TEEKAY TANKERS LTD. Form 6-K December 03, 2013

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 6-K

Report of Foreign Private Issuer

Pursuant to Rule 13a-16 or 15d-16 of
the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2013

Commission file number 1-33867

TEEKAY TANKERS LTD.

(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

4th Floor, Belvedere Building, 69 Pitts Bay Road, Hamilton, HM 08, Bermuda
(Address of principal executive offices)

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Indicate by check mark	whether the registran	t files or will file annua	l reports under cover Form	1 20-F or Form 40-F.

Form 20-F x Form 40- F "

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(1).

Yes " No x

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(7).

Yes " No x

REPORT ON FORM 6-K FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

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UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF (LOSS) INCOME

(in thousands of U.S. dollars, except share and per share amounts)

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2013	Three Months Ended September 30, 2012S \$	Nine Months Ended eptember 30, 2013S	Nine Months Ended eptember 30, 2012
REVENUES				
Time charter revenues (note 8a)	20,600	28,356	67,488	96,025
Net pool revenues from affiliates				
(note 8a)	18,879	14,638	50,470	47,087
Voyage charter revenue		210	4,283	210
Interest income from investment				
in term loans		2,880	5,683	8,614
Total revenues	39,479	46,084	127,924	151,936
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Voyage expenses (note 8a)	483	2,172	5,845	3,601
Vessel operating expenses (note				
8a)	21,859	24,921	69,745	71,145
Time-charter hire expenses	1,216	804	5,153	3,109
Depreciation and amortization General and administrative (note	11,935	17,896	35,720	53,934
8a)	3,317	1,935	10,240	5,594
Loss provision on investment in				
term loans (note 2)	10,399		14,910	
Loss on sale of vessel and equipment (note 9)			71	
Total operating expenses	49,209	47,728	141,684	137,383
(Loss) income from operations	(9,730)	(1,644)	(13,760)	14,553
OTHER ITEMS				
Interest expense	(2,440)	(2,954)	(7,555)	(17,169)
Interest income	71	15	95	36
Realized and unrealized loss on				
derivative instruments (note 5)	(2,492)	(4,252)	(510)	(9,226)
Equity income (loss) from				
investment in joint venture (note	450		200	(62)
3) Other expenses	458	(926)	290	(63)
Other expenses	(458)	(826)	(828)	(1,743)
Total other items	(4,861)	(8,017)	(8,508)	(28,165)

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Net loss	(14,591)	(9,661)	(22,268)	(13,612)
Add: Net loss attributable to the				
Dropdown Predecessor (note 1)				9,163
Net loss attributable to common stockholders	(14,591)	(9,661)	(22,268)	(4,449)
Per common share amounts				
(note 10)				
- Basic loss attributable to				
stockholders of Teekay Tankers	(0.17)	(0.12)	(0.27)	(0.06)
- Diluted loss attributable to				
stockholders of Teekay Tankers	(0.17)	(0.12)	(0.27)	(0.06)
Weighted-average number of				
Class A and Class B common				
shares outstanding				
- Basic	83,591,030	83,591,030	83,591,030	78,159,449
- Diluted	83,591,030	83,591,030	83,591,030	78,159,449

Related party transactions (note 8)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the unaudited consolidated financial statements.

UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(in thousands of U.S. dollars)

	As at September 30, 2013 \$	As at December 31, 2012 \$
ASSETS		
Current		
Cash and cash equivalents	29,168	26,341
Pool receivable from affiliates, net (note 8b)	7,962	9,101
Accounts receivable	8,233	4,523
Vessels held for sale (note 9)		9,114
Due from affiliates (note 8b)	26,791	24,787
Prepaid expenses	12,630	9,714
Investment in term loans (note 2)	114,096	119,385
Total current assets	198,880	202,965
Vessels and equipment		
At cost, less accumulated depreciation of \$239.3 million (2012 -		
\$203.6 million)	861,377	885,992
Loan to joint venture (note 3)	9,830	9,830
Investment in joint venture (note 3)	7,802	3,457
Other non-current assets	5,164	3,412
Total assets	1,083,053	1,105,656
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		
Current		
Accounts payable	1,822	3,346
Accrued liabilities	17,861	17,882
Current portion of long-term debt (note 4)	25,246	25,246
Current portion of derivative instruments (note 5)	6,219	7,200
Deferred revenue	1,090	4,564
Due to affiliates (note 8b)	11,430	3,592
Total current liabilities	63,668	61,830
Long-term debt (note 4)	720,921	710,455
Derivative instruments (note 5)	20,536	26,431
Other long-term liabilities	5,256	4,757
Total liabilities	810,381	803,473

Commitments and contingencies (note 3, 5 and 11)

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Equity		
Common stock and additional paid-in capital (300 million shares		
authorized, 71.1 million Class A and 12.5 million Class B shares		
issued and outstanding as of September 30, 2013 and December 31,		
2012 (note 7)	672,839	672,560
Accumulated deficit	(400,167)	(370,377)
Total equity	272,672	302,183
Total liabilities and equity	1,083,053	1,105,656

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the unaudited financial statements.

UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(in thousands of U.S. dollars)

	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 \$	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2012 \$
Cash and cash equivalents provided by (used for) OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net loss	(22,268)	(13,612)
Non-cash items:	(22,200)	(13,012)
Loss provision on investment in term loans	14,910	
Depreciation and amortization	35,720	53,934
Unrealized (gain) loss on derivative instruments	(6,877)	2,154
Other	859	895
Change in operating assets and liabilities	(12,332)	(13,868)
Expenditures for dry docking	(9,692)	(7,933)
Net operating cash flow	320	21,570
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from long-term debt	53,181	15,000
Repayments of long-term debt	(17,715)	(4,855)
Prepayment of long-term debt	(25,000)	(55,000)
Proceeds from long-term debt of Dropdown Predecessor (note 1)		2,312
Repayments of long-term debt of Dropdown Predecessor (note 1)		(10,372)
Prepayment of long-term debt of Dropdown Predecessor (note 1)		(15,000)
Acquisition of 13 vessels from Teekay Corporation		(2,306)
Net advances from affiliates		16,913
Contribution of capital from Teekay Corporation		9,467
Proceeds from issuance of Class A common stock		69,000
Share issuance costs		(3,229)
Cash dividends paid	(7,522)	(30,559)
Net financing cash flow	2,944	(8,629)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from sale of vessel and equipment	9,119	
Expenditures for vessels and equipment	(1,489)	(2,099)
Investment in joint venture	(4,000)	(3,110)
Term loan advances	(4,067)	
Net investing cash flow	(437)	(5,209)

Increase in cash and cash equivalents	2,827	7,732
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of the period	26,341	18,566
Cash and cash equivalents, end of the period	29,168	26,298

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

(in thousands of U.S. dollars, except share amounts)

STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY Common Stock and Additional Paid-in Capital

Thousands

	of				
	Common		Class	Accumulated	
	Shares	Class A	В	Deficit	Total
	#	\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance as at December 31, 2012	83,591	672,435	125	(370,377)	302,183
Net loss				(22,268)	(22,268)
Dividends declared				(7,522)	(7,522)
Equity-based compensation (note 7)		279			279
Balance as at September 30, 2013	83,591	672,714	125	(400,167)	272,672
Equity-based compensation (note 7)	83,591		125	, i	279

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(all tabular amounts stated in thousands of U.S. dollars, other than share or per share data)

1. Basis of Presentation

The unaudited interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in conformity with United States generally accepted accounting principles (or *GAAP*). These financial statements include the accounts of Teekay Tankers Ltd. and its wholly-owned subsidiaries (collectively the *Company*). The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Certain information and footnote disclosures required by GAAP for complete annual financial statements have been omitted and, therefore, these interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited consolidated financial statements filed on Form 20-F for the year ended December 31, 2012. In the opinion of management, these interim unaudited consolidated financial statements reflect all adjustments, consisting solely of a normal recurring nature, necessary to present fairly, in all material respects, the Company's consolidated financial position, results of operations, and cash flows for the interim periods presented. The results of operations for the interim periods presented are not necessarily indicative of those for a full fiscal year. Significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated upon consolidation.

In order to more closely align the Company's presentation to that of many of its peers, the cost of ship management activities of \$1.4 million and \$4.2 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 have been presented in vessel operating expenses. Prior to 2013, the Company included these amounts in general and administrative expenses. All such costs incurred in comparative periods have been reclassified from general and administrative expenses to vessel operating expenses to conform to the presentation adopted in the current period. The amounts reclassified for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012 were \$1.4 million and \$5.5 million, respectively.

The acquisition of 13 conventional oil tankers from Teekay Corporation (*Teekay*) in June 2012 (or 2012 Acquired Business), has been accounted for as an acquisition of interests in vessels from Teekay as a transfer of a business between entities under common control. Under this method, the carrying amount of net assets recognized in the balance sheets of each combining entity are carried forward to the balance sheet of the Company at Teekay s historical cost is accounted for as an equity distribution to Teekay. In addition, transfers of net assets between entities under common control are accounted for as if the transfer occurred from the date that the Company and the acquired vessels were both under the common control of Teekay and had begun operations. As a result, the Company s financial statements prior to the date the interests in these vessels were actually acquired by the Company are retroactively adjusted to include the results of these vessels and their related operations and cash flows (referred to herein collectively as the *Dropdown Predecessor*) during the periods they were under common control of Teekay and had begun operations.

The acquisition of the 2012 Acquired Business was accounted for as reorganization between entities under common control. As a result, the Company s consolidated financial statements for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012, reflect the 2012 Acquired Business as if the Company had acquired the 2012 Acquired Business when the 13 vessels began their respective operations under the ownership of Teekay. For more information about this acquisition, please refer to the Company s audited consolidated financial statements filed on Form 20-F for the year ended December 31, 2012.

2. Investment in Term Loans

In July 2010, the Company invested in two term loans for a total cost of \$115.6 million (or *the Loans*) which were scheduled to mature in July 2013. The Loans are secured by first priority mortgages registered on two 2010-built Very Large Crude Carriers (or *VLCCs*). The Loans had an annual interest rate of 9% per annum and include a repayment premium feature that was to provide a total investment yield of approximately 10% per annum. As at September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, \$6.6 million and \$1.6 million, respectively, were recorded as accrued interest income from the investment in these term loans, and have been reclassified from interest receivable to investment in term loans on the consolidated balance sheets as at September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012. No interest income was recorded on term loans for the three months ended September 30, 2013. The principal amount of the Loans and repayment premium were payable in full at maturity in July 2013. As at September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, the repayment premium included in the investment in term loans balance was \$3.3 million and \$2.7 million, respectively. Interest income in respect of the Loans was included in revenues in the consolidated statements of (loss) income.

The borrowers under the Loans have been in default on their interest payment obligations since the first quarter of 2013, and subsequently, in default of the repayment of the loan principal from the loan maturity date in July 2013. Currently, one of the VLCC vessels that collateralizes the Loans is trading in the spot tanker market under the Company s management while the other vessel remains under detention by authorities in Egypt due to an incident that occurred prior to the transition of vessel management to the Company. The vessel s insurers are in the process of seeking to negotiate the release of the detained vessel. Upon release, the vessel is expected to commence trading in the spot tanker market under the Company s management.

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013, the Company recorded loss provisions of \$10.4 million and \$14.9 million, respectively, related to the carrying amount of the investment in terms loans, which included \$6.6 million of accrued but unpaid interest and \$3.3 million in accrued but unpaid repayment premium as at September 30, 2013. This provision reflects the estimated loss that could be incurred based on the Company s current estimates of amounts recoverable from future operating cash flows of the vessels and the net proceeds from the sale of the two VLCCs. The actual amount recoverable from the Company s investment in the Loans may vary from the Company s current estimates depending on various factors, such as the ability of the Company to obtain access to the vessels, the cost and timing of releasing one of the VLCC vessels from detention in Egypt, the actual charter rates the vessels earn in the spot or time-charter markets prior to their sale, costs incurred to operate the vessels prior to their sale, and the timing and values realized from the sale of the VLCCs and costs the Company may need to incur to realize on its collateral in the VLCCs.

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(all tabular amounts stated in thousands of U.S. dollars, other than share or per share data)

3. Investment in Joint Venture

The Company has a joint venture arrangement with Wah Kwong Maritime Transport Holdings Limited (or *Wah Kwong*). The Company has a 50% economic interest in the joint venture, which is jointly controlled by the Company and Wah Kwong. A VLCC, the *Hong Kong Spirit*, owned by the joint venture was delivered on June 14, 2013 and commenced its five-year time-charter-out contract shortly thereafter, where it earns a fixed daily rate and an additional amount if the daily rate of any sub-charter earned exceeds a certain threshold. The Company s share of the joint venture s income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 was \$0.5 million and \$0.3 million, respectively.

In March 2012, the joint venture entered into a \$68.6 million loan with a financial institution. The loan is secured by a first-priority mortgage on the VLCC and 50% of the outstanding loan balance is guaranteed by the Company. The loan is repayable in 32 quarterly installments of \$1.4 million each commencing three months after the initial post-delivery drawdown date and a balloon payment of \$22.6 million at its maturity in June 2021. As of September 30, 2013 the loan had an outstanding balance of \$67.2 million (December 31, 2012 \$39.2 million). In June 2013, the joint venture entered into an interest rate swap agreement with a notional amount of \$68.6 million, declining \$1.4 million every three months until its maturity in June 2018. The interest rate swap exchanges a receipt of floating interest based on 3-months LIBOR for a payment of a fixed rate of 1.47% every three months.

As at September 30, 2013, the carrying value of the Company s investment in the joint venture was \$7.8 million and the Company had also advanced an additional \$9.8 million to the joint venture in the form of a non-interest bearing and unsecured loan.

4. Long-Term Debt

	September 30, 2013 \$	December 31, 2012 \$
Revolving Credit Facilities due through		
2018	578,032	555,472
Term Loans due through 2021	168,135	180,229
	746,167	735,701
Less current portion	(25,246)	(25,246)
Total	720,921	710,455

As at September 30, 2013, the Company had three revolving credit facilities (or the *Revolvers*), which, as at such date provided for aggregate borrowings of up to \$774.9 million, of which \$196.9 million was undrawn (December 31, 2012 \$856.4 million, of which \$301.0 million was undrawn). Interest payments are based on LIBOR plus margins, which, at September 30, 2013, ranged between 0.45% and 0.60% (December 31, 2012: 0.45% and 0.60%). The total

amount available under the Revolvers reduces by \$46.1 million (remainder of 2013), \$94.0 million (2014), \$120.9 million (2015), \$89.1 million (2016), \$395.9 million (2017) and \$28.9 million thereafter. As at September 30, 2013, the Revolvers are collateralized by 21 of the Company s vessels, together with other related security. One of the Revolvers requires that the Company s applicable subsidiary maintain a minimum hull coverage ratio of 105% of the total outstanding drawn balance for the facility period. As at September 30, 2013, this ratio was 111%. The vessel value used in this ratio is an appraised value prepared by the Company based on second-hand sale and purchase market data. A further delay in the recovery of the tanker market could negatively affect the ratio. In addition, one of the Revolvers requires the Company and certain of its subsidiaries to maintain a minimum liquidity (cash, cash equivalents and undrawn committed revolving credit lines with at least six months to maturity) of \$35.0 million and at least 5.0% of the Company s total debt. Two Revolvers are guaranteed by Teekay and contain covenants that require Teekay to maintain the greater of free cash (cash and cash equivalents) of at least \$100.0 million and an aggregate of free cash and undrawn committed revolving credit lines with at least six months to maturity of at least 7.5% of Teekay s total consolidated debt which has recourse to Teekay. As at September 30, 2013, the Company and Teekay were in compliance with all their covenants in respect of the Revolvers.

As at September 30, 2013, the Company had three term loans outstanding, which totaled \$168.1 million (December 31, 2012 \$180.2 million). Interest payments on the term loans are based on a combination of fixed and variable rates where fixed rates range from 4.06% to 4.90% and variable rates are based on LIBOR plus a margin. At September 30, 2013, the margins ranged from 0.30% to 1.0% (December 31, 2012 0.30% to 1.0%). The term loan repayments are made in quarterly or semi-annual payments and two of the term loans have balloon or bullet repayments due at maturity in 2019 and 2021, respectively. The term loans are collateralized by first-priority mortgages on six of the Company s vessels, together with certain other related security. Two of the term loans require that the Company s subsidiaries maintain a minimum hull coverage ratio of 120% of the total outstanding balance for the facility period. As at September 30, 2013, the loan-to-value ratios ranged from 141.7% to 363.0%. The vessel values used in this ratio are appraised values prepared by the Company based on second-hand sale and purchase market data. A further delay in the recovery of the tanker market could negatively affect the ratios. The term loans are guaranteed by Teekay and contain covenants that require Teekay to maintain the greater of free cash (cash and cash equivalents) of at least \$100.0 million and an aggregate of free cash and undrawn committed revolving credit lines with at least six months to maturity of at least 7.5% of Teekay s total consolidated debt which has recourse to Teekay. As at September 30, 2013, the Company and Teekay were in compliance with all their covenants in respect of these term loans.

The weighted-average effective interest rate on the Company s long-term debt as at September 30, 2013, was 1.1% (December 31, 2012 1.2%). This rate does not reflect the effect of the Company s interest rate swap agreements (see Note 5).

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(all tabular amounts stated in thousands of U.S. dollars, other than share or per share data)

The aggregate annual long-term principal repayments required to be made by the Company under the Revolvers and term loans subsequent to September 30, 2013 are \$7.5 million (remaining 2013), \$25.2 million (2014), \$78.6 million (2015), \$108.1 million (2016), \$415.3 million (2017) and \$111.5 million (thereafter).

5. Derivative Instruments

The Company uses derivatives in accordance with its overall risk management policies. The Company enters into interest rate swap agreements which exchange a receipt of floating interest for a payment of fixed interest to reduce the Company s exposure to interest rate variability on its outstanding floating-rate debt. The Company has not designated, for accounting purposes, its interest rate swaps as cash flow hedges of its U.S. Dollar LIBOR-denominated borrowings.

Realized and unrealized gains (losses) relating to the Company s interest rate swaps have been reported in realized and unrealized loss on non-designated derivative instruments in the consolidated statements of (loss) income. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013, the Company recognized realized losses of \$2.5 million and \$7.4 million, respectively, and nil unrealized losses and unrealized gains of \$6.9 million, respectively, relating to its interest rate swaps. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012, the Company recognized realized losses of \$2.4 million and \$7.1 million, respectively, and unrealized losses of \$1.9 million and \$2.1 million, respectively, relating to its interest rate swaps.

The following summarizes the Company s derivative positions as at September 30, 2013:

			Fair Value	1	
			Carrying		Fixed
			Amount	Remaining	Interest
			of	Term	Rate
		Notional	Asset		
		Amount	(Liability)		(%)
	Interest Rate Index	\$	\$	(years)	(1)
LIBOR-Based Debt:					
U.S. Dollar-denominated interest					
rate swap	USD LIBOR 3 month	200,000	(10,154)	3.0	2.61
U.S. Dollar-denominated interest					
rate swap	USD LIBOR 3 month	100,000	(16,601)	4.0	5.55

(1) Excludes the margin the Company pays on its variable-rate debt, which, as of September 30, 2013, ranged from 0.3% to 1.0%.

The Company is potentially exposed to credit loss in the event of non-performance by the counterparty to the interest rate swap agreements. In order to minimize risk, the Company only enters into derivative transactions with counterparties that are rated A- or better by Standard & Poor s or A3 or better by Moody s at the time transactions are entered into.

6. Financial Instruments

a) Fair Value Measurements

For a description of how the Company estimates fair value and for a description of the fair value hierarchy levels, see Note 12 to the Company s audited consolidated financial statements filed with its Annual Report on the Form 20-F for the year ended December 31, 2012.

The following table includes the estimated fair value and carrying value of those assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring and non-recurring basis as well as the estimated fair value of the Company s financial instruments that are not accounted for at the fair value on a recurring basis.

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(all tabular amounts stated in thousands of U.S. dollars, other than share or per share data)

		September 30, 2013		December 31, 2012	
		Carrying		Carrying	
	Fair Value	Amount Asset	Fair Value	Amount Asset	Fair Value
	Hierarchy	/	Asset /	/	Asset /
	Level	(Liability)	(Liability)	(Liability)	(Liability)
		\$	\$	\$	\$
Recurring:					
Cash and cash equivalents	Level 1	29,168	29,168	26,341	26,341
Derivative instruments					
Interest rate swap agreements	Level 2	(26,755)	(26,755)	(33,631)	(33,631)
Non-recurring:					
Vessels and equipment	Level 2			252,068	252,068
Vessel held for sale (note 9)	Level 2			9,114	9,114
Other:					
Investment in term loans and interest					
receivable	Level 3	114,096	111,551	119,385	117,784
Loan to joint venture	N/A ⁽¹⁾	9,830	N/A ⁽¹⁾	9,830	N/A ⁽¹⁾
Long-term debt, including current portion	Level 2	(746,167)	(676,155)	(735,701)	(648,724)

(1) The Company s loan to the joint venture, together with the Company s equity investment in the joint venture, form the aggregate carrying value of the Company s interest in an entity accounted for by the equity method in these consolidated financial statements. The fair value of the individual components of such aggregate interest as at September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012 was not determinable.

b) Financing Receivables

The following table contains a summary of the Company s financing receivables by type and the method by which the Company monitors the credit quality of its financing receivables on a quarterly basis.

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Class of Financing Receivable	Credit Quality Indicator	Grade	\$	\$
Investment in term loans and interest receivable	Collateral	Non-Performing (note 2)	114,096	119,385
Loan to joint venture	Other internal metrics	Performing	9,830	9,830
			123,926	129,215

7. Stock-Based Compensation

In March 2013, 142,157 Class A common shares, with an aggregate value of \$0.4 million, were granted to the Company s non-management directors as part of their annual compensation for 2013. These Class A common shares were purchased on the open market and distributed to the directors.

The Company grants restricted stock units as incentive-based compensation under the Teekay Tankers Ltd. 2007 Long-Term Incentive Plan to certain employees of Teekay Corporation s subsidiaries that provide services to the Company. The Company measures the cost of such awards using the grant date fair value of the award and recognizes that cost, net of estimated forfeitures, over the requisite service period. The requisite service period consists of the period from the grant date of the award to the earlier of the date of vesting or the date the recipient becomes eligible for retirement. For stock-based compensation awards subject to graded vesting, the Company calculates the value for the award as if it was one single award with one expected life and amortizes the calculated expense for the entire award on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period. The compensation cost of the Company s stock-based compensation awards is reflected in general and administrative in the Company s consolidated statements of (loss) income.

During March 2013, the Company granted 411,629 restricted stock units with a grant date fair value of \$1.0 million to certain employees of Teekay s subsidiaries, which provide services to the Company, based on the Company s closing share price on the grant date. Each restricted stock unit is equal in value to one share of the Company s common shares plus reinvested distributions from the grant date to the vesting date. The restricted stock units vest equally over three years from the grant date. Any portion of a restricted stock unit award that is not vested on the date of a recipient s termination of service is cancelled, unless their termination arises as a result of the recipient s retirement and, in this case, the restricted stock unit award will continue to vest in accordance with the vesting schedule. Upon vesting, the value of the restricted stock unit awards is paid to each recipient in the form of common shares. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013, the Company recorded expenses of \$0.1 million and \$0.3 million, respectively (2012 \$nil), related to the restricted stock units.

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(all tabular amounts stated in thousands of U.S. dollars, other than share or per share data)

8. Related Party Transactions

a. The Company charters two vessels to Teekay. In addition, Teekay and its wholly-owned subsidiary and the Company's manager, Teekay Tankers Management Services Ltd. (*the Manager*), provide commercial, technical, strategic and administrative services to the Company. In addition, certain of the Company's vessels participate in pooling arrangements that are managed in whole or in part by subsidiaries of Teekay (collectively the *Pool Managers*). For additional information about these arrangements, please read. Item 7 Major Shareholders and Related Party Transactions—Related Party Transactions—Pooling Agreements—in our Annual Report on Form 20-F for the year ended December 31, 2012. Amounts received and paid by the Company for such related party transactions for the periods indicated were as follows:

	Three Months Ended September 30, September 30, S		Nine Months Ended September 30, September 30	
	2013 2012		2013	2012
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Time-charter revenues (i)	2,734	3,597	10,036	10,939
Pool management fees and commissions (ii)	995	962	2,992	2,609
Commercial management fees (iii)	264	347	834	768
Vessel operating expenses - crew training	255	719	1,011	1,821
Vessel operating expenses - technical management				
$fee^{(iv)}$	1,388	1,392	4,247	5,545
General and administrative (v)	3,086	1,491	8,532	3,508
General and administrative - Dropdown Predecessor				2,567
Interest Expense - Dropdown Predecessor				11,660

- (i) The Company chartered-out the *Pinnacle Spirit* and *Summit Spirit* to Teekay under fixed-rate time-charter contracts, which expire in 2014.
- (ii) The Company s share of the Pool Managers fees that are reflected as a reduction to net pool revenues from affiliates on the Company s consolidated statements of (loss) income.
- (iii) The Manager s commercial management fees for vessels on time-charter out contracts, which are reflected in voyage expenses on the Company s consolidated statements of (loss) income.
- (iv) The cost of ship management services provided by the Manager of \$1.4 million and \$4.2 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013, respectively, have been presented as vessel operating expenses (see Note 1). The amount reclassified from general and administrative to vessel operating expenses in the comparative periods to conform to the presentation adopted in the current periods were \$1.4 million and \$5.5 million, respectively.
- (v) The Manager s strategic and administrative service fees.

- b. The Manager and other subsidiaries of Teekay collect revenues and remit payments for expenses incurred by the Company's vessels. Such amounts, which are presented on the Company's consolidated balance sheets in due from affiliates or due to affiliates, are without interest or stated terms of repayment. In addition, \$4.5 million and \$4.9 million were payable to the Manager as at September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively, for reimbursement of the Manager's crewing and manning costs to operate the Company's vessels and such amounts are included in due to affiliates on the consolidated balance sheets. The amounts owing from the Pool Managers for monthly distributions are reflected in the consolidated balance sheets as pool receivables from affiliates, are without interest and are repayable upon the terms contained within the applicable pool agreement. In addition, the Company had advanced \$20.3 million and \$16.6 million as at September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively, to the Pool Managers for working capital purposes. These amounts, which are reflected in the consolidated balance sheets in due from affiliates, are without interest and are repayable when applicable vessels leave the pools.
- c. During June 2012, the Company acquired from Teekay the 2012 Acquired Business, or seven conventional oil tankers and six product tankers and related time-charter contracts, debt facilities and an interest rate swap, for an aggregate price of approximately \$454.2 million, including the assumption of outstanding debt of approximately \$428.1 million. Ten of the vessels were acquired on June 15, 2012 and the remaining three were acquired on June 26, 2012. As consideration for this acquisition, the Company issued to Teekay 4.5 million Class A common shares and made a cash payment of \$1.1 million to Teekay.

9. Vessel Sale

In January 2013, the Company completed the sale of the Aframax tanker, *Nassau Spirit*, for proceeds of \$9.1 million. The vessel was classified as held for sale on the consolidated balance sheet as at December 31, 2012, when its net book value was written down to its sale proceeds net of cash outlays to complete the sale.

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(all tabular amounts stated in thousands of U.S. dollars, other than share or per share data)

10. Loss Per Share

The net loss attributable to common stockholders and loss per common share are presented in the table below.

	Three Months Ended			Nine Months Ended				
	-	mber 30, 2013 \$	Sep	tember 30, 2012 \$	-	ember 30, 2013 \$	Sept	2012 \$
Net loss		(14,591)		(9,661)		(22,268)		(13,612)
Add: Net loss attributable to the Dropdown Predecessor								9,163
Net loss attributable to common								
stockholders		(14,591)		(9,661)		(22,268)		(4,449)
Weighted average number of common shares basic	83.	591,030	8	33,591,030	83,	,591,030	7	8,159,449
Weighted average number of common								
shares diluted	83,	,591,030	8	33,591,030	83,	,591,030	7	8,159,449
Loss per common share:								
- Basic	\$	(0.17)	\$	(0.12)	\$	(0.27)	\$	(0.06)
- Diluted	\$	(0.17)	\$	(0.12)	\$	(0.27)	\$	(0.06)

11. Newbuilding Agreements

On April 8, 2013, the Company entered into agreements with STX Offshore & Shipbuilding Co., Ltd (or *STX*) of South Korea to construct four, fuel-efficient 113,000 dead-weight tonne Long Range 2 (or *LR2*) product tanker newbuildings plus options to order up to an additional 12 vessels. The payment of the Company s first shipyard installment was contingent on the Company receiving acceptable refund guarantees for the shipyard installment payments. In May 2013, STX commenced a voluntary financial restructuring with its lenders, and as a result, STX s refund guarantee applications were temporarily suspended. As at September 30, 2013, the Company had not received any refund guarantees from STX. To date, the Company has not made any installment payments to STX for the four newbuilding LR2 vessels and, prior to receiving the refund guarantees, the Company has the right to cancel the newbuilding orders at its discretion. The Company is evaluating its alternatives, including taking legal action for damages.

12. Subsequent Events

In October and November 2013, the Company exercised its options to order four and four additional LR2 newbuildings, respectively, under option agreements relating to the original STX LR2 shipbuilding agreements signed in April 2013 (see Note 11). STX did not produce shipbuilding contracts within the specified timeframe of the option declarations and, therefore, is in breach of the option agreements. The Company is evaluating its alternatives, including taking legal action for damages.

SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 2 MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes contained in Item 1 Financial Statements of this Report on Form 6-K and with our audited consolidated financial statements contained in Item 18 Financial Statements and Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations in Item 5 Operating and Financial Review and Prospects of our Annual Report on Form 20-F for the year ended December 31, 2012.

General

Our business is to own crude oil and product tankers and we employ a chartering strategy that seeks to capture upside opportunities in the tanker spot market while using fixed-rate time charters to reduce downside risks. As of November 1, 2013, a total of 13 of our vessels operated under fixed-rate time-charter out contracts and 15 of our vessels and one chartered-in vessel operated in the spot market in pooling arrangements, which are managed in whole or in part by subsidiaries of Teekay Corporation (or *Teekay*). As at November 1, 2013, our fleet was comprised of the following vessels:

	Chartered-in		
	Owned Vessels	Vessels	Total
Fixed-rate:			
Suezmax Tankers	2		2
Aframax Tankers	9		9
MR Product Tankers ⁽¹⁾	1		1
VLCC Tankers ⁽²⁾	1		1
Total Fixed-Rate Fleet ⁽³⁾	13		13
Spot-rate:			
Suezmax Tankers	8		8
Aframax Tankers ⁽⁴⁾	2	1	3
LR2 Product Tankers ⁽⁵⁾	3		3
MR Product Tankers	2		2
Total Spot Fleet ⁽⁶⁾	15	1	16
Total Teekay Tankers Fleet	28	1	29

1. Medium Range (MR) product tankers.

- 2. We own a Very Large Crude Carrier (*VLCC*) through a 50/50 joint venture. Please read *Significant Developments* in 2013 below.
- 3. Including the recently delivered 50% owned VLCC, two time-charter out contracts are scheduled to expire in 2013, five in 2014, two in 2015, three in 2016, none in 2017 and one in 2018.
- 4. The time-charter in is scheduled to expire in January 2014. This time-charter in has an option to extend for an additional 12-month period.
- 5. Long Range 2 (*LR2*) product tankers.
- 6. As at November 1, 2013, the four vessel class pooling arrangements in which we participate were comprised of a total of 33 Suezmax tankers; 27 Aframax tankers; 18 LR2 tankers and 77 MR tanker vessels, respectively, including vessels owned by other pool members.

Significant Developments in 2013

Commencing in the first quarter of 2013, we pay a fixed quarterly dividend of \$0.03 per share on our common shares, subject to the review of our Board of Directors from time to time. Up to and including the quarter ended December 31, 2012, we had distributed the majority of our cash flow to shareholders through a full payout dividend policy, subject to certain reserves determined by our Board of Directors.

On June 14, 2013, the newly-built VLCC, the *Hong Kong Spirit*, which is jointly owned by us and our joint-venture partner, Wah Kwong Maritime Transport Holdings Ltd., delivered from the yard and subsequently commenced its five-year time-charter contract with a major Chinese shipping company. During the five-year term of the contract, the vessel will earn a fixed daily rate and an additional amount if the daily rate of any sub-charter exceeds a certain threshold. We are entitled to 50% of the net income or loss as earned by the VLCC and recognize this amount in our consolidated statements of loss (income). Please read Item 1 Financial Statements *Note 3 Investment in Joint Venture*.

In July 2010, we invested \$115 million in two loans maturing in July 2013 secured by first priority mortgages registered on two 2010-built VLCC vessels. The borrowers have been in default on their interest payment obligations since the first quarter of 2013 and, subsequently, in default on the repayment of the loan principal as the loans were scheduled to mature in July 2013. As a result, we entered into discussions with the borrowers and the second priority mortgagee of the vessels to realize on our security for the loans. Currently, one of the VLCC vessels that collateralizes the loans is trading in the spot tanker market under our management while the other vessel remains under detention by authorities in Egypt due to an incident that occurred prior to the transition of vessel management to us. The vessel s insurers are in the process of seeking to negotiate the release of the

vessel. Upon release, the vessel is expected to commence trading in the spot tanker market under our management. In the three and nine months ended September 30 2013, we recorded \$10.4 million and \$14.9 million loss provisions, respectively, on the investment in term loans to reflect the estimated loss that could be incurred based on our current estimates of amounts recoverable from future operating cash flows of the vessels and the net proceeds from the potential sale of the two VLCC vessels. The actual amount recoverable from our investment in the Loans may vary from our current estimates depending on various factors, such as our ability to obtain access to the vessels, the cost and timing of releasing one of the VLCC vessels from detention in Egypt, the actual charter rates the vessels earn in the spot or time-charter markets, costs incurred to operate the vessels prior to their sale and the timing and values realized from the sale of the VLCCs, and costs we may need to incur to realize on our collateral in the VLCCs. The carrying value of the loans will be adjusted each subsequent reporting period to reflect any changes in the present value of the expected future cash flows. Please read Item 1 Financial Statements *Note 2 Investment in Term Loans*.

In April 2013, we ordered four fuel-efficient 113,000 dead-weight tonne LR2 product tankers from STX Offshore & Shipbuilding Co., Ltd. (*STX*) plus options to order additional vessels. The payments of our first shipyard installments to STX are contingent on our receiving refund guarantees for the shipyard installment payments. In late May 2013, STX commenced a voluntary financial restructuring with its lenders, during which STX s refund guarantee applications were temporarily suspended. As at September 30, 2013, we had not received any refund guarantees from STX. To date, we have not made any installment payments to STX for the four newbuilding LR2 vessels and, prior to receiving the refund guarantees, we have the right to cancel the newbuilding orders at our discretion. In October and November 2013, we exercised our options to order four and four additional LR2 newbuildings, respectively, under option agreements relating to the original STX LR2 shipbuilding agreements signed in April 2013. STX did not produce shipbuilding contracts within the specified timeframe of the option declarations and, therefore, is in breach of the option agreements. We are evaluating our alternatives, including taking legal action for damages. Please read *Note 11 Newbuilding Agreements* and *Note 12 Subsequent Events* included in our consolidated financial statements.

Results of Operations

There are a number of factors that should be considered when evaluating our historical financial performance and assessing our future prospects and we use a variety of financial and operational terms and concepts when analyzing our results of operations. These can be found in Item 5. Operating and Financial Review and Prospects in our Annual Report on Form 20-F for the year ended December 31, 2012.

In accordance with GAAP, we report gross revenues in our consolidated statements of (loss) income and include voyage expenses among our operating expenses. However, ship-owners base economic decisions regarding the deployment of their vessels upon anticipated time-charter equivalent (or *TCE*) rates, which represent net revenues (or revenue less voyage expenses) divided by revenue days, and industry analysts typically measure bulk shipping freight rates in terms of TCE rates. This is because under time-charter out contracts the customer usually pays the voyage expenses, while under voyage charters the ship-owner usually pays the voyage expenses, which typically are added to the hire rate at an approximate cost. Accordingly, the discussion of revenue below focuses on net revenues and TCE rates where applicable.

Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 versus Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2012

The following table presents our operating results for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, and compares net revenues, a non-GAAP financial measure, for those periods to revenues, the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure:

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended		
	September 30, September 30,		September 30,	September 30,	
(in thousands of U.S. dollars)	2013	2012	2013	2012	
Revenues	39,479	43,204	122,241	143,322	
Interest income from investment in term loans		2,880	5,683	8,614	
Less: Voyage expenses	(483)	(2,172)	(5,845)	(3,601)	
Net revenues	38,996	43,912	122,079	148,335	
Vessel operating expenses	21,859	24,921	69,745	71,145	
Time-charter hire expenses	1,216	804	5,153	3,109	
Depreciation and amortization	11,935	17,896	35,720	53,934	
General and administrative	3,317	1,935	10,240	5,594	
Loss provision on investment in term loans	10,399		14,910		
Net loss on sale of vessel			71		
(Loss) income from operations	(9,730)	(1,644)	(13,760)	14,553	
-					
Interest expense	(2,440)	(2,954)	(7,555)	(17,169)	
Interest income	71	15	95	36	
Realized and unrealized loss on derivative					
instruments	(2,492)	(4,252)	(510)	(9,226)	
Equity income (loss) from investment in Joint					
Venture	458		290	(63)	
Other expenses	(458)	(826)	(828)	(1,743)	
-	. ,		. ,		
Net loss	(14,591)	(9,661)	(22,268)		