

ISCO INTERNATIONAL INC  
Form 10-Q  
August 15, 2005  
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## SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

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### Form 10-Q

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(Mark One)

**QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934.**

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2005.

**TRANSITION REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934.**

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Commission file number 000-22302

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## ISCO INTERNATIONAL, INC.

(Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

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Delaware  
(State or Other Jurisdiction of

36-3688459  
(I.R.S. Employer

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Incorporation or Organization)

Identification No.)

1001 Cambridge Drive, Elk Grove Village, Illinois  
(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

60007  
(Zip Code)

Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code (847) 391-9400

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Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  No

Indicated by check mark whether the registrant is an accelerated filer (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes  No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

<u>Class</u>	<u>Outstanding at August 3, 2005</u>
Common Stock, par value \$0.001 per share	183,018,703
Preferred Stock Purchase Rights	

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**Table of Contents****PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION****Item 1. Financial Statements.****ISCO INTERNATIONAL, INC.****CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS**

	<b>June 30,</b>	<b>December 31,</b>
	<b>2005</b>	<b>2004</b>
	<u>(unaudited)</u>	
<b>Assets:</b>		
Current Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 713,081	\$ 402,391
Inventories	1,798,328	969,048
Accounts receivable, net	491,842	122,460
Prepaid expenses and other	68,804	594,488
	<u>3,072,055</u>	<u>2,088,387</u>
Total current assets	3,072,055	2,088,387
Property and equipment:		
Property and equipment	876,667	824,238
Less: accumulated depreciation and amortization	(680,386)	(638,968)
	<u>196,281</u>	<u>185,270</u>
Net property and equipment	196,281	185,270
Restricted certificates of deposit	291,027	291,027
Goodwill	13,370,000	13,370,000
Intangible assets, net	848,481	1,051,320
	<u>17,777,844</u>	<u>16,986,004</u>
Total assets	\$ 17,777,844	\$ 16,986,004
<b>Liabilities and Stockholders Equity:</b>		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 65,226	\$ 202,613
Employee-related accrued liabilities	200,418	112,393
Accrued professional services	357,565	431,491
Other accrued liabilities	334,610	348,964
	<u>957,819</u>	<u>1,095,461</u>
Total current liabilities	957,819	1,095,461
Notes and related accrued interest with related parties	10,129,368	8,642,908
Stockholders equity:		
Preferred stock; 300,000 shares authorized; No shares issued and outstanding at June 30, 2005 and December 31, 2004		
Common stock (\$.001 par value); 250,000,000 shares authorized; 162,918,703 and 161,213,703 shares issued and outstanding at June 30, 2005 and December 31, 2004, respectively		
	162,919	161,214
Additional paid-in capital (net of unearned compensation)	164,883,885	164,149,827

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Accumulated deficit	(158,356,147)	(157,063,406)
Total stockholders' equity	6,690,657	7,247,635
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 17,777,844	\$ 16,986,004

NOTE: The condensed consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2004 has been derived from the audited financial statements for that date, but does not include all of the information and accompanying notes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for complete financial statements.

See the accompanying Notes which are an integral part of the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

**Table of Contents****ISCO INTERNATIONAL, INC.****CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS****(UNAUDITED)**

	<b>Three Months Ended</b>		<b>Six Months Ended</b>	
	<b>June 30,</b>		<b>June 30,</b>	
	<b>2005</b>	<b>2004</b>	<b>2005</b>	<b>2004</b>
Net sales	\$ 2,484,159	\$ 843,300	\$ 5,777,280	\$ 1,265,250
Costs and expenses:				
Cost of sales	1,194,403	458,547	3,115,682	767,142
Research and development	554,649	207,257	901,160	441,246
Selling and marketing	445,479	250,212	811,871	473,751
General and administrative	911,901	1,084,370	1,763,301	2,317,920
Total costs and expenses	3,106,432	2,000,386	6,592,014	4,000,059
Operating loss	(622,273)	(1,157,086)	(814,734)	(2,734,809)
Other income (expense):				
Interest income	4,460	1,416	8,454	3,223
Non-cash interest expense				(250,297)
Other interest expense	(193,375)	(131,445)	(486,461)	(262,890)
	(188,915)	(130,029)	(478,007)	(509,964)
Net loss	\$ (811,188)	\$ (1,287,115)	\$ (1,292,741)	\$ (3,244,773)
Basic and diluted loss per share	\$ (0.00)	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.02)
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding	162,491,230	160,424,606	161,535,245	157,198,407

See the accompanying Notes which are an integral part of the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

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## ISCO INTERNATIONAL, INC.

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY

Six Months ended June 30, 2005

(UNAUDITED)

	Common Stock		Additional Paid-In Capital	Accumulated Deficit	Total
	Number of Shares	Amount			
Balance at December 31, 2004	161,213,703	\$ 161,214	\$ 164,149,827	\$ (157,063,406)	\$ 7,247,635
Exercise of Stock Options	1,705,000	1,705	225,745		227,450
Compensation Expense for Discount on Employee Stock Options / Variable Accounting for Stock Options			508,313		508,313
Net Loss				(1,292,741)	(1,292,741)
Balance at June 30, 2005	162,918,703	\$ 162,919	\$ 164,883,885	\$ (158,356,147)	\$ 6,690,657

See the accompanying Notes which are an integral part of the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

**Table of Contents****ISCO INTERNATIONAL, INC.****CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS****(UNAUDITED)**

	<b>Six Months Ended</b>	
	<b>June 30,</b>	
	<b>2005</b>	<b>2004</b>
<b>Operating Activities:</b>		
Net loss	\$ (1,292,741)	\$ (3,244,773)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization, excluding goodwill	70,134	420,425
Patent-related charge	199,819	
Non-cash warrant expense		250,297
Non-cash compensation expense	508,313	312,628
Changes in operating assets and liabilities	(324,160)	223,906
<b>Net cash used in operating activities</b>	<b>(838,635)</b>	<b>(2,037,517)</b>
<b>Investing Activities:</b>		
Payment of patent costs	(25,696)	(27,936)
Acquisition of property and equipment, net	(52,429)	(20,740)
<b>Net cash used in investing activities</b>	<b>(78,125)</b>	<b>(48,676)</b>
<b>Financing Activities:</b>		
Exercise of warrants		2,000,000
Proceeds from credit line	1,000,000	
Exercise of stock options	227,450	41,816
<b>Net cash provided by financing activities</b>	<b>1,227,450</b>	<b>2,041,816</b>
Increase/(Decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	310,690	(44,377)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	402,391	346,409
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at end of period</b>	<b>\$ 713,081</b>	<b>\$ 302,032</b>

See the accompanying Notes which are an integral part of the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.



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**ISCO INTERNATIONAL, INC.**

**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**(UNAUDITED)**

**Note 1 - Basis of Presentation**

The condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of ISCO International, Inc. and its wholly owned subsidiaries, Spectral Solutions, Inc. and Illinois Superconductor Canada Corporation (collectively referred to as the Company). All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared by the Company in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (US GAAP) for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and notes required by US GAAP for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair presentation of results for the interim periods have been included. These financial statements and notes included herein should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited financial statements and notes for the year ended December 31, 2004 included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K/A filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The results of operations for the interim periods presented are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for any subsequent quarter or for the entire year ending December 31, 2005. For further information, refer to the financial statements, including the notes thereto, included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K/A for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2004.

**Recent Accounting Pronouncements**

In November 2004, the FASB issued SFAS No. 151, *Inventory Costs* an amendment of ARB No. 43, Chapter 4. This statement amends the guidance in Accounting Research Bulletin (ARB) No. 43, Chapter 4, *Inventory Pricing*, to clarify the accounting for abnormal amounts of idle facility expense, freight, handling costs and wasted material (spoilage) and requires that those items be recognized as current-period charges regardless of whether they meet the criterion of so abnormal. The statement also requires that allocation of fixed production overheads to the costs of conversion be based on the normal capacity of the production facilities. The provisions of this statement are effective for inventory costs incurred during fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2005 (as of January 1, 2006 for the Company) and are to be applied prospectively. The Company does not expect adoption of SFAS No. 151 to have a material effect on its results of operations or financial position.

In December 2004, the FASB issued SFAS No. 123 (revised 2004), *Share-Based Payment* (SFAS No. 123R). This statement requires that the compensation cost relating to share-based payment transactions be recognized in the financial statements. Compensation cost is to be measured based on the estimated fair value of the equity-based compensation awards issued as of the grant date. The related compensation expense will be based on the estimated number of awards expected to vest and will be recognized over the requisite service period (often the vesting period) for each grant. The statement requires the use of assumptions and judgments about future events and some of the inputs to the valuation models will require considerable judgment by management.

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SFAS No. 123(R) replaces FASB Statement No. 123 (SFAS No. 123), Accounting for Share-Based Compensation, and supersedes APB Opinion No. 25, Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees. The provisions of SFAS No. 123(R) are required to be applied by public companies that do not file as small business issuers, as of the first interim or annual reporting period that begins after June 15, 2005, and all other public companies as of the first interim or annual reporting period that begins after December 15, 2005. On April 14, 2005, the Securities and Exchange Commission ( SEC ) adopted a new rule amending the effective date for Statement 123(R). The amended rule allows registrants to implement Statement 123(R) as of the first annual period beginning after June 15, 2005, which is January 1, 2006 for the Company.

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The Company intends to continue applying APB Opinion No. 25 to equity-based compensation awards until the effective date of SFAS No. 123(R). At the effective date of SFAS No. 123(R), the Company expects to use the modified prospective application transition method without restatement of prior interim periods in the year of adoption. This will result in the Company recognizing compensation cost based on the requirements of SFAS No. 123(R) for all equity-based compensation awards issued after the effective date of this statement with respect to the Company. For all equity-based compensation awards that are unvested as of that date, compensation cost will be recognized for the unamortized portion of compensation cost not previously included in the SFAS No. 123 pro forma footnote disclosure. The Company is currently evaluating the impact that adoption of SFAS No. 123(R) may have on its results of operations or financial position and expects that the adoption may or may not have a material effect on the Company's results of operations depending on the level and form of future equity-based compensation awards issued.

The Company has a stock-based employee compensation plan, which is more fully described in Note 5. The Company accounts for its stock-based compensation plan under Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ( SFAS ) No. 123, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation, as amended by SFAS No. 148, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation-Transition and Disclosure, which allows companies to apply the provisions of Accounting Principles Board ( APB ) Opinion No. 25, Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees, and provide pro forma net income and net income per share disclosures for employee stock option grants as if the fair value method defined in SFAS No. 123 had been applied. The Company applies the intrinsic value method for accounting for stock-based compensation as outlined in APB Opinion No. 25.

Stock expense for the three-month and six-month periods ending June 30, 2005 and 2004, respectively, includes the result of options issued with an exercise price below the underlying stock's market price. The following table illustrates the effect on net income and earnings per share if the Company had applied the fair value recognition provisions of FASB Statement 123, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation as amended by SFAS No. 148, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation Transition and Disclosure an amendment of FASB Statement No. 123, using the assumptions described in Note 5, to its stock-based employee plans:

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	June 30,		June 30,	
	2005	2004	2005	2004
Net loss, as reported	\$ 811	\$ 1,287	\$ 1,293	\$ 3,245
Add: Stock-based employee compensation expense included in reported net loss, net of related tax effects	256	264	508	313
Less: Total stock-based employee compensation determined under fair value based method for awards granted, modified, or settled, net of related tax effects	415	385	800	528
Pro forma net loss	\$ 970	\$ 1,408	\$ 1,585	\$ 3,460
Loss per share:				
Basic as reported	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.01	\$ 0.01	\$ 0.02
Basic pro forma	\$ 0.01	\$ 0.01	\$ 0.01	\$ 0.02
Diluted as reported	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.01	\$ 0.01	\$ 0.02
Diluted pro forma	\$ 0.01	\$ 0.01	\$ 0.01	\$ 0.02

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**Note 2. Realization of Assets**

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, which contemplate continuation of the Company as a going concern. However, the Company has sustained substantial losses from operations in recent years, and such losses have continued through the (unaudited) quarter ended June 30, 2005. In addition, the Company has used, rather than provided, cash in its operations.

In view of the matters described in the preceding paragraph, recoverability of a major portion of the recorded asset amounts shown in the accompanying balance sheet is dependent upon continued operations of the Company, which in turn is dependent upon the Company's ability to meet its operational and financing requirements on a continuing basis, to maintain present financing, and to succeed in its future operations. The financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of recorded asset amounts or amounts and classification of liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue in existence.

The Company has incurred, and continues to incur, losses from operations. For the years ended December 31, 2004, 2003, and 2002, the Company incurred net losses of \$7 million, \$7.2 million, and \$13 million, respectively. Although financial performance has improved considerably, the Company incurred an additional net loss of \$1.3 million during the first six months of 2005. Since 2002 the Company implemented strategies to reduce its cash used in operating activities. The Company's strategy included the consolidation of its manufacturing and research and development facilities and a targeted reduction of the employee workforce, increasing the efficiency of the Company's processes, focusing development efforts on products with a greater probability of commercial sales, reducing professional fees and discretionary expenditures, and negotiating favorable payment arrangements with suppliers and service providers. More importantly, the Company configured itself along an outsourcing model, thus allowing for relatively large, efficient production without the associated overhead. The combination of these factors has been highly effective in bringing the Company closer to profitability (from a net loss as high as \$28 million during 2001) while enabling it to deliver significant quantities of solutions.

To date, the Company has financed its operations primarily through public and private equity and debt financings. As described more fully in subsequent footnotes, the Company completed a financing transaction with its two largest shareholders (including their affiliates) on August 2, 2005. These entities, including affiliates, are also the Company's lenders, who hold a total of \$10.1 million in principal and interest due described below in Note 6. In exchange for 20 million shares of common stock, the Company received \$4.4 million in cash. In addition, the \$10.1 million in debt, including accrued interest, which was due April 2006, has been extended to August 1, 2007. Finally, the lenders agreed to waive their right to be repaid with new financing proceeds, allowing the Company to utilize the funds for product development or for general working capital purposes. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 16(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, these entities also remitted approximately \$0.6 million in profits from sales of Company common stock during the six months preceding this financing.

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The Company believes that it has sufficient funds to operate its business as identified herein and to meet its obligations well into 2006. The Company intends to continue to review available alternatives in the marketplace as it seeks to augment and/or replace its existing capital position through other sources of capital, whether debt, equity, or hybrid.

**Note 3 - Net Loss Per Share**

Basic and diluted net loss per share is computed based on the weighted average number of common shares outstanding. Common shares issuable upon the exercise of options are not included in the per share calculations since the effect of their inclusion would be antidilutive.

**Note 4 - Inventories**

Inventories consisted of the following:

	<b>June 30, 2005</b>	<b>December 31, 2004</b>
Raw materials	\$ 368,000	\$ 268,000
Work in process	501,000	150,000
Finished product	929,000	551,000
	<b>\$ 1,798,000</b>	<b>\$ 969,000</b>

Cost of product sales for the six months ending June 30, 2005, and the twelve months ending December 31, 2004, include approximately \$0 and \$57,000, respectively, of costs in excess of the net realizable value of inventory (including obsolete materials).

**Note 5 - Stock Options and Equity Transactions**

On August 19, 1993, the Board of Directors adopted the 1993 Stock Option Plan for employees, consultants, and directors who are not also employees of the Company (outside directors). This plan reached its ten-year expiration during 2003. During the 2003 annual meeting of shareholders, the Company's shareholders approved a new 2003 Equity Incentive Plan to take the place of the expiring 1993 plan. Unissued options from the 1993 plan were used to fund the 2003 plan. The maximum number of shares issuable under these plans was 14,011,468. These Plans are collectively referred to as the Plan.

For employees and consultants, the Plan provides for granting of Incentive Stock Options (ISOs) and Nonstatutory Stock Options (NSOs). In the case of ISOs, the exercise price shall not be less than 100% (110% in certain cases) of the fair value of the Company's common stock, as determined by the Compensation Committee or full Board as appropriate (the Committee), on the date of grant. In the case of NSOs, the exercise price shall be determined by the Committee, on the date of grant. The term of options granted to employees and consultants will be for a period

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not to exceed 10 years (five years in certain cases). Options granted under the Plan default to vest over a four-year period (one-fourth of options granted vest after one year from the grant date and the remaining options vest ratably each month thereafter), but the vesting period is determined by the Committee and may differ from the default period. In addition, the Committee may authorize option grants with vesting provisions that are not based solely on employees' rendering of additional service to the Company.

For outside directors, the Plan provides that each outside director will be automatically granted NSOs on the date of their initial election to the Board of Directors. On the date of the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Company, each outside director who is elected, reelected, or continues to serve as a director, shall be granted additional NSOs, except for those outside directors who are first elected to the Board of Directors at the meeting or three months prior. Generally, these options vest ratably over a period of one year based on the date of grant, and expire after ten years from the grant date.

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On May 10, 1999, the Board of Directors granted to each employee of the Company (other than the executive officers of the Company) (collectively, the Non-Executive Employees ) the option to (i) reduce the exercise prices of up to a maximum of 15,000 of the unexercised stock options previously granted to such Non-Executive Employee under the Plan to \$.5625 per share (the closing price of the Company's Common Stock on May 10, 1999) and (ii) cause all of such stock options not otherwise scheduled to become fully vested on or before May 10, 2000 to become fully vested on such date. As a result thereof, an aggregate of 279,550 stock options previously granted under the Plan were amended as described in the preceding sentence. In addition, on May 10, 1999 the Board of Directors granted to the executive officers and certain Non-Executive Employees of the Company additional non-statutory stock options to purchase an aggregate of 343,575 shares of the Company's Common Stock under the Plan. Such stock options became fully vested on the first anniversary of the date of grant, with exercise prices of \$.5625 per share and expire 10 years from the date of grant.

On July 1, 2000, Financial Accounting Standards Board Interpretation No. 44, Accounting for Certain Transactions Involving Stock Compensation, an interpretation of APB Opinion No. 25 ( FIN 44 ) was adopted by the Company. FIN 44 requires that stock options that have been modified to reduce the exercise price be subject to variable accounting. The Company accounts for employee stock options under APB Opinion No. 25 and non-employee stock options under Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123, Accounting for Stock Based Compensation ( SFAS No. 123 ).

On May 10, 1999, as described above, the Company re-priced certain stock options granted to employees and in accordance with US GAAP, at that time, the Company accounted for the re-priced stock options as fixed . As a result of adopting FIN 44, the Company is required to apply variable accounting to these options. If the market price of the Company's common stock increases above the July 1, 2000 market price, the Company will have to recognize additional compensation expense equal to the increase in stock price multiplied by the number of re-priced options. No additional expense will be recognized if the stock does not exceed the July 1, 2000 value. However, the impact cannot be determined as it is dependent on the change in the market price of the common stock from July 1, 2000 until the stock options are exercised, forfeited, or expire unexercised. Because the stock price on June 30, 2005 was below that of July 1, 2000, no expense has been recognized during the period.

On February 5, 2001, the Company's Board of Directors authorized the re-pricing of certain out of the money stock options granted to employees during the calendar year of 2000 to the closing share price on such date, or \$1.9375 per share. This re-pricing causes these options to be subject to variable accounting as described in FIN 44. Because the stock price on June 30, 2005, was lower than the re-priced strike price no gain or loss was recognized during the period.

On April 1, 2002, the Company's Board of Directors authorized the re-pricing of certain out of the money stock options granted to employees. A new strike price of \$0.81 per share was established, provided the respective employees remain with the Company for at least six months following the re-pricing date. In addition, certain stock options granted to directors were repriced, with a new strike price of \$1.00 per share. As the stock price on June 30, 2005, was lower than the re-priced strike price no gain or loss was recognized during the period.

On October 31, 2003, the Company's Board of Directors authorized the re-pricing of certain out of the money stock options granted to directors. A new strike price of \$0.24 per share was established. Non-cash charge reversals of (\$21,000) and (\$42,000) were recognized during the three month and six month periods ending June 30, 2005, respectively, to reflect the \$0.26 closing price of the Company's common stock on June 30, 2005.

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On January 2, 2003, the Company's Board of Directors granted 2,800,000 new stock options to six of the Company's employees, including officers. 950,000 of these options vested immediately, while the remaining 1,850,000 vested monthly in 12 installments. All of the options granted on January 2, 2003 were granted at a discount based on 25% of the average closing price of the Company's common stock as reported on the American Stock Exchange over ten trading days and ultimately valued at a \$0.22 discount to the closing price of the Company's common stock as of the date of the grant. During July 2003, the Board of Directors cancelled approximately 2.8 million outstanding options held by certain Company employees, including officers. During January 2004, a total of 3.7 million options were granted to the employees of the Company, including officers, at a similar 25% discount. Such options vested for 1 or 2 years.

Charges of \$276,000 and \$565,000 were recognized during the three month and six month periods ending June 30, 2005, respectively, to recognize the value of the discounts above. Additionally, certain of these 2003 options were deemed to be properly accounted for using variable accounting. Despite the period of time involved, the Company determined that the lesser of those options granted or cancelled should receive variable accounting treatment as if the former option terms were adjusted prospectively. As such, a charge reversal of (\$16,000) was recognized during the first quarter 2005 to reflect the \$0.31 closing price of the Company's common stock as of March 31, 2005. No charge or charge reversal was recognized during the second quarter 2005.

During 2004, in addition to the disclosure above, the Company's Board of Directors granted 854,000 stock options to the Company's employees and non-employee Board members. These grants were issued at the closing market price on the date of grant.

During the first six months of 2005, the Company's Board of Directors granted 1,480,000 stock options to the Company's employees, and an additional 1,550,000 stock options to the Company's chief executive officer that may vest as a result of certain performance objectives being met. All of these grants were issued at the closing market price on the date of grant.

On August 2, 2005, as a subsequent event, the Company completed a financing transaction with its two largest shareholders (including their affiliates). These entities, including affiliates, are also the Company's lenders, who hold a total of \$10.1 million in principal and interest due as described below in Note 6. In exchange for 20 million shares of common stock, the Company received \$4.4 million in cash. In addition, the \$10.1 million in debt, including accrued interest, which was due April 2006, has been extended to August 1, 2007. Finally, the lenders agreed to waive their right to be repaid with new financing proceeds, allowing the Company to utilize the funds for product development or for general working capital purposes. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 16(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, these entities also remitted approximately \$0.6 million in profits from sales of Company common stock during the six months preceding this financing.

## **Note 6 Debt and Financial Position**

As of the reporting date, the Company has drawn \$8.5 million of debt financing under a credit line, as described below. During October 2002, the Company entered into an Uncommitted Line of Credit with its two largest shareholders, an affiliate of Elliott Associates, L.P. (Manchester Securities Corporation) and Alexander Finance, L.P. This line provided up to \$4 million to the Company. This line was uncommitted, such that each new borrowing under the facility would be subject to the approval of the lenders. Borrowings on this line bore an interest rate of 9.5% and collateralized by all the assets of the Company. Outstanding loans under this agreement would be required to be repaid on a priority basis should the Company receive new funding from other sources. Additionally, the lenders were entitled to receive warrants to the extent funds were drawn down on the line. The warrants bore a strike price of \$0.20 per share of common stock and were to expire on April 15, 2004. The credit line was to mature and be due, including accrued interest thereon, on March 31, 2004. Due to an agreement between the parties no warrants were issued with subsequent borrowings. During February 2004, the warrant holders exercised all of their warrants, contributing \$2 million to the Company in exchange for 10 million shares of common stock.





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According to existing accounting pronouncements and SEC guidelines, the Company allocated the proceeds of these borrowings between their debt and equity components. As a result of these borrowings during 2002, the Company recorded a non-cash charge of \$1.2 million through the outstanding term of the warrants (April, 2004). \$250,000 and \$862,000 of that amount were recorded during 2004 and 2003, respectively. These warrants were valued at \$1.2 million of the \$2 million debt instrument based on a Black-Scholes valuation that included the difference between the value of the Company's common stock and the exercise price of the warrants on the date of each warrant issuance and a 30% discounted face value of the notes, leaving the remaining \$0.8 million as the underlying value of the debt. This \$1.2 million was amortized over the vesting period of the warrants (six quarters from the fourth quarter 2002 through the first quarter 2004).

During October 2003, the Company entered into an agreement with its lenders to supplement the credit line with an additional \$2 million, \$1 million of which was drawn immediately and \$1 million subsequently drawn upon the Company's request and subject to the approval of the lenders. This supplemental facility bore a 14% rate of interest and was due October 31, 2004. The term of the previous credit line was not affected by this supplement, and as such the \$4 million borrowed under that line, plus accrued interest, remained due March 31, 2004.

During February 2004, these credit lines were extended to a due date of April 2005, with interest after the initial periods to be charged at 14%. No warrants or other inducements were issued with respect to these extensions. Additionally, lenders exercised their 10 million warrants during February 2004, agreeing to let the Company use the funds for general purposes as opposed to repaying debt.

During July 2004, the Company and its lenders agreed to increase the aggregate loan commitments under the credit line from \$6,000,000 to \$6,500,000. Simultaneously, the Company drew the remaining \$1,500,000 of the financing.

During November 2004, the Company and its lenders agreed to increase the line of credit to up to an additional \$2 million to an aggregate loan commitment of \$8,500,000, \$1 million of which was drawn immediately by the Company with the remaining \$1 million available to be drawn upon the Company's request and subject to the approval of the lenders, which occurred during January 2005.

During February 2005, the consolidated credit line was extended until April 1, 2006. Interest during the extension period is to be charged at 9%. No warrants or other inducements were issued with respect to this extension.

On August 2, 2005, the Company and its lenders agreed to extend the due date from April 2006 until August 2007. No warrants or other inducements were issued as a result of this transaction, which was a part of the financing described previously. The other terms of the credit line were unchanged as a result of this transaction. As of June 30, 2005, the outstanding principal and interest under the loans equaled \$10.1 million.

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### **Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Conditions and Results of Operations.**

#### **General**

The following is a discussion and analysis of the historical results of operations and financial condition of the Company and factors affecting the Company's financial resources. This discussion should be read in conjunction with the financial statements, including the notes thereto, set forth herein under Part I. - Financial Information and Item 1. Financial Statements and in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K/A for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2004. This discussion contains forward-looking statements which involve certain risks, uncertainties and contingencies which could cause the Company's actual results, performance or achievements to differ materially from those expressed, or implied, by such forward-looking statements. Such factors include those described in Risk Factors included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K/A. The forward-looking statements included in this report may prove to be inaccurate. In light of the significant uncertainties inherent in these forward-looking statements, you should not consider this information to be a guarantee by the Company or any other person that our objectives and plans will be achieved.

The Company develops and sells solutions designed to optimize the RF (Radio Frequency) link within wireless networks. RF link, or Radio link, is the signal between the mobile device (e.g., mobile phone) and the base station ( Link ). Reverse link is the signal from the mobile device to the base station. Forward link is the signal from the base station to the mobile device. The Company's array of solutions includes its ANF product line (adaptive notch filter, ANF); the RF<sup>2</sup> product family (radio link radio frequency fidelity, RF<sup>2</sup>), services and other solutions, all focused on optimizing RF handling in order to improve system performance and integrate disparate technologies as required by operators.

The continuing development and expansion in sales of the Company's RF product lines, as well as any potential defense of its intellectual property or product line development or expansion, may require a commitment of funds. The actual amount of the Company's future funding requirements will depend on many factors, including: the amount and timing of future revenues, the level of product marketing and sales efforts to support the Company's commercialization plans, the magnitude of its research and product development programs, the ability of the Company to improve or maintain product margins, and the cost of protecting the Company's patents or other intellectual property.

The Company was founded in 1989 by ARCH Development Corporation, an affiliate of the University of Chicago, to commercialize superconductor technologies initially developed by Argonne National Laboratory. The Company was incorporated in Illinois on October 18, 1989 and reincorporated in Delaware on September 24, 1993. Its facilities and principal executive offices are located at 1001 Cambridge Drive, Elk Grove Village, IL 60007 and telephone number is (847) 391-9400.

#### **Overview**

The Company has shifted from manufacturing in-house to an outsourced manufacturing model wherein the Company supplies raw materials to external parties and products are then completed. This system allows for the Company to outsource procurement in the future if it chooses to do so. Manufacturing partners then produce to specification with Company personnel on hand to assist with quality control. The Company's products are designed for efficient production in this manner, emphasizing solid-state electronics over mechanical devices with moving parts. The decrease in cost associated with these developments, coupled with enhanced product functionality, has allowed the Company to realize improved margins and significantly reduced overhead costs. Extensions of developed technology, based on substantial input from customers, have allowed the Company to launch the RF<sup>2</sup> product family and consider additional solutions while controlling total R&D cost.



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During the first quarter of 2005, the patent litigation appeal process concluded, the Company appointed John Thode President and CEO of the Company, and business activity increased overall from prior years as seen in increased revenues, product shipments, and the Company's expanded portfolio of RF solutions. In the second quarter of 2005, the Company focused on new product development and release, the pursuit of new customers, and continued progress relative to prior years, although not to the magnitude of the first quarter 2005. The wireless telecommunications industry continues to promote data services and consolidate with an increased requirement for disparate technologies to co-exist. The Company looks to take advantage of these trends with its RF management products. Despite these improvements, the wireless telecommunications industry is subject to risks beyond the Company's control that can negatively impact customer capital spending budgets and/or spending patterns which affects both the timing and magnitude of revenue and the volatility of order backlog, including the relatively small backlog at the end of the second quarter. For these and other reasons, the Company's financial statements have been prepared assuming the Company will continue as a going concern (see Note 2). Please note the subsequent financing event that occurred on August 2, 2005 as described in the Liquidity section below.

## **Results of Operations**

### *Three Months Ended June 30, 2005 and 2004*

The Company's net sales increased \$1,641,000, or 195%, to \$2,484,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2005 from \$843,000 for the same period in 2004. This increase was due to the expansion of the RF<sup>2</sup> product family and related revenues, as well as the shipment of more ANF products during the second quarter of 2005 relative to the second quarter of 2004. The Company anticipates its unit volume and related revenue to increase during the third quarter of 2005 as compared to the third quarter of 2004 due to existing and/or anticipated customer orders. The Company's order backlog entering the third quarter is minimal, but the Company is pursuing more than \$4 million in potential revenue.

Cost of sales increased by \$735,000, or 160%, to \$1,194,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2005 from \$459,000 for the same period in 2004. The increase in cost of sales was due to the increase in sales volume partially offset by the more efficient allocation of fixed expenses and other efficiencies.

The Company's research and development ( R&D ) expenses increased by \$348,000, or 168%, to \$555,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2005, from \$207,000 for the same period in 2004. The Company expensed \$200,000 of capitalized patent-related charges during the second quarter 2005, as it deemed such items to be unlikely to generate significant future revenues. The Company added a significant number of products to its RF<sup>2</sup> product family during 2005, including a PCS spectrum portfolio. The Company expects to continue to invest more in R&D than during 2004 as it expands both its existing product families and develops two new product lines that would be applicable beyond wireless cellular telecommunications.

Selling and marketing expenses increased by \$195,000, or 78%, to \$445,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2005, from \$250,000 for the same period in 2004. The Company has continued to add personnel in this area as it pursues larger business opportunities and additional customers, and thus expects to continue to incur at least this level of selling and marketing expenses in future periods.

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General and administrative expenses decreased by \$172,000, or 16%, to \$912,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2005, from \$1,084,000 for the same period in 2004. This decrease was attributable to an overall decrease in legal expenses related to the conclusion of patent litigation, the reduction in facility costs, and other cost control measures.

### *Six Months Ended June 30, 2005 and 2004*

The Company's net sales increased \$4,512,000, or 357%, to \$5,777,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2005 from \$1,265,000 for the same period in 2004. This increase was due primarily to the expansion of the RF<sup>2</sup> product family and related revenues, particularly from data network deployments. An incremental improvement was also seen from the shipment of more ANF products during the first half of 2005 relative to the first half of 2004. The Company anticipates its unit volume and related revenue to increase during the remainder of 2005 as compared to the second half of 2004, due to existing and/or anticipated customer orders. The Company's order backlog entering the third quarter is minimal, but the Company is pursuing substantial potential revenue over the second half of 2005.

Cost of sales increased by \$2,349,000, or 306%, to \$3,116,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2005 from \$767,000 for the same period in 2004. The increase in cost of sales was due to the increase in sales volume offset by the more efficient allocation of fixed expenses and other efficiencies.

The Company's R&D expenses increased by \$460,000, or 104%, to \$901,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2005, from \$441,000 for the same period in 2004. The Company expensed \$200,000 of capitalized patent-related charges during the second quarter 2005, as it deemed such items to be unlikely to generate significant future revenues. The Company added a significant number of products to its RF<sup>2</sup> product family during 2005, including a multicoupler solution and a PCS spectrum portfolio. The Company expects to continue to invest more in R&D than during 2004 as it expands both its existing product families and develops two new product lines that would be applicable beyond wireless cellular telecommunications.

Selling and marketing expenses increased by \$338,000, or 71%, to \$812,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2005, from \$474,000 for the same period in 2004. The Company has continued to add personnel in this area as it pursues larger business opportunities and additional customers, and thus expects to continue to incur a higher level of selling and marketing expenses in future periods.

General and administrative expenses decreased by \$555,000, or 24%, to \$1,763,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2005, from \$2,318,000 for the same period in 2004. This decrease was attributable to an overall decrease in legal expenses related to the conclusion of patent litigation, the reduction in facility costs, and other cost control measures.

## **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

At June 30, 2005, the Company's cash and cash equivalents were \$713,000, an increase of \$311,000 from the balance at December 31, 2004 of \$402,000.

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During the second quarter 2005, the Company realized cash from the reduction in its period-end receivables balance, offset by an increase in inventory levels. The difference was roughly the same as the sum of the increase in net cash and the cash flow for the period.

The continuing development and expansion of sales of the Company's RF management solutions product lines will require a commitment of additional funds (see following paragraph). The actual amount of the Company's future funding requirements will depend on many factors, including: the amount and timing of future revenues, the level of product marketing and sales efforts to support the Company's commercialization plans, the magnitude of the Company's research and product development programs, the ability of the Company to improve product margins, and the costs involved in protecting the Company's patents or other intellectual property.

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The Company completed a financing transaction with its two largest shareholders (including their affiliates) on August 2, 2005. These entities, including affiliates, are also the Company's lenders, who hold a total of \$10.1 million in principal and interest due. In exchange for 20 million shares of common stock, the Company received \$4.4 million in cash. In addition, the \$10.1 million in debt, including accrued interest, which was due April 2006, has been extended to August 1, 2007. Finally, the lenders agreed to waive their right to be repaid with new financing proceeds, allowing the Company to utilize the funds for product development or for general working capital purposes. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 16(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, these entities also remitted approximately \$0.6 million in profits from sales of Company common stock during the six months preceding this financing.

As of the date of this filing, the Company believes that it has sufficient funds to operate its business as identified herein without the need for substantial future capital sources well into 2006 (see Note 2). The Company intends to look into augmenting its existing capital position potentially through other sources of capital. For example, the Company regularly reviews the capital markets for appropriate debt, equity and hybrid instruments in search of both adequate operating capital and the best available capital structure.

### **Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.**

The Company does not have any material market risk sensitive instruments.

### **Item 4. Controls and Procedures.**

- (a) An evaluation was performed under the supervision and with the participation of the Company's management, including its Chief Executive Officer, or CEO, and Chief Financial Officer, or CFO, of the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures, as such term is defined under Rule 13a-15(e) promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act) as of June 30, 2005. Based on that evaluation, the Company's management, including the CEO and CFO, concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures are effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Company in reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act, is recorded, processed, summarized and reported as specified in Securities and Exchange Commission rules and forms.
- (b) There were no significant changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting identified in connection with the evaluation of such controls that occurred during the Company's most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

## **PART II. OTHER INFORMATION**

### **Item 1. Legal Proceedings.**

The Company is not a party to any current or pending litigation.

### **Item 5. Other Information.**



None.

**Item 6. Exhibits.**

Exhibits: A list of exhibits is set forth in the Exhibit Index found on page 17 of this Report.

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**Signatures**

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized on the 15<sup>th</sup> day of August 2005.

**ISCO International, Inc.**

By: /s/ John Thode

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Mr. John Thode  
President and Chief Executive Officer (Principal  
Executive Officer)

By: /s/ Frank Cesario

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Frank Cesario  
Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial and  
Accounting Officer)

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**EXHIBIT INDEX**

<b>Exhibit Number</b>	<b>Description of Exhibit</b>
31.1	Certification by Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a), as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
31.2	Certification by Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a), as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.1	Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.