

INCOME OPPORTUNITY REALTY INVESTORS INC /TX/

Form 10-Q

November 13, 2018

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

**QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE
ACT OF 1934**

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2018

or

**TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF
1934**

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission File Number 001-14784

INCOME OPPORTUNITY REALTY INVESTORS, INC.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

Nevada 75-2615944
(State or Other Jurisdiction of (I.R.S. Employer

Incorporation or Organization) Identification No.)

1603 Lyndon B. Johnson Freeway, Suite 800, Dallas, Texas 75234

(Address of principal executive offices)

(Zip Code)

(469) 522-4200

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company" and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act:

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer Smaller reporting company

Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

Common Stock, \$.01 par value	4,168,214
(Class)	(Outstanding at November 13, 2018)

INCOME OPPORTUNITY REALTY INVESTORS, INC.

FORM 10-Q

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

INCOME OPPORTUNITY REALTY INVESTORS, INC. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

	September 30, 2018	December 31, 2017
	(unaudited)	(audited)
	(dollars in thousands,	(dollars in thousands,
	except par value	except par value
	amount)	amount)
Assets		
Real estate land holdings subject to sales contract, at cost	\$—	\$ 22,717
Total real estate	—	22,717
Notes and interest receivable from related parties	13,577	14,030
Total notes and interest receivable	13,577	14,030
Cash and cash equivalents	1	2
Receivable and accrued interest from related parties	81,720	49,631
Other assets	—	1,517
Total assets	\$95,298	\$ 87,897
Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity		
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable and other liabilities	\$ 14	\$ 10
Total liabilities	14	10
Shareholders' equity:		
Common stock, \$0.01 par value, authorized 10,000,000 shares; issued 4,173,675 and outstanding 4,168,214 shares in 2018 and 2017	42	42
Treasury stock at cost, 5,461 shares in 2018 and 2017	(39)	(39)
Paid-in capital	61,955	61,955
Retained earnings	33,326	25,929
Total shareholders' equity	95,284	87,887
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$95,298	\$ 87,897

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

INCOME OPPORTUNITY REALTY INVESTORS, INC.**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS****(Unaudited)**

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
	<i>(dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)</i>			
Revenues:				
Rental and other property revenues	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—
Expenses:				
Property operating expenses	—	—	—	—
General and administrative (including \$67 and \$63 for the three months and \$201 and \$174 for the nine months ended 2018 and 2017, respectively, to related parties)	83	93	359	342
Net income fee to related party	383	53	489	189
Advisory fee to related party	168	166	500	493
Total operating expenses	634	312	1,348	1,024
Net operating loss	(634)	(312)	(1,348)	(1,024)
Other income (expenses):				
Interest income from related parties	1,201	924	3,324	3,133
Other Income	—	—	—	250
Total other income	1,201	924	3,324	3,383
Income before gain on sale of real estate land	567	612	1,976	2,359
Gain on sale of real estate land	7,323	—	7,323	—
Income before taxes	7,890	612	9,299	2,359
Income tax (expense) - current	(1,902)	—	(1,902)	—
Net income	\$5,988	\$612	\$7,397	\$2,359
Earnings per share - basic and diluted				
Net income	\$1.44	\$0.15	\$1.77	\$0.57
Weighted average common shares used in computing earnings per share	4,168,214	4,168,214	4,168,214	4,168,214

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

INCOME OPPORTUNITY REALTY INVESTORS, INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2018

(dollars in thousands)

(Unaudited)

	Total	Common Stock Shares	Common Stock Amount	Treasury Stock	Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings
Balance, December 31, 2017	\$87,887	4,173,675	\$ 42	\$ (39)	\$61,955	\$25,929
Net income	7,397	—	—	—	—	7,397
Balance, September 30, 2018	\$95,284	4,173,675	\$ 42	\$ (39)	\$61,955	\$33,326

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

INCOME OPPORTUNITY REALTY INVESTORS, INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Unaudited)

	For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2018 2017 <i>(dollars in thousands)</i>	
Cash Flow From Operating Activities:		
Net income	\$7,397	\$2,359
Adjustments to reconcile net income applicable to common shares to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Gain on sale of real estate land	(7,323)	—
(Increase) decrease in assets:		
Accrued interest receivable from related parties	453	10,082
Other assets	725	208
Increase (decrease) in other liabilities	4	(23)
Net cash provided by operating activities	1,256	12,626
Cash Flow From Investing Activities:		
Transfer to related party	(23,807)	(12,623)
Proceeds from sale of real estate land	22,550	—
Net cash used in investing activities	(1,257)	(12,623)
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(1)	3
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	2	1
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$1	\$4
Other Non Cash Items:		
Non cash transfer of land to related party	\$(7,490)	\$—
Utilization of deferred tax asset	\$(792)	\$—

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1. ORGANIZATION AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Organization

As used herein, the terms “IOR”, “the Company”, “we”, “our”, “us” refer to Income Opportunity Realty Investors, Inc., a Nevada corporation, individually or together with its subsidiaries. Income Opportunity Realty Investors, Inc. is the successor to a California business trust organized on December 14, 1984, which commenced operations on April 10, 1985. The Company is headquartered in Dallas, Texas, and its common stock trades on the NYSE American under the symbol (“IOR”).

Transcontinental Realty Investors, Inc. (“TCI”) owns approximately 81.25% of the Company’s common stock. Effective July 17, 2009, IOR’s financial results were consolidated with those of American Realty Investors, Inc. (“ARL”) and TCI and their subsidiaries. IOR is a “C” corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes and files an annual consolidated income tax return with ARL and its ultimate parent, May Realty Holdings, Inc. (“MRHI”). We have no employees.

IOR invests in real estate through direct ownership, leases and partnerships and also invests in mortgage loans on real estate. Pillar Income Asset Management, Inc. (“Pillar”) is the Company’s external Advisor and Cash Manager. Although the Board of Directors is directly responsible for managing the affairs of IOR, and for setting the policies which guide it, the day-to-day operations of IOR are performed by Pillar, as the contractual Advisor, under the supervision of the Board. Pillar’s duties include, but are not limited to, locating, evaluating and recommending real estate and real estate-related investment opportunities and arranging debt and equity financing for the Company with third party lenders and investors. Additionally, Pillar serves as a consultant to the Board with regard to their decisions in connection with IOR’s business plan and investment policy. Pillar also serves as an Advisor and Cash Manager to TCI and ARL.

Our primary business is investing in real estate and mortgage receivables. The principal source of revenue for the Company is interest income on approximately \$13.1 million of notes receivable due from related parties.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (“U.S. GAAP”) have been condensed or omitted in accordance with such rules and regulations, although management believes the disclosures are adequate to prevent the information presented from being misleading. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring matters) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. The results of operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018, are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for other interim periods or for the full fiscal year. As of December 31, 2017, IOR was not the primary beneficiary of a variable interest entity (“VIE”).

The year-end Consolidated Balance Sheet at December 31, 2017, was derived from the audited Consolidated Financial Statements at that date, but does not include all of the information and disclosures required by U.S. GAAP for complete financial statements. For further information, refer to the Consolidated Financial Statements and notes thereto included in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017. Certain 2017 Consolidated Financial Statement amounts have been reclassified to conform to the 2018 presentation.

Real Estate, Depreciation and Impairment

Real estate assets are stated at the lower of depreciated cost or fair value, if deemed impaired. Major replacements and betterments are capitalized and depreciated over their estimated useful lives. Depreciation is computed on a straight-line basis over the useful lives of the properties (buildings and improvements – 10-40 years; furniture, fixtures and equipment – 5-10 years). The Company continually evaluates the recoverability of the carrying value of our real estate assets using the methodology prescribed in ASC Topic 360, “Property, Plant and Equipment”. Factors considered by management in evaluating impairment of our existing real estate assets held for investment include significant declines in property operating profits, annually recurring property operating losses and other significant adverse changes in general market conditions that are considered permanent in nature. Under ASC Topic 360, a real estate asset held for investment is not considered impaired if the undiscounted, estimated future cash flows of an asset (both the annual estimated cash flow from future operations and the estimated cash flow from the theoretical sale of the asset) over its estimated holding period are in excess of the asset’s net book value at the balance sheet date. If any real estate asset held for investment is considered impaired, a loss is provided to reduce the carrying value of the asset to its estimated fair value.

Real Estate Held For Sale

We periodically classify real estate assets as “held for sale”. An asset is classified as held for sale after the approval of our Board of Directors, after an active program to sell the asset has commenced and if the sale is probable. One of the deciding factors in determining whether a sale is probable is whether a firm purchase commitment is obtained and whether the sale is probable within the year. Upon the classification of a real estate asset as held for sale, the carrying value of the asset is reduced to the lower of its net book value or its estimated fair value, less costs to sell the asset. Subsequent to the classification of assets as held for sale, no further depreciation expense is recorded. Real estate assets held for sale are stated separately on the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets. Upon a decision that the sale is no longer probable, the asset is classified as an operating asset and depreciation expense is reinstated.

Prior to January 1, 2015, the operating results of real estate assets held for sale and sold are reported as discontinued operations in the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Operations. Income from discontinued operations includes the revenues and expenses, including depreciation and interest expense, associated with the assets. Effective January 1, 2015, Accounting Standards Update 2014-08, “Reporting Discontinued Operations and Disclosures of Disposals of Components of an Entity” (“ASU 2014-08”) substantially changed the criteria for determining whether a disposition qualifies for discontinued operations presentation. Since the Company adopted ASU 2014-08, effective January 1, 2015, we have had no dispositions that met the discontinued operations criteria.

Cost Capitalization

Costs related to planning, developing, leasing and constructing a property are capitalized and classified as Real Estate in the Consolidated Balance Sheets. We capitalize interest to qualifying assets under development based on average accumulated expenditures outstanding during the period. In capitalizing interest to qualifying assets, we first use the interest incurred on specific project debt, if any, and next use the weighted average interest rate of non-project specific debt.

We capitalize interest, real estate taxes and certain operating expenses until building construction is substantially complete and the building is ready for its intended use, but no later than one year from the cessation of major construction activity.

We capitalize leasing costs, which include commissions paid to outside brokers, legal costs incurred to negotiate and document a lease agreement and any internal costs that may be applicable. We allocate these costs to individual tenant leases and amortize them over the related lease term.

Fair Value Measurement

We apply the guidance in ASC Topic 820, “Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures”, to the valuation of real estate assets. These provisions define fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in a transaction between market participants at the measurement date, establish a hierarchy that prioritizes the information used in developing fair value estimates and require disclosure of fair value measurements by level within the fair value hierarchy. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable data (Level 3 measurements), such as the reporting entity’s own data.

The valuation hierarchy is based upon the transparency of inputs to the valuation of an asset or liability as of the measurement date and includes three levels defined as follows:

Level 1 – Unadjusted quoted prices for identical and unrestricted assets or liabilities in active markets.

Level 2 – Quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, and inputs that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the financial instrument.

Level 3 – Unobservable inputs that are significant to the fair value measurement.

A financial instrument’s categorization within the valuation hierarchy is based upon the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

Related Parties

We apply ASC Topic 805, “Business Combinations”, to evaluate business relationships. Related parties are persons or entities who have one or more of the following characteristics, which include entities for which investments in their equity securities would be required, trust for the benefit of persons including principal owners of the entities and members of their immediate families, management personnel of the entity and members of their immediate families and other parties with which the entity may deal if one party controls or can significantly influence the decision making of the other to an extent that one of the transacting parties might be prevented from fully pursuing its own separate interests, or affiliates of the entity.

Newly Issued Accounting Pronouncements

In May 2014, Accounting Standards Update No. 2014-09 (“ASU 2014-09”), Revenue from Contracts with Customers, was issued. This new guidance established a new single comprehensive revenue recognition model and provides for enhanced disclosures. Under the new guidance, the nature, timing and amount of revenue recognized for certain transactions could differ from those recognized under existing accounting guidance. This new guidance does not affect revenue recognized under lease contracts. ASU 2014-09 is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017. The Company does not believe the adoption of this guidance had a material impact on its financial statements.

In February 2016, FASB issued ASU 2016-02 (“ASU 2016-02”), Leases. This guidance establishes a new model for accounting for leases and provides for enhanced disclosures. ASU 2016-02 is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of ASU 2016-02 on its financial position and results of operations, if any.

In November 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-18, Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230): Restricted Cash, which clarifies guidance on the classification and presentation of changes in restricted cash. The ASU is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017, with early adoption permitted, and will be applied retrospectively to all periods presented. Upon adoption, restricted cash balances will be included along with cash and cash equivalents as of the end of the period and beginning period, respectively, in the Company’s consolidated statement of cash flows for all periods presented. Upon adoption, separate line items showing changes in restricted cash balances will be eliminated from the Company’s consolidated statement of cash flows. The Company does not believe the adoption of this guidance had a material impact on its consolidated financial statements.

NOTE 2. REAL ESTATE ACTIVITY

At November 2015, Company real estate land holdings, carried at cost of \$22.7 million, consisted of 131.1 acres of developable land, located in Farmers Branch, Texas. In November 2015, the Company entered into a sales contract with an unrelated party (the “Developer”). The contract was for all of the developable land owned by the Company as well as other land held by TCI, ARL and Realty Advisors, Inc. (“RAI”) (collectively the “seller”). Total consideration for the sale was \$75 million. The agreement among the parties to this transaction provides for TCI to hold the subordinated note from the buyer in the amount of \$50 million. At closing, due to the inadequate down payment from the buyer and the level of seller financing involved, the transaction was accounted for under the deposit method. Under the deposit method, no revenue was recognized and the asset sold remained on the books until the criteria for full revenue recognition is met.

In the third quarter of 2018, the criteria for full accrual accounting was met, and approximately \$22.5 million of sales proceeds were recognized under the contract. Sales to unrelated third parties, by the Developer, of real estate carried at cost of \$15.1 million, resulted in a gain on sale of \$7.3 million to the Company. The unsold balance of land, subject to the original sales contract, was deeded to TCI on August 22, 2018 by the buyer. In connection with the transfer of legal title to TCI by the buyer, the Company transferred its remaining real estate to TCI for its book value of \$7.5 million. As of August 22, 2018, the Company had no real estate holdings.

NOTE 3. NOTES AND INTEREST RECEIVABLE FROM RELATED PARTIES

Notes and interest receivable from related parties is comprised of junior mortgage loans, which are loans secured by mortgages that are subordinate to one or more prior liens on the underlying real estate. Recourse on the loans ordinarily includes the real estate which secures the loan, other collateral and personal guarantees of the borrower.

The Company has various notes receivable from Unified Housing foundation, Inc. "UHF". UHF is determined to be a related party due to our significant investment in the performance of the collateral secured under the notes receivable. Payments are due from surplus cash flow from operations, sale or refinancing of the underlying properties. These notes are cross collateralized to the extent that any surplus cash available from any of the properties underlying these notes will be used to repay outstanding interest and principal for the remaining notes. Furthermore, any surplus cash available from any of the properties UHF owns, besides the properties underlying these notes, can be used to repay outstanding interest and principal for these notes. The allowance on the notes was a purchase allowance that was netted against the notes when acquired.

All of the Company's notes receivable are with UHF. As of January 1, 2013, the Company agreed to extend the maturity on the notes receivable from UHF for an additional term of five years for the early termination of the preferred interest rate period. The original notes gave a five-year period of preferred interest rate at 5.25%, before returning to the original note rate of 12.0%. The notes mature in December 2032 and have interest rates of 12.0%.

At September 30, 2018, we had mortgage loans and accrued interest receivable from related parties, net of allowances, totaling \$13.6 million. As of September 30, 2018, we recognized interest income of \$1.3 million related to these notes receivable. Below is a summary of notes and interest receivable from related parties (dollars in thousands):

Borrower	Maturity Date	Interest Rate	Amount	Collateral
Performing loans:				
Unified Housing Foundation, Inc. (Echo Station)	12/32	12.00 %	\$ 1,481	Secured
Unified Housing Foundation, Inc. (Lakeshore Villas)	12/32	12.00 %	2,000	Secured
Unified Housing Foundation, Inc. (Lakeshore Villas)	12/32	12.00 %	6,369	Secured
Unified Housing Foundation, Inc. (Limestone Ranch)	12/32	12.00 %	1,953	Secured
Unified Housing Foundation, Inc. (Timbers of Terrell)	12/32	12.00 %	1,323	Secured
Accrued interest			451	
Total Performing			\$ 13,577	

All are related party notes.

NOTE 4. RECEIVABLE FROM AND PAYABLE TO RELATED PARTIES

From time to time, IOR and its related parties have made unsecured advances to each other which include transactions involving the purchase, sale, and financing of property. In addition, we have a cash management agreement with our Advisor. The agreement provides for excess cash to be invested in and managed by our Advisor, Pillar, a related party. The table below reflects the various transactions between IOR, Pillar, and TCI (dollars in thousands):

	TCI
Balance, December 31, 2017	\$49,631
Cash transfers	1,645
Advisory fees	(500)
Net income fee	(489)
Cost reimbursements	(201)
Expenses paid by advisor	722
Proceeds from sale of land	22,550
Transfer additional real estate land	7,490
Interest income	1,982
Income tax	(1,902)
Deferred tax asset	792
Balance, September 30, 2018	\$81,720

We have historically engaged in and will continue to engage in certain business transactions with related parties, including but not limited to asset acquisitions and dispositions. Transactions involving related parties cannot be presumed to be carried out on an arm's length basis due to the absence of free market forces that naturally exist in business dealings between two or more unrelated entities. Related party transactions may not always be favorable to our business and may include terms, conditions and agreements that are not necessarily beneficial to or in the best interest of the Company.

NOTE 5. OPERATING SEGMENTS

The Company's segments are based on management's method of internal reporting, which classifies operations by the type of property in the portfolio. The Company's segments by use of property are land and other. Significant differences among the accounting policies of the operating segments as compared to the Consolidated Financial Statements principally involve the calculation and allocation of administrative and other expenses. Management evaluates the performance of each of the operating segments and allocates resources to them based on their operating income and cash flow.

Items of income that are not reflected in the segments are interest, other income, gain on debt extinguishment, gain on condemnation award, equity in partnerships, and gains on sale of real estate. Expenses that are not reflected in the segments are provision for losses, advisory, net income and incentive fees, general and administrative, non-controlling interests and net loss from discontinued operations before gains on sale of real estate. The segment labeled as "Other" consists of revenue and operating expenses related to the notes receivable and corporate debt.

Presented below is the operating segment information for the three months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017 (dollars in thousands):

<u>For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2018</u>	Land	Other	Total
Operating revenues	\$ —	\$—	\$—
Interest income from related parties	—	1,201	\$1,201
Gain on real estate land sales		7,323	7,323
Income tax expense		(1,902)	(1,902)
Segment operating income	\$ —	\$6,622	\$6,622

<u>For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2017</u>	Land	Other	Total
Operating revenues	\$ —	\$—	\$—
Interest income from related parties	—	924	924
Segment operating income	\$ —	\$924	\$924

The table below reflects the reconciliation of the segment information to the corresponding amounts in the Consolidated Statements of Operations (dollars in thousands):

	For the Three Months Ended September 30,	
	2018	2017
Segment operating income	\$6,622	\$924
Other non-segment items of income (expense)		
General and administrative	(83)	(93)
Net income fee	(383)	(53)
Advisory fee to related party	(168)	(166)
Net income from continuing operations	\$5,988	\$612

Presented below is the operating segment information for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017 (dollars in thousands):

<u>For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2018</u>	Land	Other	Total
Interest income from related parties	\$ —	\$3,324	\$3,324
Gain on real estate land sales	—	7,323	7,323
Income tax expense		(1,902)	(1,902)
Segment operating income	\$ —	\$8,745	\$8,745
Real estate assets	\$ —	\$—	\$—

<u>For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017</u>	Land	Other	Total
Operating revenues	\$—	\$—	\$—
Interest income from related parties	—	3,133	3,133
Segment operating income	\$—	\$3,133	\$3,133
Real estate assets	\$22,717	\$—	\$22,717

The table below reflects the reconciliation of the segment information to the corresponding amounts in the Consolidated Statements of Operations (dollars in thousands):

	Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2018	2017
Segment operating income	\$8,745	\$3,133
Other non-segment items of income (expense)		
General and administrative	(359)	(342)
Net income fee to related party	(489)	(189)
Advisory fee to related party	(500)	(493)
Other income	—	250
Income tax expense	—	—
Net income from continuing operations	\$7,397	\$2,359

The table below reflects the reconciliation of the segment information to the corresponding amounts in the Consolidated Balance Sheets (dollars in thousands):

	As of September	
	30,	
	2018	2017
Real estate assets	\$—	\$22,717
Notes and interest receivable	13,577	13,577
Other assets	81,721	52,444
Total assets	\$95,298	\$88,738

NOTE 6. TAXES

IOR has taxable income for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 on a standalone basis. This taxable income will be offset by the sharing of NOLs from the MRHI consolidated group. The income tax expense for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 is \$1.9 million.

NOTE 7. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Litigation. The Company and its subsidiaries, from time to time, have been involved in various items of litigation incidental to and in the ordinary course of its business and, in the opinion of management, the outcome of such litigation will not have a material adverse impact upon the Company's financial condition, results of operations or liquidity.

NOTE 8. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Company has evaluated subsequent events through November 13, 2018, the date the Consolidated Financial Statements were available to be issued, and has determined that there are none to be reported.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes thereto appearing elsewhere in this report.

This Report on Form 10-Q may contain forward-looking statements within the meaning of the federal securities laws, principally, but not only, under the caption "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations". We caution investors that any forward-looking statements in this report, or which management may make orally or in writing from time to time, are based on management's beliefs and on assumptions made by, and information currently available to, management. When used, the words "anticipate", "believe", "expect", "intend", "may", "might", "plan", "estimate", "project", "should", "will", "result" and similar expressions which do not relate solely to historical matters are intended to identify forward-looking statements. These statements are subject to risks, uncertainties and assumptions and are not guarantees of future performance, which may be affected by known and unknown risks, trends, uncertainties and factors that are beyond our control. Should one or more of these risks or uncertainties materialize, or should underlying assumptions prove incorrect, actual results may vary materially from those anticipated, estimated, or projected. We caution you that, while forward-looking statements reflect our good faith beliefs when we make them, they are not guarantees of future performance and are impacted by actual events when they occur after we make such statements. We expressly disclaim any responsibility to update our forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. Accordingly, investors should use caution in relying on past forward-looking statements, which are based on results and trends at the time they are made, to anticipate future results or trends.

Some of the risks and uncertainties that may cause our actual results, performance, or achievements to differ materially from those expressed or implied by forward-looking statements include, among others, the following:

general risks affecting the real estate industry (including, without limitation, the inability to enter into or renew leases, dependence on tenants' financial condition, and competition from other developers, owners and operators of real estate);

risks associated with the availability and terms of construction and mortgage financing and the use of debt to fund acquisitions and developments;

demand for apartments and commercial properties in the Company's markets and the effect on occupancy and rental rates;

the Company's ability to obtain financing, enter into joint venture arrangements in relation to or self-fund the development or acquisition of properties;

risks associated with the timing and amount of property sales and the resulting gains/losses associated with such sales;

failure to manage effectively our growth and expansion into new markets or to integrate acquisitions successfully;

risks and uncertainties affecting property development and construction (including, without limitation, construction delays, cost overruns, inability to obtain necessary permits and public opposition to such activities);

risks associated with downturns in the national and local economies, increases in interest rates, and volatility in the securities markets;

costs of compliance with the Americans with Disabilities Act and other similar laws and regulations;

potential liability for uninsured losses and environmental contamination; and

risks associated with our dependence on key personnel whose continued service is not guaranteed.

The risks included here are not exhaustive. Some of the risks and uncertainties that may cause our actual results, performance, or achievements to differ materially from those expressed or implied by forward-looking statements, include among others, the factors listed and described in Part I, Item 1A. "Risk Factors" in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K, which investors should review. There have been no changes from the risk factors previously described in the Company's Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017.

Other sections of this report may also include suggested factors that could adversely affect our business and financial performance. Moreover, we operate in a very competitive and rapidly changing environment. New risks emerge from time to time and it is not possible for management to predict all such matters; nor can we assess the impact of all such matters on our business or the extent to which any factor, or combination of factors, may cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statements. Given these risks and uncertainties, investors should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements as a prediction of actual results. Investors should also refer to our quarterly reports on Form 10-Q for future periods and to other materials we may furnish to the public from time to time through Forms 8-K or otherwise as we file them with the SEC.

Overview

We are an externally advised and managed real estate investment company. We have no employees.

Our primary source of revenue is from the interest income on approximately \$13.1 million of notes receivable due from related parties.

We have historically engaged in, and may continue to engage in, certain business transactions with related parties, including but not limited to asset acquisition and dispositions. Transactions involving related parties cannot be presumed to be carried out on an arm's length basis due to the absence of free market forces that naturally exist in business dealings between two or more unrelated entities. Related party transactions may not always be favorable to our business and may include terms, conditions and agreements that are not necessarily beneficial to or in our best interest.

Pillar is the Company's external Advisor and Cash Manager. Although the Board of Directors is directly responsible for managing the affairs of IOR, and for setting the policies which guide it, the day-to-day operations of IOR are performed by Pillar, as the contractual Advisor, under the supervision of the Board. Pillar's duties include, but are not limited to, locating, evaluating and recommending real estate and real estate-related investment opportunities and arranging debt and equity financing for the Company with third party lenders and investors. Additionally, Pillar serves as a consultant to the Board with regard to their decisions in connection with IOR's business plan and investment policy. Pillar also serves as an Advisor and Cash Manager to TCI and ARL.

Critical Accounting Policies

We present our Consolidated Financial Statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP"). The Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") is the single source of authoritative accounting principles recognized by the FASB to be applied by nongovernmental entities in the preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP.

The accompanying unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements include our accounts, our subsidiaries, generally all of which are wholly-owned, and all entities in which we have a controlling interest. As of September 30, 2018, IOR is not the primary beneficiary of a VIE.

The Company does not have any entities in which we have less than a controlling financial interest or entities where it is not deemed to be the primary beneficiary.

Real Estate

Upon acquisitions of real estate, we assess the fair value of acquired tangible and intangible assets, including land, buildings, tenant improvements, “above-market” and “below-market” leases, origination costs, acquired in-place leases, other identified intangible assets and assumed liabilities in accordance with ASC Topic 805 “Business Combinations”, and allocate the purchase price to the acquired assets and assumed liabilities, including land at appraised value and buildings at replacement cost.

We assess and consider fair value based on estimated cash flow projections that utilize appropriate discount and/or capitalization rates, as well as available market information. Estimates of future cash flows are based on a number of factors including the historical operating results, known and anticipated trends, and market and economic conditions. The fair value of the tangible assets of an acquired property considers the value of the property as if it were vacant. We also consider an allocation of purchase price of other acquired intangibles, including acquired in-place leases that may have a customer relationship intangible value, including (but not limited to) the nature and extent of the existing relationship with the tenants, the tenants’ credit quality and expectations of lease renewals.

A variety of costs are incurred in the acquisition, development and leasing of properties. After determination is made to capitalize a cost, it is allocated to the specific component of a project that is benefited. Determination of when a development project is substantially complete and capitalization must cease involves a degree of judgment. Our capitalization policy on development properties is guided by ASC Topic 835-20 “Interest – Capitalization of Interest” and ASC Topic 970 “Real Estate – General”. The costs of land and buildings under development include specifically identifiable costs. The capitalized costs include pre-construction costs essential to the development of the property, development costs, construction costs, interest costs, real estate taxes, salaries and related costs and other costs incurred during the period of development. We cease capitalization when a building is considered substantially complete and ready for its intended use, but no later than one year from the cessation of major construction activity.

Depreciation and Impairment

Real estate is stated at depreciated cost. The cost of buildings and improvements includes the purchase price of property, legal fees and other acquisition costs. Costs directly related to the development of properties are capitalized. Capitalized development costs include interest, property taxes, insurance, and other project costs incurred during the period of development.

Management reviews its long-lived assets used in operations for impairment when there is an event or change in circumstances that indicates impairment in value. An impairment loss is recognized if the carrying amount of its assets is not recoverable and exceeds its fair value. If such impairment is present, an impairment loss is recognized based on the excess of the carrying amount of the asset over its fair value. The evaluation of anticipated cash flows is highly subjective and is based in part on assumptions regarding future occupancy, rental rates and capital requirements that could differ materially from actual results in future periods.

Recognition of Revenue

Our revenues are composed largely of interest income on notes receivable recorded in accordance with the terms of the notes.

Revenue Recognition on the Sale of Real Estate

Sales and the associated gains or losses of real estate assets are recognized in accordance with the provisions of ASC Topic 360-20, "Property, Plant and Equipment – Real Estate Sale". The specific timing of a sale is measured against various criteria in ASC Topic 360-20 related to the terms of the transaction and any continuing involvement in the form of management or financial assistance associated with the properties. If the sales criteria for the full accrual method are not met, we defer some or all of the gain recognition and account for the continued operations of the property by applying the finance, leasing, deposit, installment or cost recovery methods, as appropriate, until the sales criteria are met.

Non-Performing Notes Receivable

We consider a note receivable to be non-performing when the maturity date has passed without principal repayment and the borrower is not making interest payments in accordance with the terms of the agreement.

Allowance for Estimated Losses

We assess the collectability of notes receivable on a periodic basis, of which the assessment consists primarily of an evaluation of cash flow projections of the borrower to determine whether estimated cash flows are sufficient to repay principal and interest in accordance with the contractual terms of the note. We recognize impairments on notes receivable when it is probable that principal and interest will not be received in accordance with the contractual terms of the loan. The amount of the impairment to be recognized generally is based on the fair value of the partnership's real estate that represents the primary source of loan repayment. See Note 3 "Notes and Interest Receivable from Related Parties" for details on our notes receivable.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

We apply the guidance in ASC Topic 820, “Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures and includes three levels defined as follows:”

Level 1 – Unadjusted quoted prices for identical and unrestricted assets or liabilities in active markets.

Level 2 – Quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, and inputs that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the financial instrument.

Level 3 – Unobservable inputs that are significant to the fair value measurement.

A financial instrument’s categorization within the valuation hierarchy is based upon the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

Related Parties

We apply ASC Topic 805, “Business Combinations,” to evaluate business relationships. Related parties are persons or entities who have one or more of the following characteristics, which include entities for which investments in their equity securities would be required, trust for the benefit of persons including principal owners of the entities and members of their immediate families, management personnel of the entity and members of their immediate families and other parties with which the entity may deal if one party controls or can significantly influence the decision making of the other to an extent that one of the transacting parties might be prevented from fully pursuing its own separate interests, or affiliates of the entity.

Results of Operations

The following discussion is based on our “Statement of Operations” for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, as included in Part I, Item 1. “Financial Statements” of this report. It is not meant to be an all-inclusive discussion of the changes in our net income applicable to common shares. Instead, we have focused on significant fluctuations within our operations that we feel are relevant to obtain an overall understanding of the change in income applicable to common shareholders.

Our current operations consist of land held subject to a sales contract. Our operating expenses consist mainly of general and administration costs related to the Company.

We also have other income and expense items. We receive interest income from the funds deposited with our Advisor at a rate of prime plus 1%. We have receivables from related parties which also provide interest income.

Comparison of the three months ended September 30, 2018 to the same period ended 2017:

We had net income of \$5.9 million or \$1.44 per diluted share for the three months ended September 30, 2018, as compared to net income of \$0.6 million or \$0.15 per diluted share for the same period ended 2017.

Revenues

Land held subject to a sales contract is our sole operating segment. There was no income generated from this segment for the three months ended September 30, 2017. As of September 30, 2018, all land was sold and a gain in the amount of \$7.3 million was recognized.

Expenses

There were no property operating expenses for the three months ended September 30, 2018 as well as in the prior period.

General and administrative expenses were \$83,000 for the three months ended September 30, 2018. This represents a decrease of \$10,000, as compared to the prior period general and administrative expenses of \$93,000. This decrease was primarily due to an increase in audit fees and cost reimbursements to our Advisor of approximately \$2,000 offset by a decrease in legal fees of approximately \$12,000.

Advisory fees were \$168,000 for the three months ended September 30, 2018 compared to \$166,000 for the same period of 2017 for an increase of \$2,000. Advisory fees are computed based on a gross asset fee of 0.0625% per month (0.75% per annum) of the average of the gross asset value.

Net income fee to related party increased \$330,000 to \$383,000 for the three months ended September 30, 2018 compared to the prior period. The net income fee paid to our Advisor is calculated at 7.5% of net income.

Other income (expense)

Interest income increased to \$1.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2018 compared to \$0.9 million for the same period of 2017. The increase of \$0.3 million was due primarily to increase in advisory fee balance.

Comparison of the nine months ended September 30, 2018 to the same period ended 2017:

We had net income of \$7.4 million or \$1.77 earnings per diluted share for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 compared to net income of \$2.4 million or \$0.57 earnings per diluted share for the same period in 2017.

Revenues

Land held for development or sale is our sole operating segment. There was no income generated from this segment for the nine months ended September 30, 2017. As of September 30, 2018, all land was sold and a gain in the amount of \$7.3 million was recognized.

Expenses

There were no property operating expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 as well as in the prior period.

General and administrative expenses were \$359,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 compared to \$342,000 for the prior period for an increase of \$17,000. The increase was primarily due to an increase in audit and stock transfer fees and cost reimbursements to our Advisor of approximately \$39,000 offset by a decrease in legal fees of approximately \$22,000.

Advisory fees were \$500,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 compared to \$493,000 for the same period of 2017 for an increase of \$7,000. Advisory fees are computed based on a gross asset fee of 0.0625% per month (0.75% per annum) of the average of the gross asset value.

Net income fee to related party increased \$300,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 compared to the prior period. The net income fee paid to our Advisor is calculated at 7.5% of net income.

Other income (expense)

Interest income was \$3.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2018. This represents an increase of \$0.2 million as compared to interest income of \$3.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2017.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

General

Our principal liquidity needs are:

meet debt service requirements including balloon payments;

fund normal recurring expenses;

fund capital expenditures; and

fund new property acquisitions.

Our primary source of cash is from collection on receivables, sale of assets, and the refinancing of existing mortgages. We will refinance debt obligations as they become due and generate cash from interest payments on notes receivable and the sale of properties. However, if refinancing and excess cash from operations does not prove to be sufficient to satisfy all our obligations as they mature, we may sell real estate, refinance real estate, and incur additional borrowings secured by real estate to meet our cash requirements.

Cash Flow Summary

The following summary discussion of our cash flows is based on the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows from Part I, Item 1. “Financial Statements” and is not meant to be an all-inclusive discussion of the changes in our cash flows (dollars in thousands):

	September 30,		Variance
	2018	2017	
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$1,256	\$12,626	\$(11,370)
Net cash used in investing activities	\$(1,257)	\$(12,623)	\$11,366
Net cash used in financing activities	\$—	\$—	\$—

The primary use of cash for operations is daily operating costs, general and administrative expenses, advisory fees, and land holding costs. Our primary source of cash for operations is from interest income on notes receivable.

Our primary cash outlays for investing activities are for investment of excess cash with our Advisor. The investing activity in the current period was mainly due to the proceeds received on the notes receivable. We invested more cash with our Advisor in the current period.

We did not pay quarterly dividends during the nine months ended September 30 2018 and 2017.

Environmental Matters

Under various federal, state and local environmental laws, ordinances and regulations, we may be potentially liable for removal or remediation costs, as well as certain other potential costs, relating to hazardous or toxic substances (including governmental fines and injuries to persons and property) where property-level managers have arranged for the removal, disposal or treatment of hazardous or toxic substances. In addition, certain environmental laws impose liability for release of asbestos-containing materials into the air and third parties may seek recovery for personal injury associated with such materials.

Management is not aware of any environmental liability relating to the above matters that would have a material adverse effect on our business, assets or results of operations.

Inflation

The effects of inflation on our operations are not quantifiable. Fluctuations in the rate of inflation affect the sales value of properties and the ultimate gain to be realized from property sales. To the extent that inflation affects interest rates, earnings from short-term investments and the cost of new financings, as well as the cost of variable interest rate debt, will be affected.

Tax Matters

IOR is a member of the May Realty Holdings, Inc., (“MRHI”) consolidated group for federal income tax reporting. There is a tax sharing and compensating agreement between American Realty Investors, Inc. (“ARL”), Transcontinental Realty Investors, Inc. (“TCI”), and IOR

Financial statement income varies from taxable income principally due to the accounting for income and losses of investees, gains and losses from asset sales, depreciation on owned properties, amortization of discounts on notes receivable and payable and the difference in the allowance for estimated losses. IOR has taxable income for the first nine months of 2018 on a standalone basis. This taxable income will be offset by the sharing of NOLs from the MRHI consolidated group. The income tax expense for the nine months ending September 30, 2018 is \$1.9 million.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

At September 30, 2018, the Company had no outstanding debt and has no exposure to quantitative or qualitative issues.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

As indicated in the certifications in Exhibit 31 of this report, the Company’s Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer have evaluated the Company’s disclosure controls and procedures as of September 30, 2018. Based on that evaluation, these officers have concluded that the Company’s disclosure controls and procedures are effective in ensuring that information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports that it files or submits under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, is accumulated and communicated to them in a manner that allows for timely decisions regarding required disclosures and are effective in ensuring that such information is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission’s rules and forms. There were no changes during the Company’s last fiscal quarter that materially affected or are reasonably likely to materially affect the Company’s internal control over financial reporting.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

On December 5, 1989, the governing body of the predecessor of the Company approved a share repurchase program authorizing the repurchase of up to a total of 200,000 shares of the predecessor. In June 2000, the Board of Directors of the Company increased the authorization to 500,000 shares. With the 3-for-1 forward split of the Company's Common Stock in June 2005, such authorization would be appropriately increased to 1,500,000 shares and the number of shares previously purchased would be appropriately increased by the same ratio. On August 10, 2010, the Board of Directors approved an increase in the share repurchase program for up to an additional 150,000 shares of common stock which results in a total authorization under the repurchase program for up to 1,650,000 shares of our common stock. This repurchase program has no termination date. There were no shares purchased under this program during the second quarter of 2018. As of September 30, 2018, 1,034,761 shares have been purchased and 615,239 shares may be purchased under the program.

ITEM 6.

EXHIBITS

The following documents are filed herewith as exhibits or incorporated by reference as indicated:

Exhibit Number	Description
3.0	Articles of Incorporation of Income Opportunity Realty Investors, Inc., (incorporated by reference to Appendix C to the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form S-4, dated February 12, 1996).
3.1	Bylaws of Income Opportunity Realty Investors, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Appendix D to the Registrant's Registration Statement on Forms S-4 dated February 12, 1996).
<u>10.3</u>	Advisory Agreement dated as of April 30, 2011 between Income Opportunity Realty Investors, Inc. and Pillar Income Asset Management, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to the registrant's current on Form 10-Q for event of May 2, 2011).
10.4	Loan Purchase Agreement (without exhibits), dated as of June 7, 2013 between IORI Operating Inc. and BDF TCI Mercer III, LLC.
10.5	Settlement and Release Agreement dated June 7, 2013 among TCI Mercer Crossing, Inc., Income Opportunity Realty Investors, Inc., Transcontinental Lamar, Inc., Transcontinental Realty Investors, Inc., Prime Income Asset Management, LLC, American Realty Investors, Inc., American Realty Trust, Inc., Transcontinental Realty Investors, Inc., BDF TCI Mercer III, LLC, and Transcontinental BDF III, LLC.
<u>31.1</u> *	Certification by the Principal Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14 and 15d-14 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.
<u>31.2</u> *	Certification by the Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14 and 15d-14 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.
<u>32.1</u> *	Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document

101.LAB XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document

101.PRE XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document

*Filed herewith.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

INCOME OPPORTUNITY REALTY INVESTORS, INC.

Date: November 13, 2018 By: /s/ Daniel J. Moos
Daniel J. Moos
President and Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

Date: November 13, 2018 By: /s/ Gene S. Bertcher
Gene S. Bertcher
Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial Officer)