

BROWN & BROWN INC
Form 10-Q
November 09, 2011
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UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

x **QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2011

Or

.. **TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the transition period from to

Commission file number 001-13619

BROWN & BROWN, INC.

(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

Florida
(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

59-0864469
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification Number)

220 South Ridgewood Avenue,

Daytona Beach, FL
(Address of principal executive offices)

32114
(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (386) 252-9601

Registrant's Website: www.bbinsurance.com

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months, and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer, and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

The number of shares of the Registrant's common stock, \$.10 par value, outstanding as of November 1, 2011, was 143,377,168.

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Disclosure Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

Brown & Brown, Inc., together with its subsidiaries (collectively, we, Brown & Brown or the Company), make forward-looking statements within the safe harbor provision of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, as amended, throughout this report and in the documents we incorporate by reference into this report. You can identify these statements by forward-looking words such as may, will, should, expect, anticipate, believe, intend, estimate, plan and continue or similar words. We have based these statements on our current expectations about future events. Although we believe the expectations expressed in the forward-looking statements included in this Form 10-Q and the reports, statements, information and announcements incorporated by reference into this report are based on reasonable assumptions within the bounds of our knowledge of our business, a number of factors could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed in any forward-looking statements, whether oral or written, made by us or on our behalf. Many of these factors have previously been identified in filings or statements made by us or on our behalf. Important factors which could cause our actual results to differ materially from the forward-looking statements in this report include the following items, in addition to those matters described in Part I, Item 2 Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations :

Projections of revenue, income, losses, cash flows, and capital expenditures;

Future prospects;

Plans for future operations;

Expectations of the economic environment;

Material adverse changes in economic conditions in the markets we serve and in the general economy;

Future regulatory actions and conditions in the states in which we conduct our business;

Competition from others in the insurance agency, wholesale brokerage, insurance programs and service business;

The occurrence of adverse economic conditions, an adverse regulatory climate, or a disaster in California, Florida, Georgia, Indiana, Louisiana, Massachusetts, Michigan, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Texas, Virginia and Washington, because a significant portion of business written by Brown & Brown is for customers located in these states;

Premium rates and exposure units set by insurance companies which have traditionally varied and are difficult to predict;

Our ability to forecast liquidity needs through at least the end of 2011;

Our ability to renew or replace expiring leases;

Outcome of legal proceedings and governmental investigations;

Policy cancellations which can be unpredictable;

Potential changes to the tax rate that would affect the value of deferred tax assets and liabilities;

The inherent uncertainty in making estimates, judgments, and assumptions in the preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America;

The performance of acquired businesses and its effect on estimated acquisition earn-out payable;

The integration of our operations with those of businesses or assets we have acquired or may acquire in the future and the failure to realize the expected benefits of such integration;

Other risks and uncertainties as may be detailed from time to time in our public announcements and Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) filings; and

Assumptions as to any of the foregoing and all statements that are not based on historical fact but rather reflect our current expectations concerning future results and events.

Forward-looking statements that we make or that are made by others on our behalf are based on a knowledge of our business and the environment in which we operate, but because of the factors listed above, among others, actual results may differ from those in the forward-looking statements. Consequently, these cautionary statements qualify all of the forward-looking statements we make herein. We cannot assure you that the results or developments anticipated by us will be realized or, even if substantially realized, that those results or developments will result in the expected consequences for us or affect us, our business or our operations in the way we expect. We caution readers not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which speak only as of their dates. We assume no obligation to update any of the forward-looking statements.

Table of Contents**PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION****ITEM 1 FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)****BROWN & BROWN, INC.****CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME****(UNAUDITED)**

| (in thousands, except per share data) | For the three months ended September 30, | | For the nine months ended September 30, | |
|---------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------------------|-------------------|
| | 2011 | 2010 | 2011 | 2010 |
| REVENUES | | | | |
| Commissions and fees | \$ 257,177 | \$ 246,102 | \$ 764,612 | \$ 737,829 |
| Investment income | 317 | 345 | 934 | 1,022 |
| Other income, net | 2,907 | 1,169 | 3,899 | 4,703 |
| Total revenues | 260,401 | 247,616 | 769,445 | 743,554 |
| EXPENSES | | | | |
| Employee compensation and benefits | 126,877 | 122,001 | 379,286 | 365,556 |
| Non-cash stock-based compensation | 2,856 | 1,495 | 8,338 | 5,230 |
| Other operating expenses | 38,434 | 31,301 | 109,489 | 101,256 |
| Amortization | 13,725 | 12,869 | 40,790 | 38,072 |
| Depreciation | 3,062 | 3,116 | 9,276 | 9,498 |
| Interest | 3,565 | 3,607 | 10,780 | 10,847 |
| Change in estimated acquisition earn-out payables | (810) | 193 | 656 | (1,036) |
| Total expenses | 187,709 | 174,582 | 558,615 | 529,423 |
| Income before income taxes | 72,692 | 73,034 | 210,830 | 214,131 |
| Income taxes | 28,519 | 28,741 | 83,329 | 84,525 |
| Net income | \$ 44,173 | \$ 44,293 | \$ 127,501 | \$ 129,606 |
| Net income per share: | | | | |
| Basic | \$ 0.31 | \$ 0.31 | \$ 0.89 | \$ 0.91 |
| Diluted | \$ 0.30 | \$ 0.31 | \$ 0.88 | \$ 0.90 |
| Weighted average number of shares outstanding: | | | | |
| Basic | 138,690 | 138,093 | 138,475 | 137,802 |
| Diluted | 140,443 | 139,507 | 140,120 | 139,128 |
| Dividends declared per share | \$ 0.0800 | \$ 0.0775 | \$ 0.2400 | \$ 0.2325 |

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents**BROWN & BROWN, INC.****CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS****(UNAUDITED)**

| (in thousands, except per share data) | September 30, 2011 | December 31, 2010 |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|
| ASSETS | | |
| Current Assets: | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 334,497 | \$ 272,984 |
| Restricted cash and investments | 146,033 | 123,594 |
| Short-term investments | 7,612 | 7,678 |
| Premiums, commissions and fees receivable | 212,051 | 214,446 |
| Deferred income taxes | 8,837 | 20,076 |
| Other current assets | 23,664 | 14,031 |
| Total current assets | 732,694 | 652,809 |
| Fixed assets, net | 59,807 | 59,713 |
| Goodwill | 1,268,957 | 1,194,827 |
| Amortizable intangible assets, net | 481,930 | 481,900 |
| Other assets | 17,915 | 11,565 |
| Total assets | \$ 2,561,303 | \$ 2,400,814 |
| LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY | | |
| Current Liabilities: | | |
| Premiums payable to insurance companies | \$ 325,996 | \$ 311,346 |
| Premium deposits and credits due customers | 46,440 | 28,509 |
| Accounts payable | 24,062 | 33,693 |
| Accrued expenses and other liabilities | 90,641 | 94,947 |
| Current portion of long-term debt | 1,142 | 1,662 |
| Total current liabilities | 488,281 | 470,157 |
| Long-term debt | 250,603 | 250,067 |
| Deferred income taxes, net | 167,074 | 146,482 |
| Other liabilities | 38,784 | 27,764 |
| Shareholders' Equity: | | |
| Common stock, par value \$0.10 per share; authorized 280,000 shares; issued and outstanding 143,382 at 2011 and 142,795 at 2010 | 14,338 | 14,279 |
| Additional paid-in capital | 303,966 | 286,997 |
| Retained earnings | 1,298,256 | 1,205,061 |
| Accumulated other comprehensive income, net of related income tax effect of \$0 at 2011 and \$4 at 2010 | 1 | 7 |
| Total shareholders' equity | 1,616,561 | 1,506,344 |
| Total liabilities and shareholders' equity | \$ 2,561,303 | \$ 2,400,814 |

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents**BROWN & BROWN, INC.****CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS****(UNAUDITED)**

| (in thousands) | For the nine months ended September 30, | |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|-------------------|
| | 2011 | 2010 |
| Cash flows from operating activities: | | |
| Net income | \$ 127,501 | \$ 129,606 |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities: | | |
| Amortization | 40,790 | 38,072 |
| Depreciation | 9,276 | 9,498 |
| Non-cash stock-based compensation | 8,338 | 5,230 |
| Change in estimated acquisition earn-out payables | 656 | (1,036) |
| Deferred income taxes | 30,927 | 27,087 |
| Income tax benefit from the issuance of common stock | (228) | |
| Net gain on sales of investments, fixed assets and customer accounts | (639) | (1,380) |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of effect from acquisitions and divestitures: | | |
| Restricted cash and investments (increase) | (22,439) | (6,061) |
| Premiums, commissions and fees receivable decrease (increase) | 5,427 | (13,241) |
| Other assets (increase) decrease | (9,150) | 7,399 |
| Premiums payable to insurance companies increase | 8,325 | 15,034 |
| Premium deposits and credits due customers increase | 17,669 | 19,626 |
| Accounts payable (decrease) increase | (5,157) | 3,631 |
| Accrued expenses and other liabilities (decrease) | (4,974) | (8,909) |
| Other liabilities (decrease) increase | (5,099) | 1,649 |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | 201,223 | 226,205 |
| Cash flows from investing activities: | | |
| Additions to fixed assets | (9,507) | (7,248) |
| Payments for businesses acquired, net of cash acquired | (99,060) | (119,373) |
| Proceeds from sales of fixed assets and customer accounts | 1,330 | 1,103 |
| Purchases of investments | (7,908) | (5,499) |
| Proceeds from sales of investments | 8,161 | 6,049 |
| Net cash used in investing activities | (106,984) | (124,968) |
| Cash flows from financing activities: | | |
| Payments on acquisition earn-outs | (5,267) | |
| Proceeds from long-term debt | 100,000 | |
| Payments on long-term debt | (101,843) | (17,851) |
| Income tax benefit from the issuance of common stock | 228 | 264 |
| Issuances of common stock for employee stock benefit plans | 8,633 | 10,561 |
| Repurchase of stock benefit plan shares for employees to fund tax withholdings | (171) | (1,090) |
| Cash dividends paid | (34,306) | (33,083) |
| Net cash used in financing activities | (32,726) | (41,199) |
| Net increase in cash and cash equivalents | 61,513 | 60,038 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period | 272,984 | 197,113 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of period | \$ 334,497 | \$ 257,151 |

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See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

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BROWN & BROWN, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(UNAUDITED)

NOTE 1· Nature of Operations

Brown & Brown, Inc., a Florida corporation, and its subsidiaries (collectively, Brown & Brown or the Company) is a diversified insurance agency, wholesale brokerage, insurance programs and services organization that markets and sells to its customers insurance products and services, primarily in the property and casualty arena. Brown & Brown s business is divided into four reportable segments: the Retail Division, which provides a broad range of insurance products and services to commercial, public entity, professional and individual customers; the National Programs Division, which is composed of two units Professional Programs, which provides professional liability and related package products for certain professionals delivered through nationwide networks of independent agents, and Special Programs, which markets targeted products and services designated for specific industries, trade groups, governmental entities and market niches; the Wholesale Brokerage Division, which markets and sells excess and surplus commercial insurance and reinsurance, primarily through independent agents and brokers; and the Services Division, which provides insurance-related services, including third-party claims administration and comprehensive medical utilization management services in both the workers compensation and all-lines liability arenas, Medicare Secondary Payer statute compliance-related services, and Social Security disability and Medicare benefits advocacy services.

NOTE 2· Basis of Financial Reporting

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) for interim financial information and with the instructions for Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by GAAP for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. These unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto set forth in the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010.

Results of operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2011 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2011.

NOTE 3· Net Income Per Share

Unvested share-based payment awards that contain non-forfeitable rights to dividends or dividend equivalents are deemed to be participating securities and, therefore, are included in computing earnings per share (EPS) pursuant to the two-class method. The two-class method determines EPS for each class of common stock and participating securities according to dividends or dividend equivalents and their respective participation rights in undistributed earnings. Performance stock shares granted to employees under the Company s Performance Stock Plan and the 2010 Stock Incentive Plan are considered participating securities as they receive non-forfeitable dividend equivalents at the same rate as common stock.

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Basic EPS is computed based on the weighted average number of common shares (including participating securities) issued and outstanding during the period. Diluted EPS is computed based on the weighted average of common shares issued and outstanding, plus equivalent shares assuming the exercise of stock options. The dilutive effect of stock options is computed by application of the treasury stock method. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2010, the impact of outstanding options to purchase 12,000 shares of common stock, in each period, was anti-dilutive; these shares were excluded from the calculation of diluted net income per share. For only the three months ended September 30, 2011, 12,000 shares were anti-dilutive and were excluded from the calculation of diluted net income per share. The following is a reconciliation between basic and diluted weighted average shares outstanding for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2011 and 2010:

| (in thousands, except per share data) | For the three months ended September 30, | | For the nine months ended September 30, | |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|-----------|--------------------------------------------|------------|
| | 2011 | 2010 | 2011 | 2010 |
| Net income | \$ 44,173 | \$ 44,293 | \$ 127,501 | \$ 129,606 |
| Net income attributable to unvested awarded performance stock | (1,395) | (1,361) | (3,959) | (4,050) |
| Net income attributable to common shares | \$ 42,778 | \$ 42,932 | \$ 123,542 | \$ 125,556 |
| Weighted average basic number of common shares outstanding | 143,212 | 142,472 | 142,913 | 142,247 |
| Less unvested awarded performance stock included in weighted average basic shares outstanding | (4,522) | (4,379) | (4,438) | (4,445) |
| Weighted average number of common shares outstanding for basic earnings per common share | 138,690 | 138,093 | 138,475 | 137,802 |
| Dilutive effect of stock options | 1,753 | 1,414 | 1,645 | 1,326 |
| Weighted average number of shares outstanding | 140,443 | 139,507 | 140,120 | 139,128 |
| Net income per share: | | | | |
| Basic | \$ 0.31 | \$ 0.31 | \$ 0.89 | \$ 0.91 |
| Diluted | \$ 0.30 | \$ 0.31 | \$ 0.88 | \$ 0.90 |

NOTE 4· New Accounting Pronouncements

Comprehensive Income In June 2011, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued authoritative guidance which allows an entity the option to present the total of comprehensive income, the components of net income, and the components of other comprehensive income either in a single continuous statement of comprehensive income or in two separate but consecutive statements. This authoritative guidance eliminates the option to present the components of other comprehensive income as part of the statement of changes in stockholder s equity. This authoritative guidance is to be applied retrospectively and is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2011. Except for presentation requirements, the Company does not expect the adoption of this guidance to have a material effect on its Financial Statements.

Goodwill Impairment In September 2011, the FASB issued authoritative guidance which simplifies goodwill impairment testing by allowing an entity to first assess qualitative factors to determine whether it is more likely than not that the fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying value. An entity is no longer required to determine the fair value of a reporting unit unless it is more likely than not that the fair value is less than carrying value. The guidance is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2011. Early adoption is permitted. We are evaluating the provisions of this guidance and will apply its provisions by the beginning of the first quarter 2012.

NOTE 5· Business Combinations

Acquisitions in 2011

For the nine months ended September 30, 2011, Brown & Brown acquired the assets and assumed certain liabilities of 29 insurance intermediaries, all of the stock of one insurance intermediary and several books of business (customer accounts). The aggregate purchase price of these acquisitions was \$126,462,000, including \$100,449,000 of cash payments, the issuance of notes payable of \$1,194,000, the assumption of \$9,356,000 of liabilities, and \$15,463,000 of recorded earn-out payables. All of these acquisitions were acquired primarily to expand Brown & Brown's core businesses and to attract and hire high-quality individuals. Acquisition purchase prices are typically based on a multiple of average annual operating profit earned over a one- to-three-year period, within a minimum and maximum price range. The recorded purchase prices for all acquisitions consummated after January 1, 2009 include an estimation of the fair value of liabilities associated with any potential earn-out provisions. Subsequent changes in the fair value of earn-out obligations are recorded in the consolidated statement of income when incurred.

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The fair value of earn-out obligations is based on the present value of the expected future payments to be made to the sellers of the acquired businesses in accordance with the provisions outlined in the respective purchase agreements. In determining fair value, the acquired business's future performance is estimated using financial projections developed by management and reflects market participant assumptions regarding revenue growth and/or profitability. The expected future payments are estimated on the basis of the earn-out formula and performance targets specified in each purchase agreement compared with the associated financial projections. These payments are then discounted to present value using a risk-adjusted rate that takes into consideration the likelihood that the forecasted earn-out payments will be made.

All of these acquisitions have been accounted for as business combinations and are as follows:

(in thousands)

| Name | Business Segment | 2011 Date of Acquisition | Cash Paid | Note Payable | Recorded Earn-out Payable | Net Assets Acquired | Maximum Potential Earn-out Payable |
|-----------------------------------------------------|------------------|--------------------------|------------|--------------|---------------------------|---------------------|------------------------------------|
| Balcos Insurance, Inc. | Retail | January 1 | \$ 8,611 | \$ | \$ 1,595 | \$ 10,206 | \$ 5,766 |
| Associated Insurance Service, Inc. et al. | Retail | January 1 | 12,000 | | 1,575 | 13,575 | 6,000 |
| United Benefit Services Insurance Agency LLC et al. | Retail | February 1 | 14,559 | | 3,199 | 17,758 | 9,133 |
| First Horizon Insurance Group, Inc. et al. | Retail | April 30 | 24,835 | | | 24,835 | |
| Fitzharris Agency, Inc. et al. | Retail | May 1 | 6,159 | | 888 | 7,047 | 3,832 |
| Corporate Benefit Consultants, LLC | Retail | June 1 | 9,000 | | 2,038 | 11,038 | 4,520 |
| Other | Various | Various | 25,285 | 1,194 | 6,168 | 32,647 | 12,865 |
| Total | | | \$ 100,449 | \$ 1,194 | \$ 15,463 | \$ 117,106 | \$ 42,116 |

The following table summarizes the estimated fair values of the aggregate assets and liabilities acquired as of the date of each acquisition:

| (in thousands) | Balcos | AIS | United | FHI | FA | CBC | Other | Total |
|-----------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|----------|-----------|-----------|------------|
| Cash | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ 5,170 | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ 5,170 |
| Other current assets | 187 | 252 | 438 | 1,415 | 77 | | 879 | 3,248 |
| Fixed assets | 20 | 100 | 20 | 134 | 60 | 6 | 65 | 405 |
| Goodwill | 6,486 | 9,055 | 10,501 | 14,701 | 7,244 | 6,965 | 18,624 | 73,576 |
| Purchased customer accounts | 3,530 | 4,086 | 6,787 | 8,094 | 3,351 | 4,046 | 13,746 | 43,640 |
| Non-compete agreements | 42 | 92 | 45 | 10 | 21 | 21 | 177 | 408 |
| Other assets | | | 4 | 9 | | | 2 | 15 |
| Total assets acquired | 10,265 | 13,585 | 17,795 | 29,533 | 10,753 | 11,038 | 33,493 | 126,462 |
| Other current liabilities | (59) | (10) | (37) | (3,790) | (3,706) | | (846) | (8,448) |
| Deferred income taxes, net | | | | (908) | | | | (908) |
| Total liabilities assumed | (59) | (10) | (37) | (4,698) | (3,706) | | (846) | (9,356) |
| Net assets acquired | \$ 10,206 | \$ 13,575 | \$ 17,758 | \$ 24,835 | \$ 7,047 | \$ 11,038 | \$ 32,647 | \$ 117,106 |

The weighted average useful lives for the above acquired amortizable intangible assets, as of the acquisition date, are as follows: purchased customer accounts, 15.0 years; and non-compete agreements, 5.0 years.

Goodwill of \$73,576,000 was assigned to the Retail and National Programs Divisions in the amounts of \$71,287,000 and \$2,289,000, respectively. Of the total goodwill of \$73,576,000, \$43,412,000 is currently deductible for income tax purposes and \$14,701,000 is non-deductible. The remaining \$15,463,000 relates to the earn-out payables and will not be deductible until it is earned and paid.

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The results of operations for the acquisitions completed during 2011 have been combined with those of the Company since their respective acquisition dates. The total revenues and income before income taxes from the acquisitions completed through September 30, 2011, included in the Condensed Consolidated Statement of Income for the three months ended September 30, 2011, were \$1,471,000 and \$894,000, respectively. The total revenues and income before income taxes from the acquisitions completed through September 30, 2011, included in the Condensed Consolidated Statement of Income for the nine months ended September 30, 2011, were \$3,026,000 and \$1,832,000, respectively. If the acquisitions had occurred as of the beginning of the period, the Company's estimated results of operations would be as shown in the following table. These unaudited pro forma results are not necessarily indicative of the actual results of operations that would have occurred had the acquisitions actually been made at the beginning of the respective periods.

| (UNAUDITED) (in thousands, except per share data) | For the three months ended September 30, | | For the nine months ended September 30, | |
|------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|------------|--------------------------------------------|------------|
| | 2011 | 2010 | 2011 | 2010 |
| Total revenues | \$ 261,015 | \$ 260,735 | \$ 782,561 | \$ 783,433 |
| Income before income taxes | 72,933 | 77,284 | 215,159 | 227,040 |
| Net income | 44,319 | 47,501 | 130,119 | 137,420 |
| Net income per share: | | | | |
| Basic | \$ 0.31 | \$ 0.33 | \$ 0.91 | \$ 0.97 |
| Diluted | \$ 0.31 | \$ 0.33 | \$ 0.90 | \$ 0.96 |
| Weighted average number of shares outstanding: | | | | |
| Basic | 138,690 | 138,093 | 138,475 | 137,802 |
| Diluted | 140,443 | 139,507 | 140,120 | 139,128 |

Acquisitions in 2010

For the nine months ended September 30, 2010, Brown & Brown acquired the assets and assumed certain liabilities of 18 insurance intermediaries and several books of business (customer accounts). The aggregate purchase price of these acquisitions was \$142,321,000, including \$119,663,000 of cash payments, the issuance of notes payable of \$275,000, the assumption of \$1,426,000 of liabilities, and \$20,957,000 of recorded earn-out payables. All of these acquisitions were acquired primarily to expand Brown & Brown's core businesses and to attract and hire high-quality individuals. Acquisition purchase prices are typically based on a multiple of average annual operating profit earned over a one- to three-year period, within a minimum and maximum price range. The recorded purchase prices for all acquisitions consummated after January 1, 2009 include an estimation of the fair value of liabilities associated with any potential earn-out provisions. Subsequent changes in the fair value of earn-out obligations will be recorded in the consolidated statement of income when incurred.

The fair value of earn-out obligations is based on the present value of the expected future payments to be made to the sellers of the acquired businesses in accordance with the provisions outlined in the respective purchase agreements. In determining fair value, the acquired business's future performance is estimated using financial projections developed by management and market participant assumptions regarding revenue growth and/or profitability. The expected future payments are estimated on the basis of the earn-out formula and performance targets specified in each purchase agreement compared with the associated financial projections. These payments are then discounted to present value using a risk-adjusted rate that takes into consideration the likelihood that the forecasted earn-out payments will be made.

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All of these acquisitions have been accounted for as business combinations and are as follows:

(in thousands)

| Name | Business Segment | 2010 Date of Acquisition | Cash Paid | Note Payable | Recorded Earn-out Payable | Net Assets Acquired | Maximum Potential Earn-out Payable |
|---------------------------------------|------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|---------------|---------------------------|---------------------|------------------------------------|
| DiMartino Associates, Inc. | Retail | March 1 | \$ 7,047 | \$ | \$ 3,402 | \$ 10,449 | \$ 5,637 |
| Stone Insurance Agencies, et al. | Retail | May 1 | 15,826 | | 124 | 15,950 | 3,000 |
| Crowe Paradis Holding Company, et al. | Services | September 1 | 75,000 | | 8,665 | 83,665 | 15,000 |
| Other | Various | Various | 21,790 | 275 | 8,766 | 30,831 | 18,338 |
| Total | | | \$ 119,663 | \$ 275 | \$ 20,957 | \$ 140,895 | \$ 41,975 |

The following table summarizes the estimated fair values of the aggregate assets and liabilities acquired as of the date of each acquisition:

| (in thousands) | DiMartino | Stone | Crowe | Other | Total |
|----------------------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| Cash | \$ | \$ | \$ 1,000 | \$ | \$ 1,000 |
| Other current assets | 137 | 517 | | 941 | 1,595 |
| Fixed assets | 21 | 70 | 500 | 142 | 733 |
| Goodwill | 6,890 | 11,128 | 53,692 | 18,383 | 90,093 |
| Purchased customer accounts | 3,380 | 5,172 | 28,440 | 11,590 | 48,582 |
| Noncompete agreements | 21 | 74 | 33 | 190 | 318 |
| Total assets acquired | 10,449 | 16,961 | 83,665 | 31,246 | 142,321 |
| Other current liabilities | | (1,011) | | (415) | (1,426) |
| Total liabilities assumed | | (1,011) | | (415) | (1,426) |
| Net assets acquired | \$ 10,449 | \$ 15,950 | \$ 83,665 | \$ 30,831 | \$ 140,895 |

The weighted average useful lives for the above acquired amortizable intangible assets are as follows: purchased customer accounts, 15.0 years; and noncompete agreements, 5.0 years.

Goodwill of \$90,093,000 was assigned to the Retail and Services Divisions in the amounts of \$31,004,000 and \$59,089,000, respectively. Of the total goodwill of \$90,093,000, \$69,136,000 is currently deductible for income tax purposes. The remaining \$20,957,000 relates to the earn-out payables and will not be deductible until it is earned and paid.

The results of operations for the acquisitions completed during 2010 have been combined with those of the Company since their respective acquisition dates. The total revenues and income before income taxes from the acquisitions completed through September 30, 2010 included in the Condensed Consolidated Statement of Income for the three months ended September 30, 2010 were \$8,050,000 and \$756,000, respectively. The total revenues and income before income taxes from the acquisitions completed through September 30, 2010 included in the Condensed Consolidated Statement of Income for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 were \$14,398,000 and \$1,667,000, respectively. If the acquisitions had occurred as of the beginning of the period, the Company's estimated results of operations would be as shown in the following table. These unaudited pro forma results are not necessarily indicative of the actual results of operations that would have occurred had the acquisitions actually been made at the beginning of the respective periods.

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| (UNAUDITED) (in thousands, except per share data) | For the three months ended September 30, | | For the nine months ended September 30, | |
|------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|------------|--------------------------------------------|------------|
| | 2010 | 2009 | 2010 | 2009 |
| Total revenues | \$ 251,913 | \$ 255,097 | \$ 769,369 | \$ 789,415 |
| Income before income taxes | 74,060 | 70,627 | 221,088 | 223,763 |
| Net income | 44,915 | 42,864 | 133,817 | 135,760 |
| Net income per share: | | | | |
| Basic | \$ 0.32 | \$ 0.30 | \$ 0.94 | \$ 0.96 |
| Diluted | \$ 0.31 | \$ 0.30 | \$ 0.93 | \$ 0.96 |
| Weighted average number of shares outstanding: | | | | |
| Basic | 138,093 | 137,279 | 137,802 | 137,052 |
| Diluted | 139,507 | 137,671 | 139,128 | 137,403 |

For acquisitions consummated prior to January 1, 2009, additional consideration paid to sellers as a result of purchase price earn-out provisions are recorded as adjustments to intangible assets when the contingencies are settled. The net additional consideration paid by the Company in 2011 as a result of these adjustments totaled \$4,446,000, all of which was allocated to goodwill. Of the \$4,446,000 net additional consideration paid, \$3,781,000 was paid in cash and \$665,000 was issued as a note payable. The net additional consideration paid by the Company in 2010 as a result of these adjustments totaled \$2,709,000, all of which was allocated to goodwill. Of the \$2,709,000 net additional consideration paid, \$710,000 was paid in cash and \$1,999,000 was issued in notes payable.

As of September 30, 2011, the maximum future contingency payments related to all acquisitions totaled \$104,386,000, of which \$12,098,000 relates to acquisitions consummated prior to January 1, 2009, and \$92,288,000 relates to acquisitions consummated subsequent to January 1, 2009.

Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) Topic 805 - Business Combinations is the authoritative guidance requiring an acquirer to recognize 100% of the fair values of acquired assets, including goodwill, and assumed liabilities (with only limited exceptions) upon initially obtaining control of an acquired entity. Additionally, the fair value of contingent consideration arrangements (such as earn-out purchase arrangements) at the acquisition date must be included in the purchase price consideration. As a result, the recorded purchase price for all acquisitions consummated after January 1, 2009 include an estimation of the fair value of liabilities associated with any potential earn-out provisions. Subsequent changes in these earn-out obligations will be recorded in the consolidated statement of income when incurred. Potential earn-out obligations are typically based upon future earnings of the acquired entities, usually between one and three years.

As of September 30, 2011, the fair values of the estimated acquisition earn-out payables were re-evaluated. The resulting net changes, as well as, the interest expense accretion on the estimated acquisition earn-out payables, for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2011 and 2010, were as follows (in thousands):

| | For the three months ended September 30, | | For the nine months ended September 30, | |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|---------|--------------------------------------------|------------|
| | 2011 | 2010 | 2011 | 2010 |
| Change in fair value on estimated acquisition earn-out payables | \$ (1,286) | \$ (60) | \$ (697) | \$ (1,616) |
| Interest expense accretion | 476 | 253 | 1,353 | 580 |
| Total change in estimated acquisition earn-out payables | \$ (810) | \$ 193 | \$ 656 | \$ (1,036) |

As of September 30, 2011, the estimated acquisition earn-out payables equaled \$40,461,000, of which \$7,365,000 was recorded as accounts payable and \$33,096,000 was recorded as other non-current liability.

NOTE 6- Goodwill

Goodwill is subject to at least an annual assessment for impairment by applying a fair value-based test. Brown & Brown completed its most recent annual assessment as of November 30, 2010, and identified no impairment as a result of the evaluation. Additionally, during the nine months ended September 30, 2011, there have been no indicators of impairment identified which would require management to perform an interim impairment test.

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The changes in goodwill for the nine months ended September 30, 2011, are as follows:

| (in thousands) | Retail | National Programs | Wholesale Brokerage | Services | Total |
|------------------------------------------------------|------------|-------------------|---------------------|-----------|--------------|
| Balance as of January 1, 2011 | \$ 716,626 | \$ 152,601 | \$ 257,360 | \$ 68,240 | \$ 1,194,827 |
| Goodwill of acquired businesses | 75,733 | 2,289 | | | 78,022 |
| Goodwill transferred | (1,771) | | 1,771 | | |
| Goodwill disposed of relating to sales of businesses | (3,892) | | | | (3,892) |
| Balance as of September 30, 2011 | \$ 786,696 | \$ 154,890 | \$ 259,131 | \$ 68,240 | \$ 1,268,957 |

NOTE 7- Amortizable Intangible Assets

Amortizable intangible assets at September 30, 2011, and December 31, 2010, consisted of the following:

| (in thousands) | September 30, 2011 | | | | December 31, 2010 | | | |
|-----------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|
| | Gross Carrying Value | Accumulated Amortization | Net Carrying Value | Weighted Average Life (years) | Gross Carrying Value | Accumulated Amortization | Net Carrying Value | Weighted Average Life (years) |
| Purchased customer accounts | \$ 849,028 | \$ (368,397) | \$ 480,631 | 14.9 | \$ 811,143 | \$ (330,627) | \$ 480,516 | 14.9 |
| Non-compete agreements | 25,205 | (23,906) | 1,299 | 7.2 | 25,181 | (23,797) | 1,384 | 7.3 |
| Total | \$ 874,233 | \$ (392,303) | \$ 481,930 | | \$ 836,324 | \$ (354,424) | \$ 481,900 | |

Amortization expense for other amortizable intangible assets for the years ending December 31, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, and 2015, is estimated to be \$54,496,000, \$54,484,000, \$53,584,000, \$52,427,000, and \$51,094,000, respectively.

NOTE 8- Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt at September 30, 2011, and December 31, 2010, consisted of the following:

| (in thousands) | 2011 | 2010 |
|---------------------------|------------|------------|
| Unsecured senior notes | \$ 250,000 | \$ 250,000 |
| Acquisition notes payable | 1,745 | 1,729 |
| Total debt | 251,745 | 251,729 |
| Less current portion | (1,142) | (1,662) |
| Long-term debt | \$ 250,603 | \$ 250,067 |

In July 2004, the Company completed a private placement of \$200.0 million of unsecured senior notes (the Notes). The \$200.0 million was divided into two series: (1) Series A, which closed on September 15, 2004, for \$100.0 million due in 2011 and bearing interest at 5.57% per year; and (2) Series B, which closed on July 15, 2004, for \$100.0 million due in 2014 and bearing interest at 6.08% per year. Brown & Brown has used the proceeds from the Notes for general corporate purposes, including acquisitions and repayment of existing debt. On September 15, 2011, the \$100.0 million of Series A Notes were redeemed on their normal maturity date. As of September 30, 2011, and December 31, 2010, there was an outstanding balance on the Notes of \$100.0 million and \$200.0 million, respectively.

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On December 22, 2006, the Company entered into a Master Shelf and Note Purchase Agreement (the "Master Agreement") with a national insurance company (the "Purchaser"). On September 30, 2009, the Company and the Purchaser amended the Master Agreement to extend the term of the agreement until September 30, 2012. The Purchaser also purchased Notes issued by the Company in 2004. The Master Agreement provides for a \$200.0 million private uncommitted "shelf" facility for the issuance of senior unsecured notes over a three-year period, with interest rates that may be fixed or floating and with such maturity dates, not to exceed ten years, as the parties may determine. The Master Agreement includes various covenants, limitations and events of default similar to the Notes issued in 2004. The initial issuance of notes under the Master Agreement occurred on December 22, 2006, through the issuance of \$25.0 million in Series C Senior Notes due December 22, 2016, with a fixed interest rate of 5.66% per year. On February 1, 2008, \$25.0 million in Series D Senior Notes due January 15, 2015, with a fixed interest rate of 5.37% per year, were issued. On September 15, 2011, \$100.0 million in Series E Senior Notes due September 15, 2018, with a fixed interest rate of 4.50% per year, were issued. The Series E Senior Notes were issued for the sole purpose to retire the Series A Senior Notes. As of September 30, 2011, and December 31, 2010, there was an outstanding balance under the Master Agreement of \$150.0 million and \$50.0 million, respectively.

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As a result of the Company entering into a Confirmation of Acceptance on January 21, 2011 (the Confirmation) in connection with the Master Agreement, the Company issued to the Purchaser and certain of the Purchaser's affiliates on September 15, 2011 an aggregate of \$100.0 million principal amount of unsecured Series E Senior Notes due September 15, 2018, with a fixed interest rate of 4.5% per year. In accordance with ASC Topic 470 Debt, the Company classified the related principal balance of the Series A Senior Notes as long-term debt as of December 31, 2010, as the Company had both the intent and ability to refinance the obligation on a long-term basis, as evidenced by the Confirmation.

On June 12, 2008, the Company entered into an Amended and Restated Revolving Loan Agreement dated as of June 3, 2008 (the Loan Agreement), with a national banking institution, amending and restating the existing Revolving Loan Agreement dated September 29, 2003, as amended (the Revolving Agreement), to increase the lending commitment to \$50.0 million (subject to potential increases up to \$100.0 million) and to extend the maturity date from December 20, 2011, to June 3, 2013. The calculation of interest and fees is generally based on the Company's quarterly ratio of funded debt to earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, amortization, and non-cash stock-based compensation. Interest is charged at a rate equal to 0.50% to 1.00% above the London Interbank Offering Rate (LIBOR) or 1.00% below the base rate, each as more fully defined in the Loan Agreement. Fees include an upfront fee, an availability fee of 0.10% to 0.20%, and a letter of credit usage fee of 0.50% to 1.00%. The Loan Agreement contains various covenants, limitations, and events of default customary for similar facilities for similar borrowers. The 90-day LIBOR was 0.374% and 0.300% as of September 30, 2011, and December 31, 2010, respectively. There were no borrowings against this facility at September 30, 2011, or December 31, 2010.

All of these credit agreements require Brown & Brown to maintain certain financial ratios and comply with certain other covenants. Brown & Brown was in compliance with all such covenants as of September 30, 2011, and December 31, 2010.

Acquisition notes payable represent debt incurred to sellers of certain insurance operations acquired by the Company. These notes and future contingent payments are payable in monthly, quarterly and annual installments through July 2013, including interest at stated rates ranging from 0.0% to 4.0%.

NOTE 9- Supplemental Disclosures of Cash Flow Information and Non-Cash Financing and Investing Activities

| (in thousands) | For the nine months ended September 30, | |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|-----------|
| | 2011 | 2010 |
| Cash paid during the period for: | | |
| Interest | \$ 13,379 | \$ 10,858 |
| Income taxes | \$ 51,949 | \$ 47,488 |

Brown & Brown's significant non-cash investing and financing activities are summarized as follows:

| (in thousands) | For the nine months ended September 30, | |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|-----------|
| | 2011 | 2010 |
| Notes payable issued or assumed for purchased customer accounts | \$ 1,859 | \$ 2,274 |
| Estimated acquisition earn-out payables and related changes | \$ 15,463 | \$ 20,957 |
| Notes receivable on the sale of fixed assets and customer accounts | \$ 6,710 | \$ 1,204 |

NOTE 10- Legal and Regulatory Proceedings

The Company is involved in numerous pending or threatened proceedings by or against Brown & Brown, Inc. or one or more of its subsidiaries that arise in the ordinary course of business. The damages that may be claimed against the Company in these various proceedings are in some cases substantial, including in many instances claims for punitive or extraordinary damages. Some of these claims and lawsuits have been resolved, others are in the process of being resolved and others are still in the investigation or discovery phase. The Company will continue to respond appropriately to these claims and lawsuits and to vigorously protect its interests.

Although the ultimate outcome of such matters cannot be ascertained and liabilities in indeterminate amounts may be imposed on Brown & Brown, Inc. or its subsidiaries, on the basis of present information, availability of insurance and legal advice, it is the opinion of management that the disposition or ultimate determination of such claims will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's consolidated financial position. However, as (i) one or more of the Company's insurance companies could take the position that portions of these claims are not covered

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by the Company's insurance, (ii) to the extent that payments are made to resolve claims and lawsuits, applicable insurance policy limits are eroded, and (iii) the claims and lawsuits relating to these matters are continuing to develop, it is possible that future results of operations or cash flows for any particular quarterly or annual period could be materially affected by unfavorable resolutions of these matters.

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Brown & Brown's business is divided into four reportable segments: the Retail Division, which provides a broad range of insurance products and services to commercial, public and quasi-public entities, and professional and individual customers; the National Programs Division, which is composed of two units - Professional Programs, which provides professional liability and related package products for certain professionals delivered through nationwide networks of independent agents, and Special Programs, which markets targeted products and services designed for specific industries, trade groups, public and quasi-public entities, and market niches; the Wholesale Brokerage Division, which markets and sells excess and surplus commercial and personal lines insurance, and reinsurance, primarily through independent agents and brokers; and the Services Division, which provides insurance-related services, including third-party claims administration and comprehensive medical utilization management services in both the workers' compensation and all-lines liability arenas, Medicare Secondary Payer statute compliance-related services, and Social Security disability and Medicare benefits advocacy services.

Brown & Brown conducts all of its operations within the United States of America, except for one wholesale brokerage operation based in London, England. Our London operation earned \$2.1 million and \$2.2 million of total revenues for the three months ended September 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively. This operation earned \$7.2 million and \$8.1 million of total revenues for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

The following table shows summarized financial information concerning Brown & Brown's reportable segments for the three months ended September 30, 2011, and 2010. The "Other" column includes any income and expenses not allocated to reportable segments and corporate-related items, including the inter-company interest expense charge to the reporting segment. Additionally, the net credit balance of "Total assets" in the "Other" column primarily reflects the assets transferred from the Company's business segments to the corporate unit in order to fund acquisitions, and of which, are eliminated in consolidation.

| | 0000000000 | 0000000000 | 0000000000 | 0000000000 | 0000000000 | 0000000000 |
|----------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|----------------|--------------|
| | For the three months ended September 30, 2011 | | | | | |
| (in thousands) | Retail | National Programs | Wholesale Brokerage | Services | Other | Total |
| Total revenues | \$ 151,714 | \$ 49,850 | \$ 40,414 | \$ 17,229 | \$ 1,194 | \$ 260,401 |
| Investment income | \$ 28 | \$ | \$ 9 | \$ 1 | \$ 279 | \$ 317 |
| Amortization | \$ 8,390 | \$ 2,146 | \$ 2,545 | \$ 634 | \$ 10 | \$ 13,725 |
| Depreciation | \$ 1,262 | \$ 708 | \$ 627 | \$ 155 | \$ 310 | \$ 3,062 |
| Interest | \$ 6,825 | \$ 376 | \$ 1,687 | \$ 1,404 | \$ (6,727) | \$ 3,565 |
| Income before income taxes | \$ 36,662 | \$ 21,484 | \$ 8,453 | \$ 842 | \$ 5,251 | \$ 72,692 |
| Total assets | \$ 2,086,900 | \$ 734,042 | \$ 648,250 | \$ 148,752 | \$ (1,056,641) | \$ 2,561,303 |
| Capital expenditures | \$ 1,943 | \$ 404 | \$ 225 | \$ 92 | \$ 330 | \$ 2,994 |

| | 0000000000 | 0000000000 | 0000000000 | 0000000000 | 0000000000 | 0000000000 |
|----------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|--------------|--------------|
| | For the three months ended September 30, 2010 | | | | | |
| (in thousands) | Retail | National Programs | Wholesale Brokerage | Services | Other | Total |
| Total revenues | \$ 144,083 | \$ 49,894 | \$ 40,707 | \$ 11,659 | \$ 1,273 | \$ 247,616 |
| Investment income | \$ 28 | \$ | \$ 10 | \$ 3 | \$ 304 | \$ 345 |
| Amortization | \$ 7,690 | \$ 2,304 | \$ 2,545 | \$ 320 | \$ 10 | \$ 12,869 |
| Depreciation | \$ 1,316 | \$ 761 | \$ 656 | \$ 87 | \$ 296 | \$ 3,116 |
| Interest | \$ 6,578 | \$ 763 | \$ 2,597 | \$ 643 | \$ (6,974) | \$ 3,607 |
| Income before income taxes | \$ 34,021 | \$ 20,921 | \$ 7,272 | \$ 1,952 | \$ 8,868 | \$ 73,034 |
| Total assets | \$ 1,856,330 | \$ 729,660 | \$ 625,175 | \$ 142,451 | \$ (965,805) | \$ 2,387,811 |
| Capital expenditures | \$ 1,224 | \$ 400 | \$ 507 | \$ 86 | \$ 67 | \$ 2,284 |

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The following table shows summarized financial information concerning Brown & Brown's reportable segments for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 and 2010. The Other column includes any income and expenses not allocated to reportable segments and corporate-related items, including the inter-company interest expense charge to the reporting segment. Additionally, the net credit balance of Total assets in the Other column primarily reflects the assets transferred from the Company's business segments to the corporate unit in order to fund acquisitions, and of which, are eliminated in consolidation.

| | 0000000000 | 0000000000 | 0000000000 | 0000000000 | 0000000000 | 0000000000 |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|----------------|--------------|
| | For the nine months ended September 30, 2011 | | | | | |
| (in thousands) | Retail | National Programs | Wholesale Brokerage | Services | Other | Total |
| Total revenues | \$ 462,629 | \$ 133,611 | \$ 122,266 | \$ 49,515 | \$ 1,424 | \$ 769,445 |
| Investment income | \$ 72 | \$ | \$ 26 | \$ 127 | \$ 709 | \$ 934 |
| Amortization | \$ 24,830 | \$ 6,405 | \$ 7,620 | \$ 1,906 | \$ 29 | \$ 40,790 |
| Depreciation | \$ 3,758 | \$ 2,259 | \$ 1,919 | \$ 434 | \$ 906 | \$ 9,276 |
| Interest | \$ 20,538 | \$ 1,374 | \$ 5,564 | \$ 4,392 | \$ (21,088) | \$ 10,780 |
| Income before income taxes | \$ 108,212 | \$ 50,220 | \$ 25,041 | \$ 5,160 | \$ 22,197 | \$ 210,830 |
| Total assets | \$ 2,086,900 | \$ 734,042 | \$ 648,250 | \$ 148,752 | \$ (1,056,641) | \$ 2,561,303 |
| Capital expenditures | \$ 5,059 | \$ 1,162 | \$ 1,816 | \$ 596 | \$ 874 | \$ 9,507 |

| | 0000000000 | 0000000000 | 0000000000 | 0000000000 | 0000000000 | 0000000000 |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|--------------|--------------|
| | For the nine months ended September 30, 2010 | | | | | |
| (in thousands) | Retail | National Programs | Wholesale Brokerage | Services | Other | Total |
| Total revenues | \$ 440,514 | \$ 143,197 | \$ 125,680 | \$ 30,450 | \$ 3,713 | \$ 743,554 |
| Investment income | \$ 145 | \$ 1 | \$ 21 | \$ 12 | \$ 843 | \$ 1,022 |
| Amortization | \$ 22,848 | \$ 6,912 | \$ 7,656 | \$ 627 | \$ 29 | \$ 38,072 |
| Depreciation | \$ 4,050 | \$ 2,270 | \$ 2,047 | \$ 233 | \$ 898 | \$ 9,498 |
| Interest | \$ 20,265 | \$ 2,595 | \$ 8,275 | \$ 1,075 | \$ (21,363) | \$ 10,847 |
| Income before income taxes | \$ 103,958 | \$ 57,761 | \$ 22,944 | \$ 5,375 | \$ 24,093 | \$ 214,131 |
| Total assets | \$ 1,856,330 | \$ 729,660 | \$ 625,175 | \$ 142,451 | \$ (965,805) | \$ 2,387,811 |
| Capital expenditures | \$ 2,974 | \$ 1,932 | \$ 1,461 | \$ 297 | \$ 584 | \$ 7,248 |

NOTE 12· Subsequent Events

On October 19, 2011, the Company's Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of up to \$100 million worth of shares of our common stock during the following twelve month period. As of November 9, 2011, no shares have been repurchased.

Additionally, from October 1, 2011 through November 9, 2011, Brown & Brown acquired the assets and assumed certain liabilities of two insurance intermediaries and an operation that provides property tax services, primarily to financial institutions. The aggregate minimum purchase price of these acquisitions was approximately \$57.6 million, all of which will be paid in cash. The potential aggregate maximum purchase price of these acquisitions over a three-year earn-out period is \$86.4 million. The insurance intermediaries were acquired primarily to expand Brown & Brown's core retail business. The property tax service operation was acquired to create a new program within our National Programs division and to provide synergistic servicing capabilities with certain of the Company's other National Programs operations.

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ITEM 2 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS.

THE FOLLOWING DISCUSSION UPDATES THE MD&A CONTAINED IN THE COMPANY'S ANNUAL REPORT ON FORM 10-K FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED IN 2010, AND THE TWO DISCUSSIONS SHOULD BE READ TOGETHER.

GENERAL

Brown & Brown, Inc. together with its subsidiaries (collectively, we or the Company) is a diversified insurance agency, wholesale brokerage, programs and services organization headquartered in Daytona Beach and Tampa, Florida. As an insurance intermediary, our principal sources of revenue are commissions paid by insurance companies and, to a lesser extent, fees paid directly by customers. Commission revenues generally represent a percentage of the premium paid by an insured and are materially affected by fluctuations in both premium rate levels charged by insurance companies and the insureds' underlying insurable exposure units, which are units that insurance companies use to measure or express insurance exposed to risk (such as property values, sales and payroll levels), to determine what premium to charge the insured. Insurance companies establish these premium rates based upon many factors, including reinsurance rates paid by such insurance companies, none of which we control.

The volume of business from new and existing insured customers, fluctuations in insurable exposure units and changes in general economic and competitive conditions all affect our revenues. For example, inflation rates or a continuing general decline in economic activity could affect the values of insurable exposure units. Conversely, the increasing costs of litigation settlements and awards have caused some customers to seek higher levels of insurance coverage. Historically, our revenues have typically grown as a result of an intense focus on net new business growth and acquisitions.

We foster a strong, decentralized sales culture with a goal of consistent, sustained growth over the long term. As of September 2011, our senior leadership group included twelve officers with regional responsibility for oversight of designated operations within the Company.

We increased revenues every year from 1993 to 2008. In 2009, our revenue dropped to \$967.9 million, then increased 0.6% to \$973.5 million in 2010. Our revenues grew from \$95.6 million in 1993 to \$973.5 million in 2010, reflecting a compound annual growth rate of 14.6%. In the same period, we increased net income from \$8.0 million to \$161.8 million in 2010, a compound annual growth rate of 19.3%.

The past four years have posed significant challenges for us and for our industry in the form of a prevailing decline in insurance premium rates, commonly referred to as a soft market; increased significant governmental involvement in the Florida insurance marketplace since 2007, resulting in a substantial loss of revenue for us; and, beginning in the second half of 2008 and through the third quarter of 2011, increased pressure on the values of insurable exposure units as the consequence of the general weakening of the economy in the United States.

Since the first quarter of 2007 and through the third quarter of 2011, we have experienced negative internal revenue growth each quarter. This was due primarily to the soft market, and, beginning in the second half of 2008 and, through the third quarter of 2011, the decline in insurable exposure units, which further reduced our commissions and fees revenue. Part of the decline in 2007 was the result of the increased governmental involvement in the Florida insurance marketplace, as described below in The Florida Insurance Overview.

While insurance premium rates continued to decline for most lines of coverage during 2010 and into 2011, the rate of decline appeared to be slowing. In 2009 and 2010, continued declining exposure units had a greater negative impact on our commissions and fees revenue than declining insurance premium rates. Although we do not anticipate any significant changes to the insurance premium rates during 2011, there appears to be a very gradual improvement in the rate of decline of exposure units which we expect will continue during the remaining three months of 2011.

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We also earn profit-sharing contingent commissions, which are profit-sharing commissions based primarily on underwriting results, but may also reflect considerations for volume, growth and/or retention. These commissions are primarily received in the first and second quarters of each year, based on the aforementioned considerations for the prior year(s). Over the last three years, profit-sharing contingent commissions have averaged approximately 5.6% of the previous year's total commissions and fees revenue. Profit-sharing contingent commissions are typically included in our total commissions and fees in the Consolidated Statements of Income in the year received. The term core commissions and fees excludes profit-sharing contingent commissions and therefore represents the revenues earned directly from specific insurance policies sold, and specific fee-based services rendered. In recent years, five national insurance companies have replaced the loss-ratio based profit-sharing contingent commission calculation with a guaranteed fixed-base methodology, referred to as Guaranteed Supplemental Commissions (GSCs). Since GSCs are not subject to the uncertainty of loss ratios, they are accrued throughout the year based on actual premiums written. For the twelve-month period ended December 31, 2010, we earned \$13.4 million from GSCs, most of which was collected in the first quarter of 2011. For the three-month periods ended September 30, 2011 and 2010, we earned \$3.5 million and \$3.7 million, respectively, from GSCs. For the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2011 and 2010, we earned \$9.6 million and \$10.4 million, respectively, from GSCs.

Fee revenues relate to fees negotiated in lieu of commissions, which are recognized as services are rendered. Fee revenues are generated primarily by: (1) our Services Division, which provides insurance-related services, including third-party claims administration and comprehensive medical utilization management services in both the workers' compensation and all-lines liability arenas, as well as Medicare Secondary Payer statute compliance-related services, and Social Security disability and Medicare benefits advocacy services, and (2) our National Programs and Wholesale Brokerage Divisions, which earn fees primarily for the issuance of insurance policies on behalf of insurance companies. These services are provided over a period of time, typically one year. Fee revenues, as a percentage of our total commissions and fees, represented 14.6% in 2010, 13.3% in 2009 and 13.7% in 2008.

Historically, investment income has consisted primarily of interest earnings on premiums and advance premiums collected and held in a fiduciary capacity before being remitted to insurance companies. Our policy is to invest available funds in high-quality, short-term fixed income investment securities. As a result of the bank liquidity and solvency issues in the United States in the last quarter of 2008, we moved substantial amounts of our cash into non-interest bearing checking accounts so that they would be fully insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or into money-market investment funds (a portion of which is FDIC insured) of SunTrust and Wells Fargo, two large national banks. We have continued this investment policy into 2011. Investment income also includes gains and losses realized from the sale of investments.

Florida Insurance Overview

Many states have established Residual Markets, which are governmental or quasi-governmental insurance facilities that provide coverage to individuals and/or businesses that cannot buy insurance in the private marketplace, i.e., insurers of last resort. These facilities can be designed to cover any type of risk or exposure; however, the exposures most commonly subject to such facilities are automobile or high-risk property exposures. Residual Markets can also be referred to as FAIR Plans, Windstorm Pools, Joint Underwriting Associations, or may even be given names styled after the private sector like Citizens Property Insurance Corporation (Citizens) in Florida.

In August 2002, the Florida Legislature created Citizens to be the insurer of last resort in Florida for property insurance. Initially, Citizens charged insurance rates that were higher than those generally prevailing in the private insurance marketplace. In each of 2004 and 2005, four major hurricanes made landfall in Florida. As a result of the ensuing significant insurance property losses, Florida property insurance rates increased in 2006. To counter the higher property insurance rates, the State of Florida instructed Citizens to significantly reduce its property insurance rates beginning in January 2007. By state law, Citizens guaranteed these rates through January 1, 2010. As a result, Citizens became one of the most, if not the most, competitive risk-bearers for a large percentage of Florida's commercial habitational coastal property exposures, such as condominiums, apartments, and certain assisted living facilities. Additionally, Citizens became the only insurance company in the marketplace to offer certain homeowner policies throughout Florida. Today, Citizens is one of the largest underwriters of coastal property exposures in Florida. Effective January 1, 2010, Citizens raised its insurance rates, on average, 10% for properties with values of less than \$10 million, and more than 10% for properties with values in excess of \$10 million. For 2011, as expected, Citizens again raised its insurance rates, on average, 10% for properties with values of less than \$10 million. However, for properties with values in excess of \$10 million, Citizens chose to maintain the 2010 rate structure which will make Citizens more competitive in the last three months of 2011.

In 2007, Citizens became the principal direct competitor of the insurance companies that underwrite the condominium program administered by one of our indirect subsidiaries, Florida Intracoastal Underwriters, Limited Company (FIU), and the excess and surplus lines insurers represented by our wholesale brokers such as Hull & Company, Inc., another of our subsidiaries. Consequently, these operations lost significant amounts of revenue to Citizens. From 2008 through the first nine months of 2011, Citizens' impact was not as dramatic as it had been in 2007; FIU's core revenues decreased 9.2% in this period. Citizens continued to be competitive against the excess and surplus lines insurers, and therefore Citizens negatively affected the revenues of our Florida-based wholesale brokerage operations, such as Hull & Company, Inc., from 2007 through the

first nine months of 2011, although the impact is decreasing from year to year.

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Citizens' impact on our Florida Retail Division was less severe than on our National Programs and Wholesale Brokerage Divisions because our retail offices have the ability to place business with Citizens, although at slightly lower commission rates and with greater difficulty than is the case with other insurance companies.

Company Overview Third Quarter of 2011

For 19 consecutive quarters, we experienced negative internal growth in our commissions and fees revenue as a result of the general weakness of the economy since the second half of 2008 and the continuing soft market. Our total commissions and fees revenue, excluding the effect of recent acquisitions, profit-sharing contingencies and sales of books of business over the last three months decreased by \$5.7 million, reflecting a negative internal growth rate of (2.4)%. However, including the revenues from new acquisitions, total revenues in the three-month period ended September 30, 2011 increased 5.2% over the same period in 2010.

Income before income taxes in the three-month period ended September 30, 2011, decreased from the same period in 2010 by 0.5%, or \$0.3 million, to \$72.7 million. The \$0.3 million net decrease resulted from the following factors: (i) a \$1.8 million increase related to the operations of the new acquisitions that were stand-alone offices; and (ii) a \$2.1 million decrease from those offices that existed in the same three-month periods ended September 30, 2011 and 2010 (including the new acquisitions that folded in to those offices). The \$2.1 million decrease resulted primarily from the following factors: (i) a \$2.3 million reduction in total revenues; (ii) a \$3.1 million credit in the change in estimated acquisition earn-out payables; and (iii) \$2.9 million increase in other costs, of which, \$2.6 million relates to a legal claim first raised in 1996 that we vigorously defended for 15 years until exhausting all appellate avenues for review.

Acquisitions

It is estimated that approximately 37,500 independent insurance agencies are operating currently in the United States. Part of our continuing business strategy is to attract high-quality insurance intermediaries to join our operations. From 1993 through the third quarter of 2011, we acquired 412 insurance intermediary operations, excluding acquired books of business (customer accounts). The economic outlook for the first nine months of 2011 was a slight improvement over the same period in 2010, which in turn was an improvement over 2009. As a result, certain sellers viewed 2011 as a better time in which to join our organization and, consequently, we have been able to close a greater number of acquisitions this year than in 2010. A summary of our acquisitions for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 and 2010 is as follows (in millions, except for number of acquisitions):

| For the nine months ended September 30: | Number of Acquisitions | | Estimated | Cash Paid | Notes Issued | Liabilities Assumed | Recorded Earn-out Payable | Aggregate Purchase Price |
|-----------------------------------------|------------------------|-------|-----------------|-----------|--------------|---------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|
| | Asset | Stock | Annual Revenues | | | | | |
| 2011 | 29 | 1 | \$ 52.8 | \$ 100.4 | \$ 1.2 | \$ 9.4 | \$ 15.5 | \$ 126.5 |
| 2010 | 18 | | \$ 51.5 | \$ 119.7 | \$ 0.3 | \$ 1.4 | \$ 20.9 | \$ 142.3 |

Critical Accounting Policies

Our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The preparation of these financial statements requires us to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. We continually evaluate our estimates, which are based on historical experience and on various other assumptions that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances. These estimates form the basis for our judgments about the carrying values of our assets and liabilities, which values are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions.

We believe that of our significant accounting and reporting policies, the more critical policies include our accounting for revenue recognition, business acquisitions and purchase price allocations, goodwill and intangible asset impairments, stock-based compensation, and reserves for litigation. In particular, the accounting for these areas requires significant judgments to be made by management. Different assumptions in the application of these policies could result in material changes in our consolidated financial position or consolidated results of operations. Refer to Note 1 in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010, on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) for details regarding our critical and significant accounting policies.

Table of Contents**RESULTS OF OPERATIONS FOR THE THREE AND NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2011 AND 2010**

The following discussion and analysis regarding results of operations and liquidity and capital resources should be considered in conjunction with the accompanying Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements and related Notes.

Financial information relating to our Consolidated Financial Results for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2011 and 2010 is as follows (in thousands, except percentages):

| | For the three months ended September 30, | | | For the nine months ended September 30, | | |
|------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|------------------|---------------|-----------------------------------------|-------------------|---------------|
| | 2011 | 2010 | % Change | 2011 | 2010 | % Change |
| REVENUES | | | | | | |
| Core commissions and fees | \$ 249,944 | \$ 236,435 | 5.7% | \$ 726,224 | \$ 689,482 | 5.3% |
| Profit-sharing contingent commissions | 7,233 | 9,667 | (25.2)% | 38,388 | 48,347 | (20.6)% |
| Investment income | 317 | 345 | (8.1)% | 934 | 1,022 | (8.6)% |
| Other income, net | 2,907 | 1,169 | 148.7% | 3,899 | 4,703 | (17.1)% |
| Total revenues | 260,401 | 247,616 | 5.2% | 769,445 | 743,554 | 3.5% |
| EXPENSES | | | | | | |
| Employee compensation and benefits | 126,877 | 122,001 | 4.0% | 379,286 | 365,556 | 3.8% |
| Non-cash stock-based compensation | 2,856 | 1,495 | 91.0% | 8,338 | 5,230 | 59.4% |
| Other operating expenses | 38,434 | 31,301 | 22.8% | 109,489 | 101,256 | 8.1% |
| Amortization | 13,725 | 12,869 | 6.7% | 40,790 | 38,072 | 7.1% |
| Depreciation | 3,062 | 3,116 | (1.7)% | 9,276 | 9,498 | (2.3)% |
| Interest | 3,565 | 3,607 | (1.2)% | 10,780 | 10,847 | (0.6)% |
| Change in estimated acquisition earn-out payables | (810) | 193 | (519.7)% | 656 | (1,036) | (163.3)% |
| Total expenses | 187,709 | 174,582 | 7.5% | 558,615 | 529,423 | 5.5% |
| Income before income taxes | 72,692 | 73,034 | (0.5)% | 210,830 | 214,131 | (1.5)% |
| Income taxes | 28,519 | 28,741 | (0.8)% | 83,329 | 84,525 | (1.4)% |
| NET INCOME | \$ 44,173 | \$ 44,293 | (0.3)% | \$ 127,501 | \$ 129,606 | (1.6)% |
| Net internal growth rate – core commissions and fees | (2.4)% | (2.6)% | | (3.2)% | (5.1)% | |
| Employee compensation and benefits ratio | 48.7% | 49.3% | | 49.3% | 49.2% | |
| Other operating expenses ratio | 14.8% | 12.6% | | 14.2% | 13.6% | |
| Capital expenditures | \$ 2,994 | \$ 2,284 | | \$ 9,507 | \$ 7,248 | |
| Total assets at September 30, 2011 and 2010 | | | | \$ 2,561,303 | \$ 2,387,811 | |

Commissions and Fees

Commissions and fees, including profit-sharing contingent commissions, for the third quarter of 2011 increased \$11.1 million, or 4.5%, over the same period in 2010. Profit-sharing contingent commissions for the third quarter of 2011 decreased \$2.4 million or 25.2%, from the third quarter of 2010, to \$7.2 million. Core commissions and fees are our commissions and fees, less (i) profit-sharing contingent commissions and (ii) divested business (commissions and fees generated from offices, books of business or niches sold or terminated). Core commissions and fees revenue for the third quarter of 2011 increased \$13.5 million, of which approximately \$20.5 million of the total increase represented core commissions and fees from acquisitions that had no comparable operations in the same period of 2010. After divested business of \$1.3 million, the remaining net decrease of \$5.7 million represented net lost business, which reflects a (2.4%) internal growth rate for core commissions and fees. Excluding the decrease in the core commissions and fees at Proctor Financial, Inc., our subsidiary which provides lender placed insurance (Proctor), our internal revenue growth rate for the third quarter of 2011 is (2.1)%, an improvement over the (3.5)% internal growth rate,

excluding Proctor, in the third quarter of 2010.

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Commissions and fees, including profit-sharing contingent commissions, for the nine months ended September 30, 2011, increased \$26.8 million, or 3.6%, over the same period in 2010. For the nine months ended September 30, 2011, profit-sharing contingent commissions decreased \$10.0 million from the comparable period in 2010, to \$38.4 million. Core commissions and fees revenue for the first nine months of 2011 increased \$36.7 million, of which approximately \$61.2 million of the total increase represented core commissions and fees from acquisitions that had no comparable operations in the same period of 2010. After divested business of \$2.6 million, the remaining net decrease of \$21.9 million represented net lost business, which reflects a (3.2)% internal growth rate for core commissions and fees. Excluding the decline in the core commissions and fees at Proctor, our internal revenue growth rate for the first nine months of 2011 is (2.4)%, an improvement over the (4.0)% internal growth rate for the 2010 year.

Investment Income

Investment income for the three months ended September 30, 2011, decreased less than \$0.1 million, or 8.1%, from the same period in 2010. Investment income for the nine months ended September 30, 2011, decreased \$0.1 million, or 8.6%, from the same period in 2010. These essentially flat changes reflect lower investment yields on higher average invested balances.

Other Income, net

Other Income for the three months ended September 30, 2011, reflected income of \$2.9 million, compared with \$1.2 million in the same period in 2010. Other Income for the nine months ended September 30, 2011, reflected income of \$3.9 million, compared with \$4.7 million in the same period in 2010. Other Income consists primarily of gains and losses from the sale and disposition of assets. Although we are not in the business of selling customer accounts, we periodically will sell an office or a book of business (one or more customer accounts) that we believe does not produce reasonable margins or demonstrate a potential for growth, or when doing so is otherwise in the Company's interest. Of the \$1.7 million increase in Other Income for the three months ended September 30, 2011, approximately \$0.6 million is due to gains on the sale of assets, with the remaining difference primarily due to a settlement of a lawsuit. Of the \$0.8 million decrease in Other Income for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 approximately \$0.2 million was due to net gains on the sale of assets with the remaining difference primarily due to a net difference in settlements of lawsuits, in each respective period.

Employee Compensation and Benefits

Employee compensation and benefits for the third quarter of 2011 increased, on a net basis, approximately 4.0%, or \$4.9 million, over the same period in 2010. However, within that net increase were \$7.3 million of new compensation costs related to new acquisitions that were stand-alone offices. Therefore, employee compensation and benefits from those offices that existed in the same three-month periods ended September 30, 2011, and 2010 (including the new acquisitions that folded in to those offices), decreased by \$2.4 million. The employee compensation and benefit expense reductions from these offices were primarily related to a reduction in salaries and commission expenses paid to sales producers of \$2.3 million. Employee compensation and benefits expense as a percentage of total revenue decreased slightly to 48.7% for the three months ended September 30, 2011, from 49.3% for the three months ended September 30, 2010.

Employee compensation and benefits for the nine months ended September 30, 2011, increased \$13.7 million, or 3.8%, over the same period in 2010. However, within that net increase were \$20.3 million of new compensation costs related to new acquisitions that were stand-alone offices. Therefore, employee compensation and benefits expense from those offices that existed in the same nine-month periods ended September 30, 2011, and 2010 (including the new acquisitions that folded in to those offices), decreased by \$6.6 million. The employee compensation and benefits expense reductions from these offices were primarily related to a reduction in salaries and commission expenses paid to sales producers of \$6.0 million. Employee compensation and benefits expense as a percentage of total revenue increased slightly to 49.3% for the first nine months of 2011, from 49.2% for the first nine months of 2010.

Non-Cash Stock-Based Compensation

The Company has an employee stock purchase plan, and grants stock options and non-vested stock awards to its employees. Compensation expense for all share-based awards is recognized in the financial statements based upon the grant-date fair value of those awards. Non-cash stock-based compensation expense for the three months ended September 30, 2011, increased \$1.4 million, or 91.0%, over the same period in 2010. Non-cash stock-based compensation expense for the nine months ended September 30, 2011, increased \$3.1 million, or 59.4%, from the same period in 2010. These increases were the result of new stock grants issued in January 2011, as described below.

Effective January 2011, we issued new grants under our 2010 Stock Incentive Plan (SIP) that vest in six to ten years, subject to the achievement of certain performance criteria by grantees, and the achievement of consolidated earnings-per-share (EPS) growth at certain levels by the Company, over a five-year measurement period ending December 31, 2015. We estimate that the incremental cost of these new SIP grants in

2011 will be approximately \$5.3 million.

Table of Contents***Other Operating Expenses***

Other operating expenses for the third quarter of 2011 increased \$7.1 million, or 22.8%, over the same period in 2010, of which \$2.8 million related to acquisitions that joined as stand-alone offices on or after August 1, 2010. Therefore, other operating expenses attributable to those offices that existed in both the three-month periods ended September 30, 2011, and 2010 (including the new acquisitions that folded in to those offices), increased by \$4.3 million. The \$4.3 million net increase in other operating expenses was primarily attributable to the following factors: (i) a \$2.6 million payment for a legal claim first raised in 1996 that we vigorously defended for 15 years until exhausting all appellate avenues for review, (ii) a \$3.8 million increase in legal costs, of which \$2.0 million was due to increased legal activity; in the third quarter of 2010, we received \$1.8 million for legal costs that were reimbursed to the Company from an insurance carrier, and (iii) approximately \$2.1 million in broad-based reductions, primarily in the areas of occupancy costs, insurance expense, postage, supplies and bad debt expense.

Other operating expenses for the first nine months of 2011 increased \$8.2 million, or 8.1%, over the same period in 2010, of which \$7.3 million related to acquisitions that joined us as stand-alone offices on or after February 1, 2010. Therefore, other operating expenses from those offices that existed in both the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2011, and 2010 (including the new acquisitions that folded in to those offices), increased by \$0.9 million. The \$0.9 million net increase in other operating expenses was principally attributable to the following factors: (i) a \$2.6 million payment for a legal claim first raised in 1996 that we vigorously defended for 15 years until exhausting all appellate avenues for review, (ii) a \$2.7 million increase in legal costs, of which \$0.9 million was due to increased legal activity; and a \$1.8 million proceeds that we received in the third quarter of 2010 for prior legal costs that were reimbursed to the Company from an insurance carrier, and (iii) approximately \$4.4 million in broad-based reductions, primarily in the areas of occupancy costs, insurance expense, errors and omissions reserves, postage, supplies and bad debt expense.

Amortization

Amortization expense for the third quarter of 2011 increased \$0.9 million, or 6.7%, over the third quarter of 2010. Amortization expense for the nine months ended September 30, 2011, increased \$2.7 million, or 7.1%, over the first nine months of 2010. These increases are primarily were to the amortization of additional intangible assets as the result of recent acquisitions.

Depreciation

Depreciation expense for the third quarter of 2011 decreased \$0.1 million, or 1.7%, from the third quarter of 2010. Depreciation expense for the nine months ended September 30, 2011, decreased \$0.2 million, or 2.3%, from the nine months ended September 30, 2010. These decreases were due primarily to certain fixed assets reaching their fully depreciated levels during 2010.

Interest Expense

Interest expense for the third quarter of 2011 decreased less than \$0.1 million, or 1.2%, from the third quarter of 2010. Interest expense for the nine months ended September 30, 2011, decreased \$0.1 million, or 0.6%, from the same period in 2010. This decrease was a result of a slight reduction in the average interest rate.

Change in Estimated Acquisition Earn-out Payables

Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) Topic 805 - Business Combinations is the authoritative guidance requiring an acquirer to recognize 100% of the fair values of acquired assets, including goodwill, and assumed liabilities (with only limited exceptions) upon initially obtaining control of an acquired entity. Additionally, the fair value of contingent consideration arrangements (such as earn-out purchase arrangements) at the acquisition date must be included in the purchase price consideration. As a result, the recorded purchase price for all acquisitions consummated after January 1, 2009 include an estimation of the fair value of liabilities associated with any potential earn-out provisions. Subsequent changes in these earn-out obligations will be recorded in the consolidated statement of income when incurred. Potential earn-out obligations are typically based upon future earnings of the acquired entities, usually between one and three years.

The net charge or credit to the Condensed Consolidated Statement of Income for the period is the combination of the net change in the estimated acquisition earn-out payables balance, and the interest expense imputed on the outstanding balance of the estimated acquisition earn-out payables.

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As of September 30, 2011, the fair values of the estimated acquisition earn-out payables were re-evaluated. The resulting net changes, as well as, the interest expense accretion on the estimated acquisition earn-out payables, for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2011 and 2010, were as follows (in thousands):

| | For the three months ended September 30, | | For the nine months ended September 30, | |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|---------------|--------------------------------------------|-------------------|
| | 2011 | 2010 | 2011 | 2010 |
| Change in fair value on estimated acquisition earn-out payables | \$ (1,286) | \$ (60) | \$ (697) | \$ (1,616) |
| Interest expense accretion | 476 | 253 | 1,353 | 580 |
| Total change in estimated acquisition earn-out payables | \$ (810) | \$ 193 | \$ 656 | \$ (1,036) |

For the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2011, and 2010, the fair value of the estimated acquisition earn-out payables were reduced since certain acquisitions were not performing at the level that we had predicted on our original projections.

As of September 30, 2011, the estimated acquisition earn-out payables equaled \$40,761,000, of which \$7,365,000 was recorded as accounts payable and \$33,096,000 was recorded as other non-current liabilities.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS SEGMENT INFORMATION

As discussed in Note 11 of the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements, we operate four reportable segments or divisions: the Retail, National Programs, Wholesale Brokerage, and Services Divisions. On a divisional basis, increases in amortization, depreciation, and interest expenses result from completed acquisitions within a given division in a particular year. Likewise, other income in each division primarily reflects net gains on sales of customer accounts and fixed assets. As such, in evaluating the operational efficiency of a division, management places emphasis on the net internal growth rate of core commissions and fees revenue, the gradual improvement of the ratio of total employee compensation and benefits to total revenues, and the gradual improvement of the ratio of other operating expenses to total revenues.

Total core commissions and fees revenues are our total commissions and fees, less (i) profit-sharing contingent commissions (revenue derived from special revenue-sharing commissions from insurance companies based upon the volume and the growth and/or profitability of the business placed with such companies during the prior year), and (ii) divested business (commissions and fees generated from offices, books of business or niches sold by the Company or terminated).

The internal growth rates for our core commissions and fees for the three months ended September 30, 2011, and 2010, by divisional units are as follows (in thousands, except percentages):

| 2011 | For the three months ended Sept 30, | | Total Net Change | Total Net Growth % | Less Acquisition Revenues | Internal Net Growth \$ | Internal Net Growth % |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------------|----------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| | 2011 | 2010 | | | | | |
| Florida Retail | \$ 34,840 | \$ 34,173 | \$ 667 | 2.0% | \$ 1,674 | \$ (1,007) | (2.9)% |
| National Retail | 87,307 | 80,611 | 6,696 | 8.3% | 10,227 | (3,531) | (4.4)% |
| Western Retail | 26,680 | 25,028 | 1,652 | 6.6% | 3,539 | (1,887) | (7.5)% |
| Total Retail⁽¹⁾ | 148,827 | 139,812 | 9,015 | 6.4% | 15,440 | (6,425) | (4.6)% |
| Professional Programs | 11,525 | 11,675 | (150) | (1.3)% | | (150) | (1.3)% |
| Special Programs | 38,637 | 37,542 | 1,095 | 2.9% | 675 | 420 | 1.1% |
| Total National Programs | 50,162 | 49,217 | 945 | 1.9% | 675 | 270 | 0.5% |
| Wholesale Brokerage | 34,505 | 34,369 | 136 | 0.4% | | 136 | 0.4% |

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| | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------------|------------|------------|-----------|-------|-----------|------------|--------|
| Services | 16,450 | 11,786 | 4,664 | 39.6% | 4,352 | 312 | 2.6% |
| Total Core Commissions and Fees | \$ 249,944 | \$ 235,184 | \$ 14,760 | 6.3% | \$ 20,467 | \$ (5,707) | (2.4)% |

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The reconciliation of the above internal growth schedule to the total Commissions and Fees included in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income for the three months ended September 30, 2011, and 2010, is as follows (in thousands, except percentages):

| | For the three months ended September 30, | |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|-------------------|
| | 2011 | 2010 |
| Total core commissions and fees | \$ 249,944 | \$ 235,184 |
| Profit-sharing contingent commissions | 7,233 | 9,667 |
| Divested business | | 1,251 |
| Total commission & fees | \$ 257,177 | \$ 246,102 |

⁽¹⁾ The Retail segment includes commissions and fees reported in the Other column of the Segment Information in Note 11 of the Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements, which includes corporate and consolidation items.

The internal growth rates for our core commissions and fees for the three months ended September 30, 2010, and 2009, by divisional units are as follows (in thousands, except percentages):

| 2010 | For the three months ended September 30, | | Total Net | Total Net | Less | Internal | Internal |
|----------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|-------------------|------------------|------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-----------------|
| | 2010 | 2009 | Change | Growth % | Acquisition | Net | Net |
| | | | | | Revenues | Growth \$ | Growth % |
| Florida Retail | \$ 34,035 | \$ 34,925 | \$ (890) | (2.5)% | \$ 24 | \$ (914) | (2.6)% |
| National Retail | 81,743 | 80,822 | 921 | 1.1% | 5,089 | (4,168) | (5.2)% |
| Western Retail | 25,656 | 26,128 | (472) | (1.8)% | 1,585 | (2,057) | (7.9)% |
| Total Retail⁽¹⁾ | 141,434 | 141,875 | (441) | (0.3)% | 6,698 | (7,139) | (5.0)% |
| Professional Programs | 11,675 | 12,632 | (957) | (7.6)% | | (957) | (7.6)% |
| Special Programs | 37,555 | 34,583 | 2,972 | 8.6% | | 2,972 | 8.6% |
| Total National Programs | 49,230 | 47,215 | 2,015 | 4.3% | | 2,015 | 4.3% |
| Wholesale Brokerage | 34,135 | 34,809 | (674) | (1.9)% | 182 | (856) | (2.5)% |
| Services | 11,636 | 8,296 | 3,340 | 40.3% | 3,401 | (61) | (0.7)% |
| Total Core Commissions and Fees | \$ 236,435 | \$ 232,195 | \$ 4,240 | 1.8% | \$ 10,281 | \$ (6,041) | (2.6)% |

The reconciliation of the above internal growth schedule to the total Commissions and Fees included in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income for the three months ended September 30, 2010, and 2009, is as follows (in thousands, except percentages):

| | For the three months ended September 30, | |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|-------------|
| | 2010 | 2009 |
| Total core commissions and fees | \$ 236,435 | \$ 232,195 |
| Profit-sharing contingent commissions | 9,667 | 10,421 |

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| | | |
|-------------------------|------------|------------|
| Divested business | | 400 |
| Total commission & fees | \$ 246,102 | \$ 243,016 |

- ⁽¹⁾ The Retail segment includes commissions and fees reported in the Other column of the Segment Information in Note 11 of the Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements, which includes corporate and consolidation items.

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The internal growth rates for our core commissions and fees for the nine months ended September 30, 2011, and 2010, by divisional units are as follows (in thousands, except percentages):

| 2011 | For the nine months ended September 30, | | Total Net Change | Total Net Growth % | Less Acquisition Revenues | Internal Net Growth \$ | Internal Net Growth % |
|----------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|------------|------------------|--------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|
| | 2011 | 2010 | | | | | |
| Florida Retail | \$ 117,827 | \$ 114,686 | \$ 3,141 | 2.7% | \$ 5,560 | \$ (2,419) | (2.1)% |
| National Retail | 252,632 | 237,294 | 15,338 | 6.5% | 27,794 | (12,456) | (5.2)% |
| Western Retail | 76,329 | 70,320 | 6,009 | 8.5% | 9,419 | (3,410) | (4.8)% |
| Total Retail⁽¹⁾ | 446,788 | 422,300 | 24,488 | 5.8% | 42,773 | (18,285) | (4.3)% |
| Professional Programs | 29,887 | 30,844 | (957) | (3.1)% | | (957) | (3.1)% |
| Special Programs | 90,882 | 93,911 | (3,029) | (3.2)% | 766 | (3,795) | (4.0)% |
| Total National Programs | 120,769 | 124,755 | (3,986) | (3.2)% | 766 | (4,752) | (3.8)% |
| Wholesale Brokerage Services | 110,274 | 109,390 | 884 | 0.8% | | 884 | 0.8% |
| | 48,393 | 30,511 | 17,882 | 58.6% | 17,676 | 206 | 0.7% |
| Total Core Commissions and Fees | \$ 726,224 | \$ 686,956 | \$ 39,268 | 5.7% | \$ 61,215 | \$ (21,947) | (3.2)% |

The reconciliation of the above internal growth schedule to the total Commissions and Fees included in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income for the nine months ended September 30, 2011, and 2010, is as follows (in thousands, except percentages):

| | For the nine months ended September 30, | |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|------------|
| | 2011 | 2010 |
| Total core commissions and fees | \$ 726,224 | \$ 686,956 |
| Profit-sharing contingent commissions | 38,388 | 48,347 |
| Divested business | | 2,526 |
| Total commission & fees | \$ 764,612 | \$ 737,829 |

⁽¹⁾ The Retail segment includes commissions and fees reported in the Other column of the Segment Information in Note 11 of the Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements, which includes corporate and consolidation items.

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The internal growth rates for our core commissions and fees for the nine months ended September 30, 2010, and 2009, by divisional units are as follows (in thousands, except percentages):

| 2010 | For the nine months ended September 30, | | Total Net Change | Total Net Growth % | Less Acquisition Revenues | Internal Net Growth \$ | Internal Net Growth % |
|----------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|------------|------------------|--------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|
| | 2010 | 2009 | | | | | |
| Florida Retail | \$ 113,731 | \$ 118,914 | \$ (5,183) | (4.4)% | \$ 57 | \$ (5,240) | (4.4)% |
| National Retail | 239,741 | 236,934 | 2,807 | 1.2% | 10,307 | (7,500) | (3.2)% |
| Western Retail | 71,501 | 75,655 | (4,154) | (5.5)% | 4,069 | (8,223) | (10.9)% |
| Total Retail⁽¹⁾ | 424,973 | 431,503 | (6,530) | (1.5)% | 14,433 | (20,963) | (4.9)% |
| Professional Programs | 30,844 | 33,095 | (2,251) | (6.8)% | | (2,251) | (6.8)% |
| Special Programs | 93,982 | 103,287 | (9,305) | (9.0)% | 740 | (10,045) | (9.7)% |
| Total National Programs | 124,826 | 136,382 | (11,556) | (8.5)% | 740 | (12,296) | (9.0)% |
| Wholesale Brokerage | 109,322 | 110,680 | (1,358) | (1.2)% | 1,035 | (2,393) | (2.2)% |
| Services | 30,361 | 24,640 | 5,721 | 23.2% | 5,729 | (8) | 0.0% |
| Total Core Commissions and Fees | \$ 689,482 | \$ 703,205 | \$ (13,723) | (2.0)% | \$ 21,937 | \$ (35,660) | (5.1)% |

The reconciliation of the above internal growth schedule to the total Commissions and Fees included in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income for the nine months ended September 30, 2010, and 2009, is as follows (in thousands, except percentages):

| | For the nine months ended September 30, | |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|------------|
| | 2010 | 2009 |
| Total core commissions and fees | \$ 689,482 | \$ 703,205 |
| Profit-sharing contingent commissions | 48,347 | 47,153 |
| Divested business | | 1,217 |
| Total commission & fees | \$ 737,829 | \$ 751,575 |

⁽¹⁾ The Retail segment includes commissions and fees reported in the Other column of the Segment Information in Note 11 of the Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements, which includes corporate and consolidation items.

Table of Contents**Retail Division**

The Retail Division provides a broad range of insurance products and services to commercial, public and quasi-public, professional and individual insured customers. Approximately 96.2% of the Retail Division's commissions and fees revenues are commission-based. Since the majority of our operating expenses do not change as premiums fluctuate, we believe that most of any fluctuation in the commissions (net of related producer compensation and bonuses) that we receive will be reflected in our pre-tax income.

Financial information relating to Brown & Brown's Retail Division for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2011, and 2010 is as follows (in thousands, except percentages):

| | For the three months ended September 30, | | | For the nine months ended September 30, | | |
|------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|------------|-------------|--------------------------------------------|--------------|-------------|
| | 2011 | 2010 | % Change | 2011 | 2010 | % Change |
| REVENUES | | | | | | |
| Core commissions and fees | \$ 149,278 | \$ 141,179 | 5.7% | \$ 447,525 | \$ 424,197 | 5.5% |
| Profit-sharing contingent commissions | 2,203 | 2,832 | (22.2)% | 14,363 | 14,951 | (3.9)% |
| Investment income | 28 | 28 | % | 72 | 145 | (50.3)% |
| Other income, net | 205 | 44 | 365.9% | 669 | 1,221 | (45.2)% |
| Total revenues | 151,714 | 144,083 | 5.3% | 462,629 | 440,514 | 5.0% |
| EXPENSES | | | | | | |
| Employee compensation and benefits | 75,118 | 71,655 | 4.8% | 228,146 | 217,889 | 4.7% |
| Non-cash stock-based compensation | 1,455 | 871 | 67.0% | 4,598 | 2,647 | 73.7% |
| Other operating expenses | 24,952 | 21,850 | 14.2% | 74,921 | 70,087 | 6.9% |
| Amortization | 8,390 | 7,690 | 9.1% | 24,830 | 22,848 | 8.7% |
| Depreciation | 1,262 | 1,316 | (4.1)% | 3,758 | 4,050 | (7.2)% |
| Interest | 6,825 | 6,578 | 3.8% | 20,538 | 20,265 | 1.3% |
| Change in estimated acquisition earn-out payables | (2,950) | 102 | NMF% | (2,374) | (1,230) | 93.0% |
| Total expenses | 115,052 | 110,062 | 4.5% | 354,417 | 336,556 | 5.3% |
| Income before income taxes | \$ 36,662 | \$ 34,021 | 7.8% | \$ 108,212 | \$ 103,958 | 4.1% |
| Net internal growth rate – core commissions and fees | (4.6)% | (5.0)% | | (4.3)% | (4.9)% | |
| Employee compensation and benefits ratio | 49.5% | 49.7% | | 49.3% | 49.5% | |
| Other operating expenses ratio | 16.4% | 15.2% | | 16.2% | 15.9% | |
| Capital expenditures | \$ 1,943 | \$ 1,224 | | \$ 5,059 | \$ 2,974 | |
| Total assets at September 30, 2011 and 2010 | | | | \$ 2,086,900 | \$ 1,856,330 | |
| NMF – Not a Meaningful Figure | | | | | | |

The Retail Division's total revenues during the three months ended September 30, 2011 increased 5.3%, or \$7.6 million, over the same period in 2010, to \$151.7 million. Profit-sharing contingent commissions for the third quarter of 2011 decreased \$0.6 million, or 22.2%, from the third quarter of 2010. The \$8.1 million net increase in commissions and fees revenue resulted from the following factors: (i) an increase of approximately \$15.4 million related to the core commissions and fees revenue from acquisitions that had no comparable revenues in the same period of 2010; (ii) a decrease of \$0.9 million related to commissions and fees revenue recorded in the third quarter of 2010 from business divested during 2011; and (iii) a decrease of \$6.4 million primarily related to net lost business. The Retail Division's negative internal growth rate for core commissions and fees revenue was (4.6)% for the third quarter of 2011, and was driven by lower property insurance rates and reduced insurable exposure units in most areas of the United States, and by lost business in certain offices.

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Income before income taxes for the three months ended September 30, 2011 increased 7.8%, or \$2.6 million, over the same period in 2010, to \$36.7 million. Even though total net lost business was \$6.4 million, employee compensation and benefits and other operating expenses were reduced by \$2.1 million in those offices that existed in both the three-month periods ended September 30, 2011, and 2010 (including the smaller acquisitions that folded in to those offices). Employee compensation and benefits expenses in those offices were reduced \$2.0 million, primarily due to lower salaries and producer commissions. Other operating expenses in those offices were also reduced by \$0.1 million, due to broad-based expense reductions in areas such as occupancy cost, postage, insurance costs and bad debt expense. However, substantially offsetting these cost savings in other operating expenses were increased legal fees as a result of increased legal activity during the third quarter of 2011. Partially offsetting these net declines in income before income taxes were earnings from recent acquisitions. Additionally, there was a \$3.0 million credit to pre-tax income resulting from a change in estimated acquisition earn-out payables which effectively accounted for most of the quarterly increase in income before income taxes for the three months ended September 30, 2011.

The Retail Division's total revenues during the nine months ended September 30, 2011 increased 5.0%, or \$22.1 million, over the same period in 2010, to \$462.6 million. Profit-sharing contingent commissions for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 decreased \$0.6 million, or 3.9%, from the same period in 2010. The \$23.3 million net increase in commissions and fees revenue resulted from the following factors: (i) an increase of approximately \$42.8 million related to the core commissions and fees revenue from acquisitions that had no comparable revenues in the same period of 2010; (ii) a decrease of \$1.2 million related to commissions and fees revenue recorded in the nine months of 2010 from business divested during 2011; and (iii) the remaining net decrease of \$18.3 million was primarily related to net lost business. The Retail Division's negative internal growth rate for core commissions and fees revenue was (4.3)% for the first nine months of 2011, and was driven by lower insurance property rates and reduced insurable exposure units in most areas of the United States and by lost business in certain offices.

Income before income taxes for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 increased 4.1%, or \$4.3 million, over the same period in 2010, to \$108.2 million. Even though total net lost business was down \$18.3 million, employee compensation and benefits and other operating expenses were reduced by \$3.4 million in those offices that existed in both the three-month periods ended September 30, 2011, and 2010 (including the smaller acquisitions that folded in to those offices). Employee compensation and benefits expenses in those offices were reduced \$1.1 million, primarily due to lower salaries and producer commissions. Other operating expenses in those offices were also reduced by \$2.3 million due to broad-based expense reductions in areas such as occupancy cost, supplies, postage, insurance costs and bad debt expense. More than offsetting these net declines in income before income taxes were the earnings from the recent acquisitions. Additionally, there was a \$2.4 million credit to pre-tax income resulting from a change in estimated acquisition earn-out payables, which accounted for approximately a quarter of the increase in income before income taxes for the nine months ended September 30, 2011.

Table of Contents**National Programs Division**

The National Programs Division is comprised of two units: Professional Programs, which provides professional liability and related package products for certain professionals delivered through nationwide networks of independent agents; and Special Programs, which markets targeted products and services designated for specific industries, trade groups, public and quasi-public entities and market niches. Like the Retail and Wholesale Brokerage Divisions, the National Programs Division's revenues are primarily commission-based.

Financial information relating to our National Programs Division for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2011, and 2010, is as follows (in thousands, except percentages):

| | For the three months ended September 30, | | | For the nine months ended September 30, | | |
|------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|-----------|-------------|--------------------------------------------|------------|-------------|
| | 2011 | 2010 | % Change | 2011 | 2010 | % Change |
| REVENUES | | | | | | |
| Core commissions and fees | \$ 50,162 | \$ 49,230 | 1.9% | \$ 120,769 | \$ 124,826 | (3.3)% |
| Profit-sharing contingent commissions | (331) | 450 | (173.6)% | 12,788 | 18,107 | (29.4)% |
| Investment income | | | % | | 1 | (100.0)% |
| Other income, net | 19 | 214 | (91.1)% | 54 | 263 | (79.5)% |
| Total revenues | 49,850 | 49,894 | (0.1)% | 133,611 | 143,197 | (6.7)% |
| EXPENSES | | | | | | |
| Employee compensation and benefits | 18,879 | 18,429 | 2.4% | 53,918 | 54,474 | (1.0)% |
| Non-cash stock-based compensation | 362 | 202 | 79.2% | 1,097 | 611 | 79.5% |
| Other operating expenses | 6,435 | 6,508 | (1.1)% | 18,858 | 18,558 | 1.6% |
| Amortization | 2,146 | 2,304 | (6.9)% | 6,405 | 6,912 | (7.3)% |
| Depreciation | 708 | 761 | (7.0)% | 2,259 | 2,270 | (0.5)% |
| Interest | 376 | 763 | (50.7)% | 1,374 | 2,595 | (47.1)% |
| Change in estimated acquisition earn-out payables | (540) | 6 | NMF% | (520) | 16 | NMF% |
| Total expenses | 28,366 | 28,973 | (2.1)% | 83,391 | 85,436 | (2.4)% |
| Income before income taxes | \$ 21,484 | \$ 20,921 | 2.7% | \$ 50,220 | \$ 57,761 | (13.1)% |
| Net internal growth rate - core commissions and fees | 0.5% | 4.3% | | (3.8)% | (9.0)% | |
| Employee compensation and benefits ratio | 37.9% | 36.9% | | 40.4% | 38.0% | |
| Other operating expenses ratio | 12.9% | 13.0% | | 14.1% | 13.0% | |
| Capital expenditures | \$ 404 | \$ 400 | | \$ 1,162 | \$ 1,932 | |
| Total assets at September 30, 2011 and 2010 | | | | \$ 734,042 | \$ 729,660 | |
| NMF | Not a Meaningful Figure | | | | | |

Total revenues for National Programs for the three months ended September 30, 2011 decreased 0.1%, or less than \$0.1 million, from the same period in 2010, to \$49.9 million. Profit-sharing contingent commissions for the third quarter of 2011 decreased \$0.8 million from the third quarter of 2010. The \$0.9 million net increase in commissions and fees revenue resulted from the following factors: (i) an increase of approximately \$0.7 million related to the core commissions and fees revenue from acquisitions that had no comparable revenues in the same period of 2010; (ii) a decrease of \$0.1 million related to commissions and fees revenue recorded in the third quarter of 2010 from business divested during 2011; and (iii) the remaining net increase of \$0.3 million is primarily related to net new business. The National Programs Division's internal growth rate for core commissions and fees revenue was 0.5% for the three months ended September 30, 2011. Of the \$0.3 million of net new business, \$0.7 million was from net new business from our public entity business and another \$0.7 million related to commissions recorded in the third quarter of 2011, but which comparable prior year commissions were recorded in the second quarter of 2010. Partially offsetting this net new business was \$0.9 million net revenue reductions at Proctor. It is expected that Proctor's commissions and fees revenue for the fourth quarter of 2011 will be \$0.5 million to \$1.0 million greater than the fourth quarter of 2010.

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Income before income taxes for the three months ended September 30, 2011 increased 2.7%, or \$0.6 million, over the same period in 2010, to \$21.5 million. This increase is primarily due to a \$0.5 million credit recorded for the change in estimated acquisition earn-out payable, and a \$0.4 million reduction in the inter-company interest expense, but partially offset by a \$0.3 million increase in profit center bonus expense.

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Total revenues for National Programs for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 decreased 6.7%, or \$9.6 million, from the same period in 2010, to \$133.6 million. Profit-sharing contingent commissions for the nine months ended September 30, 2011, decreased \$5.3 million from the same period of 2010, of which \$4.6 million of that decrease related to Proctor. Proctor's decreased profit-sharing contingent commissions were the direct result of the net lost business. Of the \$4.1 million net decrease in commissions and fees for National Programs: (i) an increase of approximately \$0.8 million related to the core commissions and fees revenue from acquisitions that had no comparable revenues in the same period of 2010; (ii) a decrease of \$0.1 million related to commissions and fees revenue recorded in 2010 from business divested during 2011, and (iii) the remaining net decrease of \$4.8 million is primarily related to net lost business. Therefore, the National Programs Division's negative internal growth rate for core commissions and fees revenue was (3.8)% for the nine months ended September 30, 2011. Of the \$4.8 million of net lost business, \$6.2 million related to Proctor, \$1.0 million related to our Cal-Surance operation (which offers professional liability programs designed for insurance agents, financial advisors, registered representatives, securities broker-dealers, benefit administrators, real estate brokers and real estate title agents), and \$0.9 million related to our FIU operation, but partially offset by \$2.9 million net business growth in our public entity business and \$0.4 million net business growth in our other programs.

Income before income taxes for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 decreased 13.1%, or \$7.5 million, from the same period in 2010, to \$50.2 million. This decrease is primarily due to a net decrease in income before income taxes at Proctor, but partially offset by a \$0.5 million credit recorded for the change in estimated acquisition earn-out payable, and a \$1.2 million reduction in the inter-company interest expense.

Wholesale Brokerage Division

The Wholesale Brokerage Division markets and sells excess and surplus commercial and personal lines insurance and reinsurance, primarily through independent agents and brokers. Like the Retail and National Programs Divisions, the Wholesale Brokerage Division's revenues are primarily commission-based.

Financial information relating to our Wholesale Brokerage Division for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2011 and 2010 is as follows (in thousands, except percentages):

| | For the three months ended September 30, | | | For the nine months ended September 30, | | |
|------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|-----------|-------------|--------------------------------------------|------------|-------------|
| | 2011 | 2010 | % Change | 2011 | 2010 | % Change |
| REVENUES | | | | | | |
| Core commissions and fees | \$ 34,505 | \$ 34,135 | 1.1% | \$ 110,274 | \$ 109,322 | 0.9% |
| Profit-sharing contingent commissions | 5,361 | 6,385 | (16.0)% | 11,237 | 15,289 | (26.5)% |
| Investment income | 9 | 10 | (10.0)% | 26 | 21 | 23.8% |
| Other income, net | 539 | 177 | 204.5% | 729 | 1,048 | (30.4)% |
| Total revenues | 40,414 | 40,707 | (0.7)% | 122,266 | 125,680 | (2.7)% |
| EXPENSES | | | | | | |
| Employee compensation and benefits | 19,049 | 19,634 | (3.0)% | 58,415 | 60,757 | (3.9)% |
| Non-cash stock-based compensation | 337 | 172 | 95.9% | 1,025 | 518 | 97.9% |
| Other operating expenses | 7,672 | 7,820 | (1.9)% | 22,050 | 23,446 | (6.0)% |
| Amortization | 2,545 | 2,545 | % | 7,620 | 7,656 | (0.5)% |
| Depreciation | 627 | 656 | (4.4)% | 1,919 | 2,047 | (6.3)% |
| Interest | 1,687 | 2,597 | (35.0)% | 5,564 | 8,275 | (32.8)% |
| Change in estimated acquisition earn-out payables | 44 | 11 | 300.0% | 632 | 37 | NMF% |
| Total expenses | 31,961 | 33,435 | (4.4)% | 97,225 | 102,736 | (5.4)% |
| Income before income taxes | \$ 8,453 | \$ 7,272 | 16.2% | \$ 25,041 | \$ 22,944 | 9.1% |
| Net internal growth rate - core commissions and fees | 0.4% | (2.5)% | | 0.8% | (2.2)% | |
| Employee compensation and benefits ratio | 47.1% | 48.2% | | 47.8% | 48.3% | |

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| | | | | |
|---------------------------------------------|-------------------------|--------|------------|------------|
| Other operating expenses ratio | 19.0% | 19.2% | 18.0% | 18.7% |
| Capital expenditures | \$ 225 | \$ 507 | \$ 1,816 | \$ 1,461 |
| Total assets at September 30, 2011 and 2010 | | | \$ 648,250 | \$ 625,175 |
| NMF | Not a Meaningful Figure | | | |

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The Wholesale Brokerage Division's total revenues for the three months ended September 30, 2011 decreased 0.7%, or \$0.3 million, from the same period in 2010, to \$40.4 million. Profit-sharing contingent commissions for the third quarter of 2011 decreased \$1.0 million from the same quarter of 2010. Of the \$0.4 million net increase in core commissions and fees revenue: (i) a decrease of \$0.3 million related to commissions and fees revenue recorded in the third quarter of 2010 from business divested during 2011, and (ii) the remaining net increase of \$0.1 million is primarily due to net new business. As such, the Wholesale Brokerage Division's internal growth rate for core commissions and fees revenue was 0.4% for the third quarter of 2011, which primarily related to slight increases in coastal property insurance premium rates.

Income before income taxes for the three months ended September 30, 2011 increased 16.2%, or \$1.2 million, over the same period in 2010, to \$8.5 million, primarily due to \$0.9 million reduction in the inter-company interest expense, as well as continued improved efficiencies relating to employee compensation costs and other operating expenses.

The Wholesale Brokerage Division's total revenues for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 decreased 2.7%, or \$3.4 million, from the same period in 2010, to \$122.3 million. Profit-sharing contingent commissions for the nine months ended September 30, 2011, decreased \$4.0 million from the same period of 2010. Of the \$1.0 million net increase in commissions and fees revenue: (i) a decrease of \$0.1 million related to commissions and fees revenue recorded in the first half of 2010 from business divested during 2011, and (ii) the remaining net increase of \$0.9 million is primarily due to net new business. As such, the Wholesale Brokerage Division's internal growth rate for core commissions and fees revenue was 0.8% for the nine months ended September 30, 2011, which primarily related to a slight increase in coastal insurance property premium rates.

Income before income taxes for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 increased 9.1%, or \$2.1 million, over the same period in 2010, to \$25.0 million, primarily due to \$2.7 million reduction in the inter-company interest expense, offset by a \$0.6 charge to pre-tax income resulting from a change in estimated acquisition earn-out payables. Additionally, even though total profit-sharing contingent commissions were \$4.1 million less than the comparable period of 2010, employee compensation and benefits and other operating expenses were reduced by \$3.7 million. Employee compensation and benefits expenses were reduced \$2.3 million primarily due to lower salaries and producer commissions. Other operating expenses were reduced by \$1.4 million due to broad-based expense reductions in areas such as occupancy cost, supplies, postage, insurance costs and travel and entertainment expenses.

Table of Contents**Services Division**

The Services Division provides insurance-related services, including third-party claims administration and comprehensive medical utilization management services in both the workers' compensation and all-lines liability arenas, as well as Medicare set-aside services and Social Security disability and Medicare benefits advocacy services. Unlike our other segments, approximately 99.8% of the Services Division's 2010 commissions and fees revenues are generated from fees, which are not significantly affected by fluctuations in general insurance premiums.

Financial information relating to our Services Division for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2011, and 2010, is as follows (in thousands, except percentages):

| | For the three months ended September 30, | | | For the nine months ended September 30, | | |
|------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|-----------|-------------|--------------------------------------------|------------|-------------|
| | 2011 | 2010 | % Change | 2011 | 2010 | % Change |
| REVENUES | | | | | | |
| Core commissions and fees | \$ 16,450 | \$ 11,636 | 41.1% | \$ 48,393 | \$ 30,361 | 59.4% |
| Profit-sharing contingent commissions | | | % | | | % |
| Investment income | 1 | 3 | (66.7)% | 127 | 12 | 958.3% |
| Other income, net | 778 | 20 | NMF% | 995 | 77 | NMF% |
| Total revenues | 17,229 | 11,659 | 47.8% | 49,515 | 30,450 | 62.6% |
| EXPENSES | | | | | | |
| Employee compensation and benefits | 8,532 | 6,654 | 28.2% | 25,872 | 17,705 | 46.1% |
| Non-cash stock-based compensation | 47 | 21 | 123.8% | 162 | 64 | 153.1% |
| Other operating expenses | 2,979 | 1,908 | 56.1% | 8,671 | 5,230 | 65.8% |
| Amortization | 634 | 320 | 98.1% | 1,906 | 627 | 204.0% |
| Depreciation | 155 | 87 | 78.2% | 434 | 233 | 86.3% |
| Interest | 1,404 | 643 | 118.4% | 4,392 | 1,075 | 308.6% |
| Change in estimated acquisition earn-out payables | 2,636 | 74 | NMF% | 2,918 | 141 | NMF% |
| Total expenses | 16,387 | 9,707 | 68.8% | 44,355 | 25,075 | 76.9% |
| Income before income taxes | \$ 842 | \$ 1,952 | (56.9)% | \$ 5,160 | \$ 5,375 | (4.0)% |
| Net internal growth rate - core commissions and fees | 2.6% | (0.7)% | | 0.7% | 0.0% | |
| Employee compensation and benefits ratio | 49.5% | 57.1% | | 52.3% | 58.1% | |
| Other operating expenses ratio | 17.3% | 16.4% | | 17.5% | 17.2% | |
| Capital expenditures | \$ 92 | \$ 86 | | \$ 596 | \$ 297 | |
| Total assets at September 30, 2011 and 2010 | | | | \$ 148,752 | \$ 142,451 | |
| NMF | Not a Meaningful Figure | | | | | |

The Services Division's total revenues for the three months ended September 30, 2011 increased 47.8%, or \$5.6 million, over the same period in 2010, to \$17.2 million, which was almost exclusively due to an acquisition that did not have comparable revenues in the same period of 2010. Core commissions and fees revenue reflects an internal growth rate of 2.6% for the third quarter of 2011, primarily due to increased revenues in our Social Security disability and Medicare benefits advocacy services.

Income before income taxes for the three months ended September 30, 2011 decreased 56.9%, or \$1.1 million, from the same period in 2010 to \$0.8 million, primarily due to a \$2.6 million charge to increase the estimated acquisition earn-out payable and a \$0.8 million increase in our inter-company interest expense due to current acquisitions, but which was partially offset by the increased earnings from our acquisition relating to Social Security disability and Medicare benefits advocacy services.

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The Services Division's total revenues for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 increased 62.6%, or \$19.1 million, over the same period in 2010, to \$49.5 million, which was almost exclusively due to acquisitions that did not have comparable revenues in the same period of 2010. Core commissions and fees revenue reflects an internal growth rate of 0.7% for the nine months ended September 30, 2011, primarily due increased revenues in our Social Security disability and Medicare benefits advocacy services.

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Income before income taxes for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 decreased 4.0%, or \$0.2 million, from the same period in 2010 to \$5.2 million, primarily due to a \$2.8 million charge to increase the estimated acquisition earn-out payable and a \$3.3 million increase in our inter-company interest expense due to current acquisitions, but which was substantially offset by the increased earnings from our acquisition relating to Social Security disability and Medicare benefits advocacy services.

Other

As discussed in Note 11 of the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements, the Other column in the Segment Information table includes any income and expenses not allocated to reportable segments, and corporate-related items, including the inter-company interest expense charges to reporting segments.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Our cash and cash equivalents of \$334.5 million at September 30, 2011 reflected an increase of \$61.5 million over the \$273.0 million balance at December 31, 2010. For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2011, \$201.2 million of cash was provided by operating activities. Also during this period, \$99.1 million of cash was used for acquisitions, \$9.5 million was used for additions to fixed assets, \$5.3 million was used for acquisition earn-out payments, \$101.8 million was used for payments on long-term debt and \$34.3 million was used for payment of dividends. Additionally, in the third quarter of 2011, we borrowed \$100.0 million on our Master Agreement to fund the repayment of our \$100.0 million of Series A Senior Notes that matured on September 15, 2011.

Our ratio of current assets to current liabilities (the current ratio) was 1.50 and 1.39 at September 30, 2011, and December 31, 2010, respectively.

Contractual Cash Obligations

As of September 30, 2011, our contractual cash obligations were as follows:

| (in thousands) | Payments Due by Period | | | | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------|-------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| | Total | Less Than 1 Year | 1-3 Years | 4-5 Years | After 5 Years |
| Long-term debt | \$ 251,745 | \$ 1,142 | \$ 100,603 | \$ 25,000 | \$ 125,000 |
| Other long-term liabilities ⁽¹⁾ | 10,580 | 4,893 | 4,456 | 266 | 965 |
| Operating leases | 101,683 | 23,330 | 38,106 | 25,917 | 14,330 |
| Interest obligations | 60,101 | 13,339 | 25,408 | 12,222 | 9,132 |
| Unrecognized tax benefits | 747 | | 747 | | |
| Maximum future acquisition earn-out payments ⁽²⁾ | 104,386 | 25,894 | 69,296 | 9,196 | |
| Total contractual cash obligations | \$ 529,242 | \$ 68,598 | \$ 238,616 | \$ 72,601 | \$ 149,427 |

(1) Includes the current portion of other long-term liabilities.

(2) Includes \$40.5 million of current and non-current estimated earn-out payables resulting from acquisitions consummated after January 1, 2009.

In July 2004, the Company completed a private placement of \$200.0 million of unsecured senior notes (the Notes). The \$200.0 million was divided into two series: (1) Series A, which closed on September 15, 2004, for \$100.0 million due in 2011 and bearing interest at 5.57% per year; and (2) Series B, which closed on July 15, 2004, for \$100.0 million due in 2014 and bearing interest at 6.08% per year. Brown & Brown has used the proceeds from the Notes for general corporate purposes, including acquisitions and repayment of existing debt. On September 15, 2011, the \$100.0 million of Series A Notes were redeemed on their normal maturity date. As of September 30, 2011, and December 31, 2010, there was an outstanding balance on the Notes of \$100.0 million and \$200.0 million, respectively.

On December 22, 2006, the Company entered into a Master Shelf and Note Purchase Agreement (the Master Agreement) with a national insurance company (the Purchaser). On September 30, 2009, the Company and the Purchaser amended the Master Agreement to extend the term

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of the agreement until September 30, 2012. The Purchaser also purchased Notes issued by the Company in 2004. The Master Agreement provides for a \$200.0 million private uncommitted shelf facility for the issuance of senior unsecured notes over a three-year period, with interest rates that may be fixed or floating and with such maturity dates, not to exceed ten years, as the parties may determine. The Master Agreement includes various covenants, limitations and events of default similar to the Notes issued in 2004. The initial issuance of notes under the Master Agreement occurred on December 22, 2006,

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through the issuance of \$25.0 million in Series C Senior Notes due December 22, 2016, with a fixed interest rate of 5.66% per year. On February 1, 2008, \$25.0 million in Series D Senior Notes due January 15, 2015, with a fixed interest rate of 5.37% per year, were issued. On September 15, 2011, \$100.0 million in Series E Senior Notes due September 15, 2018, with a fixed interest rate of 4.50% per year, were issued. The Series E Senior Notes were issued for the sole purpose of retiring the Series A Senior Notes. As of September 30, 2011, and December 31, 2010, there was an outstanding balance under the Master Agreement of \$150.0 million and \$50.0 million, respectively.

As a result of the Company entering into a Confirmation of Acceptance on January 21, 2011 (the Confirmation) in connection with the Master Agreement, the Company issued to the Purchaser and certain of the Purchaser's affiliates on September 15, 2011 an aggregate of \$100.0 million principal amount of unsecured Series E Senior Notes due September 15, 2018, with a fixed interest rate of 4.5% per year. In accordance with ASC Topic 470 Debt, the Company classified the related principal balance of the Series A Senior Notes as long-term debt as of December 31, 2010, as the Company had both the intent and ability to refinance the obligation on a long-term basis, as evidenced by the Confirmation.

On June 12, 2008, the Company entered into an Amended and Restated Revolving Loan Agreement dated as of June 3, 2008 (the Loan Agreement), with a national banking institution, amending and restating the existing Revolving Loan Agreement dated September 29, 2003, as amended (the Revolving Agreement), to increase the lending commitment to \$50.0 million (subject to potential increases up to \$100.0 million) and to extend the maturity date from December 20, 2011, to June 3, 2013. The calculation of interest and fees is generally based on the Company's quarterly ratio of funded debt to earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, amortization, and non-cash stock-based compensation. Interest is charged at a rate equal to 0.50% to 1.00% above the London Interbank Offering Rate (LIBOR) or 1.00% below the base rate, each as more fully defined in the Loan Agreement. Fees include an upfront fee, an availability fee of 0.10% to 0.20%, and a letter of credit usage fee of 0.50% to 1.00%. The Loan Agreement contains various covenants, limitations, and events of default customary for similar facilities for similar borrowers. The 90-day LIBOR was 0.374% and 0.300% as of September 30, 2011, and December 31, 2010, respectively. There were no borrowings against this facility at September 30, 2011, or December 31, 2010. During the three months ended September 30, 2011, there were no borrowings under this facility.

All of these credit agreements require us to maintain certain financial ratios and comply with certain other covenants. We were in compliance with all such covenants as of September 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010.

Neither we nor our subsidiaries have ever incurred off-balance sheet obligations through the use of, or investment in, off-balance sheet derivative financial instruments or structured finance or special purpose entities organized as corporations, partnerships or limited liability companies or trusts.

We believe that our existing cash, cash equivalents, short-term investment portfolio and funds generated from operations, together with our Master Agreement, our Notes, and our Loan Agreement will be sufficient to satisfy our normal liquidity needs through at least the next twelve months. Additionally, we believe that funds generated from future operations will be sufficient to satisfy our normal liquidity needs, including the required annual principal payments on our long-term debt for the reasonably foreseeable future.

Historically, much of our cash has been used for acquisitions. If additional acquisition opportunities should become available that exceed our current cash flow, we believe that given our relatively low debt-to-total-capitalization ratio, we would be able to raise additional capital through either the private or public debt markets.

As publicly announced on October 19, 2011, we increased our dividend to \$0.085 per share, a 6.25% increase from the current rate of \$0.08 per share, with the first payment at the new dividend rate to be made on November 16, 2011. Also as publicly announced on October 19, 2011, our Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of up to \$100 million worth of shares of our common stock during the twelve months following such announcement.

For further discussion of our cash management and risk management policies, see Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.

In addition, we currently have a shelf registration statement with the SEC registering the potential sale of an indeterminate amount of debt and equity securities in the future, from time to time, to augment our liquidity and capital resources.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Market risk is the potential loss arising from adverse changes in market rates and prices, such as interest rates and equity prices. We are exposed to market risk through our investments, revolving credit line and term loan agreements.

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Our invested assets are held as cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash and investments, available-for-sale marketable equity securities, non-marketable equity securities and certificates of deposit. These investments are subject to interest rate risk and

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equity price risk. The fair values of our cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash and investments, and certificates of deposit at September 30, 2011, and December 31, 2010, approximated their respective carrying values due to their short-term duration and therefore such market risk is not considered to be material.

We do not actively invest or trade in equity securities. In addition, we generally dispose of any significant equity securities received in conjunction with an acquisition shortly after the acquisition date.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

We carried out an evaluation (the *Evaluation*) required by Rules 13a-15 and 15d-15 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the *Exchange Act*), under the supervision and with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer (*CEO*) and Chief Financial Officer (*CFO*), of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures as defined in Rule 13a-15 and 15d-15 under the Exchange Act (*Disclosure Controls*) as of September 30, 2011. Based on the Evaluation, our CEO and CFO concluded that the design and operation of our Disclosure Controls were effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is (i) recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in SEC rules and forms and (ii) accumulated and communicated to our senior management, including our CEO and CFO, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosures.

Changes in Internal Controls

There has not been any change in our internal control over financial reporting identified in connection with the Evaluation that occurred during the quarter ended September 30, 2011 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Our management, including our CEO and CFO, does not expect that our Disclosure Controls and internal controls will prevent all errors and all fraud. A control system, no matter how well conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the control system are met. Further, the design of a control system must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints, and the benefits of controls must be considered relative to their costs. Because of the inherent limitations in all control systems, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, within the Company have been detected. These inherent limitations include the realities that judgments in decision-making can be faulty, and that breakdowns can occur because of simple error or mistake. Additionally, controls can be circumvented by the individual acts of some persons, by collusion of two or more people, or by management override of the control.

The design of any system of controls also is based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions; over time, a control may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate. Because of the inherent limitations in a cost-effective control system, misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected.

CEO and CFO Certifications

Exhibits 31.1 and 31.2 are the Certifications of the CEO and the CFO, respectively. The Certifications are supplied in accordance with Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (the *Section 302 Certifications*). This Item 4 of this Report is the information concerning the Evaluation referred to in the Section 302 Certifications and this information should be read in conjunction with the Section 302 Certifications for a more complete understanding of the topics presented.

PART II

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

In Item 3 of Part I of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for its fiscal year ending December 31, 2010, certain information concerning certain legal proceedings and other matters was disclosed. Such information was current as of the date of filing. During the Company's fiscal quarter ending September 30, 2011, no new legal proceedings, or material developments with respect to existing legal proceedings, occurred

which require disclosure in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

There were no material changes in the risk factors previously disclosed in Item 1A, Risk Factors included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010.

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ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

The following exhibits are filed as a part of this Report:

- 3.1 Articles of Amendment to Articles of Incorporation (adopted April 24, 2003) (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3a to Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2003), and Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3a to Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 1999).
- 3.2 Bylaws (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3b to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2002).
- 31.1 Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification by the Chief Executive Officer of the Registrant.
- 31.2 Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification by the Chief Financial Officer of the Registrant.
- 32.1 Section 1350 Certification by the Chief Executive Officer of the Registrant.
- 32.2 Section 1350 Certification by the Chief Financial Officer of the Registrant.
- 101.INS XBRL Instance Document.
- 101.SCH XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document.
- 101.CAL XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document.
- 101.LAB XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document.
- 101.PRE XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document.
- 101.DEF XBRL Taxonomy Definition Linkbase Document.

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SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

BROWN & BROWN, INC.

/s/ CORY T. WALKER
Cory T. Walker

Date: November 9, 2011

Sr. Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer

**(duly authorized officer, principal financial officer and principal
accounting officer)**