy rates and lower rental income for the Company's buildings, which may in turn affect the amount of dividends paid by the Company.

Investing Activities-- During January 2002, the Company acquired all of the remaining limited partnership units in Koger-Vanguard Partners, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership, for approximately \$16.5 million. These partnership units were convertible into 999,710 shares of the Company's common stock.

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On January 31, 2002, the Company acquired Three Ravinia Drive, an 800,000 square foot office building located in Atlanta, Georgia, for approximately \$125.0 million and other transaction costs. The Company allocated approximately \$7.0 million and \$118.3 million of the net purchase price to value of the acquired land and building, respectively. As of June 30, 2003, approximately 67% of the property's rentable space was leased.

During the second quarter of 2003, the Company sold approximately 7.7 acres of undeveloped land at its Charlotte Carmel property for approximately \$1.6 million.

At June 30, 2003, substantially all of the Company's invested assets were in real properties. Improvements to the Company's existing properties have been financed through internal operations and lender required escrow accounts at The Lakes on Post Oak. During the six months ended June 30, 2003, the Company's expenditures for improvements to first generation space and to existing properties increased \$1.6 million from the corresponding period in 2002. This increase was due primarily to increased tenant allowances for capital improvements.

Financing Activities-- The Company has a \$100 million secured revolving credit facility (\$31.0 million of which had been borrowed on June 30, 2003) provided by Fleet Bank. During the six months ended June 30, 2003, the Company used a portion of its revolving credit facility to pay off a \$7.7 million loan with New York Life Insurance Company. At June 30, 2003, the Company had no unencumbered properties. Loan maturities and normal amortization of mortgages and loans payable are expected to total approximately \$2.6 million during the remainder of calendar year 2003.

The foregoing discussion contains forward-looking statements concerning 2003. The actual results of operations for 2003 could differ materially from those projected because of factors affecting the financial markets, reactions of the Company's existing and prospective investors, the ability of the Company to identify and execute development projects and acquisition opportunities, the ability of the Company to renew and enter into new leases on favorable terms with creditworthy tenants, and other risk factors. See Item 7, "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations - - Cautionary Statement Relevant to Forward-Looking Information for Purpose of the 'Safe Harbor' Provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995" in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2002, which is incorporated herein by reference.

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Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Interest Rate Risk. The Company currently has a \$100 million secured revolving credit facility (\$31.0 million of which had been borrowed on June 30, 2003) and approximately \$78.5 million of other loans with variable interest rates. The Company may incur additional variable rate debt in the future to meet its financing needs. Increases in interest rates on such debt could increase the Company's interest expense, which would adversely affect the Company's cash flow and its ability to pay dividends to its shareholders. The Company has not entered into any interest rate hedge contracts in order to mitigate the interest rate risk with respect to the secured revolving credit facility. However, the Company has entered into a two-year LIBOR interest rate cap with a maximum LIBOR rate of 5.45% on a \$77.0 million loan secured by The Lakes on Post Oak property in Houston, Texas. As of June 30, 2003, the Company had borrowed approximately \$109.5 million of variable rate debt. If the weighted average interest rate on this variable rate debt were 100 basis points higher or lower, annual interest

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expense would be increased or decreased by approximately \$1,095,000.

Additionally, the Company had \$316.9 million outstanding under loans with fixed interest rates as of June 30, 2003. The Company may incur additional fixed rate debt in the future to meet its financing needs. Should market interest rates decline, the Company's use of fixed rate debt financing may result in the recognition of interest expense at rates higher than market rates. Assuming the Company was unable to refinance its existing fixed rate debt and if the market interest rate on this debt were 100 basis points lower than the fixed rates, the Company's above market annual interest expense would be approximately \$3,169,000 as compared to variable rate debt financing.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures.

The Company maintains disclosure controls and procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the Company's filings under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the periods specified in the rules and forms of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Such information is accumulated and communicated to the Company's management, including its principal executive officer and principal financial officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. The Company's management, including the principal executive officer and the principal financial officer, recognizes that any set of controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving the desired control objectives.

Within 90 days prior to the filing date of this quarterly report on Form 10-Q, the Company has carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of the Company's management, including the Company's principal executive officer and the Company's principal financial officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures. Based on such evaluation, the Company's principal executive officer and principal financial officer concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures are effective.

There have been no significant changes in the Company's internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect the internal controls subsequent to the date of their evaluation in connection with the preparation of this quarterly report on Form 10-Q.

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PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

None.

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

An annual meeting of shareholders of the Company was held on May 21, 2003 to consider and take action on the election of seven directors.

All of the Company's nominees for director were elected by a majority of the votes cast.

Item 5. Other Information

- (a) The following table sets forth, with respect to each office project or location at June 30, 2003, gross square feet, rentable square feet, percentage occupied, and the average annual rent per rentable square foot occupied.

Office Project/Location -----	Gross Square Feet -----	Rentable Square Feet -----	Percent Occupied -----
Atlanta Chamblee	1,199,800	1,124,174	96
Atlanta Gwinnett	274,400	262,789	92
Atlanta Perimeter	184,000	176,503	64
Atlanta Three Ravinia (3)	845,000	804,528	67
Charlotte University	190,600	182,891	95
Charlotte Vanguard	548,200	526,355	72
Houston Post Oak (3)	1,265,000	1,204,852	74
Jacksonville Baymeadows	793,400	751,430	98
Jacksonville JTB	436,000	416,773	100
Memphis Germantown	562,600	530,688	75
Orlando Central	699,700	615,886	94
Orlando Lake Mary	318,000	303,481	65
Orlando University	405,200	383,786	82
Richmond Paragon	154,300	145,127	97
St. Petersburg	715,500	668,144	85
Tallahassee	960,300	834,025	71
	-----	-----	
Total	9,552,000	8,931,432	
	=====	=====	
Weighted Average - Total Company			82
			=====
Weighted Average - Operational Buildings			86
			=====
Weighted Average - Building in Lease-up			71
			=====

- (1) The percent occupied rates have been calculated by dividing total rentable square feet occupied in an office building by total rentable square feet in such building.
- (2) Rental rates are computed by dividing (a) total annualized base rents (which excludes expense pass-through and reimbursements) for an office project or location as of June 30, 2003 by (b) the rentable square feet applicable to such total annualized rents.
- (3) Currently in a lease-up period. The Company considers an acquired office

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project to be in a lease-up period until the earlier of 85% occupancy or 18 months.

- (4) Includes the effect of "triple net" leases where tenants pay substantially all operating costs in addition to base rent.

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- (b) The following schedule sets forth for all of the Company's buildings (i) the number of leases which will expire during the remainder of calendar year 2003 (without regard to any renewals), calendar years 2004 through 2011, and years subsequent to 2011, (ii) the total rentable area in square feet covered by such leases, (iii) the percentage of total rentable square feet represented by such leases, (iv) the average annual rent per square foot for such leases, (v) the current annualized base rents represented by such leases, and (vi) the percentage of gross annualized base rents contributed by such leases. This information is based on the buildings owned by the Company on June 30, 2003 and on the terms of leases in effect as of June 30, 2003, on the basis of then existing base rentals, and without regard to the exercise of options to renew. Furthermore, the information below does not reflect that some leases have provisions for early termination for various reasons, including, in the case of government entities, lack of budget appropriations. Leases were renewed on approximately 44 percent of the Company's rentable square feet which were scheduled to expire during the six months ended June 30, 2003.

Period	Number of Leases Expiring	Number of Square Feet Expiring	Percentage of Total Square Feet Leased Represented by Expiring Leases	Average Annual Rent per Square Foot Under Expiring Leases	
2003	208	958,336	13.1%	\$17.31	\$
2004	215	997,667	13.7%	17.78	
2005	179	956,083	13.1%	16.69	
2006	126	805,546	11.0%	17.11	
2007	77	988,851	13.5%	17.16	
2008	46	682,654	9.4%	18.08	
2009	23	1,098,055	15.0%	17.90	
2010	7	146,455	2.0%	17.17	
2011	4	109,146	1.5%	14.76	
Other	11	565,484	7.7%	15.09	
Total	896	7,308,277	100.0%	\$17.20	\$

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- (c) The Company believes that Funds from Operations is one measure of the performance of an equity real estate investment trust. Funds from Operations should not be considered as an alternative to net income as an indication of the Company's financial performance or to cash flow from operating activities (determined in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America) as a measure of the Company's liquidity, nor is it necessarily indicative of sufficient cash flow to fund all of the Company's needs. Funds from Operations is calculated as follows:

	Three Months Ended June 30,	
	----- 2003	2002 -----
	(in thousands)	
Net Income	\$ 3,450	\$ 4,337
Depreciation - real estate	7,390	6,277
Amortization - deferred tenant costs	432	338
Amortization - fair value of acquired leases	432	--
Gain on sale of non-operating assets	(589)	--
	-----	-----
Funds from Operations	\$11,115	\$10,952
	=====	=====

	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	----- 2003	2002 -----
	(in thousands)	
Net Income	\$ 7,721	\$ 9,488
Depreciation - real estate	14,581	12,319
Amortization - deferred tenant costs	828	702
Amortization - fair value of acquired leases	924	--
Minority interest	--	20
Gain on sale of non-operating assets	(589)	(1)
	-----	-----
Funds from Operations	\$23,465	\$22,528
	=====	=====

- (d) On June 23, 2003, Robert E. Onisko tendered his resignation as the Company's Chief Financial Officer. Mr. Onisko's duties and responsibilities have been reassigned to Steven A. Abney, the Company's Vice President, Finance and Chief Accounting Officer.

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(a) Exhibits

Number	Description
-----	-----
10 (a)	Deed of Trust and Security Agreement (Virginia), dated April 1, 2003, between Koger Equity, Inc. and Fleet National Bank
10 (b)	Assignment of Leases and Rents dated as of April 1, 2003, between Koger Equity, Inc. and Fleet National Bank
10 (c)	Certificate Regarding Additional Property delivered by Koger Equity, Inc., dated as of April 1, 2003
10 (d)	Indemnity Agreement Regarding Hazardous Materials, dated as of April 1, 2003, by Koger Equity, Inc.
11	Earnings Per Share Computations.
15	Letter re: Unaudited interim financial information.
99	Certification of Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer

(b) Reports on Form 8-K

On April 14, 2003, the Company filed a Form 8-K/A-2 (dated December 6, 2002) amending Form 8-K/A filed on February 19, 2002 (dated December 6, 2002), reporting under Item 2, Acquisition or Disposition of Assets, the acquisition of The Lakes on Post Oak property in Houston, Texas, and including under Item 7, Financial Statements and Exhibits, (a) Financial Statements of real estate acquired, (b) pro forma financial information, and (c) the Koger Equity, Inc. News Release, dated December 10, 2002, incorporated by reference.

On May 12, 2003, the Company filed a Form 8-K (dated May 8, 2003) reporting under Item 9, Regulation FD Disclosure, the announcement of its quarterly results for the period ended March 31, 2002, and related supplemental information, dated March 31, 2002, and including under Item 7, Financial Statements and Exhibits, the Koger Equity, Inc. News Release, dated May 8, 2003, and related supplemental information.

On May 22, 2003, the Company filed a Form 8-K (dated May 21, 2003) reporting under Item 9, Regulation FD Disclosure, the announcement of a quarterly dividend, and including under Item 7, Financial Statements and Exhibits, the Koger Equity, Inc. News Release, dated February 19, 2003.

On June 27, 2003, the Company filed a Form 8-K (dated June 25, 2003) reporting under Item 9, Regulation FD Disclosure, the announcement of the appointment of Steven A. Abney as the Company's Chief Accounting Officer and providing under Item 7, Financial Statements and Exhibits, the Koger Equity, Inc. News Release dated June 25, 2003.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

KOGER EQUITY, INC.
Registrant

Dated: August 8, 2003

/s/ Steven A. Abney

Steven A. Abney
Vice President, Finance and Chief Accounting Officer
(Principal Financial Officer)
Koger Equity, Inc.

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CERTIFICATE OF
PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICER AND PRINCIPAL FINANCIAL OFFICER

Each of the undersigned hereby certifies in his capacity as an officer of Koger Equity, Inc. (the "Company") that he has reviewed this quarterly report and, to the best of his knowledge and belief, reviewed this Form 10-Q for the period ended June 30, 2003 of Koger Equity, Inc. and certifies as follows:

1. Based on his knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
2. Based on his knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
3. We are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) for the registrant and have:

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- a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
- b. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
- c. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and

4. We have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

- a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
- b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Dated: August 8, 2003

/s/ Thomas J. Crocker

Thomas J. Crocker
Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)
Koger Equity, Inc.

Dated: August 8, 2003

/s/ Steven A. Abney

Steven A. Abney
Vice President, Finance and Chief
Accounting Officer
(Principal Financial Officer)
Koger Equity, Inc.

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EARNINGS PER SHARE COMPUTATIONS
(In Thousands Except Per Share Data)

	En 2003

EARNINGS PER COMMON AND DILUTIVE POTENTIAL COMMON SHARE:	
Net Income	\$ 3,4
	=====
Shares:	
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding - Basic	21,3
	=====
EARNINGS PER SHARE - BASIC	\$ 0
	=====
Shares:	
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding - Basic	21,3
Effect of dilutive securities (a): Stock options	

Adjusted weighted average common shares - Diluted	21,3
	=====
EARNINGS PER SHARE - DILUTED	\$ 0.
	=====

	En 2003

EARNINGS PER COMMON AND DILUTIVE POTENTIAL COMMON SHARE:	
Net Income	\$ 7,7
	=====
Shares:	
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding - Basic	21,3
	=====
EARNINGS PER SHARE - BASIC	\$ 0.
	=====
Shares:	
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding - Basic	21,3
Effect of dilutive securities (a): Stock options	

Adjusted weighted average common shares - Diluted	21,3
	=====
EARNINGS PER SHARE - DILUTED	\$ 0.
	=====

(a) Shares issuable were derived using the "Treasury Stock Method" for all dilutive potential shares.

EXHIBIT 15

August 8, 2003

Koger Equity, Inc.
225 NE Mizner Boulevard, Suite 200
Boca Raton, Florida 33432

We have made a review, in accordance with standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants, of the unaudited interim financial information of Koger Equity, Inc. and subsidiaries for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2003 and 2002, as indicated in our report dated July 18, 2003; because we did not perform an audit, we expressed no opinion on such financial information.

We are aware that our report referred to above, which is included in your Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2003, is incorporated by reference in Registration Statement No. 33-55179 of Koger Equity, Inc. on Form S-3, Registration Statement No. 33-54617 of Koger Equity, Inc. on Form S-8, Registration Statement No. 333-20975 of Koger Equity, Inc. on Form S-3, Registration Statement No. 333-23429 of Koger Equity, Inc. on Form S-8, Registration Statement No. 333-37919 of Koger Equity, Inc. on Form S-3, Registration Statement No. 333-33388 of Koger Equity, Inc. on Form S-8 and Registration Statement No. 333-38712 of Koger Equity, Inc. on Form S-8.

We also are aware that the aforementioned report, pursuant to Rule 436(c) under the Securities Act of 1933, is not considered a part of the Registration Statements prepared or certified by an accountant or a report prepared or certified by an accountant within the meaning of Sections 7 and 11 of that Act.

DELOITTE & TOUCHE LLP
West Palm Beach, Florida

EXHIBIT 99

CERTIFICATE OF
PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICER

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AND PRINCIPAL FINANCIAL OFFICER

Each of the undersigned hereby certifies in his capacity as an officer of Koger Equity, Inc. (the "Company") that he has reviewed this quarterly report and, to the best of his knowledge and belief, the quarterly report of the Company on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2003 fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, that the quarterly report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary in order to make the report not misleading, and that the information contained in such report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition of the Company at the end of such period and the results of operations and cash flows of the Company for such period.

Dated: August 8, 2003

/s/ Thomas J. Crocker

Thomas J. Crocker
Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)
Koger Equity, Inc.

Dated: August 8, 2003

/s/ Steven A. Abney

Steven A. Abney
Vice President, Finance and Chief
Accounting Officer
(Principal Financial Officer)
Koger Equity, Inc.