# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION 

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

## FORM 10-Q

x QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 30, 2013

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
$\qquad$ to $\qquad$

# INGLES MARKETS, INCORPORATED 

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

North Carolina<br>(State or other jurisdiction of<br>incorporation or organization)<br>P.O. Box 6676, Asheville NC (Address of principal executive offices)<br>(828) 669-2941<br>Registrant stelephone number, including area code

56-0846267
(I.R.S. Employer

Identification No.)
28816
(Zip Code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No ${ }^{*}$.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes x No ${ }^{\text {. }}$.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Non-accelerated filer * (Do not check if a smaller reporting company.) Smaller reporting company Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes * No x.

As of May 6, 2013, the Registrant had 12,973,303 shares of Class A Common Stock, $\$ 0.05$ par value per share, outstanding and 11,286,473 shares of Class B Common Stock, $\$ 0.05$ par value per share, outstanding.

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## Part I. Financial Information

## Item 1. Financial Statements

## INGLES MARKETS, INCORPORATED AND SUBSIDIARIES

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (UNAUDITED)

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { MARCH 30, } \\ 2013 \end{gathered}$ | SEPTEMBER 29, 2012 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ASSETS |  |  |
| Current Assets: |  |  |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 12,182,370 | \$ 4,683,410 |
| Receivables - net | 64,701,655 | 61,519,081 |
| Inventories | 330,254,960 | 329,614,925 |
| Other current assets | 31,101,512 | 30,386,453 |
| Total Current Assets | 438,240,497 | 426,203,869 |
| Property and Equipment net | 1,199,170,258 | 1,197,137,643 |
| Other Assets | 15,727,399 | 18,767,092 |
| Total Assets | \$ 1,653,138,154 | \$ 1,642,108,604 |
| LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY |  |  |
| Current Liabilities: |  |  |
| Current portion of long-term debt | \$ 49,578,333 | \$ 49,928,264 |
| Accounts payable - trade | 161,620,848 | 163,541,226 |
| Accrued expenses and current portion of other long-term liabilities | 84,040,914 | 92,682,243 |
| Total Current Liabilities | 295,240,095 | 306,151,733 |
| Deferred Income Taxes | 83,205,000 | 84,120,000 |
| Long-Term Debt | 810,431,784 | 785,240,249 |
| Other Long-Term Liabilities | 10,189,895 | 9,183,153 |
| Total Liabilities | 1,199,066,774 | 1,184,695,135 |
| Stockholders Equity: |  |  |
| Preferred stock, \$0.05 par value; 10,000,000 shares authorized; no shares issued | 0 | 0 |
| Common stocks: |  |  |
| Class A, $\$ 0.05$ par value; $150,000,000$ shares authorized; issued and outstanding $12,973,300$ shares at March 30, 2013 and 12,953,635 shares at September 29, 2012 | 648,665 | 647,682 |
| Class B, convertible to Class A, $\$ 0.05$ par value; $100,000,000$ shares authorized; issued and outstanding 11,286,476 shares at March 30, 2013 and 11,306,141 shares at September 29, 2012 | 564,324 | 565,307 |
| Paid-in capital in excess of par value | 114,236,249 | 114,236,249 |
| Retained earnings | 338,622,142 | 341,964,231 |
| Total Stockholders Equity | 454,071,380 | 457,413,469 |
| Total Liabilities and Stockholders Equity | \$ 1,653,138,154 | \$ 1,642,108,604 |

See notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

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## INGLES MARKETS, INCORPORATED AND SUBSIDIARIES

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (UNAUDITED)

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { THREE MO } \\ & \text { MARCH 30, } \\ & 2013 \end{aligned}$ | THS ENDED MARCH 24, 2012 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net sales | \$ 918,638,125 | \$ 881,667,028 |
| Cost of goods sold | 720,310,609 | 689,231,579 |
| Gross profit | 198,327,516 | 192,435,449 |
| Operating and administrative expenses | 174,977,866 | 169,113,441 |
| Rental income, net | 318,055 | 367,923 |
| Gain from sale or disposal of assets | 4,054,095 | 151,168 |
| Income from operations | 27,721,800 | 23,841,099 |
| Other income, net | 739,704 | 801,776 |
| Interest expense | 15,720,348 | 14,944,800 |
| Income before income taxes | 12,741,156 | 9,698,075 |
| Income tax expense | 4,651,000 | 3,186,000 |
| Net income | \$ 8,090,156 | \$ 6,512,075 |
| Per share amounts: |  |  |
| Class A Common Stock |  |  |
| Basic earnings per common share | \$ 0.35 | \$ 0.28 |
| Diluted earnings per common share | \$ 0.33 | \$ 0.27 |
| Class B Common Stock |  |  |
| Basic earnings per common share | \$ 0.32 | \$ 0.26 |
| Diluted earnings per common share | 0.32 | \$ 0.26 |
| Cash dividends per common share: |  |  |
| Class A Common Stock | \$ 0.99 | \$ 0.165 |
| Class B Common Stock | \$ 0.90 | \$ 0.150 |

See notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

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## INGLES MARKETS, INCORPORATED AND SUBSIDIARIES

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (UNAUDITED)

|  | SIX MONTHS ENDED |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { MARCH } 30, \\ 2013 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { MARCH } 24, \\ 2012 \end{gathered}$ |
| Net sales |  | 1,851,429,558 |  | 1,799,904,957 |
| Cost of goods sold |  | 1,445,212,874 |  | 1,405,741,328 |
| Gross profit |  | 406,216,684 |  | 394,163,629 |
| Operating and administrative expenses |  | 349,823,648 |  | 340,921,970 |
| Rental income, net |  | 634,128 |  | 796,073 |
| Gain from sale or disposal of assets |  | 4,175,642 |  | 165,872 |
| Income from operations |  | 61,202,806 |  | 54,203,604 |
| Other income, net |  | 1,303,894 |  | 1,805,389 |
| Interest expense |  | 31,279,897 |  | 29,953,702 |
| Income before income taxes |  | 31,226,803 |  | 26,055,291 |
| Income tax expense |  | 11,569,000 |  | 8,946,000 |
| Net income | \$ | 19,657,803 | \$ | 17,109,291 |
| Per share amounts: |  |  |  |  |
| Class A Common Stock |  |  |  |  |
| Basic earnings per common share | \$ | 0.85 | \$ | 0.73 |
| Diluted earnings per common share | \$ | 0.81 | \$ | 0.70 |
| Class B Common Stock |  |  |  |  |
| Basic earnings per common share | \$ | 0.77 | \$ | 0.67 |
| Diluted earnings per common share | \$ | 0.77 | \$ | 0.67 |
| Cash dividends per common share: |  |  |  |  |
| Class A Common Stock | \$ | 0.99 | \$ | 0.33 |
| Class B Common Stock | \$ | 0.90 | \$ | 0.30 |

See notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

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## INGLES MARKETS, INCORPORATED AND SUBSIDIARIES

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY (UNAUDITED)

SIX MONTHS ENDED MARCH 30, 2013 AND MARCH 24, 2012

|  | CLASS A COMMON STOCK |  | CLASS B COMMON STOCK |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { PAID-IN } \\ \text { CAPITAL IN } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | SHARES | AMOUNT | SHARES | AMOUNT | EXCESS OF <br> PAR VALUE | RETAINED <br> EARNINGS | TOTAL |
| Balance, September 24, 2011 | 12,939,533 | \$ 646,977 | 11,489,726 | \$ 574,486 | \$ 116,844,842 | \$ 313,879,289 | \$ 431,945,594 |
| Net income |  |  |  |  |  | 17,109,291 | 17,109,291 |
| Cash dividends |  |  |  |  |  | $(7,693,308)$ | $(7,693,308)$ |
| Stock repurchases, at cost | $(15,473)$ | (774) | $(154,010)$ | $(7,700)$ | $(2,608,593)$ |  | $(2,617,067)$ |
| Common stock conversions | 14,575 | 729 | $(14,575)$ | (729) |  |  |  |
| Balance, March 24, 2012 | 12,938,635 | \$ 646,932 | 11,321,141 | \$ 566,057 | \$ 114,236,249 | \$ 323,295,272 | \$ 438,744,510 |
| Balance, September 29, 2012 | 12,953,635 | \$ 647,682 | 11,306,141 | \$ 565,307 | \$ 114,236,249 | \$ 341,964,231 | \$ 457,413,469 |
| Net income |  |  |  |  |  | 19,657,803 | 19,657,803 |
| Cash dividends |  |  |  |  |  | $(22,999,892)$ | $(22,999,892)$ |
| Common stock conversions | 19,665 | 983 | $(19,665)$ | (983) |  |  |  |
| Balance, March 30, 2013 | 12,973,300 | \$ 648,665 | 11,286,476 | \$ 564,324 | \$ 114,236,249 | \$ 338,622,142 | \$ 454,071,380 |

See notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

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## INGLES MARKETS, INCORPORATED AND SUBSIDIARIES

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)

|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { SIX MONTI } \\ & \text { MARCH 30, } \\ & 2013 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ENDED } \\ & \text { MARCH 24, } \\ & \quad 2012 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cash Flows from Operating Activities: |  |  |  |  |
| Net income | \$ | 19,657,803 | \$ | 17,109,291 |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities: |  |  |  |  |
| Depreciation and amortization expense |  | 47,128,497 |  | 44,048,966 |
| Gain on disposals of property and equipment |  | $(4,175,642)$ |  | $(165,872)$ |
| Receipt of advance payments on purchase contracts |  | 3,015,720 |  | 2,376,551 |
| Recognition of advance payments on purchase contracts |  | $(1,754,024)$ |  | $(1,644,138)$ |
| Deferred income taxes |  | $(1,278,000)$ |  | $(218,000)$ |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities: |  |  |  |  |
| Receivables |  | $(3,182,573)$ |  | 703,582 |
| Inventory |  | $(640,035)$ |  | 1,185,325 |
| Other assets |  | $(1,131,736)$ |  | $(5,271,511)$ |
| Accounts payable and accrued expenses |  | $(12,616,141)$ |  | 15,601,213 |
| Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities |  | 45,023,869 |  | 73,725,407 |
| Cash Flows from Investing Activities: |  |  |  |  |
| Proceeds from sales of restricted investments |  |  |  | 52,488,767 |
| Proceeds from sales of property and equipment |  | 7,679,488 |  | 685,043 |
| Capital expenditures |  | $(47,046,109)$ |  | $(103,478,132)$ |
| Net Cash Used by Investing Activities |  | (39,366,621) |  | (50,304,322) |
| Cash Flows from Financing Activities: |  |  |  |  |
| Proceeds from short-term borrowings |  | 411,598,618 |  | 374,981,101 |
| Payments on short-term borrowings |  | $(389,719,260)$ |  | $(374,981,101)$ |
| Proceeds from new long-term borrowings |  | 8,000,000 |  | 3,250,000 |
| Principal payments on long-term borrowings |  | $(5,037,754)$ |  | $(24,892,539)$ |
| Stock repurchases |  |  |  | $(2,617,068)$ |
| Dividends paid |  | $(22,999,892)$ |  | $(7,693,308)$ |
| Net Cash Provided (Used) by Financing Activities |  | 1,841,712 |  | $(31,952,915)$ |
| Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents |  | 7,498,960 |  | $(8,531,830)$ |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period |  | 4,683,410 |  | 12,421,250 |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Period | \$ | 12,182,370 | \$ | 3,889,420 |

See notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

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## INGLES MARKETS, INCORPORATED AND SUBSIDIARIES

## NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Six Months Ended March 30, 2013 and March 24, 2012

## A. BASIS OF PREPARATION

In the opinion of management, the accompanying unaudited interim financial statements contain all adjustments necessary to present fairly the Company s financial position as of March 30, 2013, and the results of operations for the three-month and six-month periods ended March 30, 2013 and March 24, 2012, and the changes in stockholders equity and cash flows for the six-month periods ended March 30, 2013 and March 24, 2012. The adjustments made are of a normal recurring nature. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in the annual financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States have been condensed or omitted pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission for Form 10-Q. It is suggested that these unaudited interim financial statements be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements and the notes thereto included in the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended September 29, 2012, filed by the Company under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 on December 26, 2012.

The results of operations for the three-month and six-month periods ended March 30, 2013 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full fiscal year.

## B. NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

There were no accounting standards adopted in the six-month period ended March 30, 2013.

## C. ALLOWANCE FOR DOUBTFUL ACCOUNTS

Receivables are presented net of an allowance for doubtful accounts of \$742,000 at each of March 30, 2013 and September 29, 2012.

## D. INCOME TAXES

The Company s continuing practice is to recognize interest and penalties related to uncertain tax positions and related matters in income tax expense. As of March 30, 2013, the Company had approximately $\$ 50,000$ accrued for interest and penalties.

The Company s effective tax rate differs from the federal statutory rate primarily as a result of state income taxes and tax credits. As of March 30, 2013, the Company had gross unrecognized tax benefits of approximately $\$ 131,000$, all of which, if recognized, would affect the effective tax rate. The Company does not expect that the total amounts of unrecognized tax benefits will significantly increase or decrease within the next twelve months.

The Company files income tax returns with federal and various state jurisdictions. With few exceptions, the Company is no longer subject to state income tax examinations by tax authorities for the years before 2009. Additionally, the Internal Revenue Service has completed its examination of the Company s U.S. Federal income tax returns filed through fiscal year 2008.

At March 30, 2013, the Company had approximately $\$ 7.2$ million of refundable income taxes included in the caption Other current assets in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets.

## E. ACCRUED EXPENSES AND CURRENT PORTION OF OTHER LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Accrued expenses and current portion of other long-term liabilities consist of the following:

|  | March 30, | September 29, |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Property, payroll, and other taxes payable | $\mathbf{2 0 1 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 2}$ |
| $\mathbf{1 1 , 6 3 5 , 7 2 7}$ | $\$ 18,191,260$ |  |

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| Salaries, wages and bonuses payable | $\mathbf{2 1 , 0 3 7 , 8 5 2}$ | $25,350,513$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Self-insurance liabilities | $\mathbf{2 7 , 7 6 7 , 7 3 1}$ | $26,695,291$ |
| Interest payable | $\mathbf{1 9 , 5 9 7 , 2 4 7}$ | $19,132,734$ |
| Other | $\mathbf{4 , 0 0 2 , 3 5 7}$ | $3,312,445$ |
|  |  |  |
| Total | $\mathbf{\$ 8 4 , 0 4 0 , 9 1 4}$ | $\$ 92,682,243$ |

Self-insurance liabilities are established for general liability claims, workers compensation claims, and employee group medical and dental benefits based on claims filed and estimates of claims incurred but not reported. The Company is insured for covered costs in excess of $\$ 750,000$ per occurrence for workers compensation, $\$ 500,000$ for general liability, and $\$ 325,000$ per covered person for medical care benefits for a policy year. Employee insurance expense, including workers compensation and medical care benefits, net of employee contributions, totaled $\$ 9.3$ million and $\$ 7.4$ million for the three-month periods ended March 30, 2013 and March 24, 2012, respectively. For each of the six-month periods ended March 30, 2013 and March 24, 2012, employee insurance expense, net of employee contributions, totaled $\$ 17.8$ million and $\$ 14.7$ million, respectively.

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## F. LONG-TERM DEBT

In May 2009, the Company issued $\$ 575.0$ million aggregate principal amount of senior notes due in 2017 (the Notes ) in a private placement. Subsequent to the private placement, the Company filed a registration statement with the Securities and Exchange Commission to exchange private placement notes with registered notes. The Notes bear an interest rate of $8.875 \%$ per annum and were issued at a discount to yield $9.5 \%$ per annum.

The Company may redeem all or a portion of the Notes at any time on or after May 15, 2013 at the following redemption prices (expressed as percentages of the principal amount), if redeemed during the 12-month period beginning May 15 of the years indicated below:

| Year |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| 2013 | $104.438 \%$ |
| 2014 | $102.219 \%$ |
| 2015 and thereafter | $100.000 \%$ |

In connection with the offering of the Notes, the Company entered into a new three-year $\$ 175.0$ million line of credit arrangement. At March 30, 2013, the Company had $\$ 175.0$ million of total line of credit commitments, with $\$ 62.0$ million outstanding.

The line of credit provides the Company with various interest rate options based on the prime rate, the Federal Funds Rate, or the London Interbank Offering Rate ( LIBOR ), plus a credit spread. The line allows the Company to issue up to $\$ 30.0$ million in unused letters of credit, of which $\$ 8.2$ million of unused letters of credit were issued at March 30, 2013. The Company is not required to maintain compensating balances in connection with the line of credit.

On December 29, 2010, the Company completed the funding of $\$ 99.7$ million of Recovery Zone Facility Bonds (the Bonds ) for: (A) acquisition, construction and equipping of a new approximately 830,000 square foot warehouse and distribution center and a new grocery store to be located in Buncombe County, North Carolina (the Project ), and (B) the payment of certain expenses incurred in connection with the issuance of the Bonds. The final maturity date of the Bonds is January 1, 2036.

Bond proceeds were invested in a trust account with the Bond trustee. The Company received disbursements from the account as it submitted requisitions to the trustee for incurred Project costs. The account with the Bond trustee consisted of money market deposits and United States Treasury securities. All funds had been disbursed from the trust account as of September 29, 2012.

The Bonds were issued by the Buncombe County Industrial Facilities and Pollution Control Financing Authority and were purchased by certain financial institutions. Under a Continuing Covenant and Collateral Agency Agreement (the Covenant Agreement ) between the financial institutions and the Company, the financial institutions will hold the Bonds until January 2, 2018, subject to certain events. Mandatory redemption of the Bonds by the Company in the annual amount of $\$ 4,530,000$ begins on January 1, 2014. The Company may redeem the Bonds without penalty or premium at any time prior to January 2, 2018.

Interest earned by bondholders on the Bonds is exempt from Federal and North Carolina income taxation. Initially, the interest rate on the Bonds is equal to one month LIBOR (adjusted monthly) plus a credit spread, adjusted to reflect the income tax exemption.

The Company s obligation to repay the Bonds is collateralized by the Project. Additional collateral was provided in order to meet certain loan to value criteria in the Covenant Agreement. The Covenant Agreement incorporates substantially all financial covenants included in the Line Agreement.

Also on December 29, 2010, the Company executed an amendment to extend the maturity of the line of credit from May 12, 2012 to December 29, 2015. All other terms of the line of credit remain in place.

The Notes, the Bonds and the line of credit contain provisions that under certain circumstances would permit lending institutions to terminate or withdraw their respective extensions of credit to the Company. Included among the triggering factors permitting the termination or withdrawal of the line of credit to the Company are certain events of default, including both monetary and non-monetary defaults, the initiation of bankruptcy or insolvency proceedings, and the failure of the Company to meet certain financial covenants designated in its respective loan documents. The Company was in compliance with all financial covenants at March 30, 2013.

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The Company s long-term debt agreements generally have cross-default provisions which could result in the acceleration of payments due under the Company s line of credit, Bonds and Notes indenture in the event of default under any one instrument.

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## G. DIVIDENDS

The Company paid cash dividends of $\$ 0.165$ for each share of Class A Common Stock and $\$ 0.15$ for each share of Class B Common Stock on October 25, 2012 to stockholders of record on October 11, 2012. On December 7, 2012, the Company declared a special dividend of $\$ 0.66$ per share of Class A Common Stock and $\$ 0.60$ per share of Class B Common Stock payable on December 31, 2012 to shareholders of record on December 21, 2012. The Company paid cash dividends of $\$ 0.165$ for each share of Class A Common Stock and $\$ 0.15$ for each share of Class B Common Stock on December 31, 2012 to stockholders of record on December 21, 2012. This dividend normally would have been declared and paid in January 2013.

For additional information regarding the dividend rights of the Class A Common Stock and Class B Common Stock, please see Note 8,
Stockholders Equity to the Consolidated Financial Statements of the Annual Report on Form 10-K filed by the Company under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 on December 26, 2012.

## H. EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE

The Company has two classes of common stock: Class A which is publicly traded, and Class B, which has no public market. The Class B Common Stock has restrictions on transfer; however, each share is convertible into one share of Class A Common Stock at any time. Each share of Class A Common Stock has one vote per share and each share of Class B Common Stock has ten votes per share. Each share of Class A Common Stock is entitled to receive cash dividends equal to $110 \%$ of any cash dividend paid on Class B Common Stock.

The Company calculates earnings per share for its Class A Common Stock and Class B Common Stock in accordance with FASB ASC Topic 260.

The two-class method of computing basic earnings per share for each period reflects the cash dividends paid per share for each class of stock, plus the amount of allocated undistributed earnings per share computed using the participation percentage, which reflects the dividend rights of each class of stock. Diluted earnings per share is calculated assuming the conversion of all shares of Class B Common Stock to shares of Class A Common Stock on a share-for-share basis. The tables below reconcile the numerators and denominators of basic and diluted earnings per share for current and prior periods.

|  | Three Months Ended March 30, 2013 |  |  |  | Six Months Ended March 30, 2013 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Class A |  | Class B | Class A |  | Class B |
| Numerator: Allocated net income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net income allocated, basic | \$ | 4,513,615 | \$ | 3,576,541 | \$ 10,962,905 | \$ | 8,694,898 |
| Conversion of Class B to Class A shares |  | 3,576,541 |  |  | 8,694,898 |  |  |
| Net income allocated, diluted | \$ | 8,090,156 |  | 3,576,541 | \$ 19,657,803 | \$ | 8,694,898 |
| Denominator: Weighted average shares outstanding |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Weighted average shares outstanding, basic |  | 12,961,853 |  | 11,297,923 | 12,958,169 |  | 11,301,607 |
| Conversion of Class B to Class A shares |  | 11,297,923 |  |  | 11,301,607 |  |  |
| Weighted average shares outstanding, diluted |  | 24,259,776 |  | 11,297,923 | 24,259,776 |  | 11,301,607 |
| Earnings per share |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Basic | \$ | 0.35 | \$ | 0.32 | 0.85 | \$ | 0.77 |
| Diluted | \$ | 0.33 | \$ | 0.32 | \$ 0.81 | \$ | 0.77 |

## Three Months Ended <br> March 24, 2012 <br> Class A Class B

Six Months Ended
March 24, 2012
Class A Class B

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| Numerator: Allocated net income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net income allocated, basic | \$ | 3,620,798 | \$ | 2,891,277 | \$ | 9,492,303 | \$ | 7,616,988 |
| Conversion of Class B to Class A shares |  | 2,891,277 |  |  |  | 7,616,988 |  |  |
| Net income allocated, diluted | \$ | 6,512,075 | \$ | 2,891,277 |  | 17,109,291 | \$ | 7,616,988 |
| Denominator: Weighted average shares outstanding |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Weighted average shares outstanding, basic |  | 12,926,684 |  | 11,359,090 |  | 12,932,887 |  | 11,411,906 |
| Conversion of Class B to Class A shares |  | 11,359,090 |  |  |  | 11,411,906 |  |  |
| Weighted average shares outstanding, diluted |  | 24,285,774 |  | 11,359,090 |  | 24,344,793 |  | 11,411,906 |
| Earnings per share |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Basic | \$ | 0.28 | \$ | 0.26 | \$ | 0.73 | \$ | 0.67 |
| Diluted | \$ | 0.27 | \$ | 0.26 | \$ | 0.70 | \$ | 0.67 |

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## I. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Company operates three lines of business: retail grocery sales (representing the aggregation of individual retail stores), shopping center rentals, and a fluid dairy processing plant. All of the Company s operations are domestic. Information about the Company s operations by lines of business (in thousands) is as follows:

|  | Three Months Ended |  | Six Months Ended |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { March 30, } \\ 2013 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { March 24, } \\ 2012 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { March 30, } \\ 2013 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { March 24, } \\ 2012 \end{gathered}$ |
| Revenues from unaffiliated customers: |  |  |  |  |
| Grocery sales | \$ 886,374 | \$ 848,756 | \$ 1,786,170 | \$ 1,733,529 |
| Shopping center rentals | 2,056 | 2,136 | 4,242 | 4,429 |
| Fluid dairy | 32,264 | 32,911 | 65,260 | 66,376 |
| Total revenues from unaffiliated customers | \$ 920,694 | \$ 883,803 | \$ 1,855,672 | \$ 1,804,334 |
| Income from operations: |  |  |  |  |
| Grocery sales | \$ 24,415 | \$ 20,821 | \$ 55,256 | \$ 47,909 |
| Shopping center rentals | 318 | 368 | 634 | 796 |
| Fluid dairy | 2,989 | 2,652 | 5,313 | 5,499 |
| Total income from operations | \$ 27,722 | \$ 23,841 | \$ 61,203 | \$ 54,204 |


|  | March 30, <br> $\mathbf{2 0 1 3}$ | September 29, <br> $\mathbf{2 0 1 2}$ |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Assets: | $\mathbf{\$ 1 , 5 0 2 , 1 3 6}$ | $\$ 1,486,109$ |  |
| Grocery sales | $\mathbf{1 1 6 , 0 5 0}$ | 119,393 |  |
| Shopping center rentals | $\mathbf{3 7 , 1 2 5}$ | 38,874 |  |
| Fluid dairy | $\mathbf{( 2 , 1 7 3 )}$ | $(2,267)$ |  |
| Elimination of intercompany receivable | $\mathbf{1 1 , 6 5 3 , 1 3 8}$ | $\$$ | $1,642,109$ |

Sales by product category (amounts in thousands) are as follows:

|  | Three Months Ended |  | Six Months Ended |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { March 30, } \\ 2013 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { March 24, } \\ 2012 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { March 30, } \\ 2013 \end{gathered}$ | March 24, 2012 |
| Grocery | \$ 359,466 | \$ 346,674 | \$ 730,727 | \$ 718,635 |
| Non-foods | 170,271 | 167,002 | 347,975 | 342,651 |
| Perishables | 218,433 | 202,579 | 438,381 | 412,448 |
| Gasoline | 138,204 | 132,501 | 269,087 | 259,795 |
| Total grocery segment | \$ 886,374 | \$ 848,756 | \$ 1,786,170 | \$ 1,733,529 |

The grocery category includes grocery, dairy and frozen foods.
The non-foods category includes alcoholic beverages, tobacco, pharmacy, health and video.

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The perishables category includes meat, produce, deli and bakery.

Revenue from shopping center rentals is included in the caption Rental income, net line of the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income. Grocery and fluid dairy revenues comprise net sales reported in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income.

For the three-month periods ended March 30, 2013 and March 24, 2012, respectively, the fluid dairy segment had $\$ 14.8$ million and $\$ 14.3$ million in sales to the grocery sales segment. The fluid dairy segment had $\$ 30.7$ million and $\$ 29.5$ million in sales to the grocery sales segment for the six-month periods ended March 30, 2013 and March 24, 2012, respectively. These sales have been eliminated in consolidation and are excluded from the amounts in the table above.

## J. FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The carrying amounts for cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and accounts payable approximate fair value due to the short-term maturity of these instruments.

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The fair value of the Company s debt is estimated using valuation techniques under the accounting guidance related to fair value measurements based on observable and unobservable inputs. Observable inputs reflect readily available data from independent sources, while unobservable inputs reflect the Company s market assumptions. These inputs are classified into the following hierarchy:

Level 1 Inputs $\quad$ Quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets.
Level 2 Inputs $\quad$ Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active; and model-derived valuations whose inputs are observable or whose significant value drivers are observable.

Level 3 Inputs Pricing inputs are unobservable for the assets or liabilities and include situations where there is little, if any, market activity for the assets or liabilities. The inputs into the determination of fair value require significant management judgment or estimation.
The carrying amount and fair value of the Company s debt at March 30, 2013 is as follows (in thousands):

|  | Carrying <br> Amount | Fair <br> Value | Fair Value <br> Measurements |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Senior Notes, net of unamortized original issue discount | $\$ 564,791$ | $\$ 602,313$ | Level 2 |
| Recovery Zone Facility Bonds | 99,740 | 99,740 | Level 2 |
| Real estate and equipment notes payable | 133,479 | 133,747 | Level 2 |
| Line of credit payable | 62,000 | 62,000 | Level 2 |
| Total debt | $\$ 860,010$ | $\$ 897,800$ |  |

The fair values for Level 2 measurements were determined primarily using market yields and taking into consideration the underlying terms of the debt.

## K. NONQUALIFIED INVESTMENT PLAN

The purpose of the Executive Nonqualified Excess Plan is to provide retirement benefits similar to the Company s Investment/Profit Sharing Plan to certain of the Company s management employees who are otherwise subject to limited participation in the $401(\mathrm{k})$ feature of the Company s Investment/Profit Sharing Plan. Participant retirement account balances are liabilities of the Company. Assets of the plan are assets of the Company and are held in trust for employees and distributed upon retirement, death, disability, in-service distributions, or other termination of employment. In accordance with the trust, the Company may not use these assets for general corporate purposes. During the six months ended March 30, 2013 the Company liquidated certain life insurance policy assets and invested the proceeds in marketable securities. These marketable securities will be liquidated and invested in life insurance policies in future periods. Life insurance policies and marketable securities held in the trust are included in the caption Other assets in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets.

## L. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

We have evaluated subsequent events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure in the financial statements through the day the financial statements were issued.

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## Item 2. MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

## Overview

Ingles, a leading supermarket chain in the Southeast, operates 203 supermarkets in Georgia (74), North Carolina (69), South Carolina (36), Tennessee (21), Virginia (2) and Alabama (1). The Company locates its supermarkets primarily in suburban areas, small towns and rural communities. Ingles supermarkets offer customers a wide variety of nationally advertised food products, including grocery, meat and dairy products, produce, frozen foods and other perishables and non-food products. Non-food products include health and beauty care products and general merchandise. The Company also offers quality private label items. As of March 30, 2013, the Company operated 83 in-store pharmacies and 73 fuel centers.

Ingles also operates two other lines of business, fluid dairy processing and shopping center rentals. The fluid dairy processing segment sells approximately $31 \%$ of its products to the retail grocery segment and approximately $69 \%$ of its products to third parties. Real estate ownership (including the shopping center rental segment) is an important component of the Company soperations, providing both operational and economic benefits.

## Critical Accounting Policies

Critical accounting policies are those accounting policies that management believes are important to the portrayal of the Company s financial condition and results of operations, and require management s most difficult, subjective or complex judgments, often as a result of the need to make estimates about the effect of matters that are inherently uncertain. Estimates are based on historical experience and other factors believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Management estimates, by their nature, involve judgments regarding future uncertainties, and actual results may therefore differ materially from these estimates.

## Self-Insurance

The Company is self-insured for workers compensation and group medical and dental benefits. Risks and uncertainties are associated with self-insurance; however, the Company has limited its exposure by maintaining excess liability coverage of $\$ 750,000$ per occurrence for workers compensation, $\$ 500,000$ for general liability, and $\$ 325,000$ per covered person for medical care benefits for a policy year. Self-insurance liabilities are established based on claims filed and estimates of claims incurred but not reported. The estimates are based on data provided by the respective claims administrators. These estimates can fluctuate if historical trends are not predictive of the future. The majority of the Company s properties are self-insured for casualty losses and business interruption; however, liability coverage is maintained. At March 30, 2013, the Company s self insurance reserves totaled $\$ 27.8$ million for employee group insurance, workers compensation insurance and general liability insurance.

## Asset Impairments

The Company accounts for the impairment of long-lived assets in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board Accounting Standards Codification ( FASB ASC ) Topic 360. Asset groups are primarily comprised of individual store and shopping center properties. For assets to be held and used, the Company tests for impairment using undiscounted cash flows and calculates the amount of impairment using discounted cash flows. For assets held for sale, impairment is recognized based on the excess of remaining book value over expected recovery value. The recovery value is the fair value as determined by independent quotes or expected sales prices developed by internal associates, less costs to sell. Estimates of future cash flows and expected sales prices are judgments based upon the Company s experience and knowledge of local operations and cash flows that are projected for several years into the future. These estimates can fluctuate significantly due to changes in real estate market conditions, the economic environment, capital spending decisions and inflation. The Company monitors the carrying value of long-lived assets for potential impairment each quarter based on whether any indicators of impairment have occurred. There were no asset impairments during the three- or six-month periods ended March 30, 2013.

## Closed Store Accrual

For closed properties under long-term lease agreements, a liability is recognized and expensed based on the difference between the present value of any remaining liability under the lease and the present value of the estimated market rate at which the Company expects to be able to sublease the properties, in accordance with FASB ASC Topic 420. The Company s estimates of market rates are based on its experience, knowledge and third-party advice or market data. If the real estate and leasing markets change, sublease recovery could vary significantly from the recoveries originally assumed, resulting in a change in the Company s recorded liability. The closed store accrual is included in the line item Accrued

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expenses and current portion of other long-term liabilities on the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets. The closed store accrual was not material to the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet.

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## Vendor Allowances

The Company receives funds for a variety of merchandising activities from the many vendors whose products the Company buys for resale in its stores. These incentives and allowances are primarily comprised of volume or purchase based incentives, advertising allowances, slotting fees, and promotional discounts. The purpose of these incentives and allowances is generally to help defray the costs incurred by the Company for stocking, advertising, promoting and selling the vendor s products. These allowances generally relate to short term arrangements with vendors, often relating to a period of a month or less, and are negotiated on a purchase-by-purchase or transaction-by-transaction basis. Whenever possible, vendor discounts and allowances that relate to buying and merchandising activities are recorded as a component of item cost in inventory and recognized in merchandise costs when the item is sold. Due to system constraints and the nature of certain allowances, it is sometimes not practicable to apply allowances to the item cost of inventory. In those instances, the allowances are applied as a reduction of merchandise costs using a rational and systematic methodology, which results in the recognition of these incentives when the inventory related to the vendor consideration received is sold. Vendor allowances applied as a reduction of merchandise costs, which is included in cost of goods sold, totaled $\$ 30.8$ million and $\$ 27.0$ million for the fiscal quarters ended March 30, 2013 and March 24, 2012, respectively. For the six-month periods ended March 30, 2013 and March 24, 2012, vendor allowances applied as a reduction of merchandise costs totaled $\$ 63.7$ million and $\$ 57.0$ million, respectively. Vendor advertising allowances that represent a reimbursement of specific identifiable incremental costs of

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advertising the vendor s specific products are recorded as a reduction to the related expense in the period in which the related expense is incurred. Vendor advertising allowances recorded as a reduction of advertising expense totaled $\$ 3.6$ million and $\$ 3.2$ million for the fiscal quarters ended March 30, 2013 and March 24, 2012, respectively. For the six-month periods ended March 30, 2013 and March 24, 2012, vendor advertising allowances recorded as a reduction of advertising expense totaled $\$ 7.5$ million and $\$ 6.6$ million, respectively.

If vendor advertising allowances were substantially reduced or eliminated, the Company would likely consider other methods of advertising, as well as the volume and frequency of the Company $s$ product advertising, which could increase or decrease the Company s expenditures.

Similarly, the Company is not able to assess the impact of vendor advertising allowances on creating additional revenue; as such allowances do not directly generate revenue for the Company s stores.

## Uncertain Tax Positions

Under ASC 740-10 Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes , the Company recognizes the financial statement benefit of a tax position only after determining that the relevant tax authority would more likely than not sustain the position following an audit. For tax positions meeting the more likely than not threshold, the amount recognized in the financial statements is the largest benefit that has a greater than 50 percent likelihood of being realized upon ultimate settlement with the relevant tax authority. A reserve for uncertain tax positions, including interest and penalties, of $\$ 0.2$ million is included in the Company s income taxes payable at both March 30, 2013 and September 29, 2012. The reserve for uncertain tax positions has been recorded based on management $s$ assumption that certain tax positions would be successfully challenged by taxing authorities.

## Results of Operations

Ingles operates on a 52- or 53-week fiscal year ending on the last Saturday in September. There are 13 and 26 weeks of operations included in the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income for the three- and six-month periods ended March 30, 2013 and March 24, 2012, respectively. Comparable store sales are now defined as sales by grocery stores in operation for five full fiscal quarters. Sales from replacement stores, major remodels and the addition of fuel stations to existing stores are included in the comparable store sales calculation from the date thereof. A replacement store is a new store that is opened to replace an existing nearby store that is closed. A major remodel entails substantial remodeling of an existing store and includes additional retail square footage. For the three- and six-month periods ended March 30, 2013 and March 24, 2012, comparable store sales include 203 and 202 stores, respectively.

The following table sets forth, for the periods indicated, selected financial information as a percentage of net sales. For information regarding the various segments of the business, see Note I Segment Information to the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

|  | Three Months Ended |  | Six Months Ended |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { March 30, } \\ & 2013 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { March 24, } \\ 2012 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { March 30, } \\ 2013 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { March 24, } \\ 2012 \end{gathered}$ |
| Net sales | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 100.0\% |
| Gross profit | 21.6\% | 21.8\% | 21.9\% | 21.9\% |
| Operating and administrative expenses | 19.1\% | 19.2\% | 18.9\% | 18.9\% |
| Gain from sale or disposal of assets | 0.4\% | \% | \% 0.2\% | \% |
| Income from operations | 3.0\% | 2.7\% | 3.3\% | 3.0\% |
| Other income, net | 0.1\% | 0.1\% | 0.1\% | 0.1\% |
| Interest expense | 1.7\% | 1.7\% | 1.7\% | 1.7\% |
| Income before income taxes | 1.4\% | 1.1\% | 1.7\% | 1.5\% |
| Income taxes | 0.5\% | 0.4\% | 0.6\% | 0.5\% |
| Net income | 0.9\% | 0.7\% | 1.1\% | 1.0\% |

## Three Months Ended March 30, 2013 Compared to the Three Months Ended March 24, 2012

Net income for the second quarter of fiscal 2013 totaled $\$ 8.1$ million, compared with net income of $\$ 6.5$ million earned for the second quarter of fiscal 2012. Higher sales, influenced by Easter occurring in the current-year quarter, and a gain on the sale of a closed store property were the primary factors behind the increase.

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Net Sales. Net sales increased by $\$ 36.9$ million to $\$ 918.6$ million for the three months ended March 30, 2013 from $\$ 881.7$ million for the three months ended March 24, 2012. Ingles operated 203 stores at March 30, 2013 and March 24, 2012. Retail square footage was approximately 11.0 million at March 30, 2013 and at March 24, 2012. Excluding gasoline sales, total sales increased $5.0 \%$ over the comparative fiscal second quarter.

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Grocery segment comparable store sales grew $\$ 29.3$ million, or $3.4 \%$, in the second quarter of fiscal 2013 compared to the second quarter of fiscal 2012. Excluding gasoline, comparable store sales increased 3.8\%. Easter occurred during the second quarter of fiscal 2013 and occurred in the third quarter of fiscal 2012. Comparable store sales, excluding the effect of gasoline and the extra Easter sales in the current fiscal quarter, increased $2.7 \%$. Retail gasoline sales prices were relatively level and the number of gallons sold increased during the second quarter of fiscal 2013 compared with the second quarter of fiscal 2012. The number of customer transactions (excluding gasoline) increased 3.3\%, and the average transaction size (excluding gasoline) increased by $1.9 \%$.

Sales by product category (amounts in thousands) are as follows:

|  | Three Months Ended |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| March 30, | March 24, |  |
| Grocery | $\mathbf{2 0 1 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 2}$ |
| Non-foods | $\mathbf{\$ 3 5 9 , 4 6 6}$ | $\$ 346,674$ |
| Perishables | $\mathbf{1 7 0 , 2 7 1}$ | 167,002 |
| Gasoline | $\mathbf{2 1 8 , 4 3 3}$ | 202,579 |
| Total grocery segment | $\mathbf{1 3 8 , 2 0 4}$ | 132,501 |

The grocery category includes grocery, dairy and frozen foods.
The non-foods category includes alcoholic beverages, tobacco, pharmacy, health and video.
The perishables category includes meat, produce, deli and bakery.
Changes in grocery segment sales for the quarter ended March 30, 2013 are summarized as follows (in thousands):

| Total grocery sales for the three months ended March 24, 2012 | $\mathbf{\$ 8 4 8 , 7 5 6}$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Comparable store sales increase (including gasoline) | $\mathbf{2 8 , 2 0 6}$ |
| Effect of Easter in $2^{\text {nd }}$ quarter of fiscal 2013 | $\mathbf{8 , 1 7 6}$ |
| Other | $\mathbf{1 , 2 3 6}$ |
|  | $\mathbf{\$ 8 8 6 , 3 7 4}$ |

Net sales to outside parties for the Company s milk processing subsidiary decreased $\$ 0.6$ million or $1.9 \%$ in the March 2013 quarter compared to the March 2012 quarter. Raw milk costs increased slightly and the case volume of products sold decreased slightly comparing the second fiscal quarters of 2013 and 2012.

Gross Profit. Gross profit for the three-month period ended March 30, 2013 increased $\$ 5.9$ million, or $3.1 \%$, to $\$ 198.3$ million, or $21.6 \%$ of sales, compared with gross profit $\$ 192.4$ million, or $21.8 \%$ of sales, for the three-month period ended March $24,2012$.

Grocery segment gross profit as a percentage of total sales was affected by increased competitive pressures and lower gasoline margins. Excluding gasoline sales, grocery segment gross profit as a percentage of sales decreased 32 basis points in the second quarter of fiscal 2013 compared with the same fiscal 2012 period.

Gross profit as a percentage of sales for the Company s milk processing subsidiary was $11.8 \%$ for the March 2013 quarter, compared with $10.7 \%$ of sales, for the March 2012 quarter. Raw milk prices were higher during the March 2013 quarter, and the cents per gallons margin was increased over the comparative second fiscal quarter of 2013 and 2012.

In addition to the direct product cost, the cost of goods sold line item for the grocery segment includes inbound freight charges and the costs related to the Company s distribution network. The milk processing segment is a manufacturing process; therefore, the costs mentioned above as

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well as purchasing, production costs, and internal transfer costs incurred by the milk processing segment are included in the cost of goods sold line item, while these items are included in operating and administrative expenses in the grocery segment.

Operating and Administrative Expenses. Operating and administrative expenses increased $\$ 5.9$ million, or $3.5 \%$, to $\$ 175.0$ million for the three months ended March 30, 2013, from $\$ 169.1$ million for the three months ended March 24, 2012. As a percentage of sales, operating and administrative expenses were $19.1 \%$ for the three months ended March 30,2013 compared with $19.2 \%$ for the three months ended March 24 , 2012. Excluding gasoline sales and associated gasoline operating expenses (primarily payroll), operating expenses were $22.1 \%$ of sales for the second fiscal 2013 quarter and $22.4 \%$ for the second fiscal 2012 quarter.

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The major increases (decreases) in operating and administrative expenses were as follows:
$\left.\begin{array}{llcc} & & & \begin{array}{c}\text { Increase } \\ \text { (decrease) }\end{array} \\ \text { Increase } \\ \text { as a \% }\end{array}\right)$

Salaries and wages expenses increased due to the additional labor hours required to support the increased sales volume.

Insurance expense increased due to adverse claims experience under the Company s self insurance programs.

Depreciation and amortization expense decreased as a result of changes to the mix of store-based capital expenditures in recent years.
Supply costs increased due to increased costs of petroleum based packaging and changes in packaging in certain perishable departments.

Taxes and licenses increased due to increased property taxes and other taxes and fees charged by municipalities where the Company operates stores.

Repair and maintenance expenses increased due to the cyclical nature of certain significant repairs to store equipment.
Rental Income, Net. Rental income, net totaled $\$ 0.3$ million for the quarter ended March 30, 2013 and $\$ 0.4$ million for the quarter ended March 24, 2012. Following a period of increased vacancies attributed to the economic recession, the Company stenant base has somewhat stabilized.

Gain from sale or disposal of assets. During the second quarter of fiscal 2013, the Company sold a former store property for $\$ 7.5$ million and recognized a pre-tax gain of $\$ 3.9$ million.

Other Income, Net. Other income, net totaled $\$ 0.7$ million for the three-month period ended March 30, 2013 and $\$ 0.8$ million for the three month period ended March 24, 2012. The principal component of other income is waste paper and packaging sales.

Interest Expense. Interest expense increased $\$ 0.8$ million for the three-month period ended March 30, 2013 to $\$ 15.7$ million from $\$ 14.9$ million for the three-month period ended March 24, 2012. Total debt at March 30, 2013 was $\$ 860.0$ million compared with $\$ 833.5$ million at March 24 , 2012. Interest expense increased due to higher total debt and due to the $\$ 99.7$ million of Recovery Zone Facility Bonds (the Bonds ). Interest on the Bonds was capitalized as a construction cost of the new distribution facility prior to its opening in mid-2012. For the three months ended March 30, 2013 this interest was expensed.

Income Taxes. Income tax expense as a percentage of pre-tax income was $36.5 \%$ for the quarter ended March 30, 2013 compared with $32.9 \%$ for the quarter ended March 24, 2012.

Net Income. Net income totaled $\$ 8.1$ million for the three-month period ended March 30, 2013 compared with $\$ 6.5$ million for the three-month period ended March 24, 2012. Net income, as a percentage of sales, was $0.9 \%$ for the quarter ended March 30,2013 and $0.7 \%$ for the quarter ended March 24, 2012. Basic and diluted earnings per share for Class A Common Stock were $\$ 0.35$ and $\$ 0.33$, respectively, for the quarter ended March 30, 2013 compared to $\$ 0.28$ and $\$ 0.27$, respectively, for the quarter ended March 24, 2012. Basic and diluted earnings per share for Class B Common Stock were each $\$ 0.32$ for the quarter ended March 30, 2013 compared to $\$ 0.26$ of basic and diluted earnings per share for the quarter ended March 24, 2012.

Six Months Ended March 30, 2013 Compared to the Six Months Ended March 24, 2012

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Net income for the first half of fiscal 2013 totaled $\$ 19.7$ million compared with net income of $\$ 17.1$ million earned for the comparable fiscal 2012 period. Increases in total sales and comparable store sales, along with a gain on a property sale more than offset increases in operating expenses.

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Net Sales. Net sales increased by $\$ 51.5$ million to $\$ 1.85$ billion for the six months ended March 30, 2013 from $\$ 1.80$ billion for the six months ended March 24, 2012. Excluding gasoline, total sales increased $\$ 42.4$ million, or $2.7 \%$ over the comparative six month 2013 and 2012 periods.

Grocery segment comparable store sales grew $\$ 51.2$ million, or $3.0 \%$, for the first six months of fiscal 2013 compared to the same period of fiscal 2012. Comparable store sales, excluding the effect of gasoline and the extra Easter sales in the first half of fiscal 2013, increased 2.4\%. The retail per gallon price of gasoline was approximately $1.4 \%$ higher during the first six months of fiscal 2013 compared with the first six months of fiscal 2012. Total gallons sold increased $4.3 \%$ over the comparable six month periods. The number of customer transactions (excluding gasoline) increased $2.3 \%$, while the average transaction size (excluding gasoline) increased by $0.6 \%$.

Sales by product category (amounts in thousands) are as follows:

|  | Six Months Ended |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | March 30, | March 24, |  |
| Grocery | $\mathbf{2 0 1 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 2}$ |  |
| Non-foods | $\mathbf{7 3 0 , 7 2 7}$ | $\$$ |  |

The grocery category includes grocery, dairy and frozen foods.
The non-foods category includes alcoholic beverages, tobacco, pharmacy, health and video.

The perishables category includes meat, produce, deli and bakery.

Changes in grocery segment sales for the six months ended March 30, 2013 are summarized as follows (in thousands):

| Total grocery sales for the six months ended March 24, 2012 | $\mathbf{\$ 1 , 7 3 3 , 5 2 9}$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Comparable store sales increase (including gasoline) | $\mathbf{4 3 , 0 5 0}$ |
| Effect of Easter in first half of fiscal 2013 | $\mathbf{8 , 1 7 6}$ |
| Other | $\mathbf{1 , 4 1 5}$ |
|  |  |
| Total grocery sales for the six months ended March 30, 2013 | $\mathbf{\$ 1 , 7 8 6 , 1 7 0}$ |

Net sales to outside parties for the Company s milk processing subsidiary decreased $\$ 1.1$ million, or $1.6 \%$, for the six months ended March 2013 compared with the six months ended March 2012. As noted in the three-month discussion, raw milk costs increased slightly and the case volume of products sold decreased slightly comparing the first half of fiscal 2013 and 2012. Milk sales volumes have decreased nationwide, partly as a result of rising prices.

Sales growth for the remainder of fiscal 2013 will depend upon the pace of economic improvement, inflation and market prices for gasoline and raw milk. In addition to a new store that opened in April, 2013, the Company expects that the maturation of previous new and expanded stores will contribute to sales growth. The Company does not anticipate opening any other new stores during the remainder of fiscal 2013, although new stores are currently under construction that will open during fiscal 2014. The Company continues to remodel existing stores in order to increase sales at a lower cost than additional square footage.

Gross Profit. Gross profit for the six months ended March 30, 2013 increased $\$ 12.0$ million, or $3.1 \%$, to $\$ 406.2$ million compared with $\$ 394.2$ million, for the six months ended March 24, 2012. As a percent of sales, gross profit was $21.9 \%$ for each of the six months ended March 30, 2013 and March 24, 2012.

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Gross profit dollars increased due to the higher sales volume. Gross profit dollars contributed by gasoline was higher for the first half of fiscal 2013 compared with the first half of fiscal 2012. Excluding gasoline sales, grocery segment gross profit as a percentage of sales increased eight basis points in the second quarter of fiscal 2013 compared with the same fiscal 2012 period.

Gross profit as a percentage of sales for the Company s milk processing subsidiary was $10.9 \%$ of sales for both the March 2013 and March 2012 six month periods.

Operating and Administrative Expenses. Operating and administrative expenses increased $\$ 8.9$ million, or $2.6 \%$, to $\$ 349.8$ million for the six months ended March 30, 2013, from $\$ 340.9$ million for the six months ended March 24, 2012. As a percentage of sales, operating and administrative expenses were $18.9 \%$ for both the six-month periods ended March 30, 2013 and March 24, 2012. Excluding
gasoline sales and associated gasoline operating expenses (primarily payroll), operating expenses were level at $22.0 \%$ of sales for the fiscal 2013 six month period compared with $21.9 \%$ for the first six months of fiscal 2012.

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The major increases (decreases) in operating and administrative expenses were as follows:
$\left.\begin{array}{llcc} & & & \begin{array}{c}\text { Increase } \\ \text { (decrease) }\end{array} \\ \text { Increase } \\ \text { as a \% }\end{array}\right)$

Salaries and wages increased in dollars due to additional labor hours required for the increased sales volume.

Insurance expense decreased due to lower claims under the Company s self insurance programs.

Depreciation and amortization expense decreased as a result of changes to the mix of store-based capital expenditures in recent years.

Supply costs increased due to increased costs of petroleum based packaging and changes in packaging in certain perishable departments.

Taxes and licenses increased due to increased property taxes and other taxes and fees charged by municipalities in which the Company operates stores.

Rental Income, Net. Rental income, net decreased $\$ 0.2$ million to $\$ 0.6$ million for the six-month period ended March 30, 2013 from $\$ 0.8$ million in the March 2012 comparable period. Following a period of increased vacancies attributed to the economic recession, the Company stenant base has somewhat stabilized.

Gain from sale or disposal of assets. During the second quarter of fiscal 2013, the Company sold a former store property for $\$ 7.5$ million and recognized a pre-tax gain of $\$ 3.9$ million. There were no significant sale or disposal transactions during the first six months of fiscal 2012.

Other Income, Net. Other income, net totaled $\$ 1.3$ million for the six-month period ended March 30, 2013 compared with $\$ 1.8$ million for the six-month period ended March 24, 2012. The principal component of other income is waste paper and packaging sales.

Interest Expense. Interest expense increased $\$ 1.3$ million for the six-month period ended March 30, 2013 to $\$ 31.3$ million from $\$ 30.0$ million for the six-month period ended March 24, 2012. Interest expense increased due to higher total debt and due to the $\$ 99.7$ million of Recovery Zone Facility Bonds (the Bonds ). Interest on the Bonds was capitalized as a construction cost of the new distribution facility prior to its opening in mid-2012.

Income Taxes. Income tax expense as a percentage of pre-tax income increased to $37.0 \%$ for the six-month period ended March 30, 2013 compared to $34.3 \%$ for the six-month period ended March 24, 2012. The effective tax rate increased primarily as a result of expiring tax credits.

Net Income. Net income totaled $\$ 19.7$ million for the six-month period ended March 30, 2013 compared with $\$ 17.1$ million for the six-month period ended March 24, 2012. Net income, as a percentage of sales, was $1.1 \%$ for the six months ended March 30, 2013 and $1.0 \%$ for the six months ended March 24, 2012. Basic and diluted earnings per share for Class A Common Stock were $\$ 0.85$ and $\$ 0.81$, respectively, for the six months ended March 30, 2013 compared to $\$ 0.73$ and $\$ 0.70$, respectively, for the six months ended March 24,2012 . Basic and diluted earnings per share for Class B Common Stock were each $\$ 0.77$ for the six months ended March 30, 2013 compared to $\$ 0.67$ of basic and diluted earnings per share for the six months ended March 24, 2012.

## Liquidity and Capital Resources

## Capital Expenditures

The Company believes that a key to its ability to continue to develop a loyal customer base is providing conveniently located, clean and modern stores that provide customers with good service and a broad selection of competitively priced products. Therefore, the Company has invested

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and plans to continue to invest significant amounts of capital toward the modernization of its store base. The Company s modernization program includes the opening of new stores, the completion of remodels and expansion of selected existing stores, and the relocation of selected existing stores to larger, more convenient locations.

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Capital expenditures totaled $\$ 47.0$ million for the six-month period ended March 30, 2013. Most of these capital expenditures were related to smaller-scale remodeling projects in a number of the Company s stores and the construction of a new store that opened in April 2013. Capital expenditures also included the costs of upgrading and replacing store equipment, technology investments, capital expenditures related to its milk processing plant, and expenditures for stores scheduled to open in fiscal 2014.

Ingles capital expenditure plans for fiscal 2013 include investments of approximately $\$ 100$ to $\$ 130$ million. The majority of the Company s fiscal 2013 capital expenditures will be dedicated to continued improvement of its store base and also include investments in stores expected to open in fiscal 2014 as well as technology improvements, upgrading and replacing existing store equipment and warehouse and transportation equipment and improvements to the Company s milk processing plant.

The Company expects that its net annual capital expenditures will be in the range of approximately $\$ 110$ to $\$ 180$ million going forward in order to maintain a modern store base. Planned expenditures for any given future fiscal year will be affected by the availability of financing, which can affect both the number of projects pursued at any given time and the cost of those projects. The number of projects may also fluctuate due to the varying costs of the types of projects pursued including new stores and major remodel/expansions. The Company makes decisions on the allocation of capital expenditure dollars based on many factors including the competitive environment, other Company capital initiatives and its financial condition.

The Company does not generally enter into commitments for capital expenditures other than on a store-by-store basis at the time it begins construction on a new store or begins a major remodeling project. Construction commitments at March 30, 2013 totaled $\$ 6.2$ million.

## Liquidity

The Company generated net cash from operations of $\$ 45.0$ million for the six months ended March 30, 2013 compared to $\$ 73.7$ million for the comparable 2012 period. Most of the change is attributable to increased working capital requirements during the fiscal 2013 six-month period.

Cash used by investing activities for the six-month period ended March 30, 2013 totaled $\$ 39.4$ million, comprised primarily of $\$ 47.0$ million of capital expenditures during the period less proceeds from the sale of a closed store property totaling $\$ 7.7$ million.

Cash provided by financing activities during the six-month period ended March 30, 2013 totaled $\$ 1.8$ million. The primary components were net debt repayments of $\$ 5.0$ million, dividends of $\$ 23.0$ million and net borrowings (mostly under its line of credit) totaling $\$ 29.9$ million. Cash used by financing activities during the six-month period ended March 24, 2012 totaled $\$ 32.0$ million.

In May 2009, the Company issued $\$ 575.0$ million aggregate principal amount of senior notes due in 2017 (the Notes ) in a private placement. The Notes bear an interest rate of $8.875 \%$ per annum and were issued at a discount to yield $9.5 \%$ per annum. The Notes become callable at a price of $104.438 \%$ of the principal amount outstanding on May 15, 2013. The Company is closely monitoring market conditions, which are currently more favorable than when the Notes were issued in 2009.

In connection with the offering of the Notes, the Company entered into a new three-year $\$ 175.0$ million line of credit. On December 29, 2010 the maturity date of the $\$ 175.0$ million line of credit was extended to December 29, 2015. There was $\$ 62.0$ million outstanding under the line of credit at March 30, 2013.

The line of credit provides the Company with various interest rate options generally at rates less than prime. The line allows the Company to issue up to $\$ 30.0$ million in unused letters of credit, of which $\$ 8.2$ million of unused letters of credit were issued at March 30, 2013. The Company is not required to maintain compensating balances in connection with the line of credit.

On December 29, 2010, the Company completed the funding of $\$ 99.7$ million of Recovery Zone Facility Bonds (the Bonds ) for the acquisition, construction and equipping of an approximately 830,000 square foot new warehouse and distribution center adjacent to its current distribution facility in Buncombe County, North Carolina (the Project ). The final maturity date of the Bonds is January 1, 2036.

Bond proceeds were invested in a trust account with the Bond trustee. The Company received disbursements from the account as it submitted requisitions to the trustee for incurred Project costs. The account with the Bond trustee consisted of money market deposits and United States Treasury securities. All funds had been disbursed from the trust account as of September 29, 2012.

The Bonds were issued by the Buncombe County Industrial Facilities and Pollution Control Financing Authority and were purchased by certain financial institutions. Under a Continuing Covenant and Collateral Agency Agreement (the Covenant Agreement ) between the financial institutions and the Company, the financial institutions will hold the Bonds until January 1, 2018, subject to certain events. Mandatory

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redemption of the Bonds by the Company in the annual amount of $\$ 4,530,000$ begins on January 1, 2014. The Company may redeem the Bonds without penalty or premium at any time prior to January 1, 2018.

The Notes, the Bonds and the line of credit contain provisions that under certain circumstances would permit lending institutions to terminate or withdraw their respective extensions of credit to the Company. Included among the triggering factors permitting the

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termination or withdrawal of the line of credit to the Company are certain events of default, including both monetary and non-monetary defaults, the initiation of bankruptcy or insolvency proceedings, and the failure of the Company to meet certain financial covenants designated in its respective loan documents. As of March 30, 2013, the Company was in compliance with these covenants by a significant margin.

The Company s principal sources of liquidity are expected to be cash flow from operations, borrowings under its lines of credit and long-term financing. As of March 30, 2013, the Company had unencumbered real property and equipment with a net book value of approximately $\$ 909$ million. The Company believes, based on its current results of operations and financial condition, that its financial resources, including existing bank lines of credit, short- and long-term financing expected to be available to it and internally generated funds, will be sufficient to meet planned capital expenditures and working capital requirements for the foreseeable future, including any debt service requirements of additional borrowings. However, there is no assurance that any such sources of financing will be available to the Company when needed on acceptable terms, or at all.

It is possible that, in the future, the Company s results of operations and financial condition will be different from that described in this report based on a number of factors. These factors may include, among others, increased competition, changing regional and national economic conditions, adverse climatic conditions affecting food production and delivery and changing demographics, as well as the additional factors discussed below under Forward Looking Statements. It is also possible, for such reasons, that the results of operations from the new, expanded, remodeled and/or replacement stores will not meet or exceed the results of operations from existing stores that are described in this report.

## Contractual Obligations and Commercial Commitments

There have been no material changes in contractual obligations and commercial commitments subsequent to September 29, 2012 other than as disclosed elsewhere in this Form 10-Q.

## Off Balance Sheet Arrangements

The Company is not a party to any off-balance sheet arrangements that have, or are reasonably likely to have, a current or future material effect on the Company s financial condition, revenues, expenses, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures or capital resources.

## Quarterly Cash Dividends

Since December 27, 1993, the Company has paid regular quarterly cash dividends of $\$ 0.165$ (sixteen and one-half cents) per share on its Class A Common Stock and $\$ 0.15$ (fifteen cents) per share on its Class B Common Stock for an annual rate of $\$ 0.66$ and $\$ 0.60$ per share, respectively. Because of increased tax rates on dividends that went into effect in January 2013, the Company paid in December 2012 a special dividend equal to $\$ 0.66$ cents per each Class A share and $\$ 0.60$ cents per each Class B share. The Company also accelerated the payment of the regular quarterly January 2013 dividend into December 2012. Both dividends were declared on December 7, 2012, payable on December 31, 2012 to shareholders of record on December 21, 2012. The next scheduled regular quarterly cash dividend of $\$ 0.165$ (sixteen and one-half cents) per share on its Class A Common Stock and $\$ 0.15$ (fifteen cents) per share on its Class B Common Stock was declared on April 1, 2013, paid on April 25, 2013 to shareholders of record on April 11, 2013.

The Company expects to continue paying regular cash dividends on a quarterly basis. However, the Board of Directors periodically reconsiders the declaration of dividends. The Company pays these dividends at the discretion of the Board of Directors and the continuation of these payments, the amount of such dividends, and the form in which the dividends are paid (cash or stock) depends upon the results of operations, the financial condition of the Company and other factors which the Board of Directors deems relevant. In addition, the Notes, the Bonds, and the lines of credit contain provisions that, based on certain financial parameters, restrict the ability of the Company to pay additional cash dividends in excess of current quarterly per share amounts. Further, the Company is prevented from declaring dividends at any time that it is in default under the indenture governing the Notes.

## Seasonality

Sales in the grocery segment of the Company s business are subject to a slight seasonal variance due to holiday related sales and due to sales in areas where seasonal homes are located. Sales are traditionally higher in the Company sfirst fiscal quarter due to the inclusion of sales related to Thanksgiving and Christmas. The Company s second fiscal quarter traditionally has the lowest sales of the year, unless Easter falls in that quarter as it did during fiscal 2013. In the third and fourth quarter, sales are affected by the return of customers to seasonal homes in our market area. The fluid dairy segment of the Company s business has slight seasonal variation to the extent of its sales into the grocery industry. The Company s real estate segment is not subject to seasonal variations.

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## Impact of Inflation

The following table from the United States Bureau of Labor Statistics lists changes in the Consumer Price Index that could have an effect on the Company s operations. One of the Company s significant costs is labor, which increases with general inflation. Inflation in energy costs affects both the Company s gasoline sales and distribution expenses.

|  | Three Months |  |  | $\begin{array}{c}\text { Twelve Months } \\ \text { Ended }\end{array}$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ended |  |  |  |  |  |$]$

Forward Looking Statements
This Quarterly Report contains certain forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. The words expect, anticipate , intend, plan , likely, goal, believe, seek and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. While these forward-looking statements and the related assumptions are made in good faith and reflect the Company s current judgment regarding the direction of the Company s business, actual results will almost always vary, sometimes materially, from any estimates, predictions, projections, assumptions or other future performance suggested herein. Such statements are based upon a number of assumptions and estimates which are inherently subject to significant risks and uncertainties many of which are beyond the Company s control. Some of these assumptions inevitably will not materialize, and unanticipated events will occur which will affect the Company s results. Some important factors (but not necessarily all factors) that affect the Company s revenues, growth strategies, future profitability and operating results, or that otherwise could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed in or implied by any forward-looking statement, include business and economic conditions generally in the Company soperating area; the Company sability to successfully implement its expansion and operating strategies and to manage rapid expansion; pricing pressures and other competitive factors; reduction in per gallon retail gasoline prices; the maturation of new and expanded stores; the Company s ability to reduce costs and achieve improvements in operating results; the availability and terms of financing; increases in labor and utility costs; success or failure in the ownership and development of real estate; changes in the laws and government regulations applicable to the Company; and changes in accounting policies, standards, guidelines or principles as may be adopted by regulatory agencies as well as the Financial Accounting Standards Board.

Consequently, actual events affecting the Company and the impact of such events on the Company s operations may vary significantly from those described in this report or contemplated or implied by statements in this report. The Company does not undertake and specifically denies any obligation to update any such statements or to publicly announce the results of any revisions to any such statements to reflect future events or developments.

## Item 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

The Company does not typically utilize financial instruments for trading or other speculative purposes, nor does it typically utilize leveraged financial instruments. There have been no material changes in the market risk factors from those disclosed in the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended September 29, 2012.

## Item 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

(a) Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

The Company maintains disclosure controls and procedures designed to provide reasonable assurance of achieving the objective that information in its Exchange Act reports is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified and pursuant to the regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Disclosure controls and procedures, as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act, include controls and procedures designed to ensure the information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports it files or submits under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to the Company s management, including its Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. It should be noted that the Company s system of controls, however well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable, and not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the system are met.

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As required by SEC Rule 13a-15(b), the Company carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with participation of its management including its Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of its disclosure controls and procedures as of March 30, 2013, the end of the period covered by this report. In making this evaluation, it considered matters previously identified and disclosed in connection with the filing of its Form 10-K for fiscal 2012. After consideration of the matters discussed above, the Company has concluded that its controls and procedures were effective at a reasonable assurance level as of March 30, 2013.

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(b) Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

The Company has begun testing of internal controls over financial reporting performing tests for fiscal year 2013.

No other change in internal control over financial reporting occurred during the Company s last fiscal quarter that materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company s internal control over financial reporting.

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Part II. Other Information

## Item 6. EXHIBITS

(a) Exhibits.
3.1 Articles of Incorporation of Ingles Markets, Incorporated (included as Exhibit 3.1 to Ingles Markets, Incorporated s Registration Statement on Form S-1, File No. 33-23919, previously filed with the Commission and incorporated herein by this reference).
3.2 Articles of Amendment to Articles of Incorporation of Ingles Markets, Incorporated (included as Exhibit 3.3 to Ingles Markets, Incorporated s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 25, 2004, File No. 0-14706, previously filed with the Commission and incorporated herein by this reference).
3.3 Articles of Amendment to Articles of Incorporation of Ingles Markets, Incorporated dated April 23, 2012 (included as Exhibit 3.3 to Ingles Markets, Incorporated Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended March 24, 2012, File No. 0-14706, previously filed with the Commission and incorporated herein by this reference).
3.4 Amended and Restated By-Laws of Ingles Markets, Incorporated (included as Exhibit 99.1 to Ingles Markets, Incorporated s Current Report on Form 8-K, File No. 0-14706, previously filed with the Commission on August 30, 2007 and incorporated herein by this reference).
4.1 Articles 4 and 9 of the Articles of Incorporation of Ingles Markets, Incorporated (included as Exhibit 3.1 to Ingles Markets, Incorporated s Registration Statement on Form S-1, File No. 33-23919, and Exhibit 3.3 to Ingles Markets, Incorporated s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 25, 2004, File No. 0-14706, respectively, each of which were previously filed with the Commission and are incorporated herein by this reference).
4.2 Articles 2, 3, 10, 11 and 14 of the Amended and Restated By-Laws of Ingles Markets, Incorporated (included as Exhibit 99.1 to Ingles Markets, Incorporated s Current Report on Form 8-K, File No. 0-14706, previously filed with the Commission on August 30, 2007 and incorporated herein by this reference).
4.3 Indenture, dated as of May 12, 2009, between Ingles Markets, Incorporated and U.S. Bank, National Association, as Trustee, governing the $87 / 8 \%$ Senior Notes Due 2017, including the form of unregistered $87 / 8 \%$ Senior Note Due 2017 (included as Exhibit 4.1 to Ingles Markets, Incorporated s Current Report on Form 8-K, File No. 0-14706, previously filed with the Commission on May 15, 2009 and incorporated herein by this reference).
4.4 Registration Rights Agreement, dated May 12, 2009, among the Company and Banc of America Securities LLC, Wachovia Capital Markets, LLC and BB\&T, a division of Scott \& Stringfellow, LLC (included as Exhibit 4.3 to Ingles Markets, Incorporated s Current Report on Form 8-K, File No. 0-14706, previously filed with the Commission on May 15, 2009 and incorporated herein by this reference).
10.1 Credit Agreement, dated May 12, 2009, among the Company and the lenders party thereto, Bank of America, as administrative agent, swing line lender and $1 / \mathrm{c}$ issuer, Branch Banking and Trust Company, as syndication agent, Wachovia Bank, National Association, as documentation agent, and Banc of America Securities LLC, Branch Banking and Trust Company and Wachovia Capital Markets, LLC, as joint lead arrangers and book managers (included as Exhibit 10.1 to Ingles Markets, Incorporated s Current Report on Form 8-K, File No. 0-14706, previously filed with the Commission on May 15, 2009 and incorporated herein by this reference).
10.2 Exhibits and Schedules to Credit Agreement dated May 12, 2009, among the Company and the lenders party thereto, Bank of America, as administrative agent, swing line lender and $1 / \mathrm{c}$ issuer, Branch Banking and Trust Company, as syndication agent, Wachovia Bank, National Association, as documentation agent, and Banc of America Securities LLC, Branch Banking and Trust Company and Wachovia Capital Markets, LLC, as joint lead arrangers and joint book managers (included as Exhibit 10.1 to Ingles Markets, Incorporated s Current Report on Form 8-K, File No. 0-14706, previously filed with the Commission on May 15, 2009 and incorporated herein by this reference).
10.3 Waiver and First Amendment to the Credit Agreement dated as of May 12, 2009, among the Company the lenders from time to time party thereto, Bank of America, N.A., as administrative agent, swing line lender and $1 / \mathrm{c}$ issuer, and the other agents, joint lead arrangers and joint book managers party thereto (included as Exhibit 10.3 to Ingles Markets, Incorporated s Annual Report on Form 10-K, File No. 0-14706, previously filed with the Commission on December 26, 2012, and incorporated herein by this reference).

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10.4 Second Amendment to the Credit Agreement dated as of May 12, 2009, among the Company the lenders from time to time party thereto, Bank of America, N.A., as administrative agent, swing line lender and $1 / \mathrm{c}$ issuer, and the other agents, joint lead arrangers and joint book managers party thereto (included as Exhibit 10.1 to Ingles Markets, Incorporated s Current Report on Form 8-K, File No. 0-14706, previously filed with the Commission on January 4, 2011 and incorporated herein by this reference).

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31.1* Rule 13a-14(a) Certification
31.2* Rule 13a-14(a) Certification
32.1* Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350
32.2* Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350

101* The following financial information from the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter and six months ended March 30, 2013, formatted in XBRL (Extensible Business Reporting Language) and furnished electronically herewith: (i) the Consolidated Statements of Earnings; (ii) the Consolidated Balance Sheets; (iii) the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows; (iv) the Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income; and (v) the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

* Filed herewith


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## SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this Form 10-Q to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Date: May 8, 2013

Date: May 8, 2013

INGLES MARKETS, INCORPORATED
/s/ Robert P. Ingle, II
Robert P. Ingle, II
Chief Executive Officer
/s/ Ronald B. Freeman
Ronald B. Freeman
Vice President-Finance and Chief Financial Officer

