HELEN OF TROY LTD

Form 10-Q July 10, 2018 Table of Contents
UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549
FORM 10-Q
QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the quarterly period ended May 31, 2018
or
TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the transition period from to
Commission file number: 001-14669
HELEN OF TROY LIMITED
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Bermuda 74-2692550 (State or other jurisdiction of (I.R.S.

Employer

incorporation or organization) Identification

No.)

Clarendon House

2 Church Street

Hamilton, Bermuda (Address of principal executive offices)

1 Helen of Troy Plaza

El Paso, Texas 79912 (Registrant's United States Mailing Address) (Zip Code)

(915) 225-8000

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes

No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes

No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company" and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer Non-accelerated filer Smaller reporting company

Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition
period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the
Exchange Act.

Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

Class Outstanding at July 5, 2018 Common Shares, \$0.10 par value, per share 26,342,986 shares

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HELEN OF TROY LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

HELEN OF TROY LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES

Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (Unaudited)

(in thousands, except shares and par value) Assets	May 31, 2018	February 28, 2018
Assets, current: Cash and cash equivalents Receivables - principally trade, less allowances of \$1,703 and \$2,912 Inventory Prepaid expenses and other current assets Income taxes receivable Total assets, current	\$ 16,929 255,674 256,268 13,831 1,266 543,968	\$ 20,738 275,565 251,511 9,545 349 557,708
Property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation of \$118,971 and \$115,202 Goodwill Other intangible assets, net of accumulated amortization of \$171,474 and \$167,354 Deferred tax assets, net Other assets, net of accumulated amortization of \$2,045 and \$2,022 Total assets	123,619 602,320 298,915 13,476 20,676 \$ 1,602,974	123,503 602,320 302,915 16,654 20,617 \$ 1,623,717
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity Liabilities, current: Accounts payable, principally trade Accrued expenses and other current liabilities Long-term debt, current maturities Total liabilities, current	\$ 125,805 131,174 1,884 258,863	\$ 129,341 168,261 1,884 299,486
Long-term debt, excluding current maturities Deferred tax liabilities, net Other liabilities, noncurrent Total liabilities	298,239 7,561 14,614 579,277	287,985 7,096 14,691 609,258
Commitments and contingencies Stockholders' equity: Cumulative preferred stock, non-voting, \$1.00 par. Authorized 2,000,000 shares; none issued	-	-

Common stock, \$0.10 par. Authorized 50,000,000 shares; 26,317,046 and 26,575,634

shares

issued and outstanding	2,629	2,658
Additional paid in capital	233,783	230,676
Accumulated other comprehensive income	4,068	631
Retained earnings	783,217	780,494
Total stockholders' equity	1,023,697	1,014,459
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 1,602,974	\$ 1,623,717

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

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HELEN OF TROY LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended May 31,		
(in thousands, except per share data) Sales revenue, net Cost of goods sold Gross profit	2018 \$ 354,679 208,121 146,558	2017 \$ 325,491 193,921 131,570	
Selling, general and administrative expense ("SG&A") Asset impairment charges Restructuring charges Operating income	101,506 - 1,725 43,327	96,987 4,000 - 30,583	
Nonoperating income, net Interest expense Income before income tax	75 (2,687) 40,715	166 (3,725) 27,024	
Income tax expense (benefit) Income from continuing operations	2,542 38,173	(284) 27,308	
Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax Net income	(381) \$ 37,792	(21,440) \$ 5,868	
Earnings (loss) per share - basic: Continuing operations Discontinued operations Total earnings per share - basic	\$ 1.44 (0.01) \$ 1.42	\$ 1.01 (0.79) \$ 0.22	
Earnings (loss) per share - diluted: Continuing operations Discontinued operations Total earnings per share - diluted	\$ 1.43 (0.01) \$ 1.42	\$ 1.00 (0.79) \$ 0.22	
Weighted average shares of common stock used in computing earnings per share: Basic Diluted	26,521 26,614	27,076 27,245	

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

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HELEN OF TROY LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended May 31,					
	2018	T.		2017	T.	
	D - f	Tax	NI - 4 - C	D - f	Tax	NI-4 - C
(' .1 1)	Before	(Expense)	Net of	Before	(Expense)	Net of
(in thousands)	Tax	Benefit	Tax	Tax	Benefit	Tax
Income from continuing operations	\$ 40,715	\$ (2,542)	\$ 38,173	\$ 27,024	\$ 284	\$ 27,308
Loss from discontinued operations	(484)	103	(381)	(33,931)	12,491	(21,440)
Net income	40,231	(2,439)	37,792	(6,907)	12,775	5,868
Other comprehensive income						
Cash flow hedge activity - interest						
rate swap						
Changes in fair market value	(61)	15	(46)	_	_	_
Adoption of ASU No. 2018-02	-	150	150	_	_	_
Subtotal	(61)	165	104	-	-	-
Cash flow hedge activity - foreign						
currency contracts						
Changes in fair market value	4,576	(622)	3,954	(2,245)	316	(1,929)
Settlements reclassified to income	(687)	64	(623)	(302)	54	(248)
Adoption of ASU No. 2018-02	-	2	2	-	-	-
Subtotal	3,889	(556)	3,333	(2,547)	370	(2,177)
Total other comprehensive income				, , ,		, ,
(loss)	3,828	(391)	3,437	(2,547)	370	(2,177)
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$ 44,059	\$ (2,830)	\$ 41,229	\$ (9,454)	\$ 13,145	\$ 3,691

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

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HELEN OF TROY LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited)

(in thousands)	Three Months Ended May 3 2018 2017	
Cash provided by operating activities:		
Net income	\$ 37,792	\$ 5,868
Loss from discontinued operations	(381)	(21,440)
Income from continuing operations	38,173	27,308
Adjustments to reconcile income from continuing operations to net cash provided by	·	,
operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	7,982	8,341
Amortization of financing costs	255	210
Provision for doubtful receivables	369	32
Non-cash share-based compensation	6,324	3,138
Non-cash intangible asset impairment charges	-	4,000
Loss (gain) on the sale or disposal of property and equipment	32	(10)
Deferred income taxes and tax credits	3,098	(768)
Changes in operating capital, net of effects of acquisition of businesses:	-,	(, , , ,
Receivables	19,522	21,921
Inventories	(4,757)	(24,072)
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	(2,344)	(679)
Other assets and liabilities, net	305	(2,901)
Accounts payable	(3,536)	25,365
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	(35,253)	(20,713)
Accrued income taxes	(1,259)	(1,336)
Net cash provided by operating activities - continuing operations	28,911	39,836
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities - discontinued operations	(381)	1,907
Net cash provided by operating activities Net cash provided by operating activities	28,530	41,743
The cash provided by operating activities	20,550	11,7 13
Cash used by investing activities:		
Capital and intangible asset expenditures	(4,182)	(4,082)
Proceeds from the sale of property and equipment	-	13
Net cash used by investing activities - continuing operations	(4,182)	(4,069)
Net cash used by investing activities - discontinued operations	-	(8,945)
Net cash used by investing activities	(4,182)	(13,014)
Cash used by financing activities:		
Proceeds from line of credit	161,200	131,200
Repayment of line of credit	(149,300)	(157,600)
Repayment of long-term debt	(1,900)	(5,700)
Proceeds from share issuances under share-based compensation plans	3,391	3,580
Payment of tax obligations resulting from cashless share award settlements	(4,481)	(6,788)
Payments for repurchases of common stock	(37,067)	-
Net cash used by financing activities - continuing operations	(28,157)	(35,308)
Net cash used by financing activities - discontinued operations	(20,137)	(33,300)
Net cash used by financing activities Net cash used by financing activities	(28,157)	(35,308)
The cash asea by infahening activities	(20,137)	(33,300)

Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(3,809)	(6,579)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning balance	20,738	23,087
Cash and cash equivalents, ending balance	16,929	16,508
Less: Cash and cash equivalents of discontinued operations, ending balance	-	(598)
Cash and cash equivalents of continuing operations, ending balance	\$ 16,929	\$ 17,106

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

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HELEN OF TROY LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

May 31, 2018

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation and Related Information

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements contain all adjustments (consisting of of normal recurring adjustments) necessary to present fairly our consolidated financial position as of May 31, 2018 and February 28, 2018, and the results of our consolidated operations for the interim periods presented. We follow the same accounting policies when preparing quarterly financial data as we use for preparing annual data. These statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and the notes included in our latest annual report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended February 28, 2018, and our other reports on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC").

When used in these notes, unless otherwise indicated or the context suggests otherwise, references to "the Company", "our Company", "Helen of Troy", "we", "us", or "our" refer to Helen of Troy Limited and its subsidiaries. We refer to our common shares, par value \$0.10 per share, as "common stock." References to "the FASB" refer to the Financial Accounting Standards Board. References to "GAAP" refer to United States ("U.S.") generally accepted accounting principles. References to "ASU" refer to the codification of GAAP in the Accounting Standards Updates issued by the FASB. References to "ASC" refer to the codification of GAAP in the Accounting Standards Codification issued by the FASB.

We incorporated as Helen of Troy Corporation in Texas in 1968 and were reorganized as Helen of Troy Limited in Bermuda in 1994. We are a global designer, developer, importer, marketer, and distributor of an expanding portfolio of brand-name consumer products. We have three segments: Housewares, Health & Home, and Beauty. Our Housewares segment provides a broad range of innovative consumer products for the home. Product offerings include food preparation tools and storage containers; cleaning, bath and garden tools and accessories; infant and toddler care products; and insulated beverage and food containers. The Health & Home segment focuses on healthcare devices such as thermometers, humidifiers, blood pressure monitors, and heating pads; water filtration systems; and small home appliances such as portable heaters, fans, air purifiers, and insect control devices. Our Beauty segment products include electric hair care, beauty care and wellness appliances; grooming tools and accessories; and liquid-, solid- and powder-based personal care and grooming products.

On December 20, 2017, we completed the divestiture of the Nutritional Supplements segment through the sale of Healthy Directions LLC and its subsidiaries to Direct Digital, LLC. The results of the Nutritional Supplements operations have been reported as discontinued operations for all periods presented in the consolidated financial statements. For more information, see Note 4 to these condensed consolidated financial statements. All other notes present results from continuing operations.

Our business is seasonal due to different calendar events, holidays and seasonal weather patterns. Historically, our highest sales volume and operating income occur in our third fiscal quarter ending November 30th. We purchase our products from unaffiliated manufacturers, most of which are located in China, Mexico and the United States.

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in our condensed consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ materially from those estimates.

Our condensed consolidated financial statements are prepared in U.S. Dollars. All intercompany

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accounts and transactions are eliminated in consolidation.

We have reclassified, combined or separately disclosed certain amounts in the prior years' condensed consolidated financial statements and accompanying footnotes to conform with the current period's presentation, including reclassifications for discontinued operations (see Note 4) and the adoption of ASU 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606) (see Notes 2 and 3).

Note 2 – New Accounting Pronouncements

Not Yet Adopted

In August 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017-12, Derivatives and Hedging - Targeted Improvements to Accounting for Hedging Activities (Topic 815), which amends and simplifies hedge accounting with the intent of better aligning financial reporting for hedging relationships with an entity's risk management activities. The ASU is effective for us March 1, 2019. We are currently evaluating the impact this guidance may have on our consolidated financial statements.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, Leases (Topic 842), which requires organizations that lease assets to recognize assets and liabilities on the balance sheet related to the rights and obligations created by those leases, regardless of whether they are classified as finance or operating leases. Consistent with current guidance, the recognition, measurement, and presentation of expenses and cash flows arising from a lease primarily will depend on its classification as a finance or operating lease. The guidance also requires new disclosures to help financial statement users better understand the amount, timing, and uncertainty of cash flows arising from leases. The ASU must be adopted using a modified retrospective transition and requires the new guidance to be applied at the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented. The ASU is effective for us on March 1, 2019. We are currently evaluating the impact this guidance may have on our consolidated financial statements.

There have been no other accounting pronouncements issued but not yet adopted, which are expected to have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

Adopted

In February 2018, the FASB issued ASU No. 2018-02, Reclassification of Certain Tax Effects from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Topic 220). The amendments in ASU 2018-02 allow a reclassification from accumulated other comprehensive income to retained earnings for stranded tax effects resulting from the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017. Adoption of this guidance in the first quarter of fiscal 2019 did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

In May 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017-09, Compensation – Stock Compensation (Topic 718): Scope of Modification Accounting (Topic 718). This update amends the scope of modification accounting surrounding share-based payment arrangements as issued in ASU 2016-09 by providing guidance on the various types of changes which would trigger modification accounting for share-based payment awards. Adoption of this guidance in the first quarter of fiscal 2019 did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

In January 2017, the FASB, issued ASU 2017-04, Intangibles-Goodwill and Other (Topic 350): Simplifying the Test for Goodwill Impairment. This guidance provides for a single-step quantitative test to identify and measure impairment, requiring an entity to recognize an impairment charge for the amount by which the goodwill carrying amount exceeds the reporting unit's fair value. Adoption of this guidance in the first quarter of fiscal 2018 did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

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In October 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-16, Accounting for Income Taxes: Intra–Entity Asset Transfers of Assets Other Than Inventory (Topic 740). ASU 2016-16 amends accounting guidance for intra-entity transfers of assets other than inventory to require the recognition of taxes when the transfer occurs. The amendment was effective for us on March 1, 2018. A modified retrospective approach is required for transition to the new guidance, with a cumulative-effect adjustment consisting of the net impact from (1) the write-off of any unamortized expense previously deferred and (2) recognition of any previously unrecognized deferred tax assets, net of any valuation allowance. The new guidance does not include any specific new disclosure requirements. Adoption of this guidance in the first quarter of fiscal 2019 did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606). ASU 2014-09 provides a framework for revenue recognition that replaces most existing GAAP revenue recognition guidance. We adopted the guidance in the first quarter of fiscal 2019. See Note 3 for a further discussion regarding the impact of adoption of this guidance on our consolidated financial statements.

Note 3 – Revenue Recognition

We adopted the provisions of ASU 2014-09 in the first quarter of fiscal 2019, and we elected to adopt the standard using the retrospective method. The core principle of the guidance is that a company should recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services.

Our revenue is primarily generated from the sale of non-customized consumer products to customers. Revenue is recognized when control of, and title to, the product sold transfers to the customer. Therefore, the timing and amount of revenue recognized is not materially impacted by the new guidance. We have thus concluded that the adoption of the guidance did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements. The provisions of the new guidance do however impact the classification of certain consideration paid to our customers. We therefore, have reclassified an immaterial amount of such payments from SG&A to a reduction of net sales revenue for all periods presented. Also, in accordance with the guidance, we reclassified an immaterial amount of estimated sales returns from a reduction of receivables to accrued expenses and other current liabilities for all periods presented. We have elected to adopt the guidance using the full restrospective method.

We measure revenue as the amount of consideration for which we expect to be entitled, in exchange for transferring goods. Certain customers may receive cash incentives such as customer discounts (including volume or trade discounts), advertising discounts and other customer-related programs which are accounted for as variable consideration. In some cases, we apply judgment, such as contractual rates and historical payment trends, when estimating variable consideration. In accordance with the guidance, most variable consideration is classified as a reduction to net sales.

Sales taxes and other similar taxes are excluded from revenue. We elected to account for shipping and handling activities as a fulfillment cost as permitted by the guidance. We do not have unsatisfied performance obligations since our performance obligations are satisfied at a single point in time.

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The effect of the adoption of ASU 2014-09 on the condensed consolidated financial statements is as follows:

	Before Reclassification February 28,		After Reclassification February 28,
Balance Sheet (in thousands)	2018	Reclassification	2018
Receivables (1)	\$ 273,168	\$ 2,397	\$ 275,565
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities			
(1)	\$ 165,864	\$ 2,397	\$ 168,261

	Before Reclassification	l	After Reclassification
	Three Months		Three Months
	Ended May 31,		Ended May 31,
Statement of Income (in thousands)	2017	Reclassification	2017
Sales revenue, net (1)	\$ 327,986	\$ (2,495)	\$ 325,491
SG&A (1)	\$ 99,482	\$ (2,495)	\$ 96,987

⁽¹⁾ Reflects amounts from continuing operations.

Note 4 – Discontinued Operations

On December 20, 2017, we completed the divestiture of the Nutritional Supplements segment through the sale of Healthy Directions LLC and its subsidiaries to Direct Digital, LLC. The Nutritional Supplements segment sold premium branded doctor formulated nutritional supplements, skincare and pain relief products through highly targeted catalog and other printed collateral mailings, online and direct response print, radio and television media.

The purchase price from the sale is comprised of \$46.0 million in cash, which was paid at closing, and a supplemental payment with a target value of \$25.0 million, payable on or before August 1, 2019. The final amount of the supplemental payment may be adjusted up or down based on the performance of Healthy Directions through February 28, 2018. In conjunction with the sale of the business, we have agreed to provide certain transition services for up to an eighteen-month period following the closing of the transaction.

There were no balance sheet amounts related to discontinued operations for either period presented. The results of operations associated with discontinued operations are presented in the following table:

Three Months Ended May 31,

(in thousands)	2018	2017
Sales revenue, net	\$ -	\$ 31,619
Cost of goods sold	-	9,236
Gross profit	-	22,383
Selling, general and administrative expense ("SG&A")	-	24,200
Asset impairment charges (1)	-	32,000
Operating loss	-	(33,817)
Gain (loss) on sale before income tax (2)	(484)	-
Interest expense	-	(114)
Loss before income tax	(484)	(33,931)
Income tax benefit	103	12,491
Loss from discontinued operations	\$ (381)	\$ (21,440)

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- (1) Includes pre-tax goodwill impairment charges of \$26.0 million and indefinite-lived trademark impairment charges of \$6.0 million during the first quarter of fiscal 2018. Total after tax asset impairment charges were \$19.6 million for the first quarter of fiscal 2018.
- (2) Includes adjustments recorded in the first quarter of fiscal 2019 to the initial estimated gain on sale before income tax recorded in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2018.

Note 5 – Supplemental Balance Sheet Information

PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

	Estimated		
	Useful Lives	May 31,	February 28,
(in thousands)	(Years)	2018	2018
Land	-	\$ 12,800	\$ 12,800
Building and improvements	3 - 40	107,176	106,870
Computer, furniture and other equipment	3 - 15	80,581	79,657
Tools, molds and other production equipment	1 - 10	33,761	33,466
Construction in progress	-	8,272	5,912
Property and equipment, gross		242,590	238,705
Less accumulated depreciation		(118,971)	(115,202)
Property and equipment, net		\$ 123,619	\$ 123,503

ACCRUED EXPENSES AND OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES

	May 31,	February 28,
(in thousands)	2018	2018
Accrued compensation, benefits and payroll taxes	\$ 18,490	\$ 37,666
Accrued sales discounts and allowances	27,860	28,311
Accrued sales returns	23,169	24,842
Accrued advertising	28,077	25,324
Accrued legal fees and settlements	996	17,243
Other	32,582	34,875
Total accrued expenses and other current liabilities	\$ 131,174	\$ 168,261

OTHER LIABILITIES, NONCURRENT

	May 31,	February 28,
(in thousands)	2018	2018
Deferred compensation liability	\$ 5,650	\$ 6,736
Liability for uncertain tax positions	3,008	3,349
Other liabilities	5,956	4,606
Total other liabilities, noncurrent	\$ 14,614	\$ 14,691

Note 6 – Goodwill and Intangible Assets

Impairment Testing during the first quarter of Fiscal 2018 – During the first quarter of fiscal 2018, we performed interim impairment testing for a certain brand in our Beauty segment due to a revised financial projection. As a result of our testing, we recorded a non-cash asset impairment charge of \$4.0 million (\$3.6 million after tax).

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The following table summarizes the carrying amounts and accumulated amortization for all intangible assets by segment as of the end of the periods presented:

<i>i</i> .	May 31, 2018 Gross Carrying	Cumulative Goodwill	Accumulated	Net Book	February 28, 2 Gross Carrying	Consulative Cumulative Goodwill	Accumulated	Net Book
(in thousands) Housewares:	Amount	Impairments	Amortization	Value	Amount	Impairments	Amortization	Value
Goodwill Trademarks -	\$ 282,056	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 282,056	\$ 282,056	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 282,056
indefinite Other intangibles -	134,200	-	-	134,200	134,200	-	-	134,200
finite	40,932		(18,007)	22,925	40,828		(17,530)	23,298
Subtotal	457,188	-	(18,007)	439,181	457,084	-	(17,530)	439,554
Health & Home:								
Goodwill Trademarks -	284,913	-	-	284,913	284,913	-	-	284,913
indefinite Licenses -	54,000	-	-	54,000	54,000	-	-	54,000
finite Licenses -	15,300	-	(15,300)	-	15,300	-	(15,300)	-
indefinite Other intangibles -	7,400	-	-	7,400	7,400	-	-	7,400
finite	117,602	-	(79,832)	37,770	117,586	_	(77,128)	40,458
Subtotal	479,215	-	(95,132)	384,083	479,199	-	(92,428)	386,771
Beauty: Goodwill	81,841	(46,490)	_	35,351	81,841	(46,490)	-	35,351
Trademarks - indefinite	30,407	-	-	30,407	30,407	-	-	30,407
Trademarks - finite	150	-	(98)	52	150	-	(97)	53
Licenses - indefinite Licenses -	10,300	-	-	10,300	10,300	-	-	10,300
finite Other	13,696	-	(12,245)	1,451	13,696	-	(12,166)	1,530
intangibles - finite	46,402	-	(45,992)	410	46,402	-	(45,133)	1,269

Subtotal	182,796	(46,490)	(58,335)	77,971	182,796	(46,490)	(57,396)	78,910
Total	\$ 1,119,199	\$ (46,490)	\$ (171,474)	\$ 901,235	\$ 1,119,079	\$ (46,490)	\$ (167,354)	\$ 905,235

The following table summarizes the amortization expense attributable to intangible assets recorded in SG&A in the condensed consolidated statements of income for the periods shown below, as well as our estimated amortization expense for fiscal 2019 through 2024.

Aggregate Amortization Expense (in thousands) For the three months ended

May 31, 2018 \$ 4,120 May 31, 2017 4,847

Estimated Amortization Expense (in thousands)	
Fiscal 2019	\$ 14,039
Fiscal 2020	12,428
Fiscal 2021	10,383
Fiscal 2022	4,078
Fiscal 2023	4,050
Fiscal 2024	3,678

Note 7 – Share-Based Compensation Plans

We have equity awards outstanding under several share-based compensation plans. During the three months ended May 31, 2018, we had the following share-based compensation activity:

- We issued 1,379 shares to non-employee Board members with a total grant date fair value of \$0.1 million and a share price of \$89.10.
- · We granted time-vested restricted stock units ("RSUs") and performance-based stock units ("PSUs") that may be settled for 70,141 and 76,064 shares of common stock with average fair values at the grant dates of \$86.23 and \$86.24 per unit, respectively.
- Employee RSUs for 36,411 shares vested and settled with a total fair value at settlement of \$3.2 million and an average share price of \$89.09. Employee PSUs for 99,038 shares vested and settled with a total grant date fair value of \$9.0 million, and an average share price of \$90.80.

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• Employees exercised stock options to purchase 43,767 shares of common stock. We recorded the following share-based compensation expense in SG&A for the periods shown below:

	Three Mon May 31,	ths Ended
(in thousands, except per share data)	2018	2017
Stock options	\$ 308	\$ 539
Directors stock compensation	175	200
Performance based and other stock awards	5,571	2,459
Employee stock purchase plan	322	
Share-based compensation expense	6,376	3,198
Less income tax benefits	(270)	(490)
Share-based compensation expense, net of income tax benefits	\$ 6,106	\$ 2,708
Impact of share-based compensation on earnings per share from continuing operations:		
Basic	\$ 0.23	\$ 0.10
Diluted	\$ 0.23	\$ 0.10

Note 8 – Repurchase of Helen of Troy Common Stock

On May 10, 2017, our Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of up to \$400 million of our outstanding common stock. The authorization is effective for a period of three years and replaced our existing repurchase authorization, of which approximately \$82 million remained. These repurchases may include open market purchases, privately negotiated transactions, block trades, accelerated stock repurchase transactions, or any combination of such methods. The number of shares purchased and the timing of the purchases will depend on a number of factors, including share price, trading volume and general market conditions, working capital requirements, general business conditions, financial conditions, any applicable contractual limitations, and other factors, including alternative investment opportunities. As of May 31, 2018, our repurchase authorization allowed for the purchase of \$286.5 million of common stock.

Our current equity-based compensation plans include provisions that allow for the "net exercise" of share-settled awards by all plan participants. In a net exercise, any required payroll taxes, federal withholding taxes and exercise price of the shares due from the equity holder can be paid for by having the equity holder tender back to the Company a number of shares at fair value equal to the amounts due. Net exercises are treated as purchases and retirements of shares.

The following table summarizes our share repurchase activity for the periods shown:

Three Months Ended May 31, 2018 2017

(in thousands, except share and per share data)

Common stock repurchased o	on the one	n market:
----------------------------	------------	-----------

Number of shares	407,025	-
Aggregate value of shares	\$ 37,067	\$ -
Average price per share	\$ 91.07	\$ -
Common stock received in connection with share-based compensation:		
Number of shares	49,595	70,707
Aggregate value of shares	\$ 4,481	\$ 6,788
Average price per share	\$ 90.36	\$ 95.99

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Note 9 – Restructuring Plan

In October 2017, we announced that we had approved a restructuring plan (referred to as "Project Refuel") intended to enhance the performance of primarily the Beauty and former Nutritional Supplements segments. Project Refuel includes a reduction-in-force and the elimination of certain contracts and operating expenses. During the first quarter of fiscal 2019, we expanded Project Refuel to include the realignment and streamlining of our supply chain structure. We are targeting total annualized profit improvements of approximately \$8.0 to \$10.0 million over the duration of the plan. We estimate the plan will be completed by the first quarter of fiscal 2020, and now expect to incur total restructuring charges in the range of approximately \$4.0 to \$5.5 million during the period of the plan. Restructuring provisions are determined based on estimates prepared at the time the restructuring actions are approved by management, are revised periodically and restructuring amounts are recognized as incurred.

During the first quarter of fiscal 2019, we made cash restructuring payments of \$1.1 million and had a remaining liability of \$1.3 million as of May 31, 2018.

We incurred \$1.7 million of pre-tax restructuring charges during the first quarter of fiscal 2019, related primarily to employee severance and termination benefits, mostly for shared service supply chain initiatives. Program to date, we have incurred \$3.5 million of pre-tax restructuring costs related to employee severance and termination benefits and contract termination costs.

Note 10 – Commitments and Contingencies

Thermometer Patent Litigation – In January 2016, a jury ruled against us in a case that involved claims by Exergen Corporation. The case involved the alleged patent infringement related to two forehead thermometer models sold by our subsidiary, Kaz USA, Inc., in the United States. As a result of the jury verdict, we recorded a charge in fiscal 2016 including legal fees and other related expenses, of \$17.8 million (before and after tax). In June 2016, certain post-trial motions were concluded with Exergen Corporation being awarded an additional \$1.5 million of pre-judgment compensation. We accrued this additional amount in May 2016. In July 2016, we appealed the judgment to the United States Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit. In March 2018, the Federal Circuit issued a decision, which reversed the district court's verdict of infringement of one of the two patents at issue and remanded the damage award for a determination by the district court of the impact the reversal of infringement has on the damage award. Following the remand, we entered into a settlement agreement, filed a Stipulation of Dismissal with Prejudice and made a settlement payment of \$15.0 million on May 31, 2018.

Other Matters – We are involved in various other legal claims and proceedings in the normal course of operations. We believe the outcome of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on our consolidated financial position, results of operations or liquidity. Notes 5, 11, 12 and 13 to these condensed consolidated financial statements provide additional information regarding certain of our significant commitments and contingencies.

Note 11 – Long-Term Debt

We have a credit agreement (the "Credit Agreement") with Bank of America, N.A., as administrative agent, and other lenders that provided for an unsecured total revolving commitment of \$1 billion as of May 31, 2018. The commitment under the Credit Agreement terminates on December 7, 2021. Borrowings accrue interest under one of two alternative methods as described in the Credit Agreement. With each borrowing against our credit line, we can elect the interest rate method based on our funding needs at the time. We also incur loan commitment fees and letter of credit fees under the Credit

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Agreement. Outstanding letters of credit reduce the borrowing availability under the Credit Agreement on a dollar-for-dollar basis. As of May 31, 2018, the outstanding revolving loan principal balance was \$281.3 million (excluding prepaid financing fees) and the face amount of outstanding letters of credit was \$7.1 million. For the three-months ended May 31, 2018, borrowings under the Credit Agreement incurred interest charges at rates ranging from 2.8% to 5.0%. For the three-months ended May 31, 2017, borrowings under the Credit Agreement incurred interest charges at rates ranging from 2.3% to 4.5%. As of May 31, 2018, the amount available for borrowings under the Credit Agreement was \$711.6 million. Covenants in our debt agreements limit the amount of total indebtedness we can incur. As of May 31, 2018, these covenants effectively limited our ability to incur more than \$547.2 million of additional debt from all sources, including our Credit Agreement, or \$731.1 million in the event a qualified acquisition is consummated.

The following table summarizes our long-term debt as of the end of the periods shown:

LONG-TERM DEBT

(dollars in thousands)	Original Date Borrowed	Interest Rates	Matures	May 31, 2018	February 28, 2018
Mississippi Business Finance Corporation Loan					
(the "MBFC Loan") (1)	03/13	Floating	03/23	\$ 22,323	\$ 24,219
Credit Agreement (2)	01/15	Floating	12/21	277,800	265,650
Total long-term debt				300,123	289,869
Less current maturities of long-term debt				(1,884)	(1,884)
Long-term debt, excluding current maturities				\$ 298,239	\$ 287,985

⁽¹⁾ The MBFC Loan is unsecured with an original balance of \$37.6 million and interest set and payable quarterly at a Base Rate, plus a margin of up to 1.0%, or applicable LIBOR plus a margin of up to 2.0%, as determined by the interest rate elected and the Leverage Ratio. The loan is subject to holder's call on or after March 1, 2018. The loan can be prepaid without penalty. The remaining principal balance is payable as follows: \$1.9 million annually on March 1, 2019 through 2022; and \$14.8 million on March 1, 2023. Any remaining outstanding principal and interest is due upon maturity on March 1, 2023.

At May 31, 2018 and February 28, 2018, our long-term debt has floating interest rates, and its book value approximates its fair value.

All of our debt is unconditionally guaranteed, on a joint and several basis, by the Company and certain of its subsidiaries. Our debt agreements require the maintenance of certain financial covenants, including maximum leverage ratios, minimum interest coverage ratios and minimum consolidated net worth levels (as each of these terms is defined in the various agreements). Our debt agreements also contain other customary covenants. We were in compliance with the terms of these agreements as of May 31, 2018.

⁽²⁾ Floating interest rates are hedged with an interest rate swap to effectively fix interest rates on \$100 million of the outstanding principal balance under the Credit Agreement. Notes 12 and 13 to these condensed consolidated financial statements provide additional information regarding the interest rate swap.

Note 12 – Fair Value

We classify our various assets and liabilities recorded or reported at fair value under a hierarchy prescribed by GAAP that prioritizes inputs to fair value measurement techniques into three broad levels:

Level 1: Observable inputs such as quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets;

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Observable inputs other than quoted prices that are directly or indirectly observable for the asset or liability, Level including quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for similar or identical assets or liabilities in markets that are not active; and model-derived valuations whose inputs are observable or whose significant value drivers are observable; and

Level Unobservable inputs that reflect the reporting entity's own assumptions.

Fair Values at

\$ 289,869

2,606

\$ 292,475

3:

Assets and liabilities subject to classification are classified upon acquisition. When circumstances dictate the transfer of an asset or liability to a different level, our policy is to recognize the transfer at the beginning of the reporting period in which the event resulting in the transfer occurred.

The following tables present the fair value of our financial assets and liabilities measured on a recurring basis as of the end of the periods shown:

	1 411 / 4114-55 441
	May 31, 2018
(in thousands)	(Level 2) (1)
Assets:	
Money market accounts	\$ 1,795
Interest rate swap	2,420
Foreign currency contracts	2,709
Total assets	\$ 6,924
Liabilities:	
	¢ 200 122
Floating rate debt	\$ 300,123
Foreign currency contracts	361
Total liabilities	\$ 300,484
	Fair Values at
	February 28,
	2018
(in thousands)	(Level 2) (1)
Assets:	, , , ,
Money market accounts	\$ 1,107
Interest rate swap	2,481
Foreign currency contracts	642
Total assets	\$ 4,230
	. ,
Liabilities:	

Foreign currency contracts

Floating rate debt

Total liabilities

(1)

Our financial assets and liabilities are classified as Level 2 because their valuation is dependent on observable inputs and other quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities, or model-derived valuations whose significant value drivers are observable.

The carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, receivables and accounts payable approximate fair value because of the short maturity of these items.

We use derivatives for hedging purposes and our derivatives are primarily interest rate swaps, foreign currency contracts and cross-currency debt swaps. See Notes 11 and 13 to these condensed consolidated financial statements for more information on our hedging activities.

We classify our floating rate debt as a Level 2 item because the estimation of the fair market value requires the use of a discount rate based upon current market rates of interest for obligations with comparable remaining terms. Such comparable rates are considered significant other observable

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market inputs. The book value of the floating rate debt approximates its fair value as of the reporting date.

Our other non-financial assets include goodwill and other intangible assets, which we classify as Level 3 items. These assets are measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis as part of our impairment testing. Note 6 to these condensed consolidated financial statements contains additional information regarding impairment testing and related intangible asset impairments.

Note 13 – Financial Instruments and Risk Management

Foreign Currency Risk - Our functional currency is the U.S. Dollar. By operating internationally, we are subject to foreign currency risk from transactions denominated in currencies other than the U.S. Dollar ("foreign currencies"). Such transactions include sales, certain inventory purchases and operating expenses. As a result of such transactions, portions of our cash, trade accounts receivable and trade accounts payable are denominated in foreign currencies. During the three-months ended May 31, 2018 and 2017, approximately 14% and 13% of our net sales revenue was in foreign currencies, respectively. These sales were primarily denominated in British Pounds, Euros, Mexican Pesos and Canadian Dollars.

In our condensed consolidated statements of income, exchange gains and losses resulting from the remeasurement of foreign taxes receivable, taxes payable, deferred tax assets, and deferred tax liabilities, are recognized in their respective income tax lines, and all other foreign exchange gains and losses are recognized in SG&A. For the three-months ended May 31, 2018 and 2017, we recorded net foreign exchange gains (losses), including the impact of foreign currency hedges and cross-currency debt swaps of (\$1.6) million and \$0.6 million in SG&A, respectively. We recorded gains of \$0.3 million and \$0.1 million in income tax expense for the three months ended May 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively. We hedge against certain foreign currency exchange rate risk by using a series of forward contracts designated as cash flow hedges and mark-to-market derivatives to manage the foreign currency exchange risk inherent in our forecasted transactions denominated in currencies other than the U.S. Dollar. We do not enter into any forward exchange contracts or similar instruments for trading or other speculative purposes.

Interest Rate Risk - Interest on our outstanding debt as of May 31, 2018 is based on floating interest rates. If short-term interest rates increase, we will incur higher interest expense on any future outstanding balances of floating rate debt. Floating interest rates are hedged with an interest rate swap to effectively fix interest rates on \$100.0 million of the outstanding principal balance under the Credit Agreement, which totaled \$281.3 million as of May 31, 2018 (excluding prepaid financing fees).

The following table summarizes the fair values of our derivative instruments as of the end of the periods shown:

	May 31, 2	2018						
		Final		Prepaid Expenses and Other		Exp	erued enses Other	Other
(in thousands)	Hedge	Settlement	Notional	Current	Other	Cur	rent	Liabilities,
Derivatives designated as								
hedging instruments	Type	Date	Amount	Assets	Assets	Lial	bilities	Non-current
Foreign currency contracts -	Cash							
sell Euro	flow	07/2019	€ 29,500	\$ 1,181	\$ 128	\$	-	\$ -
Foreign currency contracts -	Cash							
sell Canadian Dollars	flow	06/2019	\$ 21,250	579	18		-	-
		07/2019	£ 17,500	591	102		-	-

Foreign currency contracts - sell Pounds Foreign currency contracts - sell Mexican Pesos	Cash flow Cash flow Cash	09/2018	\$ 20,000	99	-	-	-
Interest rate swap Subtotal	flow	12/2021	\$ 100,000	415 2,865	2,005 2,253	-	-
Derivatives not designated under hedge accounting Foreign currency contracts - cross-currency debt swaps -							
Euro Foreign currency contracts - cross-currency debt swaps -	(1)	4/2020	\$ 5,280	-	11	-	-
Pound Subtotal	(1)	4/2020	\$ 6,395	-	- 11	-	361 361
16							

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Total fair value \$ 2,865 \$ 2,264 \$ - \$ 361

	February	28, 2018					
	·	Final	N. c. 1	Prepaid Expenses and Other		Accrued Expenses and Other	Other
Danivativas dasiamatad as	Hedge	Settlement	Notional	Current	Other	Current	Liabilities,
Derivatives designated as	Tuna	Date	Amount	Assets	Assets	Liabilities	Non-current
hedging instruments Foreign currency contracts -	Type Cash	Date	Amount	Assets	Assets	Liabilities	Non-current
sell Euro	flow	07/2019	€ 38,000	\$ -	\$ 102	\$ 1,320	\$ -
Foreign currency contracts -	Cash	07/2019	€ 36,000	φ -	φ 102	\$ 1,320	φ -
sell Canadian Dollars	flow	06/2019	\$ 27,750	378	101	_	_
Foreign currency contracts -	Cash	00/2017	\$ 21,130	370	101	_	_
sell Pounds	flow	04/2019	£ 19,500	_	56	513	_
Foreign currency contracts -	Cash	0 1/2019	~ 15,500		50	313	
sell Mexican Pesos	flow	05/2018	\$ 20,000	5	_	_	_
5 0 11 11 10 111 10 111 1 0 505	Cash	00,2010	4 20,000	· ·			
Interest rate swap	flow	12/2021	\$ 100,000	539	1,942	_	-
Subtotal			,	922	2,201	1,833	-
Derivatives not designated							
under hedge accounting							
Foreign currency contracts -							
cross-currency debt swap -							
Euro	(1)	4/2020	\$ 5,280	_	_	_	208
Foreign currency contracts -	()		, -,				
cross-currency debt swaps -							
Pound	(1)	4/2020	\$ 6,395	-	-	-	565
Subtotal			-	-	-	-	773
Total fair value				\$ 922	\$ 2,201	\$ 1,833	\$ 773

⁽¹⁾ These are foreign currency contracts for which we have not elected hedge accounting. We refer to them as "cross-currency debt swaps". They, in effect, adjust the currency denomination of a portion of our outstanding debt to the Euro and British Pound, as applicable, for the notional amounts reported, creating an economic hedge against currency movements.

The following table summarizes the pre-tax effect of derivative instruments for the periods shown:

Three Months Ended May 31, Gain (Loss) Gain (Loss) Reclassified from Accumulated Other Gain (Loss) Recognized Comprehensive Recognized in OCI (effective portion) Income (Loss) into Income As Income (in thousands) 2018 2017 Location 2018 2017 Location 2018 2017 Currency contracts - cash \$ 4,576 \$ (2,245) \$ 687 \$ 302 \$ -\$ flow hedges SG&A Interest rate swaps - cash flow hedges Interest expense 75 (61)Interest expense Cross-currency debt swaps principal SG&A 423 (549)Cross-currency debt swaps interest Interest Expense 74

We expect pre-tax net gains of \$2.9 million associated with foreign currency contracts currently reported in accumulated other comprehensive income, to be reclassified into income over the next twelve months. The amount ultimately realized, however, will differ as exchange rates vary and the underlying contracts settle.

\$ 687

\$ 302

\$ 572

\$ (549)

Counterparty Credit Risk - Financial instruments, including foreign currency contracts and cross currency debt swaps, expose us to counterparty credit risk for nonperformance. We manage our exposure to counterparty credit risk by only dealing with counterparties who are substantial international financial institutions with significant experience using such derivative instruments. Although our theoretical credit risk is the replacement cost at the then-estimated fair value of these instruments, we believe that the risk of incurring credit losses is remote.

Note 14 – Segment Information

The following tables present segment information included in continuing operations for the periods shown:

THREE MONTHS ENDED MAY 31

\$ 4,515

\$ (2,245)

(in thousands)

Health &

2018	Housewares	Home	Beauty	Total
Sales revenue, net	\$ 117,303	\$ 163,431	\$ 73,945	\$ 354,679

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Total

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Restructuring charges	760	358	607	1,725
Operating income	22,183	19,657	1,487	43,327
Capital and intangible asset expenditures	1,654	2,189	339	4,182
Depreciation and amortization	1,484	4,148	2,350	7,982

(in thousands)

		Health &		
2017	Housewares	Home	Beauty	Total
Sales revenue, net	\$ 98,665	\$ 148,289	\$ 78,537	\$ 325,491
Asset impairment charges	-	-	4,000	4,000
Operating income (loss)	17,936	14,244	(1,597)	30,583
Capital and intangible asset expenditures	2,491	1,113	478	4,082
Depreciation and amortization	1,427	4,138	2,776	8,341

We compute segment operating income based on net sales revenue, less cost of goods sold, SG&A, restructuring charges, and any asset impairment charges associated with the segment. The SG&A used to compute each segment's operating income (loss) is directly associated with the segment, plus shared service and corporate overhead expenses that are allocable to the segment. We have reallocated corporate overhead that was previously allocated to our former Nutritional Supplements segment. We do not allocate nonoperating income and expense, including interest or income taxes, to operating segments.

Note 15 – Income Taxes

Due to our organization in Bermuda and the ownership structure of our foreign subsidiaries, many of which are not owned directly or indirectly by a U.S. parent company, an immaterial amount of our foreign income is subject to U.S. taxation on a permanent basis under current law. Additionally, our intellectual property is largely owned by our foreign subsidiaries, resulting in proportionally higher earnings in jurisdictions with lower statutory tax rates, which decreases our overall effective tax rate.

On December 22, 2017, the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (the "Tax Act") was enacted into law. Among other changes, the Tax Act lowered the U.S. corporate income tax rate from 35% to 21% and established a modified territorial system requiring mandatory deemed repatriation tax on undistributed earnings of certain foreign subsidiaries. The Tax Act also has an impact on certain executive compensation that is no longer deductible.

For interim periods, our income tax expense and resulting effective tax rate are based upon an estimated annual effective tax rate adjusted for the effects of items required to be treated as discrete to the period, including changes in tax laws, changes in estimated exposures for uncertain tax positions and other items. We considered the provisions of the Tax Act in calculating the estimated annual effective tax rate.

We continue to apply the guidance in Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 118 ("SAB 118") and as of May 31, 2018, we have not completed the accounting for all the tax effects enacted under Tax Act. The Company made reasonable estimates

of those effects during fiscal 2018 and in the first quarter of fiscal 2019. We will continue to refine our estimates as additional guidance and information becomes available.

For the three months ended May 31, 2018, income tax expense as a percentage of income before income tax was 6.2%. Income tax benefit as a percentage of income before income tax was 1.1% for the same period last year. Income taxes for the three months ended May 31, 2018 includes a \$0.3 million benefit from the recognition of excess tax benefits from share-based compensation settlements and exercises and a \$0.8 million benefit from the lapse of the statute of limitations related to an uncertain tax position. Income taxes for the three months ended May 31, 2017 included a \$2.5 million benefit from the recognition of excess tax benefits from share-based compensation settlements and

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exercises and a \$0.6 million benefit from the lapse of the statute of limitations related to an uncertain tax position.

During fiscal 2017, we received an assessment from a state tax authority which adjusted taxable income applicable to the particular state resulting from interpretations of certain state income tax provisions applicable to our legal structure. We believe we have accurately reported our taxable income and are vigorously protesting the assessment through administrative processes with the state. We believe it is unlikely that the outcome of these matters will have a material adverse effect on our consolidated financial position, results of operations, or liquidity.

Note 16 – Earnings per Share

We compute basic earnings per share using the weighted average number of shares of common stock

outstanding during the period. We compute diluted earnings per share using the weighted average

number of shares of common stock outstanding plus the effect of dilutive securities. Dilutive securities at any given point in time may consist of outstanding options to purchase common stock and issued and contingently issuable unvested RSUs and PSUs. See Note 7 to these condensed consolidated financial statements for more information regarding RSUs, PSUs and other performance based stock awards. Options for common stock are excluded from the computation of diluted earnings per share if their effect is antidilutive.

The following table presents our weighted average basic and diluted shares for the periods shown:

	Three Mo	onths		
	Ended May 31,			
(in thousands)	2018	2017		
Weighted average shares outstanding, basic	26,521	27,076		
Incremental shares from share-based compensation arrangements	93	169		
Weighted average shares outstanding, diluted	26,614	27,245		
Dilutive securities, stock options	138	253		
Dilutive securities, unvested or unsettled stock awards	-	79		
Antidilutive securities	511	378		

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ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

This management's discussion and analysis ("MD&A") contains a number of forward-looking statements, all of which are based on current expectations. Actual results may differ materially due to a number of factors, including those discussed in Part I, Item 3. "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk" and "Information Regarding Forward-Looking Statements" in this report and "Risk Factors" in the Company's most recent annual report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended February 28, 2018 ("Form 10-K") and its other filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"). This discussion should be read in conjunction with our condensed consolidated financial statements included under Part I, Item 1. of this report. When used in the MD&A, unless otherwise indicated or the context suggests otherwise, references to "the Company", "our Company", "Helen of Troy", "we", "us", or "our" refer to Hele Troy Limited and its subsidiaries. Throughout MD&A, we refer to our Leadership Brands, which are brands that have number-one and number-two positions in their respective categories and include OXO, Honeywell, Braun, PUR, Hydro Flask, Vicks, and Hot Tools.

Throughout MD&A, we refer to certain measures used by management to evaluate financial performance. We also may refer to a number of financial measures that are not defined under GAAP, but have corresponding GAAP-based measures. Where non-GAAP measures appear, we provide tables reconciling these to their corresponding GAAP-based measures and refer to a discussion of their use. We believe these measures provide investors with important information that is useful in understanding our business results and trends.

OVERVIEW

We incorporated as Helen of Troy Corporation in Texas in 1968 and were reorganized as Helen of Troy Limited in Bermuda in 1994. We are a leading global consumer products company offering creative products and solutions for our customers through a diversified portfolio of well-recognized and widely-trusted brands. We have built leading market positions through new product innovation, product quality and competitive pricing. We currently operate in three segments consisting of Housewares, Health & Home, and Beauty. In fiscal 2015, we launched a transformational strategy to improve the performance of our business segments and strengthen our shared service capabilities. We believe we continue to make progress on achieving our strategic objectives.

On December 20, 2017, we completed the divestiture of the Nutritional Supplements segment through the sale of Healthy Directions LLC and its subsidiaries to Direct Digital, LLC. Following the sale, we no longer consolidate our former Nutritional Supplements segment's operating results. Unless otherwise indicated, all results presented are from continuing operations.

Significant Trends Impacting the Business

Foreign Currency Exchange Rate Fluctuations

Due to the nature of our operations, we have exposure to the impact of fluctuations in exchange rates from transactions that are denominated in a currency other than our reporting currency (the U.S. Dollar). The most significant currencies affecting our operating results are the British Pound, Euro, Canadian Dollar, and Mexican Peso. For the three months ended May 31, 2018, changes in foreign currency exchange rates had a favorable impact on consolidated U.S. Dollar reported net sales revenue of approximately \$3.5 million, or 1.1%.

Consumer Spending and Changes in Shopping Preferences

Our business depends upon discretionary consumer demand for most of our products and primarily operates within mature and highly developed consumer markets. The principal driver of our operating performance is the strength of the U.S. retail economy, as approximately 74% and 77% of our net sales

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were from U.S. shipments for the three months ended May 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively. Additionally, the shift in consumer shopping preferences to online or multichannel shopping experiences has shifted the concentration of our sales. For the first quarter of fiscal 2019, our net sales to retail customers fulfilling end-consumer online orders and online sales directly to consumers comprised approximately 16% of our total consolidated net sales revenue and grew approximately 30% compared to the same period last year. With the continued growth in online sales across the retail landscape, many brick and mortar retailers are aggressively looking for ways to improve their customer delivery capabilities to be able to meet customer expectations. As a result, it will become increasingly important for us to leverage our distribution capabilities in order to meet the changing demands of our customers, as well as to increase our online capabilities to support our direct-to-consumer sales channels and online channel sales by our retail customers.

Variability of the Cough/Cold/Flu Season

Sales in several of our Health & Home segment categories are highly correlated to the severity of winter weather and cough/cold/flu incidence. In the U.S., the cough/cold/flu season historically runs from November through March, with peak activity normally in January to March. For the 2017-2018 season, fall and winter weather was unseasonably cold and cough/cold/flu incidence was significantly higher than the 2016-2017 season, which was a below average season.

First Quarter Fiscal 2019 Financial Results

- · Consolidated net sales revenue increased 9.0%, or \$29.2 million, to \$354.7 million for the three months ended May 31, 2018, compared to \$325.5 million for the same period last year.
- · Consolidated operating income was \$43.3 million for the three months ended May 31, 2018, compared to \$30.6 million in the same period last year. Consolidated operating income for the three months ended May 31, 2018, includes pre-tax restructuring charges of \$1.7 million. Consolidated operating income for the three months ended May 31, 2017 included a pre-tax non-cash asset impairment charge of \$4.0 million.
- · Consolidated adjusted operating income increased 30.4%, or \$12.9 million, to \$55.5 million for the three months ended May 31, 2018, compared to \$42.6 million in the same period last year. Consolidated adjusted operating margin increased 2.5 percentage points to 15.6% of consolidated net sales revenue for the three months ended May 31, 2018, compared to 13.1% in the same period last year.
- · Income from continuing operations was \$38.2 million for the three months ended May 31, 2018, compared to \$27.3 million for the same period last year. Diluted earnings per share ("EPS") from continuing operations was \$1.43 for the three months ended May 31, 2018, compared to \$1.00 in the same period last year.
- · Adjusted income from continuing operations increased 30.1% to \$49.8 million for the three months ended May 31, 2018, compared to \$38.3 million in the same period last year. Adjusted diluted EPS from continuing operations increased 32.6% to \$1.87 for the three months ended May 31, 2018, compared to \$1.41 in the same

period last year.

· Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax, was (\$0.4) million for the first three months ended May 31, 2018, compared to (\$21.4) million in the same period last year. Diluted loss per share from discontinued operations was (\$0.01) for the three months ended May 31, 2018 compared to (\$0.79) for the three months ended May 31, 2017.

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· Net income was \$37.8 million for the three months ended May 31, 2018 compared to \$5.9 million for the three months ended May 31, 2017. Diluted EPS was \$1.42 for the three months ended May 31, 2018 compared to \$0.22 for the three months ended May 31, 2017.

Adjusted operating income, adjusted operating margin, adjusted income from continuing operations, and adjusted diluted EPS from continuing operations, as discussed above and on the pages that follow, are non GAAP financial measures as contemplated by SEC Regulation G, Rule 100. These measures are discussed further and reconciled to their applicable GAAP based measures contained in this MD&A on pages 25, 28 and 29.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following table provides selected operating data, in U.S. Dollars, as a percentage of net sales revenue, and as a year-over-year percentage change.

	Three Month May 31,	ns Ended		%		% of Reve			
(In thousands)	2018	2017	\$ Change	Change)	2018		2017	
Sales revenue by segment, net									
Housewares	\$ 117,303	\$ 98,665	\$ 18,638	18.9	%	33.1	%	30.3	%
Health & Home	163,431	148,289	15,142	10.2	%	46.1	%	45.6	%
Beauty	73,945	78,537	(4,592)	(5.8)	%	20.8	%	24.1	%
Total sales revenue, net	354,679	325,491	29,188	9.0	%	100.0	%	100.0	%
Cost of goods sold	208,121	193,921	14,200	7.3	%	58.7	%	59.6	%
Gross profit	146,558	131,570	14,988	11.4	%	41.3	%	40.4	%
Selling, general and administrative									
expense ("SGA")	101,506	96,987	4,519	4.7	%	28.6	%	29.8	%
Asset impairment charges	-	4,000	(4,000)	*		-	%	1.2	%
Restructuring charges	1,725	_	1,725	*		0.5	%	-	%
Operating income	43,327	30,583	12,744	41.7	%	12.2	%	9.4	%
Nonoperating income, net	75	166	(91)	(54.8)	%	-	%	0.1	%
Interest expense	(2,687)	(3,725)	1,038	(27.9)	%	(0.8)	%	(1.1)	%
Income before income tax	40,715	27,024	13,691	50.7	%	11.5	%	8.3	%
Income tax expense (benefit)	2,542	(284)	2,826	*		0.7	%	(0.1)	%
Income from continuing operations	38,173	27,308	10,865	39.8	%	10.8	%	8.4	%
Loss from discontinued operations (1)	(381)	(21,440)	21,059	(98.2)	%	(0.1)	%	(6.6)	%
Net income	\$ 37,792	\$ 5,868	\$ 31,924	544.0	%	10.7		1.8	%

During fiscal 2018, we divested our Nutritional Supplements segment, which is reported as discontinued operations for all periods presented. For more information see Note 4 to the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements.

* Calculation is not meaningful

Comparison of First Quarter Fiscal 2019 to First Quarter Fiscal 2018

Consolidated and Segment Net Sales

The following table summarizes the impact that core business, foreign exchange and acquisitions, as applicable, had on our net sales revenue by segment:

(in thousands)	Housewares	Health & Home	Beauty	Total
First quarter of fiscal 2018 sales revenue, net	\$ 98,665	\$ 148,289	\$ 78,537	\$ 325,491
Core business growth (decline)	18,246	12,383	(4,898)	25,731
Impact of foreign currency	392	2,759	306	3,457
Change in sales revenue, net	18,638	15,142	(4,592)	29,188
First quarter of fiscal 2019 sales revenue, net	\$ 117,303	\$ 163,431	\$ 73,945	\$