NORTHERN TRUST CORP

Form 10-Q July 27, 2016 Table of Contents

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF $^{\rm x}$ 1934

For the Quarterly Period Ended June 30, 2016

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..TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from to

Commission File No. 001-36609

NORTHERN TRUST CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware 36-2723087

(State or other jurisdiction of (I.R.S. Employer incorporation or organization) Identification No.)

50 South LaSalle Street

Chicago, Illinois

60603

(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (312) 630-6000

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No "Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes x No "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," and "small reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filerx

Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer " (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company" Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes " No x

226,590,921 Shares - \$1.66 2/3 Par Value

(Shares of Common Stock Outstanding on June 30, 2016)

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			Thr	ee Mo	nths End	ded Jur	e 30,	Six Mont	hs Ended Ju	ine 30,	
CONDENSED INC	COME STAT	EMENTS (I	n 201	6	2015	%	Change	e ⁽¹⁾ 2016	2015	% Ch	ange (1)
Millions) Noninterest Income	2		¢ 1	017.0	\$1,004	.7 1	%	\$1,899.2	\$1,878.6	1	%
Net Interest Income			299		251.2	., 1 19		607.5	511.8	19	70
Provision for Credi			(3.0		(10.0)) (70				(93)
Noninterest Expens			925		854.5	8	, ,	1,753.8	1,643.5	7	,
Income before Inco			394		411.4	(4)	753.9	761.4	(1)
Provision for Incon			134		142.2	(6)	251.4	261.5	(4)
Net Income	iic ranes		\$26		\$269.2	•)%	\$502.5	\$499.9	1	%
PER COMMON SI	HARE		Ψ20	,,,,	Ψ207.2	, (3),0	Ψοσ2.ο	Ψ 1,7,7,7	•	,0
Net Income — Bas			\$1.10	\$1.1	(1)%	\$2.11	\$2.06	3 %			
— Diluted			1.09	1.10	(1)	2.10	2.04	3			
Cash Dividends De	clared Per Co	ommon Shar	e 0.36	0.36		0.72	0.69	4			
Book Value — End				35.91	. 5	37.79	35.91	5			
Market Price — EC)P		66.26	76.46	(13)	66.26	76.46	(13)			
SELECTED BALA	ANCE SHEET	ΓDATA (In	Million	s)							
				Jun	e 30,	Decei	nber	% Change (1)			
				201	6	31, 20)15	% Change			
End of Period:											
Assets					21,509.6			4 %			
Earning Assets					,214.9			4			
Deposits				-	086.9	96,86		2			
Stockholders' Equi	•				51.5	8,705	-	3			
	Three Mont	ths Ended Ju		Six	Months	Ended		•			
	2016	2017	%	• • • •	_	2017		% ~:			
	2016	2015	Change	e 201	6	2015		Change			
A D 1			(1)				(1)			
Average Balances:	¢1140120	¢ 1 1 1 <i>C</i> 0 1 1	2 07	011	11651	¢ 100	(12.7	1 07			
Assets		\$111,691.1			4,165.4						
Earning Assets	106,613.5 93,608.1	103,806.0 92,335.1	3 1		,615.5)42.2	101,20					
Deposits Stockholders' Equi	*	92,333.1 8,607.9	2	93,0 8,74		89,440 8,540.					
Stockholders Equi	tyo, 192.1	0,007.9 In	∠ 19.30 I	0,74 Decem	-1.9 hor	0,540.	/ 4	2			
CLIENT ASSETS	(In Billions)	20	16 30, 1	31, 201	ber 5 % C	Change	(1)				
Assets Under Custo	odv/Administ	20	10 .	71, 201	J	%					
Assets Under Custo	•			5,072.1		70					
Assets Under Mana	•	90		375.3	4						
Percentage calcu	•					the rou	ınded a	mounts prese	nted in the	Conso	lidated

⁽¹⁾ Percentage calculations are based on actual balances rather than the rounded amounts presented in the Consolidated Financial Highlights.

⁽²⁾ For the purposes of disclosing Assets Under Custody/Administration, to the extent that both custody and administration services are provided, the value of the assets is included only once.

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		Three M	Six	Six Months		
		Ended J	, End	Ended June		
		2016	2015	2010	5	2015
Financial Ratios:						
Return on Average Common	Equity	12.20%	12.85	% 11.8	2%	12.08%
Return on Average Assets		0.91	0.97	0.89)	0.92
Dividend Payout Ratio		33.0	32.7	34.3		33.8
Net Interest Margin (1)		1.16	1.00	1.18	,	1.04
	June 3	0, 2016		Decem	ber 3	31, 2015
	Advan	ıc Sd andaı	rdized	Advan	c Sd ai	ndardized
	Appro	ac/Approa	ich	Approa	a A app	oroach
Capital Ratios:						
Northern Trust Corporation						
Common Equity Tier 1	11.5%	10.6	%	11.9%	10.8	3 %
Tier 1	12.0	11.0		12.5	11.4	1
Total	13.5	12.7		14.2	13.2	2
Tier 1 Leverage	7.4	7.4		7.5	7.5	
Supplementary Leverage (2)	6.1	N/A		6.2	N/A	1
The Northern Trust Company						
Common Equity Tier 1	11.6%	10.4	%	11.6%	10.4	4 %
Tier 1	11.6	10.4	, -	11.6	10.4	
Total	13.3	12.3		13.1	12.0	
Tier 1 Leverage	7.0	7.0		6.7	6.7	
Supplementary Leverage (2)	5.8	N/A		5.6	N/A	Λ
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Net interest margin is presented on a fully taxable equivalent (FTE) basis, a non-generally accepted accounting principle (GAAP) financial measure that facilitates the analysis of asset yields. The net interest margin on a GAAP basis and a reconciliation of net interest income on a GAAP basis to net interest income on an FTE basis are presented on page 26.

⁽²⁾ Effective January 1, 2018, Northern Trust will be subject to a minimum supplementary leverage ratio of 3 percent.

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PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Items 2. and 3. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations and Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

SECOND QUARTER CONSOLIDATED RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Genera

Northern Trust Corporation (the Corporation) is a financial holding company that is a leading provider of asset servicing, fund administration, asset management, fiduciary and banking solutions for corporations, institutions, families and individuals worldwide. The Corporation focuses on managing and servicing client assets through its two client-focused reporting segments: Corporate & Institutional Services (C&IS) and Wealth Management. Asset management and related services are provided to C&IS and Wealth Management clients primarily by the Asset Management business. Except where the context requires otherwise, the term "Northern Trust," "we," "us," "our" or similar terms mean the Corporation and its subsidiaries on a consolidated basis.

The following should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and related footnotes included in this report. Investors also should read the section entitled "Forward-Looking Statements."

Overview

Net income per diluted common share was \$1.09 in the current quarter, down from \$1.10 in the second quarter of 2015. Net income was \$260.7 million in the current quarter as compared to \$269.2 million in the prior-year quarter. Annualized return on average common equity in the current quarter was 12.2%, down from 12.8% in the prior-year quarter. The annualized return on average assets was 0.9% as compared to 1.0% in the prior-year quarter.

The current quarter included a gain on the sale of 1.1 million Visa Inc. Class B common shares, net of the valuation adjustment to existing swap agreements, totaling \$118.2 million (\$73.1 million after tax, or \$0.31 per diluted common share); a charge in connection with an agreement to settle certain securities lending litigation, which is subject to court approval, of \$46.5 million (\$28.9 million after tax, or \$0.12 per diluted common share); charges related to contractual modifications associated with existing C&IS clients of \$18.6 million (\$11.6 million after tax, or \$0.05 per diluted common share); severance, other personnel and related charges of \$17.5 million (\$11.2 million after tax or \$0.05 per diluted common share); impairment charges and the loss on sale related to the decision to exit a portion of a non-strategic loan and lease portfolio of \$14.1 million (\$8.8 million after tax, or \$0.04 per diluted common share); and impairment charges related to the residual value of certain aircraft and rail cars of \$7.5 million (\$4.6 million after tax, or \$0.02 per diluted common share). Excluding these items, net income per diluted common share, net income and return on average common equity were \$1.06, \$252.7 million and 11.7%, respectively.

The prior-year quarter included a net gain on the sale of 1.0 million Visa Inc. Class B common shares totaling \$99.9 million (\$62.1 million after tax, or \$0.26 per diluted common share); voluntary cash contributions to certain constant dollar net-asset-value (NAV) funds of \$45.8 million (\$28.6 million after tax, or \$0.12 per diluted common share); and the impairment of the residual value of certain aircraft under leveraged lease agreements of \$17.8 million (\$11.1 million after tax, or \$0.05 per diluted common share). Excluding these items, net income per diluted common share, net income, and return on average common equity were \$1.01, \$246.7 million and 11.8%, respectively.

Revenue of \$1.32 billion was up \$60.8 million, or 5%, from \$1.26 billion in the prior-year quarter, primarily reflecting higher net interest income and trust, investment and other servicing fees, partially offset by lower foreign exchange trading income. Noninterest income increased \$12.3 million, or 1%, to \$1.02 billion from \$1.00 billion in the prior-year quarter.

Net interest income increased 19% to \$299.7 million in the current quarter as compared to \$251.2 million in the prior-year quarter, due to growth in earning assets and a higher net interest margin. Additionally, the current quarter included a charge of \$2.7 million related to the residual value of certain aircraft and rail cars. The prior-year quarter included a charge of \$17.8 million related to the residual value of certain aircraft under leveraged lease agreements.

The provision for credit losses was a credit of \$3.0 million in the current quarter, as compared to a credit provision of \$10.0 million in the prior-year quarter.

Noninterest expense totaled \$925.0 million, up \$70.5 million, or 8%, from \$854.5 million in the prior-year quarter. The current quarter included a charge in connection with an agreement to settle certain securities lending litigation, which is subject to court approval, of \$46.5 million; charges related to contractual modifications associated with existing C&IS clients of \$18.6 million;

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SECOND QUARTER CONSOLIDATED RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (continued)

Overview (continued)

and severance, other personnel and related charges of \$17.5 million. The prior-year quarter included the \$45.8 million charge related to voluntary cash contributions to certain constant dollar NAV funds. Excluding the current- and prior-year quarter charges, noninterest expense increased \$33.7 million, or 4%, primarily attributable to higher compensation and outside services expense.

The components of noninterest income are provided below.

Table 1: Noninterest Income

Noninterest Income	Three Months Ended							
Noninterest income	June 30,							
(\$ In Millions)	2016	2015	Change	•				
Trust, Investment and Other Servicing Fees	\$777.2	\$756.8	\$20.4	3	%			
Foreign Exchange Trading Income	64.4	74.8	(10.4)	(14)			
Treasury Management Fees	16.0	16.1	(0.1)	(1)			
Security Commissions and Trading Income	20.6	20.0	0.6	3				
Other Operating Income	141.2	137.4	3.8	3				
Investment Security Gains (Losses), net	(2.4)	(0.4)	(2.0)	N/M	[
Total Noninterest Income	\$1,017.0	\$1,004.7	\$12.3	1	%			

Trust, investment and other servicing fees are based primarily on: the market value of assets held in custody, managed or serviced; the volume of transactions; securities lending volume and spreads; and fees for other services rendered. Certain market-value-based fees are calculated on asset values that are a month or quarter in arrears. For a further discussion of trust, investment and other servicing fees and how they are derived, refer to the "Reporting Segments" section.

Assets under custody/administration (AUC/A) and assets under management form the primary drivers of our trust, investment and other servicing fees. For the purposes of disclosing AUC/A, to the extent that both custody and administration services are provided, the value of the assets is included only once. At June 30, 2016, AUC/A were \$8.12 trillion, up \$189.5 billion, or 2%, from \$7.93 trillion at March 31, 2016.

The following table presents Northern Trust's assets under custody, a component of AUC/A, by reporting segment. Table 2: Assets Under Custody

Assets Under Custody	June 30,	March	June 30,	Change	Change	
(\$ In Billions)	2016	31, 2016	2015	Q2-16/Q1-16	Q2-16/Q2-15	
Corporate & Institutional	\$5,838.6	\$5,700.3	\$5,652.6	2 %	3 %	
Wealth Management	514.2	511.1	524.4	1	(2)	
Total Assets Under Custody	\$6,352.8	\$6,211.4	\$6,177.0	2 %	3 %	

The following table presents the allocation of Northern Trust's custodied assets by reporting segment.

Table 3: Allocations of Assets Under Custody

```
March 31, 2016 June 30, 2015
                   June 30, 2016
Assets Under Custody C&ISWM Total C&ISWM Total C&ISWM Total
                   42% 54% 43% 43% 54% 43% 45% 55% 46%
Equities
Fixed Income
                   40
                                  39
                                       23
                                                      23
                        24
                             39
                                           38
                                                 37
                                                          35
Cash and Other Assets 18
                        22
                            18
                                  18
                                       23
                                            19
                                                 18
                                                      22
                                                          19
```

The 3% increase in consolidated assets under custody from \$6.18 trillion at June 30, 2015 to \$6.35 trillion as of June 30, 2016 primarily reflected new business and the impact of favorable fixed income markets, partially offset by the unfavorable impact of foreign currency movements.

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SECOND QUARTER CONSOLIDATED RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (continued)

Noninterest Income (continued)

The following table presents Northern Trust's assets under management by reporting segment.

Table 4: Assets Under Management

Assets Under Management	June	March	June	Char	199	Chan	go.
(\$ In Billions)	30,	31,	30,	Char	_	Chan	_
(\$ III BIIIIOIIS)	2016	2016	2015	Q2-1	6/Q1-16	Q2-1	0/Q2-13
Corporate & Institutional	\$672.3	\$669.9	\$713.6		%	(6)%
Wealth Management	233.9	230.1	232.0	2		1	
Total Assets Under Management	\$906.2	\$900.0	\$945.6	1	%	(4)%

The following table presents Northern Trust's assets under management by investment type.

Table 5: Assets Under Management by Investment Type

	June	March 31,	June
(\$ In Billions)	30,		30,
	2016	2016	2015
Equities	\$456.4	\$ 453.5	\$487.7
Fixed Income	156.3	148.5	167.7
Cash and Other Assets	185.2	192.0	169.9
Securities Lending Collateral	108.3	106.0	120.3
Total Assets Under Management	\$906.2	\$ 900.0	\$945.6

The following table presents the allocation of Northern Trust's assets under management by reporting segment.

Table 6: Allocations of Assets Under Management

	June	30, 20	16	Marc	h 31,	2016	June	30, 20	15
Assets Under Management	C&IS	SWM	Total	C&IS	SWM	Total	C&IS	WW	Total
Equities	52%	46%	50 %	52%	46%	50 %	53%	47%	51 %
Fixed Income	13	29	17	12	29	17	14	28	18
Cash and Other Assets	19	25	21	20	25	21	16	25	18
Securities Lending Collateral	16		12	16	_	12	17		13

The 4% decrease in consolidated assets under management from \$945.6 billion at June 30, 2015 to \$906.2 billion as of June 30, 2016 primarily reflected lower equity assets due to outflows from certain sovereign wealth fund clients and unfavorable global equity markets, as well as lower fixed income assets due to the loss of one passive mandate from a non-U.S. institutional client.

Changes in assets under custody and under management are in comparison to the twelve-month increase in the S&P 500 index of 1.7% and decrease in the MSCI EAFE index (USD) of 12.7%.

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SECOND QUARTER CONSOLIDATED RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (continued)

Noninterest Income (continued)

The following table presents activity in consolidated assets under management by investment type.

Table 7: Activity in Consolidated Assets Under Management by Investment Type

\$906.2 \$900.0

Table /: Activity in Consolida	ted Ass	ets Under	· [V
	Three 1	Months	
	Ended		
(¢ In D:11: ana)	June 30),March 3	1,
(\$ In Billions)	2016	2016	
Beginning Balance of AUM	\$900.0	\$ 875.3	
Inflows by Investment Type			
Equity	34.9	29.4	
Fixed Income	18.6	11.4	
Cash & Other Assets	83.6	94.6	
Securities Lending Collateral	21.5	20.4	
Total Inflows	158.6	155.8	
Outflows by Investment Type			
Equity	(31.4)(28.1)
Fixed Income	(14.9)(10.2)
Cash & Other Assets	(84.7)(80.3)
Securities Lending Collateral	(19.3)(18.2)
Total Outflows	(150.3)(136.8)
Net Inflows	8.3	19.0	
Market Performance, Currency & Other	(2.1)5.7	

Foreign exchange trading income totaled \$64.4 million in the current quarter, down \$10.4 million, or 14%, compared to \$74.8 million in the prior-year quarter. The decrease generally reflected lower client volumes as compared to the prior-year quarter.

Other operating income in the current quarter included the gain on the sale of 1.1 million Visa Inc. Class B common shares, net of the valuation adjustment to existing swap agreements, totaling \$118.2 million, offset by impairment charges and the loss on sale related to the decision to exit a portion of a non-strategic loan and lease portfolio as well as impairment charges related to the residual value of certain aircraft and rail cars of \$18.9 million. The prior-year quarter included a \$99.9 million net gain on the sale of 1.0 million Visa Inc. Class B Common Shares. Excluding these items, other operating income totaled \$41.9 million, up 12% compared to \$37.5 million in the prior-year quarter, primarily due to income associated with supplemental compensation plans.

Table 8: Other Operating Income

Ending Balance of AUM

Other Operating Income	Three Months							
Other Operating Income	Ended	June 30	,					
(\$ In Millions)	2016	2015	Change					
Loan Service Fees	\$14.8	\$14.6	\$0.2 2%					
Banking Service Fees	12.8	11.8	10 9					

Other Income 113.6 111.0 2.6 2 Total Other Operating Income \$141.2 \$137.4 \$3.8 3%

<u>Table of Contents</u> SECOND QUARTER CONSOLIDATED RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (continued) Net Interest Income

The following table presents an analysis of average balances and interest rate changes affecting net interest income. Table 9: Average Consolidated Balance Sheets with Analysis of Net Interest Income

		HERN TRUS		ORATION			
(Interest and Rate on a Fully Taxable Equivalent Basis)	SECON 2016	ID QUARTE	R	2015			
(\$ In Millions)	Interest	Average Balance	Rate (5)	Interest	Average Balance	Rate (5)	
Average Earning Assets							
Federal Funds Sold and Securities Purchased under							
Agreements to Resell	\$4.8	\$1,915.2	1.00 %		\$1,041.9	0.46 %	
Interest-Bearing Due from and Deposits with Banks (1)	16.5	9,827.9	0.68	22.7	12,012.4	0.76	
Federal Reserve and Other Central Bank Deposits	23.6	19,657.8	0.48	15.5	19,900.3	0.31	
Securities							
U.S. Government	20.9	6,875.1	1.22	13.4	4,789.1	1.12	
Obligations of States and Political Subdivisions	2.5	470.2	2.09	1.9	112.2	6.75	
Government Sponsored Agency	37.0	17,347.0	0.86	34.2	16,821.7	0.82	
Other (2)	42.9	16,064.2	1.07	33.8	16,207.0	0.84	
Total Securities	103.3	40,756.5	1.02	83.3	37,930.0	0.88	
Loans and Leases (3)	203.4	34,456.1	2.38	172.5	32,921.4	2.10	
Total Earning Assets	351.6	106,613.5	1.33	295.2	103,806.0	1.14	
Allowance for Credit Losses Assigned to Loans and	_	(195.4)			(260.0)		
Leases		(1)3.1			(200.0		
Cash and Due from Banks and Other Central Bank		2,093.9			2,142.9		
Deposits (4)							
Buildings and Equipment	_	439.9	_	_	446.5		
Client Security Settlement Receivables	_	1,143.0	_	_	945.0	_	
Goodwill	_	531.2	_	_	531.1	_	
Other Assets	_	4,287.7	_	_	4,079.6	_	
Total Assets	\$—	\$114,913.8	— %	\$ —	\$111,691.1	— %	
Average Source of Funds							
Deposits							
Savings and Money Market	\$2.7	\$15,041.3	0.07 %		\$15,705.4	0.06 %	
Savings Certificates and Other Time	1.9	1,405.0	0.54	2.1	1,779.5	0.48	
Non-U.S. Offices — Interest-Bearing	16.6	50,443.8	0.13	13.9	49,291.8	0.11	
Total Interest-Bearing Deposits	21.2	66,890.1	0.13	18.4	66,776.7	0.11	
Short-Term Borrowings	4.9	6,195.0	0.32	1.3	4,404.8	0.12	
Senior Notes	11.7	1,496.1	3.15	11.9	1,497.1	3.14	
Long-Term Debt	6.4	1,403.2	1.84	5.5	1,380.2	1.59	
Floating Rate Capital Debt	0.8	277.4	1.20	0.5	277.3	0.84	
Total Interest-Related Funds	45.0	76,261.8	0.24	37.6	74,336.1	0.20	
Interest Rate Spread	_	_	1.09	_		0.94	
Demand and Other Noninterest-Bearing Deposits	_	26,718.0	_	_	25,558.4	_	
Other Liabilities	_	3,141.3	_	_	3,188.7		
Stockholders' Equity	_	8,792.7	_	_	8,607.9		
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	\$—	\$114,913.8		\$ —	\$111,691.1	%	
Net Interest Income/Margin (FTE Adjusted)	\$306.6		1.16 %			1.00 %	
Net Interest Income/Margin (Unadjusted)	\$299.7	\$ —	1.13 %	\$251.2	\$ —	0.97 %	

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SECOND OUARTER CONSOLIDATED RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (continued)

Net Interest Income (continued)

ANALYSIS OF NET INTEREST INCOME CHANGES DUE TO VOLUME AND RATE

Three Months Ended June 30, 2016/2015 Change Due To

Average Rate Balance (In Millions) Total

Earning Assets (FTE) \$7.9 \$48.5 \$56.4 Interest-Related Funds 0.9 6.5 Net Interest Income (FTE) \$7.0 \$42.0 \$49.0

- (1) Interest-Bearing Due from and Deposits with Banks includes the interest-bearing component of Cash and Due from Banks and Interest-Bearing Deposits with Banks as presented on the consolidated balance sheets.
- Other securities include certain community development investments and Federal Home Loan Bank and Federal Reserve stock, which are classified in other assets in the consolidated balance sheets as of June 30, 2016 and 2015.
- (3) Average balances include nonaccrual loans. Lease financing receivable balances are reduced by deferred income.
- Cash and Due from Banks and Other Central Bank Deposits includes the non-interest-bearing component of Federal Reserve and Other Central Bank Deposits as presented on the consolidated balance sheets on page 29.
- Rate calculations are based on actual balances rather than the rounded amounts presented in the Average (5) Consolidated Balance Sheets with Analysis of Net Interest Income.

Net Interest Income (FTE Adjusted), a non-generally accepted accounting principle (GAAP) financial measure, includes adjustments to a fully taxable equivalent basis for loans and securities. Such adjustments are based on a blended federal and state tax rate of 37.8% and 37.7% for the three months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015,

Notes: respectively. Total taxable equivalent interest adjustments amounted to \$6.9 million and \$6.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively. A reconciliation of net interest income and net interest margin on a GAAP basis to net interest income and net interest margin on an FTE basis (each of which is a non-GAAP financial measure) is provided on page 26.

Interest revenue on cash collateral positions is reported above within interest-bearing deposits with banks and within loans and leases. Interest expense on cash collateral positions is reported above within non-U.S. offices interest-bearing deposits. Related cash collateral received from and deposited with derivative counterparties is recorded net of the associated derivative contract within other assets and other liabilities, respectively. Net interest income is defined as the total of interest income and amortized fees on earning assets, less interest expense on deposits and borrowed funds, adjusted for the impact of interest-related hedging activity. Net interest income on a fully taxable equivalent (FTE) basis totaled \$306.6 million, up \$49.0 million, or 19%, compared to \$257.6 million in the prior-year quarter. The increase was primarily the result of growth in average earning assets and a higher net interest margin. Additionally, the current quarter included a charge of \$2.7 million related to the residual value of certain aircraft

and rail cars. The prior-year quarter included a charge of \$17.8 million related to the residual value of certain aircraft under leveraged lease agreements. Average earning assets for the current quarter averaged \$106.6 billion, up \$2.8 billion, or 3%, from \$103.8 billion in the prior-year quarter, primarily resulting from higher levels of securities and loans. Earning asset growth was funded primarily by a higher level of borrowed funds and demand deposits. The net interest margin on an FTE basis increased to 1.16% in the current quarter from 1.00% in the prior-year quarter. Excluding the impairments noted above, the net interest margin was 1.16% and 1.06% for the three months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively, primarily reflecting higher yields on earning assets.

When adjusted to an FTE basis, yields on taxable, nontaxable, and partially taxable assets are comparable; however, the adjustment to an FTE basis has no impact on net income. A reconciliation of net interest income and net interest margin on a GAAP basis to net interest income and net interest margin on an FTE basis (each of which is a non-GAAP financial measure) is provided on page 26.

Federal Reserve and other central bank deposits averaged \$19.7 billion, down \$242.5 million, or 1%, from \$19.9 billion in the prior-year quarter. Average securities were \$40.8 billion, up \$2.8 billion, or 7%, from \$37.9 billion in the prior-year quarter and include Federal Home Loan Bank, certain community development investments and Federal Reserve stock of \$195.6 million, \$188.7 million and \$53.1 million, respectively, which are recorded in other assets in the consolidated balance sheets.

Loans and leases averaged \$34.5 billion, up \$1.5 billion, or 5%, from \$32.9 billion in the prior-year quarter, primarily reflecting higher levels of private client loans, commercial and institutional loans, and commercial real estate loans, partially offset by reductions in residential real estate loans. Private client loans averaged \$9.3 billion, up \$1.3 billion, or 17%, from \$8.0 billion for the prior-year quarter. Commercial and institutional loans averaged \$10.4 billion, up \$1.4 billion, or 16%, from \$9.0 billion for the prior-year quarter. Commercial real estate loans averaged \$3.9 billion, up \$384.2 million, or 11%, from \$3.6 billion for the

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SECOND QUARTER CONSOLIDATED RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (continued)

Net Interest Income (continued)

prior-year quarter. Residential real estate loans averaged \$8.5 billion, down \$956.5 million, or 10.1%, from \$9.4 billion for the prior-year quarter.

Northern Trust utilizes a diverse mix of funding sources. Total interest-bearing deposits averaged \$66.9 billion, compared to \$66.8 billion in the prior-year quarter, an increase of \$113.4 million. Other interest-bearing funds averaged \$9.4 billion, an increase of \$1.8 billion, from \$7.6 billion in the prior-year quarter, primarily attributable to increased short-term borrowings. The balances within short-term borrowing classifications vary based on funding requirements and strategies, interest rate levels, changes in the volume of lower-cost deposit sources, and the availability of collateral to secure these borrowings. Average net noninterest-related funds utilized to fund earning assets increased \$881.8 million, or 3%, to \$30.4 billion from \$29.5 billion in the prior-year quarter, primarily resulting from higher levels of demand and other noninterest-bearing deposits.

Provision for Credit Losses

The provision for credit losses was a credit of \$3.0 million in the current quarter, as compared to a credit provision of \$10.0 million in the prior-year quarter. Net charge-offs in the current quarter were \$2.4 million, resulting from charge-offs of \$4.9 million and recoveries of \$2.5 million. The prior-year quarter included \$2.6 million of net charge-offs, resulting from \$6.1 million of charge-offs and \$3.5 million of recoveries. Nonperforming assets of \$166.4 million decreased 24% from the prior-year quarter. Residential real estate loans and commercial loans accounted for 65% and 25%, respectively, of total nonperforming loans and leases at June 30, 2016. For additional discussion of the provision and allowance for credit losses, refer to the "Asset Quality" section beginning on page 22.

Noninterest Expense

The components of noninterest expense are provided below.

Table 10: Noninterest Expense

Nonintanat Europa	Three Months								
Noninterest Expense	Ended June 30,								
(\$ In Millions)	2016	2015	Change						
Compensation	\$389.5	\$361.9	\$27.6	8	%				
Employee Benefits	72.2	73.2	(1.0)	(1)				
Outside Services	159.0	147.2	11.8	8					
Equipment and Software	118.0	114.4	3.6	3					
Occupancy	45.3	43.0	2.3	5					
Other Operating Expense	141.0	114.8	26.2	23					
Total Noninterest Expense	\$925.0	\$854.5	\$70.5	8	%				

Compensation expense, the largest component of noninterest expense, totaled \$389.5 million in the current quarter, compared to \$361.9 million in the prior-year quarter. Compensation expense in the current quarter included severance and related charges of \$13.0 million. Excluding the severance and related charges, compensation expense increased \$14.6 million, or 4%, compared to the prior-year quarter, primarily reflecting higher staff levels, partially offset by lower performance-based incentive compensation. Staff on a full-time equivalent basis at June 30, 2016 totaled approximately 16,600, up 5% from June 30, 2015.

Employee benefit expense totaled \$72.2 million in the current quarter, compared to \$73.2 million in the prior-year quarter. Employee benefits expense in the current quarter included severance and related charges of \$1.5 million. Excluding the severance and related charges, employee benefits expense decreased 3% compared to the prior-year quarter, primarily reflecting a decrease in pension expense.

Expense associated with outside services totaled \$159.0 million in the current quarter, compared to \$147.2 million in the prior-year quarter. Expense for outside services in the current quarter included severance and related charges of \$0.7 million. Excluding the severance and related charges, expense for outside services increased \$11.1 million, or 8%, compared to the prior-year quarter, primarily reflecting increased technical services and consulting services,

partially offset by a reduction in third party advisory fees.

Equipment and software expense totaled \$118.0 million in the current quarter, up 3% from \$114.4 million in the prior-year quarter, primarily reflecting increased software amortization.

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SECOND OUARTER CONSOLIDATED RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (continued)

Noninterest Expense (continued)

Occupancy expense totaled \$45.3 million, up \$2.3 million, or 5%, from \$43.0 million in the prior-year quarter, reflecting increased rent expense.

Other operating expense totaled \$141.0 million in the current quarter compared to \$114.8 million in the prior-year quarter. The components of other operating expense are provided below.

Table 11: Other Operating Expense

()ther ()nerating Expense	Three Months					
Other Operating Expense	Ended J	June 30,				
(\$ In Millions)	2016	2015	Change	;		
Business Promotion	\$18.5	\$20.8	\$(2.3)	(11)%		
Staff Related	15.9	9.3	6.6	73		
FDIC Insurance Premiums	7.1	5.8	1.3	22		
Other Intangibles Amortization	2.2	2.1	0.1	5		
Other Expenses	97.3	76.8	20.5	27		
Total Other Operating Expense	\$141.0	\$114.8	\$26.2	23 %		

Other operating expense in the current quarter included a charge in connection with an agreement to settle certain securities lending litigation of \$46.5 million, charges related to contractual modifications associated with existing C&IS clients of \$18.6 million, and other personnel charges of \$2.3 million recorded in the current quarter. The prior-year quarter included a charge related to voluntary cash contributions to certain constant dollar NAV funds totaling \$45.8 million. Excluding these charges, other operating expense was \$73.6 million, up 7% compared to \$69.0 million in the prior-year quarter, primarily due to increases in various other expenses, including higher supplemental compensation plan expense. The supplemental compensation plan expense has associated income in other operating income.

Provision for Income Taxes

Income tax expense was \$134.0 million in the current quarter, representing an effective tax rate of 33.9%, compared to \$142.2 million in the prior-year quarter, representing an effective tax rate of 34.6%. The decrease in the provision for income taxes compared to the prior-year quarter was based primarily on lower income before income taxes and a lower effective tax rate driven by federal tax-exempted income and an overall reduction in the state income tax provision, which included an increase in state income tax credits.

REPORTING SEGMENTS

Northern Trust is organized around its two client-focused reporting segments: C&IS and Wealth Management. Asset management and related services are provided to C&IS and Wealth Management clients primarily by the Asset Management business. The revenue and expenses of Asset Management and certain other support functions are allocated fully to C&IS and Wealth Management. Income and expense associated with the wholesale funding activities and investment portfolios of the Corporation and its principal subsidiary, The Northern Trust Company (the Bank), as well as certain corporate-based expense, executive level compensation and nonrecurring items, are not allocated to C&IS and Wealth Management, and are reported in Northern Trust's third reporting segment, Treasury and Other, in the following pages.

<u>Table of Contents</u> REPORTING SEGMENTS (continued)

The following tables reflect the earnings contributions and average assets of Northern Trust's reporting segments for the three- and six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015. Reporting segment financial information, presented on an internal management-reporting basis, is determined by accounting systems that are used to allocate revenue and expense related to each segment and incorporates processes for allocating assets, liabilities, equity and the applicable interest income and expense.

Table 12: Results of Reporting Segments

Three															
Months	C	orporate	&			Wealth				Treasury and	d	Total			
Ended Jui	ne In	stitutiona	ıl S	Services		Managem	ent			Other		Consolidated	l		
30,						_									
(\$ In	2/	016		2015		2016		2015		2016	2015	2016		2015	
Millions)	20	016		2015		2016		2015		2016	2015	2016		2015	
Nonintere															
Income															
Trust,															
Investmen	nt														
and Other		446.9		\$432.0		\$330.3		\$324.8		\$ —	\$ —	\$777.2		\$756.8	
Servicing		110.5		φ 132.0		Ψ330.3		Ψ321.0		Ψ	Ψ	Ψ / / / .2		φ 130.0	
Fees															
Foreign															
Exchange	,														
Trading	62	2.2		71.8		1.6		3.0		0.6		64.4		74.8	
Income															
Other															
Nonintere	est 24	5.9		43.2		26.7		26.8		122.8	103.1	175.4		173.1	
Income	75t 2 .	J.)		13.2		20.7		20.0		122.0	103.1	173.4		173.1	
Net Intere	est														
Income*	14	41.2		92.7		160.2		141.0		5.2	23.9	306.6		257.6	
Revenue*	¢ 67	76.2		639.7		518.8		495.6		128.6	127.0	1,323.6		1,262.3	
Provision	for			2.0			`		`						`
Credit Lo).8)	2.0		(2.2)	(12.0)	_		(3.0)		(10.0)
Nonintere	est _,	7 (0		400.0		220.2		222.7		27.0	10.6	025.0		0545	
Expense	53	56.8		488.2		330.3		322.7		37.9	43.6	925.0		854.5	
Income															
before	1/	20.2		1.40.7		100.7		1040		00.7	02.4	401.6		417.0	
Income	12	20.2		149.5		190.7		184.9		90.7	83.4	401.6		417.8	
Taxes*															
Provision	for														
Income	34	4.0		45.3		71.9		69.6		35.0	33.7	140.9		148.6	
Taxes*															
Net Incon	ne \$	86.2		\$104.2		\$118.8		\$115.3		\$55.7	\$49.7	\$260.7		\$269.2	
Percentag	ge of														
Consolida		3	%	39	%	46	%	43	%	21 %	18 %	100 %	6	100	%
Net Incom	ne														
Average	d /	75 606 5		Ф <i>75.765</i> О		¢26.726.6		¢24.050.4		¢ 10 400 7	¢ 1 1 0 7 4 0	¢1140120		¢111 (01 1	
Assets	\$	75,696.5		\$75,765.9	,	\$26,736.6)	\$24,850.4	+	\$12,480.7	\$11,074.8	\$114,913.8		\$111,691.1	

* Non-GAAP financial measures stated on a fully taxable equivalent basis (FTE). Total consolidated includes FTE adjustments of \$6.9 million for 2016 and \$6.4 million for 2015. A reconciliation of revenue, net interest income and net interest margin on a GAAP basis to revenue, net interest income and net interest margin on an FTE basis (each of which is a non-GAAP financial measure) is provided on page 26.

Six Months			, I	1 0				
Ended June 30,	Corporate & Institutional		Wealth Managemen	t	Treasury and Other	d	Total Consolidated	
(\$ In Millions) Noninterest Income	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015
Trust, Investment and Other Servicing Fees	\$880.3	\$839.3	\$645.1	\$645.0	\$—	\$—	\$1,525.4	\$1,484.3
Foreign Exchange Trading Income Other	113.9	139.3	6.1	7.1	4.9	_	124.9	146.4
Noninterest Income	71.5	85.1	53.5	55.6	123.9	107.2	248.9	247.9
Net Interest Income*	279.6	188.7	318.7	279.3	22.3	56.4	620.6	524.4
Revenue*	1,345.3	1,252.4	1,023.4	987.0	151.1	163.6	2,519.8	2,403.0
Provision for Credit Losses	(4.0)	(0.2)	3.0	(14.3)	_	_	(1.0)	(14.5)
Noninterest Expense	1,032.1	923.1	657.2	644.6	64.5	75.8	1,753.8	1,643.5
Income before Income Taxes*	317.2	329.5	363.2	356.7	86.6	87.8	767.0	774.0
Provision for Income	96.2	102.6	136.8	134.2	31.5	37.3	264.5	274.1
Taxes* Net Income Percentage of	\$221.0	\$226.9	\$226.4	\$222.5	\$55.1	\$50.5	\$502.5	\$499.9
Consolidated Net Income		6 45 %	6 45 %	45 %	11 %	10 %	100 %	100 %
Average Assets	\$75,534.7	\$72,513.3	\$26,487.2	\$24,513.4	\$12,143.5	\$12,587.0	\$114,165.4	\$109,613.7

^{*} Non-GAAP financial measures stated on a fully taxable equivalent basis (FTE). Total consolidated includes FTE adjustments of \$13.1 million for 2016 and \$12.6 million for 2015. A reconciliation of revenue, net interest income and net interest margin on a GAAP basis to revenue, net interest income and net interest margin on an FTE basis (each of which is a non-GAAP financial measure) is provided on page 26.

Corporate & Institutional Services

C&IS net income totaled \$86.2 million in the current quarter compared to \$104.2 million in the prior-year quarter, a decrease of \$18.0 million, or 17%. Noninterest income was \$535.0 million in the current quarter, down \$12.0 million, or 2%, from \$547.0 million in the prior-year quarter, reflecting decreased other operating income and foreign

exchange trading income, partially offset

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REPORTING SEGMENTS (continued)

Corporate & Institutional Services (continued)

by higher trust, investment and other servicing fees. The following table provides a summary of C&IS trust, investment and other servicing fees.

Table 13: C&IS Trust, Investment and Other Servicing Fees

are based primarily on market values throughout a period.

	Three Months				
	Ended June 30,				
(\$ In Millions)	2016	2015	Change	•	
Custody and Fund Administration	\$293.3	\$293.6	\$(0.3)	_	%
Investment Management	94.2	80.6	13.6	17	
Securities Lending	26.8	26.8	_	_	
Other	32.6	31.0	1.6	5	
Total C&IS Trust, Investment and Other Servicing Fees	\$446.9	\$432.0	\$14.9	3	%

Custody and fund administration fees, the largest component of C&IS fees, are driven primarily by values of client AUC/A, transaction volumes and number of accounts. The asset values used to calculate these fees vary depending on the individual fee arrangements negotiated with each client. Custody fees related to asset values are client specific and are priced based on quarter-end or month-end values, values at the beginning of each quarter or average values for a month or quarter. The fund administration fees that are asset-value-related are priced using month-end, quarter-end, or average daily balances. Investment management fees, which are based generally on client assets under management,

Custody and fund administration fees were relatively unchanged from the prior-year quarter, as new business was partially offset by the unfavorable impact of equity markets and movements in foreign exchange rates. Investment management fees increased \$13.6 million, or 17%, due to lower money market mutual fund fee waivers. Money market mutual fund fee waivers in C&IS totaled \$0.1 million in the current quarter compared to \$13.6 million in the prior-year quarter.

Foreign exchange trading income totaled \$62.2 million in the current quarter, a decrease of \$9.6 million, or 13%, from \$71.8 million in the prior-year quarter. The decrease generally reflected lower client volumes as compared to the prior-year quarter.

Other noninterest income in C&IS totaled \$25.9 million in the current quarter, down \$17.3 million, or 40%, from \$43.2 million in the prior-year quarter, primarily reflecting impairment charges and the loss on sale related to the decision to exit a portion of a non-strategic loan and lease portfolio as well as impairment charges related to the residual value of certain aircraft and rail cars totaling \$18.9 million.

For the prior-year quarter, the presentation of average assets was changed to reflect a modification to the methodology by which assets are allocated among our reporting segments. For C&IS, this change in presentation resulted in an increase to average assets and a reduction in the net interest margin.

Net interest income stated on an FTE basis was \$141.2 million in the current quarter, up \$48.5 million, or 52%, from \$92.7 million in the prior-year quarter. The increase in net interest income was primarily attributable to an increase in the net interest margin to 0.82% from 0.53% in the prior-year quarter, primarily reflecting higher yields on earning assets. Additionally, the current quarter included a charge of \$2.7 million related to the residual value of certain aircraft and rail cars. The prior-year quarter included a charge of \$17.8 million related to the residual value of certain aircraft under leveraged lease agreements. The average earning assets totaled \$69.4 billion, down slightly from \$69.9 billion in the prior-year quarter. The earning assets in C&IS consisted primarily of intercompany assets and loans and leases. Funding sources were primarily comprised of non-U.S. custody-related interest-bearing deposits, which averaged \$46.4 billion in the current quarter, up slightly from \$45.6 billion in the prior-year quarter.

The provision for credit losses was a credit of \$0.8 million in the current quarter, compared with a provision of \$2.0 million in the prior-year quarter, reflecting continued improvement in credit quality.

Total C&IS noninterest expense, which includes the direct expense of the reporting segment, indirect expense allocations for product and operating support and indirect expense allocations for certain corporate support services,

totaled \$556.8 million in the current quarter, up \$68.6 million, or 14%, from \$488.2 million in the prior-year quarter. Noninterest expense in the current quarter included severance and related charges of \$7.4 million. Other operating expense in the current quarter included a charge in connection with an agreement to settle certain securities lending litigation of \$46.5 million, and charges related to contractual modifications associated with existing C&IS clients of \$18.6 million. Other operating expense in the prior-year quarter included

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REPORTING SEGMENTS (continued)

Corporate & Institutional Services (continued)

\$36.6 million of the charge related to voluntary cash contributions to certain constant dollar NAV funds allocated to C&IS. Excluding these charges, the increase in noninterest expense was primarily attributable to higher indirect expense allocations and compensation expense in the current quarter.

Wealth Management net income was \$118.8 million in the current quarter, up 3% from \$115.3 million in the prior-year quarter. Noninterest income was \$358.6 million, up slightly from \$354.6 million in the prior-year quarter, primarily reflecting higher trust, investment and other servicing fees, partially offset by lower foreign exchange trading income. Trust, investment and other servicing fees in Wealth Management totaled \$330.3 million in the current quarter, increasing \$5.5 million, or 2%, from \$324.8 million in the prior-year quarter. The following table provides a summary of Wealth Management trust, investment and other servicing fees.

Table 14: Wealth Management Trust, Investment and Other Servicing Fees

	I III CC IV	ronuis			
	Ended J	June 30,			
(\$ In Millions)	2016	2015	Chang	e	
Central	\$130.2	\$128.2	\$2.0	2 %	
East	84.5	85.9	(1.4)	(2)	
West	67.5	68.5	(1.0)	(1)	
Global Family Office	48.1	42.2	5.9	14	

Total Wealth Management Trust, Investment and Other Servicing Fees \$330.3 \$324.8 \$5.5 2 %

Wealth Management fee income is calculated primarily based on market values. The increase in Wealth Management fees, driven by Global Family office, was primarily attributable to the impact of lower money market mutual fund fee waivers, partially offset by unfavorable equity markets. Money market mutual fund fee waivers in Wealth Management totaled \$0.1 million in the current quarter compared to \$14.6 million in the prior-year quarter. Foreign exchange trading income totaled \$1.6 million, down 47% from \$3.0 million in the prior-year quarter, primarily reflecting decreased client activity.

Other noninterest income of \$26.7 million in the current quarter was relatively unchanged from \$26.8 million in the prior-year quarter.

For the prior-year quarter, the presentation of average assets was changed to reflect a modification to the methodology by which assets are allocated among our reporting segments. This change in presentation did not have a significant impact on the Wealth Management reporting segment.

Net interest income stated on an FTE basis was \$160.2 million in the current quarter, up \$19.2 million, or 14%, from \$141.0 million in the prior-year quarter, primarily reflecting an increase in the net interest margin and higher levels of average earning assets. The net interest margin increased to 2.43% from 2.30% in the prior-year quarter. Average earning assets increased \$1.9 billion, or 8%, to \$26.5 billion from the prior-year quarter's \$24.6 billion. Earning assets and funding sources were primarily comprised of loans and domestic retail interest-bearing deposits, respectively. The provision for credit losses was a credit provision of \$2.2 million in the current quarter, compared with a credit provision of \$12.0 million in the prior-year quarter, which reflected continued improvement in credit quality. Total noninterest expense, which includes the direct expense of the reporting segment, indirect expense allocations for product and operating support and indirect expense allocations for certain corporate support services, totaled \$330.3 million in the current quarter, compared to \$322.7 million in the prior-year quarter, an increase of \$7.6 million, or 2%, primarily attributable to increased indirect expense allocations and higher compensation expense in the current quarter. Noninterest expense in the current quarter included severance, other personnel and related charges of \$9.7 million. The prior-year quarter included a \$9.2 million of the charge related to voluntary cash contributions to certain constant dollar NAV funds allocated to Wealth Management.

Table of Contents REPORTING SEGMENTS (continued) Treasury and Other

Treasury and Other includes income and expense associated with the wholesale funding activities and the investment portfolios of the Corporation and the Bank, and certain corporate-based expenses, executive-level compensation and nonrecurring items not allocated to C&IS and Wealth Management.

Treasury and Other noninterest income totaled \$123.4 million in the current quarter, up \$20.3 million, or 20%, from \$103.1 million in the prior-year quarter, primarily reflecting an increase in other operating income, a component of other noninterest income. Other operating income in the current quarter included the gain on the sale of 1.1 million Visa Inc. Class B common shares, net of the valuation adjustment to existing swap agreements, totaling \$118.2 million. The prior-year quarter included a gain on the sale of 1.0 million Visa Inc. Class B common shares totaling \$99.9 million.

For the prior-year quarter, the presentation of average assets was changed to reflect a modification to the methodology by which assets are allocated among our reporting segments. For Treasury and Other, this change in presentation resulted in a decrease to average assets and an increase in the net interest margin.

Net interest income decreased \$18.7 million, or 78%, to \$5.2 million in the current quarter, compared to \$23.9 million in the prior-year quarter. The decrease reflected a decline in the net interest margin, partially offset by higher levels of earning assets. Average earning assets increased \$1.4 billion to \$10.7 billion from the prior-year quarter's \$9.3 billion. Noninterest expense totaled \$37.9 million in the current quarter, down \$5.7 million, or 13%, from \$43.6 million in the prior-year quarter, primarily reflecting higher indirect expense allocations to C&IS and Wealth Management, partially offset by higher general overhead costs, including outside services and compensation expense, as compared to the prior-year quarter. Noninterest expense in the current quarter included severance and related charges of \$0.4 million. SIX-MONTH CONSOLIDATED RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Overview

Net income per diluted common share was \$2.10 for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and \$2.04 in the comparable prior-year period. Net income totaled \$502.5 million, up slightly as compared to \$499.9 million in the prior-year period. The performance in the current period produced an annualized return on average common equity of 11.8%, compared to 12.1% in the prior-year period. The annualized return on average assets was 0.9% in each of the respective periods.

The current period included a gain on the sale of 1.1 million Visa Inc. Class B common shares, net of the valuation adjustment to existing swap agreements, totaling \$118.2 million; a charge in connection with an agreement to settle certain securities lending litigation, which is subject to court approval, of \$46.5 million; charges related to contractual modifications associated with existing C&IS clients of \$18.6 million; severance, other personnel and related charges of \$17.5 million; impairment charges and the loss on sale related to the decision to exit a portion of a non-strategic loan and lease portfolio of \$14.1 million; and impairment charges related to the residual value of certain aircraft and rail cars of \$7.5 million. Excluding these items, net income per diluted common share, net income and return on average common equity were \$2.07, \$494.5 million and 11.7%, respectively.

The prior period included a net gain on the sale of 1.0 million Visa Inc. Class B common shares totaling \$99.9 million; voluntary cash contributions to certain constant dollar NAV funds of \$45.8 million; and the impairment of the residual value of certain aircraft under leveraged lease agreements of \$17.8 million. Excluding the gain and charges, net income per diluted common share, net income, and return on average common equity were \$1.95, \$477.4 million and 11.5%, respectively.

Revenue for the six months ended June 30, 2016 totaled \$2.51 billion, up \$116.3 million, or 5%, as compared to \$2.39 billion in the prior-year period, primarily driven by increased net interest income and trust, investment and other servicing fees, partially offset by lower foreign exchange trading income. Noninterest income was \$1.90 billion, up \$20.6 million, or 1%, from \$1.88 billion in the prior-year period.

Net interest income increased 19% to \$607.5 million in the current quarter as compared to \$511.8 million in the prior-year quarter, due to growth in earning assets and a higher net interest margin. Additionally, the current period

included a charge of \$2.7 million related to the residual value of certain aircraft and rail cars. The prior-year period included a charge of \$17.8 million related to the residual value of certain aircraft under leveraged lease agreements.

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SIX-MONTH CONSOLIDATED RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (continued)

Overview (continued)

The provision for credit losses was a credit of \$1.0 million in the current period, as compared to a credit provision of \$14.5 million in the prior-year period.

Noninterest expense totaled \$1.8 billion, up \$110.3 million, or 7%, from \$1.6 billion in the prior-year period. The current period included a charge in connection with an agreement to settle certain securities lending litigation, which is subject to court approval, of \$46.5 million; charges related to contractual modifications associated with existing C&IS clients of \$18.6 million; severance, other personnel and related charges of \$17.5 million. The prior-year quarter included the \$45.8 million charge related to voluntary cash contributions to certain constant dollar NAV funds. Excluding the current- and prior-year period charges, noninterest expense increased \$73.5 million, or 5%, primarily attributable to higher compensation and outside services expense.

Noninterest Income

The components of noninterest income are provided below.

Table 15: Six Months Ended June 30 Noninterest Income

Noninterest Income	Six Months Ended							
Nonmerest meome	June 30,							
(\$ In Millions)	2016	2015	Change					
Trust, Investment and Other Servicing Fees	\$1,525.4	\$1,484.3	\$41.1 3 %					
Foreign Exchange Trading Income	124.9	146.4	(21.5) (15)					
Treasury Management Fees	32.2	32.4	(0.2)(1)					
Security Commissions and Trading Income	39.5	39.8	(0.3)(1)					
Other Operating Income	179.3	176.0	3.3 2					
Investment Security Gains (Losses), net	(2.1)	(0.3)	(1.8) N/M					
Total Noninterest Income	\$1,899.2	\$1,878.6	\$20.6 1 %					

As illustrated in the following table, trust, investment and other servicing fees from C&IS increased \$41.0 million, or 5%, totaling \$880.3 million, compared to \$839.3 million a year ago.

Table 16: Six Months Ended June 30 C&IS Trust, Investment and Other Servicing Fees

('XIS Trust Investment and Other Servicing Rees		Six Months					
		June 30,					
(\$ In Millions)	2016	2015	Chang	ge			
Custody and Fund Administration	\$579.7	\$570.7	\$9.0	2 %			
Investment Management	183.3	157.0	26.3	17			
Securities Lending	49.4	48.4	1.0	2			
Other	67.9	63.2	4.7	7			
Total	\$880.3	\$839.3	\$41.0	5 %			

Custody and fund administration fees, the largest component of C&IS fees, increased 2%, primarily driven by new business and partially offset by the unfavorable impact of equity markets and movements in foreign exchange rates. C&IS investment management fees increased 17%, primarily due to lower money market mutual fund fee waivers. Money market mutual fund fee waivers in C&IS totaled \$1.8 million, compared to waived fees of \$28.8 million in the prior-year period. Other fees in C&IS increased 7%, primarily due to new business related to investment risk and analytical services and increased other ancillary services.

As illustrated in the following table, trust, investment and other servicing fees from Wealth Management totaled \$645.1 million, relatively unchanged from \$645.0 million a year ago.

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SIX-MONTH CONSOLIDATED RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (continued)

Noninterest Income (continued)

Table 17: Six Months Ended June 30 Wealth Management Trust, Investment and Other Servicing Fees

	Six Months			
	Ended June 30,			
(\$ In Millions)	2016	2015	Change	
Wealth Management Trust, Investment and Other Servicing Fees				
Central	\$254.6	\$259.0	\$(4.4) (2)%	
East	165.5	168.3	(2.8) (2)	
West	131.4	135.3	(3.9) (3)	
Global Family Office	93.6	82.4	11.2 14	
Total	\$645.1	\$645.0	\$0.1 — %	

The decrease in Wealth Management fees across the regions was primarily attributable to the impact of unfavorable equity markets and lower fee revenue from equity mutual funds, partially offset by lower money market mutual fund fee waivers. The increase in Global Family Office fees was primarily attributable to new business and lower money market mutual fund fee waivers. Money market mutual fund fee waivers in Wealth Management totaled \$6.1 million compared with \$32.3 million in the prior-year period.

Foreign exchange trading income decreased \$21.5 million, or 15%, and totaled \$124.9 million compared with \$146.4 million in the prior-year period. The decrease was attributable to lower client volumes compared to the prior-year period.

Other operating income increased 2% to \$179.3 million compared with \$176.0 million in the prior-year period. The components of other operating income are provided below.

Table 18: Six Months Ended June 30 Other Operating Income

Other Operating Income	Six Months							
Other Operating Income	Ended 3	nded June 30,						
(\$ In Millions)	2016	2015	Change	e				
Loan Service Fees	\$28.2	\$29.5	\$(1.3)	(4)%				
Banking Service Fees	25.2	23.7	1.5	7				
Other Income	125.9	122.8	3.1	3				
Total Other Operating Income	\$179.3	\$176.0	\$3.3	2 %				

The current-year period other income included the gain on the sale of 1.1 million Visa Inc. Class B common shares, net of the valuation adjustment to existing swap agreements, totaling \$118.2 million, offset by impairment charges and the loss on sale related to the decision to exit a portion of a non-strategic loan and lease portfolio as well as impairment charges related to the residual value of certain aircraft and rail cars of \$18.9 million. The prior-year period other income included a \$99.9 million net gain on the sale of a portion of the Visa Inc. Class B common shares held by the Corporation. Excluding these items, other operating income increased 5% from the prior-year period, primarily due to income associated with supplemental compensation plans.

<u>Table of Contents</u> SIX-MONTH CONSOLIDATED RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (continued) Net Interest Income

The following table presents an analysis of average balances and interest rate changes affecting net interest income. Table 19: Six Months Ended June 30 Average Consolidated Balance Sheets with Analysis of Net Interest Income

Table 19: Six Months Ended June 30 Average Consolidat			-			ome
		HERN TRUS		OKATI	JN	
(Interest and Rate on a Fully Taxable Equivalent Basis)	2016	onths Ended Ju	ine 30,	2015		
(\$ In Millions)	Interest	Average Balance	Rate (5)	Interest	Average Balance	Rate (5)
Average Earning Assets						
Federal Funds Sold and Securities Purchased under						
Agreements to Resell	\$8.0	\$1,754.5	0.92 %	\$2.4	\$1,037.8	0.46 %
Interest-Bearing Due from and Deposits with Banks (1)	34.0	9,442.4	0.72	42.8	10,970.0	0.79
Federal Reserve and Other Central Bank Deposits	49.6	20,413.9	1.80	31.2	19,875.8	0.32
Securities						
U.S. Government	40.2	6,687.8	1.21	26.1	4,685.1	1.12
Obligations of States and Political Subdivisions	4.2	329.6	2.57	3.9	116.9	6.71
Government Sponsored Agency	85.8	17,055.6	1.01	71.6	16,667.7	0.87
Other (2)	81.8	15,707.0	1.05	64.3	15,397.5	0.84
Total Securities	212.0	39,780.0	1.07	165.9	36,867.2	0.91
Loans and Leases (3)	406.2	34,224.7	2.39	357.9	32,512.9	2.22
Total Earning Assets	709.8	105,615.5	1.35	600.2	101,263.7	1.20
Allowance for Credit Losses Assigned to Loans and		(194.5)	_		(262.9)	
Leases		(194.5)			(202.9)	
Cash and Due from Banks and Other Central Bank		2,143.2			1,859.7	
Deposits (4)		2,143.2			1,039.7	
Buildings and Equipment		442.9			446.7	
Client Security Settlement Receivables		1,166.8			952.3	
Goodwill		527.2			530.4	
Other Assets		4,464.3			4,823.8	
Total Assets	\$ —	\$114,165.4	%	\$—	\$109,613.7	— %
Average Source of Funds						
Deposits						
Savings and Money Market	\$5.6	\$15,204.3	0.07 %	\$4.9	\$15,534.1	0.06 %
Savings Certificates and Other Time	3.8	1,432.3	0.54	3.3	1,760.7	0.38
Non-U.S. Offices — Interest-Bearing	34.0	49,939.3	0.14	26.9	48,351.1	0.11
Total Interest-Bearing Deposits	43.4	66,575.9	0.13	35.1	65,645.9	0.11
Short-Term Borrowings	8.3	5,889.6	0.28	2.8	4,794.0	0.12
Senior Notes	23.4	1,496.8	3.15	23.5	1,497.1	3.15
Long-Term Debt	12.5	1,401.3	1.80	13.3	1,475.5	1.82
Floating Rate Capital Debt	1.6	277.3	1.17	1.1	277.2	0.83
Total Interest-Related Funds	89.2	75,640.9	0.24	75.8	73,689.7	0.21
Interest Rate Spread		_	1.11	_	_	0.99
Demand and Other Noninterest-Bearing Deposits		26,466.3		_	23,800.8	_
Other Liabilities	_	3,316.3	_	_	3,582.5	_
Stockholders' Equity	_	8,741.9	_	_	8,540.7	_
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	\$—	\$114,165.4	%	\$—	\$109,613.7	%
Net Interest Income/Margin (FTE Adjusted)	\$620.6	\$ —	1.18 %	\$524.4	\$ —	1.04 %
Net Interest Income/Margin (Unadjusted)	\$607.5	\$ —	1.16 %	\$511.8	\$ —	1.02 %

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SIX-MONTH CONSOLIDATED RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (continued)

Net Interest Income (continued)

ANALYSIS OF NET INTEREST INCOME CHANGES DUE TO VOLUME AND RATE

Six Months Ended
June 30, 2016/2015
Change Due To
Average
Rate Total
Balance
\$28.1 \$81.5 \$109.6
2.1 11.3 13.4

\$26.0 \$70.2 \$96.2

(In Millions)

Earning Assets (FTE) Interest-Related Funds Net Interest Income (FTE)

Interest-Bearing Due from and Deposits with Banks includes the interest-bearing component of Cash and Due from

(1) Banks and Interest-Bearing Deposits with Banks as presented on the consolidated balance sheets in our periodic filings with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission.

Other securities include certain community development investments and Federal Home Loan Bank and Federal

- (2) Reserve stock of \$178.5 million, \$197.8 million and \$53.1 million, which are classified in other assets in the consolidated balance sheets as of June 30, 2016 and 2015.
- (3) Average balances include nonaccrual loans. Lease financing receivable balances are reduced by deferred income.
- (4) Cash and Due from Banks and Other Central Bank Deposits includes the non-interest-bearing component of Federal Reserve and Other Central Bank Deposits as presented on the consolidated balance sheets on page 29.
- (5) Rate calculations are based on actual balances rather than the rounded amounts presented in the Average Consolidated Balance Sheets with Analysis of Net Interest Income.

Net Interest Income (FTE Adjusted), a non-generally accepted accounting principle (GAAP) financial measure, includes adjustments to a fully taxable equivalent basis for loans and securities. Such adjustments are based on a blended federal and state tax rate of 37.8% and 37.7% for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015,

Notes: respectively. Total taxable equivalent interest adjustments amounted to \$13.1 million and \$12.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively. A reconciliation of net interest income and net interest margin on a GAAP basis to net interest income and net interest margin on an FTE basis (each of which is a non-GAAP financial measure) is provided on page 26.

Interest revenue on cash collateral positions is reported above within interest-bearing deposits with banks and within loans and leases. Interest expense on cash collateral positions is reported above within non-U.S. offices interest-bearing deposits. Related cash collateral received from and deposited with derivative counterparties is recorded net of the associated derivative contract within other assets and other liabilities, respectively. Net interest income, stated on an FTE basis, totaled \$620.6 million, an increase of \$96.2 million, or 18%, from \$524.4 million reported in the prior-year period. The increase is the result of growth in earning assets and a higher net interest margin. Additionally, the current period included a charge of \$2.7 million related to the residual value of certain aircraft and rail cars. The prior-year quarter included a charge of \$17.8 million related to the residual value of certain aircraft under leveraged lease agreements. Average earning assets were \$105.6 billion, up \$4.3 billion, or 4%, from \$101.3 billion in the prior-year period, primarily attributable to higher levels of securities and loans. The net interest margin, on an FTE basis, increased to 1.18% from 1.04% in the prior-year period. Excluding the impairments, the net interest margin was 1.18% and 1.08%, primarily reflecting higher yields on earning assets.

Provision for Credit Losses

The provision for credit losses was a credit of \$1.0 million in the current-year period, compared to a credit provision of \$14.5 million in the prior-year period. Net charge-offs in the current-year period totaled \$5.1 million resulting from \$10.2 million of charge-offs and \$5.1 million of recoveries, compared to net charge-offs of \$7.2 million in the prior-year period resulting from \$13.6 million of charge-offs and \$6.4 million of recoveries. The current period

provision reflects improved credit quality. Residential real estate loans continued to reflect weakness relative to the overall portfolio, accounting for 65% and 76% of total nonperforming loans and leases at June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively. Loan balances within the private client, commercial and institutional and commercial real estate loan portfolios increased in the current period, while the residential real estate loan balance decreased. For a fuller discussion of the consolidated allowance and provision for credit losses refer to the "Asset Quality" section beginning on page 22.

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SIX-MONTH CONSOLIDATED RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (continued)

Noninterest Expense

Noninterest expense totaled \$1.75 billion for the current period, up \$110.3 million, or 7%, compared to \$1.64 billion in the prior-year period. The components of noninterest expense are provided below.

Table 20: Six Months Ended June 30 Noninterest Expense

Noninterest Expense	Six Mont	hs Ended		
Nonnterest Expense	June 30,			
(\$ In Millions)	2016	2015	Change	
Compensation	\$768.3	\$716.2	\$52.1	7 %
Employee Benefits	142.8	146.1	(3.3)	(2)
Outside Services	308.9	282.3	26.6	9
Equipment and Software	232.2	224.7	7.5	3
Occupancy	86.2	86.0	0.2	
Other Operating Expense	215.4	188.2	27.2	15
Total Noninterest Expense	\$1,753.8	\$1,643.5	\$110.3	7 %

Compensation expense, the largest component of noninterest expense increased to \$768.3 million from the prior-year period's \$716.2 million. Compensation expense in the current period included severance and related charges of \$13.0 million. Excluding the severance and related charges, compensation expense increased \$39.1 million, or 5%, compared to the prior-year quarter, primarily reflecting higher staff levels and base pay adjustments, partially offset by lower performance-based incentive compensation.

Employee benefit expense decreased to \$142.8 million from \$146.1 million in the prior-year period. Employee benefits expense in the current period included severance and related charges of \$1.5 million. Excluding the severance and related charges, employee benefits expense decreased 3% compared to the prior-year period, primarily reflecting a decrease in pension expense.

Outside services expense equaled \$308.9 million, up from \$282.3 million in the prior-year period. Expense for outside services in the current period included severance and related charges of \$0.7 million. Excluding the severance and related charges, expense for outside services increased \$25.9 million, or 9%, compared to the prior-year period, primarily reflecting increased technical services and consulting services, partially offset by a reduction in third party advisory fees.

Equipment and software expense totaled \$232.2 million, up \$7.5 million, or 3% from \$224.7 million in the prior-year period, reflecting increased software amortization.

Occupancy expense equaled \$86.2 million, relatively unchanged from \$86.0 million in the prior-year period. Other operating expense totaled \$215.4 million, up \$27.2 million, or 15%, from \$188.2 million in the prior-year period. The components of other operating expense are provided below.

Table 21: Six Months Ended June 30 Other Operating Expense

()ther ()nerating Expense	Six Months							
Other Operating Expense	Ended J	June 30,						
(\$ In Millions)	2016	2015	Change					
Business Promotion	\$48.0	\$49.1	\$(1.1)	(2))%			
Staff Related	21.8	19.1	2.7	14				
FDIC Insurance Premiums	13.3	11.6	1.7	15				
Other Intangibles Amortization	4.3	6.7	(2.4)	(35))			
Other Expenses	128.0	101.7	26.3	26				
Total Other Operating Expense	\$215.4	\$188.2	\$27.2	15	%			

Other operating expense in the current period included a charge in connection with an agreement to settle certain securities lending litigation of \$46.5 million, charges related to contractual modifications associated with existing C&IS clients of \$18.6 million, and other personnel charges of \$2.3 million recorded in the current quarter. The prior-year period included a charge related to voluntary cash contributions to certain constant dollar NAV funds totaling \$45.8 million. Excluding these charges, other operating

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SIX-MONTH CONSOLIDATED RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (continued)

Noninterest Expense (continued)

expense was \$148.0 million, up \$5.6 million or 4%, compared to \$142.4 million in the prior-year period, primarily due to increases in various other expenses, including higher supplemental compensation plans expense. Provision for Income Taxes

Income tax expense was \$251.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016, representing an effective tax rate of 33.3%. The provision for income taxes was \$261.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015, representing an effective tax rate of 34.4%.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

Total assets were \$121.5 billion and \$116.7 billion at June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively, and averaged \$114.9 billion in the current quarter compared with \$111.7 billion in the quarter ended June 30, 2015. Average balances are considered to be a better measure of balance sheet trends, as period-end balances can be impacted by deposit and withdrawal activity involving large client balances. Loans and leases totaled \$34.6 billion and \$33.2 billion at June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively, and averaged \$34.5 billion in the current quarter, up 5% from \$32.9 billion in the quarter ended June 30, 2015. Securities, inclusive of Federal Reserve stock, Federal Home Loan Bank stock, and certain community development investments, which are classified in other assets in the consolidated balance sheets, totaled \$41.5 billion and \$38.0 billion at June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively, and averaged \$40.8 billion for the current quarter, up 7% from \$37.9 billion in the quarter ended June 30, 2015. In aggregate, the categories of federal funds sold and securities purchased under agreements to resell, interest-bearing due from and deposits with banks, and Federal Reserve and other central bank deposits totaled \$35.2 billion and \$35.7 billion at June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively, and averaged \$31.4 billion in the current quarter, down 5% from the quarter ended June 30, 2015 balance, primarily reflecting decreased interest-bearing due from and deposits with banks. Interest-bearing client deposits at June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, totaled \$67.6 billion and \$66.7 billion, respectively, and averaged \$66.9 billion in the current guarter compared to \$66.8 billion in the quarter ended June 30, 2015. Noninterest-bearing client deposits at June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 totaled \$31.5 billion and \$30.2 billion, respectively, and averaged \$26.7 billion in the current guarter, up 5% from \$25.6 billion in the guarter ended June 30, 2015.

Total stockholders' equity at June 30, 2016, was \$9.0 billion compared to \$8.7 billion at December 31, 2015, and averaged \$8.8 billion for the current quarter, up 2% from \$8.6 billion for the quarter ended June 30, 2015. The increase in average stockholders' equity compared to the prior-year quarter was primarily attributable to earnings, partially offset by dividend declarations and the repurchase of common stock pursuant to the Corporation's share repurchase program.

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, the Corporation declared cash dividends totaling \$8.4 million and \$167.3 million to common stockholders, and cash dividends totaling \$5.8 million and \$11.7 million to preferred stockholders, respectively. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, the Corporation repurchased 1,969,228 shares of common stock, including 2,239 shares withheld related to share-based compensation, at a total cost of \$140.8 million (\$71.52 average price per share) and 4,279,845 shares of common stock, including 387,843 shares withheld related to share-based compensation, at a total cost of \$281.1 million (\$65.68 average price per share), respectively.

<u>Table of Contents</u> CAPITAL RATIOS

The capital ratios of Northern Trust and its principal subsidiary bank, The Northern Trust Company, remained strong at June 30, 2016, with all ratios applicable to classification as "well capitalized" under U.S. regulatory requirements having been exceeded.

The table below provides capital ratios for Northern Trust Corporation and The Northern Trust Company determined by Basel III phased in requirements.

Manal 21 2016

March 31, 2016

I---- 20 2015

June 30, 2015

Table 22: Regulatory Capital Ratios

June 30, 2016	March 31, 20	10	June 30, 2015
ionAdvanc Sd andardi:	ed Advanc St and	ardized	Advanc Standardized
Approach	Approa A ppr	oach	Approach Approach
11.5% 10.6 %	11.6% 10.6	%	12.0% 10.7 %
12.0% 11.0 %	12.1% 11.1	%	12.6% 11.2 %
13.5% 12.7	13.6% 12.8	%	14.4% 13.2 %
7.4 % 7.4 %	7.4 % 7.4	%	7.6 % 7.6 %
6.1 % N/A	6.1 % N/A		6.3 % N/A
	iorAdvanc Standardize Approach 11.5% 10.6 % 12.0% 11.0 % 13.5% 12.7 % 7.4 % 7.4 %	iorAdvanc Standardized Advanc Stand ApproacApproach ApproacAppro 11.5% 10.6 % 11.6% 10.6 12.0% 11.0 % 12.1% 11.1 13.5% 12.7 % 13.6% 12.8 7.4 % 7.4 % 7.4	iorAdvanc Standardized Advanc Standardized Approach Approach 11.5% 10.6 % 11.6% 10.6 % 12.0% 11.0 % 12.1% 11.1 % 13.5% 12.7 % 13.6% 12.8 % 7.4 % 7.4 % 7.4 %

June 30, 2016

Inna 20 2016

	0 000110 0 00, 2010	1.101101101, 2010	0 000110 0 00, 2010
Capital Ratios — The Northern Trust Compar	nyAdvanc Sd andardize	ed Advanc Sd andardized	Advanc Standardized
	Approach Approach	Approach Approach	Approach Approach
Common Equity Tier 1	11.6% 10.4 %	11.5% 10.4 %	11.6% 10.1 %
Tier 1	11.6% 10.4 %	11.5% 10.4 %	11.6% 10.1 %
Total	13.3% 12.3 %	13.2% 12.2 %	13.2% 11.9 %
Tier 1 Leverage	7.0 % 7.0 %	6.9 % 6.9 %	6.8 % 6.8 %
Supplementary Leverage (1)	5.8 % N/A	6.0 % N/A	5.6 % N/A

⁽¹⁾ Effective January 1, 2018, Northern Trust will be subject to a minimum supplementary leverage ratio of 3 percent. STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

Net cash used in operating activities of \$513.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016, was primarily attributable to increased net collateral deposited with counterparties and other operating activities, partially offset by period earnings. For the six months ended June 30, 2015, net cash provided by operating activities of \$1.5 billion, was primarily attributable to a reduction of net collateral deposited with derivative counterparties, as well as earnings, including the impact of non-cash charges such amortization of computer software, partially offset by increased other operating activities.

Net cash used in investing activities of \$4.9 billion for the six months ended June 30, 2016, was primarily attributable to net purchases of securities available for sale and held to maturity and increased loans and leases. For the six months ended June 30, 2015, net cash used in investing activities of \$7.7 billion, was primarily attributable to net purchases of securities available for sale and held to maturity, as well as increased interest bearing deposits with banks, loans and leases, and client security settlement receivables, partially offset by decreases within other investing activities. Net cash provided by financing activities of \$4.1 billion for the six months ended June 30, 2016, was primarily attributable to higher levels of total deposits and increased short-term other borrowings, partially offset by the repurchase of common stock pursuant to the Corporation's share repurchase program and cash dividends paid to common stockholders. The increase in total deposits was attributable to higher levels of non-U.S. office interest-bearing client deposits and demand and other noninterest-bearing client deposits. For the six months ended June 30, 2015, net cash provided by financing activities totaled \$10.2 billion, primarily reflecting increased levels of total deposits and increased short-term other borrowings, partially offset by lower securities sold under agreements to repurchase and federal funds purchased. The increase in total deposits is attributable to higher levels of interest-bearing and noninterest-bearing client deposits.

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Securities Portfolio

Northern Trust maintains a high quality securities portfolio, with 85% of the combined available for sale, held to maturity, and trading account portfolios at June 30, 2016, comprised of U.S. Treasury and government sponsored agency securities and triple-A rated corporate notes, asset-backed securities, covered bonds, sub-sovereign, supranational, sovereign and non-U.S. agency bonds, commercial mortgage-backed securities and obligations of states and political subdivisions. The remaining portfolio was comprised of corporate notes, asset-backed securities, negotiable certificates of deposit, obligations of states and political subdivisions, auction rate securities and other securities, of which as a percentage of the total securities portfolio, 8% was rated double-A, 4% was rated below double-A, and 3% was not rated by Standard and Poor's or Moody's Investors Service (primarily negotiable certificates of deposits of banks whose long term ratings are at least A).

Net unrealized gains within the investment securities portfolio totaled \$129.5 million at June 30, 2016, comprised of \$203.4 million and \$73.9 million of gross unrealized gains and losses, respectively. Of the unrealized losses on securities at June 30, 2016, the largest component was \$29.5 million of unrealized losses in securities classified as "other," related to securities primarily purchased at a premium or par by Northern Trust for compliance with the Community Reinvestment Act (CRA). Unrealized losses on these CRA-related securities were attributable to yields that were below market rates for the purpose of supporting institutions and programs that benefit low- to moderate-income communities within Northern Trust's market area. Unrealized losses of \$24.2 million related to government sponsored agency securities were primarily attributable to changes in market rates since their purchase. Also, \$11.1 million of the unrealized losses related to corporate debt securities, primarily reflecting higher market rates, and wider credit spreads since purchase; as of June 30, 2016, 31% of the corporate debt portfolio was backed by guarantees provided by U.S. and non-U.S. governmental entities.

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, charges of \$2.4 million were recorded relating to the other-than-temporary impairment (OTTI) of certain CRA eligible securities. There were no OTTI losses for the three or six months ended June 30, 2015. Northern Trust has evaluated all securities with unrealized losses for possible OTTI in accordance with GAAP and Northern Trust's security impairment review policy.

Northern Trust participates in the repurchase agreement market as a relatively low cost alternative for short-term funding. Securities purchased under agreements to resell and securities sold under agreements to repurchase are accounted for as collateralized financings and recorded at the amounts at which the securities were acquired or sold plus accrued interest. To minimize potential credit risk associated with these transactions, the fair value of the securities purchased or sold is monitored, limits are set on exposure with counterparties, and the financial condition of counterparties is regularly assessed. It is Northern Trust's policy to take possession, either directly or via third-party custodians, of securities purchased under agreements to resell. Securities sold under agreements to repurchase are held by the counterparty until their repurchase.

<u>Table of Contents</u> ASSET QUALITY (continued)

Nonperforming Loans and Leases and Other Real Estate Owned

Nonperforming assets consist of nonperforming loans and leases and other real estate owned (OREO). OREO is comprised of commercial and residential properties acquired in partial or total satisfaction of loans.

The following table provides the amounts of nonperforming loans and leases, by loan and lease segment and class, and of OREO that were outstanding at the dates shown, as well as the balance of loans that was delinquent 90 days or more and still accruing interest. The balance of loans delinquent 90 days or more and still accruing interest can fluctuate widely based on the timing of cash collections, renegotiations and renewals.

March

Table 23: Nonperforming Assets

(\$ In Millions)	June 30, 2016	31, 2016	June 30, 2015
Nonperforming Loans and Leases			
Commercial			
Commercial and Institutional	\$38.5	\$41.7	\$23.4
Commercial Real Estate	12.2	13.5	26.0
Total Commercial	50.7	55.2	49.4
Personal			
Residential Real Estate	99.3	108.5	158.2
Private Client	2.2	0.3	1.1
Total Personal	101.5	108.8	159.3
Total Nonperforming Loans and Leases	152.2	164.0	208.7
Other Real Estate Owned	14.2	10.4	10.1
Total Nonperforming Assets	166.4	174.4	218.8
90 Day Past Due Loans Still Accruing	\$8.3	\$10.2	\$14.9
Nonperforming Loans and Leases to Total Loans and Leases	0.44 %	0.48 %	0.63 %
Coverage of Loan and Lease Allowance to Nonperforming Loans and Leases	1.3 x	1.2x	1.2x

Nonperforming assets of \$166.4 million as of June 30, 2016, reflected improved credit quality across the portfolio from the prior year. The June 30, 2016 and March 31, 2016, loan portfolios reflected a reclassification of a non-performing loan from the residential relate estate loan class to the commercial and institutional loan class due to a change in the obligor as a result of restructuring the loan as of December 31, 2015. In addition to the negative impact on net interest income and the risk of credit losses, nonperforming assets also increase operating costs due to the expense associated with collection efforts. Changes in the level of nonperforming assets may be indicative of changes in the credit quality of one or more loan classes. Changes in credit quality impact the allowance for credit losses through the resultant adjustment of the specific allowance and of the qualitative factors used in the determination of the inherent allowance levels within the allowance for credit losses.

Northern Trust's underwriting standards do not allow for the origination of loan types generally considered to be high risk in nature, such as option adjustable rate mortgages, subprime loans, loans with initial "teaser" rates and loans with excessively high loan-to-value ratios. Residential real estate loans consist of first lien mortgages and equity credit lines, which generally require loan-to-collateral values of no more than 65% to 75% at inception. Revaluations of supporting collateral are obtained upon refinancing or default or when otherwise considered warranted. Collateral revaluations for mortgages are performed by independent third parties.

The commercial real estate class consists of commercial mortgages and construction, acquisition and development loans extended to experienced investors well known to Northern Trust. Underwriting standards generally reflect conservative loan-to-value ratios and debt service coverage requirements. Recourse to borrowers through guarantees is also commonly required.

Provision and Allowance for Credit Losses

The provision for credit losses is the charge to current-period earnings that is determined by management, through a disciplined credit review process, to be the amount needed to maintain the allowance for credit losses at an appropriate

level to absorb probable credit losses that have been identified with specific borrower relationships (specific loss component) and for probable losses that

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ASSET QUALITY (continued)

Provision and Allowance for Credit Losses (continued)

are believed to be inherent in the loan and lease portfolios, undrawn commitments and standby letters of credit (inherent loss component). Control processes and analyses employed to evaluate the appropriateness of the allowance for credit losses are reviewed on at least an annual basis and modified as necessary.

The amount of specific allowance is determined through an individual evaluation of loans and lending-related commitments considered impaired that is based on expected future cash flows, collateral value and other factors that may impact the borrower's ability to pay. The inherent component of the allowance addresses exposure relating to probable but unidentified credit-related losses. The inherent component of the allowance also covers the credit exposure associated with undrawn loan commitments and standby letters of credit. To estimate the allowance for credit losses on these instruments, management uses conversion rates to determine the estimated amount that will be drawn and assigns an allowance factor determined in accordance with the methodology utilized for outstanding loans. The provision for credit losses was a credit of \$3.0 million in the current quarter, compared to a credit provision of \$10.0 million in the prior-year quarter. Net charge-offs were \$2.4 million, resulting from \$4.9 million of charge-offs and \$2.5 million of recoveries, compared to \$2.6 million of net charge-offs in the prior-year quarter, resulting from \$6.1 million of charge-offs and \$3.5 million of recoveries. Residential real estate loans accounted for 65% and 76% of total nonperforming loans and leases at June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

Note 7 to the consolidated financial statements includes a table that details the changes in the allowance for credit losses during the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 due to charge-offs, recoveries and provisions for credit losses.

The following table shows the specific portion of the allowance and the inherent portion of the allowance and its components by loan and lease segment and class.

Table 24: Allocation of the Allowance for Credit Losses

	June 30, 2016		March 31	1, 2016 June 30,		2015	
	Percent of		Percent of	Percent of			
(\$ In Millians)	Allowand	eLoans to	Allowand	ceLoans to	Allowan	AllowanceLoans to	
(\$ In Millions)	Amount	Total	Amount	Total	Amount	Total	
		Loans		Loans		Loans	
Specific Allowance	\$1.3	%	\$1.4	%	\$15.3	%	
Allocated Inherent Allowance							
Commercial							
Commercial and Institutional	38.9	29	38.6	29	66.7	27	
Commercial Real Estate	70.5	11	74.2	12	67.8	11	
Lease Financing, net	1.7	1	1.1	1	3.6	3	
Non-U.S.	_	6	_	5	2.2	5	
Other	2.5	1	_	1		1	
Total Commercial	113.6	48	113.9	48	140.3	47	
Personal							
Residential Real Estate	91.0	24	95.2	25	99.2	28	
Private Client	21.2	28	19.5	27	19.4	25	
Other			2.6				
Total Personal	112.2	52	117.3	52	118.6	53	
Total Allocated Inherent Allowance	\$225.8	100 %	\$231.2	100 %	\$258.9	100 %	
Total Allowance for Credit Losses	\$227.1		\$232.6		\$274.2		
Allowance Assigned to							
Loans and Leases	\$192.0		\$195.6		\$257.3		
Undrawn Commitments and Standby Letters of Credit	35.1		37.0		16.9		
Total Allowance for Credit Losses	\$227.1		\$232.6		\$274.2		
	0.56 %	1	0.57 %)	0.78 %)	

Allowance Assigned to Loans and Leases to Total Loans and Leases

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MARKET RISK MANAGEMENT

Northern Trust faces two primary types of market risk through its business operations: interest rate risk, which is the potential for movements in interest rates to cause changes in earnings and the economic value of equity; and trading risk, which is the potential for movements in market variables such as foreign exchange rates and interest rates to cause changes in the value of trading positions.

Northern Trust uses two primary measurement techniques to manage interest rate risk: sensitivity of earnings (SOE) and sensitivity of economic value of equity (SEVE). SOE provides management with a short-term view of the impact of interest rate changes on future earnings. SEVE provides management with a long-term view of interest rate changes on the economic value of equity as of the period-end balance sheet. Both simulation models use the same initial market interest rates and product balances. These two techniques, which are performed monthly, are complementary and are used in concert to provide a comprehensive interest rate risk management capability.

As part of its risk management activities, Northern Trust also regularly measures the risk of loss associated with foreign currency positions using a Value-at-Risk (VaR) model. The following information about Northern Trust's management of market risk should be read in conjunction with the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015.

Sensitivity of Earnings — The modeling of SOE incorporates on-balance-sheet positions, as well as derivative financial instruments (principally interest rate swaps) that are used to manage interest rate risk. Northern Trust uses market-implied forward interest rates as the base case and measures the sensitivity (i.e. change) in earnings if future rates are 100 or 200 basis points higher than base case forward rates. The following table shows the estimated impact on the next twelve months of pre-tax earnings of 100 and 200 basis point upward movements in interest rates relative to forward rates. Given the low level of interest rates, the simulation of earnings for rates 100 and 200 basis points lower would not provide meaningful results.

Table 25: Interest Rate Risk Simulation of Pre-Tax Earnings Excluding Fee Waivers

Increase/(Decrease)
(\$ In Millions)

Estimated Impact on
Next Twelve Months of

Pre-Tax Earnings

Increase in Interest Rates Above Market-Implied Forward Rates

100 Basis Points \$ 32 200 Basis Points 18

The simulations of earnings incorporate several assumptions but do not incorporate any management actions that may be used to mitigate negative consequences of actual interest rate movements. For that reason and others, they do not reflect the likely actual results but serve as conservative estimates of interest rate risk. SOE is not directly comparable to actual results disclosed elsewhere or directly predictive of future values of other measures provided. Sensitivity of Economic Value of Equity — Economic value of equity is defined as the present value of assets minus the present value of liabilities, net of the value of instruments that are used to manage the interest rate risk of balance sheet items. The potential effect of interest rate changes on economic equity is derived from the impact of such changes on projected future cash flows and the present value of these cash flows and is then compared to the established limit. Northern Trust uses current market rates (and the future rates implied by these market rates) as the base case and measures the sensitivity (i.e. change) if current rates are immediately increased by 100 or 200 basis points. The following table shows the estimated impact on economic value of equity of 100 and 200 basis point upward movements from current interest rates. Given the low level of interest rates and assumed interest rate floors as rates approach zero, the simulation of the economic value of equity for rates 100 or 200 basis points lower would not provide meaningful results.

Table 26: Interest Rate Risk Simulation of Economic Value of Equity as of June 30, 2016

Increase/(Decrease)
Estimated Impact on
Economic Value of Equity

(\$ In Millions)

Increase in Interest Rates Above Market Rates 100 Basis Points

106 200 Basis Points (115)

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MARKET RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

The simulations of economic value of equity incorporate several assumptions but do not incorporate any management actions that may be used to mitigate negative consequences of actual interest rate movements. For that reason and others, they do not reflect the likely actual results but serve as conservative estimates of interest rate risk. SEVE is not directly comparable to actual results disclosed elsewhere or directly predictive of future values of other measures provided.

Foreign Currency Value-At-Risk (VaR) — Northern Trust measures daily the risk of loss associated with all non-U.S. currency positions using a VaR model and applying the historical simulation methodology. This statistical model provides estimates, based on a variety of high confidence levels, of the potential loss in value that might be incurred if an adverse shift in non-U.S. currency exchange rates were to occur over a small number of days. The model incorporates foreign currency and interest rate volatilities and correlations in price movements among the currencies. VaR is computed for each trading desk and for the global portfolio.

Northern Trust monitors several variations of the foreign exchange VaR measures to meet specific regulatory and internal management needs. Variations include different methodologies (historical, variance-covariance and Monte Carlo), equally-weighted and exponentially-weighted volatilities, horizons of one day and ten days, confidence levels ranging from 95% to 99.95% and look-back periods of one year and four years. The table below presents the levels of total regulatory VaR and its subcomponents for global foreign currency as of June 30, 2016 and March 31, 2016, based on the historical simulation methodology, a 99% confidence level, a one-day horizon and equally-weighted volatility. The total VaR for foreign currency is typically less than the sum of its two components due to diversification benefits derived from the two subcomponents.

Table 27: Foreign Currency Value-At-Risk

					Forei	gn
	Total VaR	_	Foreign E	Exchange	Exch	ange
	(Spot and Forward)		Spot VaR		Forward	
					VaR	
(\$ In Millions)	June 30, 2016	March 31, 2016		March 31, 2016	30,	March 31, 2016
High	\$ 0.6	\$ 0.7	\$ 0.5	\$ 0.6	\$0.5	\$ 0.6
Low	0.2	0.2	_	_	0.2	0.2
Average	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3
Ouarter-End	0.5	0.5	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4

The tables below present reconciliations of interest income, net interest income, net interest margin, and revenue prepared in accordance with GAAP to such measures on an FTE basis, which are non-GAAP financial measures. Management believes this presentation provides a clearer indication of these financial measures for comparative purposes. When adjusted to an FTE basis, yields on taxable, nontaxable and partially taxable assets are comparable; however, the adjustment to an FTE basis has no impact on net income.

Table 28: Reconciliation of Reported Revenue and Net Interest Income to Fully Taxable Equivalent

	Three Mont	hs Ended				•
	June 30, 20	16		June 30, 2	2015	
(\$ In Millions)	Reported	FTE Adj.	FTE	Reported	FTE Adj.	FTE
Interest Income	\$344.7	\$ 6.9	\$351.6	\$288.8	\$ 6.4	\$295.2
Interest Expense	45.0		45.0	37.6		37.6
Net Interest Income	\$299.7	\$ 6.9	\$306.6	\$251.2	\$ 6.4	\$257.6
Net Interest Margin	1.13 %		1.16 %	0.97 %		1.00 %
Revenue	\$1,316.7	\$ 6.9	\$1,323.6	1,255.9	6.4	1,262.3
	Six Months	Ended				

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(\$ In Millions)	June 30, 20 Reported	16 FTE Adj.	FTE	June 30, 20 Reported	15 FTE Adj.	FTE
Interest Income	\$696.7	\$ 13.1	\$709.8	\$587.6	\$ 12.6	\$600.2
Interest Expense	89.2		89.2	75.8		75.8
Net Interest Income	\$607.5	\$ 13.1	\$620.6	\$511.8	\$ 12.6	\$524.4
Net Interest Margin	1.16 %		1.18 %	1.02 %		1.04 %
Revenue	\$2,506.7	\$ 13.1	\$2,519.8	\$2,390.4	\$ 12.6	\$2,403.0
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Table of Contents FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This report may include statements which constitute "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward-looking statements are identified typically by words or phrases such as "believe," "expect," "anticipate," "intend," "estimate," "project," "likely," "plan," "goal, "strategy," and similar expressions or future or conditional verbs such as "may," "will," "should," "would," and "could." Forward-looking statements include statements, other than those related to historical facts, that relate to Northern Trust's financial results and outlook, capital adequacy, dividend policy, accounting estimates and assumptions, credit quality including allowance levels, future pension plan contributions, anticipated tax benefits, anticipated expense levels, spending related to technology and regulatory initiatives, risk management policies, contingent liabilities, strategic initiatives, industry trends, and expectations regarding the impact of recent legislation and accounting pronouncements. These statements are based on Northern Trust's current beliefs and expectations of future events or future results, and involve risks and uncertainties that are difficult to predict and subject to change. These statements are also based on assumptions about many important factors, including:

financial market disruptions or economic recession, whether in the United States, Europe, the Middle East, Asia or other regions;

volatility or changes in financial markets, including debt and equity markets, that impact the value, liquidity, or credit ratings of financial assets in general, or financial assets held in particular investment funds or client portfolios, including those funds, portfolios, and other financial assets with respect to which Northern Trust has taken, or may in the future take, actions to provide asset value stability or additional liquidity;

the impact of equity markets on fee revenue;

the voluntary departure of the United Kingdom from the European Union pursuant to the "Brexit" referendum and the impact thereof on financial markets and economic conditions across the globe;

the downgrade of U.S. government-issued and other securities;

changes in foreign exchange trading client volumes and volatility in foreign currency exchange rates, changes in the valuation of the U.S. dollar relative to other currencies in which Northern Trust records revenue or accrues expenses, and Northern Trust's success in assessing and mitigating the risks arising from all such changes and volatility; a decline in the value of securities held in Northern Trust's investment portfolio, particularly asset-backed securities, the liquidity and pricing of which may be negatively impacted by periods of economic turmoil and financial market disruptions;

Northern Trust's ability to address operating risks, including cyber-security or data security breach risks, human errors or omissions, pricing or valuation of securities, fraud, systems performance or defects, systems interruptions, and breakdowns in processes or internal controls;

Northern Trust's success in responding to and investing in changes and advancements in technology;

a significant downgrade of any of Northern Trust's debt ratings;

the health and soundness of the financial institutions and other counterparties with which Northern Trust conducts business;

uncertainties inherent in the complex and subjective judgments required to assess credit risk and establish appropriate allowances therefor;

the pace and extent of continued globalization of investment activity and growth in worldwide financial assets; changes in interest rates or in the monetary or other policies of various regulatory authorities or central banks; changes in the legal, regulatory and enforcement framework and oversight applicable to financial institutions, including changes that may affect leverage limits and risk-based capital and liquidity requirements, require financial institutions to pay higher assessments, expose financial institutions to certain liabilities of their subsidiary depository institutions, or restrict or increase the regulation of certain activities carried on by financial institutions, including Northern Trust:

•ncreased costs of compliance and other risks associated with changes in regulation, the current regulatory environment, and areas of increased regulatory emphasis and oversight in the United States and other countries, such

as anti-money laundering, anti-bribery, and client privacy;

failure to satisfy regulatory standards or to obtain regulatory approvals when required, including for the use and distribution of capital;

changes in tax laws, accounting requirements or interpretations and other legislation in the United States or other countries that could affect Northern Trust or its clients;

geopolitical risks and the risks of extraordinary events such as natural disasters, terrorist events and war, and the responses of the United States and other countries to those events;

changes in the nature and activities of Northern Trust's competition;

Northern Trust's success in maintaining existing business and continuing to generate new business in existing and targeted markets and its ability to deploy deposits in a profitable manner consistent with its liquidity requirements; Northern Trust's ability to address the complex needs of a global client base and manage compliance with legal, tax, regulatory and other requirements;

Northern Trust's ability to maintain a product mix that achieves acceptable margins;

Northern Trust's ability to continue to develop investment products and generate investment results that satisfy clients;

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FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS (continued)

Northern Trust's success in recruiting and retaining the necessary personnel to support business growth and expansion and maintain sufficient expertise to support increasingly complex products and services;

Northern Trust's success in controlling expenses and implementing revenue enhancement initiatives; uncertainties inherent in Northern Trust's assumptions concerning its pension plan, including discount rates and expected contributions, returns and payouts;

Northern Trust's success in improving risk management practices and controls and managing risks inherent in its businesses, including credit risk, operational risk, market and liquidity risk, fiduciary risk, compliance risk and strategic risk;

risks and uncertainties inherent in the litigation and regulatory process, including the adequacy of contingent liability, tax, and other accruals;

risks associated with being a holding company, including Northern Trust's dependence on dividends from its principal subsidiary;

the risk of damage to Northern Trust's reputation which may undermine the confidence of clients, counterparties, rating agencies, and stockholders; and

other factors identified elsewhere in the Corporation's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015, including those factors described in Item 1A, "Risk Factors," and other filings with the SEC, all of which are available on Northern Trust's website.

Actual results may differ materially from those expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements. The information contained herein is current only as of the date of that information. All forward-looking statements included in this document are based upon information presently available, and Northern Trust assumes no obligation to update its forward-looking statements.

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Item 1. Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS NORTHERN TRUST CORPORATION

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS NORTHERN TRUST CORPOR		
(In Millions Except Share Information)	June 30,	December
(iii willions Except onate information)	2016	31, 2015
	(Unaudited)	
Assets	,	
Cash and Due from Banks	\$5,312.1	\$6,418.5
Federal Reserve and Other Central Bank Deposits	23,035.8	23,695.5
Interest-Bearing Deposits with Banks	6,991.7	6,872.2
Federal Funds Sold and Securities Purchased under Agreements to Resell	1,862.7	1,614.2
Securities		
Available for Sale	34,632.1	32,317.9
Held to Maturity (Fair value of \$6,376.2 and \$5,227.5)	6,370.9	5,248.3
Trading Account	3.1	1.2
· ·		
Total Securities	41,006.1	37,567.4
Loans and Leases		
Commercial	16,672.0	15,156.5
Personal	17,885.1	18,024.4
Total Loans and Leases (Net of unearned income of \$63.5 and \$103.6)	34,557.1	33,180.9
Allowance for Credit Losses Assigned to Loans and Leases	(192.0)	(193.8)
Buildings and Equipment	434.0	446.9
Client Security Settlement Receivables	2,217.0	2,157.0
•	*	*
Goodwill	527.8	526.4
Other Assets	5,757.3	4,464.4
Total Assets	\$121,509.6	\$116,749.6
Liabilities		
Deposits		
Demand and Other Noninterest-Bearing	\$23,831.3	\$23,435.5
Savings and Money Market	15,669.8	15,035.9
·	1,403.1	•
Savings Certificates and Other Time	-	1,455.8
Non U.S. Offices — Noninterest-Bearing	7,635.2	6,719.9
— Interest-Bearing	50,547.5	50,221.8
Total Deposits	99,086.9	96,868.9
Federal Funds Purchased	306.0	351.5
Securities Sold Under Agreements to Repurchase	565.5	546.6
Other Borrowings	6,037.6	4,055.1
Senior Notes	1,496.2	1,497.4
Long-Term Debt	1,418.8	1,371.3
		•
Floating Rate Capital Debt	277.4	277.3
Other Liabilities	3,369.7	3,075.6
Total Liabilities	112,558.1	108,043.7
Stockholders' Equity		
Preferred Stock, No Par Value; Authorized 10,000,000 shares:		
Series C, outstanding shares of 16,000	388.5	388.5
Common Stock, \$1.66 2/3 Par Value; Authorized 560,000,000 shares;		
Outstanding shares of 226,590,921 and 229,293,783	408.6	408.6
Additional Paid-In Capital	1,040.2	1,072.3
Retained Earnings	8,566.3	8,242.8
Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	(239.6)	(372.7)

Treasury Stock (18,580,603 and 15,877,741 shares, at cost) (1,212.5) (1,033.6)
Total Stockholders' Equity 8,951.5 8,705.9
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity \$121,509.6 \$116,749.6

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.

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CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME	Y NODTHEDN TRIEST CORDOD ATION
(UNAUDITED)	NORTHERN TRUST CORPORATION

(CIMODILLE)		Six Months Ended June
(In Millions Except Share Information)	June 30, 2016 2015	30, 2016 2015
Noninterest Income	2010 2013	2010 2013
Trust, Investment and Other Servicing Fees	\$777.2 \$ 756.8	\$1,525.4 \$1,484.3
Foreign Exchange Trading Income	64.4 74.8	124.9 146.4
Treasury Management Fees	16.0 16.1	32.2 32.4
Security Commissions and Trading Income	20.6 20.0	39.5 39.8
Other Operating Income	141.2 137.4	179.3 176.0
Investment Security Gains (Losses), net (Note)		(2.1) (0.3)
Total Noninterest Income	1,017.0 1,004.7	1,899.2 1,878.6
Net Interest Income	,	,
Interest Income	344.7 288.8	696.7 587.6
Interest Expense	45.0 37.6	89.2 75.8
Net Interest Income	299.7 251.2	607.5 511.8
Provision for Credit Losses	(3.0) (10.0	(1.0) (14.5)
Net Interest Income after Provision for Credit Losses	302.7 261.2	608.5 526.3
Noninterest Expense		
Compensation	389.5 361.9	768.3 716.2
Employee Benefits	72.2 73.2	142.8 146.1
Outside Services	159.0 147.2	308.9 282.3
Equipment and Software	118.0 114.4	232.2 224.7
Occupancy	45.3 43.0	86.2 86.0
Other Operating Expense	141.0 114.8	215.4 188.2
Total Noninterest Expense	925.0 854.5	1,753.8 1,643.5
Income before Income Taxes	394.7 411.4	753.9 761.4
Provision for Income Taxes	134.0 142.2	251.4 261.5
Net Income	\$260.7 \$ 269.2	\$502.5 \$499.9
Preferred Stock Dividends	5.8 5.8	11.7 11.7
Net Income Applicable to Common Stock	\$254.9 \$ 263.4	\$490.8 \$488.2
Per Common Share		
Net Income — Basic	\$1.10 \$ 1.11	\$2.11 \$2.06
— Diluted	1.09 1.10	2.10 2.04
Average Number of Common Shares Outstanding — Basic	227,535, 723 B,149,020	0 228,077,39 2 33,264,453
— Diluted	229,197,0235,232,833	5 229,588,35 2 35,260,611
Note: Changes in Other-Than-Temporary-Impairment (OTTI) Losses	\$(2.4) \$ —	\$(2.4) \$—
Noncredit-related OTTI Losses Recorded in/(Reclassified from) OCI		_ _ _
Other Security Gains, net	— (0.4	0.3 (0.3)
Investment Security Gains (Losses), net	\$(2.4) \$ (0.4)	\$(2.1) \$(0.3)
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF		
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME NORTHERN TRUST CORPO (UNAUDITED)	ORATION	
	Three Months S	Six Months
		Ended June 30,
(In Millions)		2016 2015

Net Income	\$260.7	\$269.2	\$502.5	\$499.9
Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) (Net of Tax and Reclassifications)				
Net Unrealized Gains on Securities Available for Sale	33.5	(22.4)	108.2	31.7
Net Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Cash Flow Hedges	0.5	3.2	6.6	2.1
Foreign Currency Translation Adjustments	6.3	5.8	10.2	(0.1)
Pension and Other Postretirement Benefit Adjustments	4.0	6.1	8.1	12.3
Other Comprehensive Income	44.3	(7.3)	133.1	46.0
Comprehensive Income	\$305.0	\$261.9	\$635.6	\$545.9
See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.				

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CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (UNAUDITED)

NORTHERN TRUST CORPORATION

*		
2016	2015	
\$388.5	\$388.5	
408.6	408.6	
-		
)
(3.2)	15.4	
1,040.2	1,044.6	
8,242.8	7,625.4	
502.5	499.9	
(167.3)	(163.8)
(11.7)	(11.7)
8,566.3	7,949.8	
(372.7)	(319.7)
108.2	31.7	
6.6	2.1	
10.2	(0.1))
8.1	12.3	
(239.6)	(273.7)
(1,033.6)	(704.8)
102.2	140.2	
(281.1)	(203.9)
(1,212.5)	(768.5)
\$8,951.5	\$8,749.3	3
	June 30, 2016 \$388.5 408.6 1,072.2 (75.4) 46.6 (3.2) 1,040.2 8,242.8 502.5 (167.3) (11.7) 8,566.3 (372.7) 108.2 6.6 10.2 8.1 (239.6) (1,033.6) 102.2 (281.1) (1,212.5)	2016 2015 \$388.5 \$388.5 408.6 408.6 1,072.2 1,050.9 (75.4) (64.3 46.6 42.6 (3.2) 15.4 1,040.2 1,044.6 8,242.8 7,625.4 502.5 499.9 (167.3) (163.8 (11.7) (11.7 8,566.3 7,949.8 (372.7) (319.7 108.2 31.7 6.6 2.1 10.2 (0.1 8.1 12.3 (239.6) (273.7 (1,033.6) (704.8

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.

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CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED) NORTHERN TRUST CORPORATION

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED) NORTHERN T	Six Month	
	June 30,	
(In Millions)	2016	2015
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:		
Net Income	\$502.5	\$499.9
Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:		
Investment Security Losses, net	2.1	0.3
Amortization and Accretion of Securities and Unearned Income, net	37.2	27.5
Provision for Credit Losses	(1.0)	(14.5)
Depreciation on Buildings and Equipment	44.8	46.7
Amortization of Computer Software	135.8	126.6
Amortization of Intangibles	4.3	6.7
Pension Plan Contributions	(9.1)	(16.5)
Change in Receivables	(41.5)	(27.7)
Change in Interest Payable	(0.7)	(8.8)
Change in Collateral With Derivative Counterparties, net	(1,067.1)	1,152.4
Other Operating Activities, net	(120.4)	(265.4)
Net Cash (Used in) Provided by Operating Activities		1,527.2
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:	, , ,	
Net Change in Federal Funds Sold and Securities Purchased under Agreements to Resell	(249.9)	42.7
Change in Interest-Bearing Deposits with Banks	(56.1)	(3,001.4)
Net Change in Federal Reserve and Other Central Bank Deposits	101.4	1,855.1
Purchases of Securities — Held to Maturity	(2,576.5)	(4,712.9)
Proceeds from Maturity and Redemption of Securities — Held to Maturity	1,235.1	1,814.5
Purchases of Securities — Available for Sale	(6,554.3)	(5,507.2)
Proceeds from Sale, Maturity and Redemption of Securities — Available for Sale	4,432.3	3,237.4
Change in Loans and Leases	(1,373.3)	(1,328.4)
Purchases of Buildings and Equipment	(32.0)	(42.6)
Purchases and Development of Computer Software	(153.8)	(148.8)
Change in Client Security Settlement Receivables	(56.0)	(472.8)
Acquisition of a Subsidiary, Net of Cash Received	(16.9)	_
Other Investing Activities, net	369.6	595.9
Net Cash Used in Investing Activities	(4,930.4)	(7,668.5)
Cash Flows from Financing Activities:		
Change in Deposits	2,596.2	10,491.8
Change in Federal Funds Purchased	(45.5)	(581.6)
Change in Securities Sold under Agreements to Repurchase	18.9	(855.3)
Change in Short-Term Other Borrowings	1,996.2	1,545.2
Repayments of Senior Notes and Long-Term Debt	(2.8)	(228.4)
Treasury Stock Purchased	(281.1)	(203.9)
Net Proceeds from Stock Options	26.7	75.8
Cash Dividends Paid on Common Stock	(165.1)	(154.1)
Cash Dividends Paid on Preferred Stock	(11.7)	(15.3)
Other Financing Activities, net	(3.0)	155.7
Net Cash Provided by Financing Activities	4,128.8	10,229.9
Effect of Foreign Currency Exchange Rates on Cash	208.3	6.6
(Decrease) Increase in Cash and Due from Banks	(1,106.4)	4,095.2
Cash and Due from Banks at Beginning of Year	6,418.5	3,021.0

Cash and Due from Banks at End of Period	\$5,312.1	\$7,116.2
Supplemental Disclosures of Cash Flow Information:		
Interest Paid	\$89.7	\$85.6
Income Taxes Paid	413.4	224.1
Transfers from Loans to OREO	10.2	8.6

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

1. Basis of Presentation — The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Northern Trust Corporation (the Corporation) and its wholly-owned subsidiary, The Northern Trust Company (the Bank), and various other wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Corporation and the Bank. Throughout the notes, the term "Northern Trust" refers to the Corporation and its subsidiaries. Intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated. The consolidated financial statements, as of and for the periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, have not been audited by the Corporation's independent registered public accounting firm. In the opinion of management, all accounting entries and adjustments, including normal recurring accruals, necessary for a fair presentation of the financial position and the results of operations for the interim periods have been made. The accounting and financial reporting policies of Northern Trust conform to U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and reporting practices prescribed by the banking industry. Certain amounts in prior periods have been reclassified to conform with the current year's presentation. For a description of Northern Trust's significant accounting policies, refer to Note 1 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements in the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015.

Change in Presentation. Based on the increase in trade clearing activity taking place outside of the United States, during the three months ended June 30, 2016, Northern Trust became a participant in the Clearing House Automated Payment System (CHAPS) in the United Kingdom. In addition, Northern Trust anticipates becoming a participant in the European solution for securities settlements, the Target 2 Securities (T2S) platform, in early 2017. As a part of the implementation of these programs, management assessed the nature of Northern Trust's deposits with non-U.S. central banks and determined that they were similar to the deposits Northern Trust has with the Federal Reserve. As such, during the three months ended June 30, 2016, the presentation of non-U.S. central bank deposits was combined with the presentation of Federal Reserve deposits on a single financial statement line, Federal Reserve and Other Central Bank Deposits on the face of the consolidated balance sheets. Northern Trust determined that this change in presentation was material to the financial statements and has revised the prior period presentation of the consolidated balance sheets, statements of cash flows and applicable notes to the financial statements. This change in presentation has no impact on the consolidated statements of income, comprehensive income or changes in stockholders' equity.

The table below shows the effect of the change in presentation on the Corporation's consolidated balance sheets and statements of cash flows for the periods presented.

Table 29: Change in Presentation

Consolidated Balance Sheets	December 31, 2015
(In Millions)	Previously Reported Adjustment Revised
Cash and Due from Banks	\$6,444.6 \$ (26.1) \$6,418.5
Federal Reserve Deposits	16,398.5 (16,398.5) —
Federal Reserve and Other Central Bank Deposits	— 23,695.5 23,695.5
Interest-Bearing Deposits with Banks	14,143.1 (7,270.9) 6,872.2

Six Months	Ended June	30, 2015	
Previously	Adjustment	Revised	
Reported	Aujustinent		
\$(1,036.1)	\$(1,965.3)	\$(3,001.4)	
(102.4)	102.4		
	1,855.1	1,855.1	
(7,660.7)	(7.8)	(7,668.5)	
5.9	0.7	6.6	
	Previously Reported \$(1,036.1) (102.4) — (7,660.7)	— 1,855.1 (7,660.7) (7.8)	

Increase in Cash and Due from Banks	4,102.3	(7.1) 4,095.2
Cash and Due from Banks at Beginning of Year	3,050.6	(29.6) 3,021.0
Cash and Due from Banks at End of Period	7,152.9	(36.7) 7,116.2

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) (continued)

Footnote 14 Net Interest Income

Three Months Ended June

30, 2015

accounting for share-based payment transactions.

(In Millions) Previously Adjustment Revised Reported

Interest-Bearing Due from and Deposits with Banks \$28.7 \$ (6.0) \$22.7 Federal Reserve and Other Central Bank Deposits 10.7 6.0 16.7

Six Months Ended June 30,

2015

Previously Adjustment Revised Reported

Interest-Bearing Due from and Deposits with Banks \$55.3 \$ (12.5) \$ 42.8 Federal Reserve and Other Central Bank Deposits 21.1 12.5 33.6

2. Recent Accounting Pronouncements — In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2014-09, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606)" (ASU 2014-09). ASU 2014-09 is a converged standard between the FASB and the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) that provides a single comprehensive revenue recognition model for all contracts with customers across transactions and industries. The primary objective of ASU 2014-09 is revenue recognition that represents the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. ASU 2014-09 is effective for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017. Northern Trust is currently assessing the impact of adoption of ASU 2014-09. In January 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-01, "Financial Instruments - Overall (Subtopic 825-10): Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities" (ASU 2016-01). ASU 2016-01 requires equity investments (except those accounted for under the equity method or those that result in consolidation) to be measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in net income unless a policy election is made for investments without readily determinable fair values. Additionally, ASU 2016-01 requires public entities to use the exit price notion when measuring the fair value of financial instruments for measurement purposes and eliminates the requirement to disclose the method(s) and significant assumptions used to estimate the fair value of financial instruments measured at amortized cost on the balance sheet. Furthermore, it requires separate presentation of financial assets and financial liabilities by measurement category and form of financial asset on the balance sheet or the accompanying notes to the financial statements. ASU 2016-01 is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2017. Northern Trust is currently assessing the impact of adoption of ASU 2016-01. In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-02, "Leases (Topic 842)" (ASU 2016-02), ASU 2016-02 introduces a lessee model that brings most leases on the balance sheet, with certain specified scope exceptions. Specifically within the lessee model under ASU 2016-02, a lessee is required to recognize in the statement of financial position a liability to make lease payments, known as the lease liability, and a right-of-use asset representing its right to use the underlying asset over the lease term. While ASU 2016-02 retains a distinction between finance and operating leases similar to current GAAP, it eliminates the required use of bright-line tests for determining the lease classification. ASU 2016-02 is effective for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018, although early adoption is permitted. Northern Trust is currently assessing the impact of adoption of ASU 2016-02. In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-09, "Compensation - Stock Compensation (Topic 718): Improvements to Employee Share-Based Payment Accounting" (ASU 2016-09). ASU 2016-09 simplifies several aspects of the accounting for share-based payment transactions, including income tax consequences, classification of awards as either equity or liabilities, and classification on the statement of cash flows. ASU 2016-09 is effective for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2016, although early adoption is permitted. Northern Trust is currently assessing the impact of adoption of ASU 2016-09, and expects that, upon adoption, there will be increased volatility in Northern Trust's consolidated results of operations due to income tax consequences related to the

In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-13, "Financial Instruments - Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments" (ASU 2016-13). ASU 2016-13 significantly changes the way impairment of financial instruments is recognized by requiring immediate recognition of estimated credit losses expected to occur over the remaining life of financial instruments. The main provisions of ASU 2016-13 include (1) replacing the "incurred loss" approach under current GAAP with an "expected loss" model for instruments measured at amortized cost, (2) requiring entities to record an allowance for available-for-sale debt securities rather than reduce the carrying amount of the investments, as is required by the other-than-temporary-impairment model under current GAAP, and (3) a simplified accounting model for purchased credit-impaired debt securities and

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) (continued)

loans. ASU 2016-13 is effective for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019, although early adoption is permitted. Northern Trust is currently assessing the impact of adoption of ASU 2016-13.

3. Fair Value Measurements — Fair Value Hierarchy. The following describes the hierarchy of valuation inputs (Levels 1, 2, and 3) used to measure fair value and the primary valuation methodologies used by Northern Trust for financial instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis. Observable inputs reflect market data obtained from sources independent of the reporting entity; unobservable inputs reflect the entity's own assumptions about how market participants would value an asset or liability based on the best information available. GAAP requires an entity measuring fair value to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs and establishes a fair value hierarchy of inputs. Financial instruments are categorized within the hierarchy based on the lowest level input that is significant to their valuation. Northern Trust's policy is to recognize transfers into and transfers out of fair value levels as of the end of the reporting period in which the transfer occurred. No transfers between fair value levels occurred during the six months ended June 30, 2016 or the year ended December 31, 2015. Level 1 — Quoted, active market prices for identical assets or liabilities.

Northern Trust's Level 1 assets are comprised of available for sale investments in U.S. treasury securities. Level 2 — Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices, such as quoted active market prices for similar assets or liabilities, quoted prices for identical or similar assets in inactive markets, and model-derived valuations in which all significant inputs are observable in active markets.

Northern Trust's Level 2 assets include available for sale and trading account securities, the fair values of which are determined predominantly by external pricing vendors. Prices received from vendors are compared to other vendor and third-party prices. If a security price obtained from a pricing vendor is determined to exceed pre-determined tolerance levels that are assigned based on an asset type's characteristics, the exception is researched and, if the price is not able to be validated, an alternate pricing vendor is utilized, consistent with Northern Trust's pricing source hierarchy. As of June 30, 2016, Northern Trust's available for sale securities portfolio included 1,298 Level 2 securities with an aggregate market value of \$27.7 billion. All 1,298 securities were valued by external pricing vendors. As of December 31, 2015, Northern Trust's available for sale securities portfolio included 1,044 Level 2 securities with an aggregate market value of \$26.1 billion. All 1,044 securities were valued by external pricing vendors. Trading account securities, which totaled \$3.1 million and \$1.2 million as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively, were all valued using external pricing vendors.

Level 2 assets and liabilities also include derivative contracts which are valued internally using widely accepted income-based models that incorporate inputs readily observable in actively quoted markets and reflect the contractual terms of the contracts. Observable inputs include foreign exchange rates and interest rates for foreign exchange contracts; interest rates for interest rate swap contracts and forward contracts; and interest rates and volatility inputs for interest rate option contracts. Northern Trust evaluates the impact of counterparty credit risk and its own credit risk on the valuation of its derivative instruments. Factors considered include the likelihood of default by Northern Trust and its counterparties, the remaining maturities of the instruments, net exposures after giving effect to master netting arrangements or similar agreements, available collateral, and other credit enhancements in determining the appropriate fair value of derivative instruments. The resulting valuation adjustments have not been considered material. Level 3 — Valuation techniques in which one or more significant inputs are unobservable in the marketplace. Northern Trust's Level 3 assets consist of auction rate securities purchased in 2008 from Northern Trust clients. To estimate the fair value of auction rate securities, for which trading is limited and market prices are generally unavailable, Northern Trust developed and maintains a pricing model that discounts estimated cash flows over their estimated remaining lives. Significant inputs to the model include the contractual terms of the securities, credit risk ratings, discount rates, forward interest rates, credit/liquidity spreads, and Northern Trust's own assumptions about the estimated remaining lives of the securities. The significant unobservable inputs used in the fair value measurement are Northern Trust's own assumptions about the estimated remaining lives of the securities and the applicable discount rates. Significant increases (decreases) in the estimated remaining lives or the discount rates in isolation would result

in a significantly lower (higher) fair value measurement.

Northern Trust's Level 3 liabilities consist of swaps that Northern Trust entered into with the purchaser of 1.1 million and 1.0 million shares of Visa Inc. Class B common stock (Visa Class B common shares) previously held by Northern Trust and sold in June 2016 and 2015, respectively. Pursuant to the swaps, Northern Trust retains the risks associated with the ultimate conversion of the Visa Class B common shares into shares of Visa Inc. Class A common stock (Visa Class A common shares), such that the

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) (continued)

counterparty will be compensated for any dilutive adjustments to the conversion ratio and Northern Trust will be compensated for any anti-dilutive adjustments to the ratio. The swaps also require periodic payments from Northern Trust to the counterparty calculated by reference to the market price of Visa Class A common shares and a fixed rate of interest. The fair value of the swaps is determined using a discounted cash flow methodology. The significant unobservable inputs used in the fair value measurement are Northern Trust's own assumptions about estimated changes in the conversion rate of the Visa Class B common shares into Visa Class A common shares, the date on which such conversion is expected to occur and the estimated growth rate of the Visa Class A common share price. See "Visa Class B Common Shares" under Note 19 — Contingent Liabilities for further information.

Northern Trust believes its valuation methods for its assets and liabilities carried at fair value are appropriate; however, the use of different methodologies or assumptions, particularly as applied to Level 3 assets and liabilities, could have a material effect on the computation of their estimated fair values.

The following presents the fair values of, and the valuation techniques, significant unobservable inputs, and quantitative information used to develop significant unobservable inputs for, Northern Trust's Level 3 assets and liabilities as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015.

Table 30: Level 3 Significant Unobservable Inputs

-	June 30, 2016			
Financial Instrument	Fair Value	Valuation Technique	Unobservable Inputs	Range of Lives and Rates
Auction Rate Securities	\$6.1 million	Discounted Cash Flow	ε	
			Discount rates	0.5 % 2.5 %
	\$28.7 million	Discounted Cash	Visa Class A Appreciation	
Swaps Related to Sale of Certain		Flow	Conversion Rate	1.63x 1.65x
Visa Class B Common Shares	sa Class B Common Shares Expe		Expected Duration	$2.00 \frac{5.00}{\text{years}}$
	December 31,	2015		
Financial Instrument	Fair Value	Valuation Technique	Unobservable Inputs	Range of Lives and Rates
Auction Rate Securities	\$17.1 million	Discounted Cash Flow	Remaining lives	$0.42 \frac{8.64}{\text{years}}$
		1 10 W	Discount rates	0.3 % 4.4%
	\$10.8 million	Discounted Cash	Visa Class A Appreciation	9.5 % 45.0%
Swap Related to Sale of Certain		Flow	Conversion Rate	1.61x 1. 65x
Visa Class B Common Shares			Expected Duration	$1.50 \qquad \frac{4.50}{\text{years}}$

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) (continued)

The following tables present assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, segregated by fair value hierarchy level.

Table 31: Recurring Basis Hierarchy Leveling

(In Millions)	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Netting	Assets/Liabilities at Fair Value
June 30, 2016					
Securities					
Available for Sale					
U.S. Government	\$6,889.3	\$—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 6,889.3
Obligations of States and Political Subdivisions		643.6	_	_	643.6
Government Sponsored Agency	_	17,437.0		_	17,437.0
Non-U.S. Government	_	280.7		_	280.7
Corporate Debt	_	4,001.4		_	4,001.4
Covered Bonds	_	1,376.6		_	1,376.6
Sub-Sovereign, Supranational and Non-U.S. Agency Bonds	; —	1,121.5		_	1,121.5
Other Asset-Backed		2,390.6		_	2,390.6
Auction Rate	_	_	6.1	_	6.1
Commercial Mortgage-Backed		410.9		_	410.9
Other		74.4		_	74.4
Total Available for Sale	6,889.3	27,736.7	6.1	_	34,632.1
Trading Account		3.1		_	3.1
Total Available for Sale and Trading Securities	6,889.3	27,739.8	6.1	_	34,635.2
Other Assets					
Derivative Assets					
Foreign Exchange Contracts	_	4,737.7		_	4,737.7
Interest Rate Contracts		374.5		_	374.5
Total Derivative Assets		5,112.2		(2,606.4)	2,505.8
Other Liabilities					
Derivative Liabilities					
Foreign Exchange Contracts		4,695.2		_	4,695.2
Interest Rate Contracts		269.4			269.4
Other Financial Derivatives (1)		0.1	28.7		28.8
Total Derivative Liabilities	\$	\$4,964.7	\$ 28.7	\$(3,778.3)	\$ 1,215.1
Note: North and Trust has alosted to not derivative assets and	J 11 la 11 (4)		-11 f-		

Note: Northern Trust has elected to net derivative assets and liabilities when legally enforceable master netting arrangements or similar agreements exist between Northern Trust and the counterparty. As of June 30, 2016, derivative assets and liabilities shown above also include reductions of \$205.8 million and \$1.4 billion, respectively, as a result of cash collateral received from and deposited with derivative counterparties.

⁽¹⁾ This line includes swaps related to the sale of certain Visa Class B common shares and credit default swap contracts.

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) (continued)

(In Millions)	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Netting	Assets/Liabilities at Fair Value
December 31, 2015					
Securities					
Available for Sale					
U.S. Government	\$6,178.3	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 6,178.3
Obligations of States and Political Subdivisions	_	36.4			36.4
Government Sponsored Agency	_	16,366.8			16,366.8
Non-U.S. Government	_	309.5			309.5
Corporate Debt	_	3,712.2			3,712.2
Covered Bonds	_	1,870.2			1,870.2
Sub-Sovereign, Supranational and Non-U.S. Agency Bonds	_	859.4			859.4
Other Asset-Backed	_	2,500.1			2,500.1
Auction Rate		_	17.1	_	17.1
Commercial Mortgage-Backed		374.4			374.4
Other	_	93.5			93.5
Total Available for Sale	6,178.3	26,122.5	17.1		32,317.9
Trading Account		1.2	_		1.2
Total Available for Sale and Trading Securities	6,178.3	26,123.7	17.1		32,319.1
Other Assets					
Derivative Assets					
Foreign Exchange Contracts		2,623.4	_		2,623.4
Interest Rate Contracts		228.5	_		228.5
Total Derivative Assets		2,851.9	_	(1,600.2)	1,251.7
Other Liabilities					
Derivative Liabilities					
Foreign Exchange Contracts	_	2,519.4			2,519.4
Interest Rate Contracts	_	131.2			131.2
Other Financial Derivatives (1)		0.1	10.8	_	10.9
Total Derivative Liabilities	\$ —	\$2,650.7	\$ 10.8	\$(1,717.6)	\$ 943.9
Other Liabilities Derivative Liabilities Foreign Exchange Contracts Interest Rate Contracts Other Financial Derivatives (1) Total Derivative Liabilities		2,519.4 131.2 0.1 \$2,650.7	 10.8 \$ 10.8	_ _ _	2,519.4 131.2 10.9 \$ 943.9

Note: Northern Trust has elected to net derivative assets and liabilities when legally enforceable master netting arrangements or similar agreements exist between Northern Trust and the counterparty. As of December 31, 2015, derivative assets and liabilities shown above also include reductions of \$322.8 million and \$440.2 million, respectively, as a result of cash collateral received from and deposited with derivative counterparties.

⁽¹⁾ This line includes a swap related to the sale of certain Visa Class B common shares and total return swap contracts.

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) (continued)

The following tables present the changes in Level 3 assets and liabilities for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015.

Table 32: Changes in Level 3 Assets

2016	2015
\$16.6	\$17.5
	_
(0.2)	0.5
(10.0)	(1.2)
(0.3)	(0.2)
\$6.1	\$16.6
2016	2015
\$17.1	\$18.1
_	_
(0.6)	0.2
(10.1)	(1.2)
(0.3)	(0.5)
\$6.1	\$16.6
	(0.3) \$6.1 2016 \$17.1 — (0.6)

⁽¹⁾ Unrealized gains (losses) are included in net unrealized gains (losses) on securities available for sale in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income.

Table 33: Changes in Level 3 Liabilities

C .	Swaps Relate	d to Sale of		
Level 3 Liabilities (In Millions)	Certain Visa Class B Common Shares			
Three Months Ended June 30,	2016	2015		
Fair Value at April 1	\$ 9.7	\$ —		
Total (Gains) Losses:				
Included in Earnings (1)	4.9			
Included in Other Comprehensive Income				
Purchases, Issues, Sales, and Settlements				
Purchases	14.9	11.3		
Settlements	(0.8)			
Fair Value at June 30	\$ 28.7	\$ 11.3		

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) (continued)

Six Months Ended June 30,	2016	2015
Fair Value at January 1	\$10.8	\$—
Total (Gains) Losses:		
Included in Earnings (1)	4.6	
Included in Other Comprehensive Income		
Purchases, Issues, Sales, and Settlements		
Purchases	14.9	11.3
Settlements	(1.6)	
Fair Value at June 30	\$28.7	\$11.3

^{(1) (}Gains) losses are recorded in other operating income (expense) in the consolidated statements of income. During the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, there were no transfers into or out of Level 3 assets or liabilities.

Carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not measured at fair value on a recurring basis may be adjusted to fair value in periods subsequent to their initial recognition, for example, to record an impairment of an asset. GAAP requires entities to disclose separately these subsequent fair value measurements and to classify them under the fair value hierarchy.

Assets measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis at June 30, 2016 and 2015, all of which were categorized as Level 3 under the fair value hierarchy, were comprised of impaired loans whose values were based on real estate and other available collateral, and of other real estate owned (OREO) properties. Fair values of real-estate loan collateral were estimated using a market approach typically supported by third-party valuations and property-specific fees and taxes, and were subject to adjustments to reflect management's judgment as to realizable value. Other loan collateral, which typically consists of accounts receivable, inventory and equipment, is valued using a market approach adjusted for asset-specific characteristics and in limited instances third-party valuations are used. OREO assets are carried at the lower of cost or fair value less estimated costs to sell, with fair value typically based on third-party appraisals. Collateral-based impaired loans and OREO assets that have been adjusted to fair value totaled \$6.2 million and \$1.7 million, respectively, at June 30, 2016, and \$20.9 million and \$0.3 million, respectively, at June 30, 2015. Assets measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis reflect management's judgment as to realizable value.

The following table provides the fair value of, and the valuation technique, significant unobservable inputs and quantitative information used to develop the significant unobservable inputs for, Northern Trust's Level 3 assets that were measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015.

Table 34: Level 3 Nonrecurring Basis Significant Unobservable Inputs

	June 30, 201	б		
Financial Instrument	Fair Value	Valuation Technique	Unobservable Input	Range of Discounts Applied
Loans	\$6.2 million	Market Approach	Discount to reflect realizable value	15.0%-25.0%
OREO	\$1.7 million	Market Approach	Discount to reflect realizable value	15.0%-20.0%
	December 31	1, 2015		
Financial Instrument	Fair Value	Valuation Technique	Unobservable Input	Range of Discounts Applied

Loans \$10.4 million Market Approach Discount to reflect realizable value 15.0%-25.0% OREO \$3.6 million Market Approach Discount to reflect realizable value 15.0%-20.0%

Fair Value of Financial Instruments. GAAP requires disclosure of the estimated fair value of certain financial instruments and the methods and significant assumptions used to estimate fair value. It excludes from this requirement nonfinancial assets and liabilities, as well as a wide range of franchise, relationship and intangible values that add value to Northern Trust. Accordingly,

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) (continued)

the required fair value disclosures provide only a partial estimate of the fair value of Northern Trust. Financial instruments recorded at fair value in Northern Trust's consolidated balance sheets are discussed above. The following methods and assumptions were used in estimating the fair values of financial instruments that are not carried at fair value.

Held to Maturity Securities. The fair values of held to maturity securities, excluding U.S. treasury securities, were obtained from external pricing vendors, or in limited cases internally, using widely accepted models which are based on an income approach (discounted cash flow) that incorporates current market yield curves. The fair values of U.S. treasury securities were determined using quoted, active market prices for identical securities.

Loans (excluding lease receivables). The fair value of the loan portfolio was estimated using an income approach (discounted cash flow) that incorporates current market rates offered by Northern Trust as of the date of the consolidated financial statements. The fair values of all loans were adjusted to reflect current assessments of loan collectability. Loans held for sale are recorded at the lower of cost or fair value.

Federal Reserve and Federal Home Loan Bank Stock. The fair values of Federal Reserve and Federal Home Loan Bank stock are equal to their carrying values which represent redemption value.

Community Development Investments. The fair values of these instruments were estimated using an income approach (discounted cash flow) that incorporates current market rates.

Employee Benefit and Deferred Compensation. These assets include U.S. Treasury securities and investments in mutual and collective trust funds held to fund certain supplemental employee benefit obligations and deferred compensation plans. Fair values of U.S. Treasury securities were determined using quoted, active market prices for identical securities. The fair values of investments in mutual and collective trust funds were valued at the funds' net asset values based on a market approach.

Savings Certificates and Other Time Deposits. The fair values of these instruments were estimated using an income approach (discounted cash flow) that incorporates market interest rates currently offered by Northern Trust for deposits with similar maturities.

Senior Notes, Subordinated Debt, and Floating Rate Capital Debt. Fair values were determined using a market approach based on quoted market prices, when available. If quoted market prices were not available, fair values were based on quoted market prices for comparable instruments.

Federal Home Loan Bank Borrowings. The fair values of these instruments were estimated using an income approach (discounted cash flow) that incorporates market interest rates available to Northern Trust.

Loan Commitments. The fair values of loan commitments represent the estimated costs to terminate or otherwise settle the obligations with a third party adjusted for any related allowance for credit losses.

Standby Letters of Credit. The fair values of standby letters of credit are measured as the amount of unamortized fees on these instruments, inclusive of the related allowance for credit losses. Fees are determined by applying basis points to the principal amounts of the letters of credit.

Financial Instruments Valued at Carrying Value. Due to their short maturity, the carrying values of certain financial instruments approximated their fair values. These financial instruments include: cash and due from banks; federal funds sold and securities purchased under agreements to resell; interest-bearing deposits with banks; Federal Reserve and other central bank deposits; client security settlement receivables; non-U.S. offices interest-bearing deposits; federal funds purchased; securities sold under agreements to repurchase; and other borrowings (includes term federal funds purchased and other short-term borrowings). The fair values of demand, noninterest-bearing, savings, and money market deposits represent the amounts payable on demand as of the reporting date, although such deposits are typically priced at a premium in banking industry consolidations.

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) (continued)

The following tables summarize the fair values of all financial instruments.

Table 35: Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Table 35: Fair Value of Financial Instruments					
(In Millions)	June 30, 2	016			
	Book	Total	Fair Value	;	
	Value	Fair	Level 1	Level	Level 3
	varuc	Value	LCVCII	2	LCVCI 3
Assets					
Cash and Due from Banks	\$5,312.1	\$5,312.1	\$5,312.1	\$ —	\$ —
Federal Reserve and Other Central Bank Deposits	23,035.8	23,035.8	_	23,035	
Interest-Bearing Deposits with Banks	6,991.7	6,991.7	_	6,991.	
Federal Funds Sold and Resell Agreements	1,862.7	1,862.7	_	1,862.	7—
Securities					
Available for Sale (Note)	34,632.1	34,632.1	6,889.3	27,736	
Held to Maturity	6,370.9	6,376.2	8.0	6,368.	2—
Trading Account	3.1	3.1	_	3.1	_
Loans (excluding Leases)					
Held for Investment	33,984.1	34,346.5	_		34,346.5
Held for Sale	1.2	1.2	_	—	1.2
Client Security Settlement Receivables	2,217.0	2,217.0	_	2,217.	.0—
Other Assets					
Federal Reserve and Federal Home Loan Bank Stock	273.1	273.1		273.1	_
Community Development Investments	182.0	187.7		187.7	_
Employee Benefit and Deferred Compensation	166.8	169.7	116.1	53.6	_
Liabilities					
Deposits					
Demand, Noninterest-Bearing, Savings and Money Market	\$47,136.3	\$47,136.3	\$47,136.3	\$—	\$ —
Savings Certificates and Other Time	1,403.1	1,411.6	_	1,411.	6—
Non U.S. Offices Interest-Bearing	50,547.5	50,547.5	_	50,547	7. 5 –
Federal Funds Purchased	306.0	306.0		306.0	
Securities Sold under Agreements to Repurchase	565.5	565.5		565.5	
Other Borrowings	6,037.6	6,039.4		6,039.	4—
Senior Notes	1,496.2	1,589.7		1,589.	.7—
Long Term Debt (excluding Leases)					
Subordinated Debt	1,391.9	1,384.0		1,384.	0—
Floating Rate Capital Debt	277.4	241.4		241.4	_
Other Liabilities					
Standby Letters of Credit	44.2	44.2			44.2
Loan Commitments	45.5	45.5			45.5
Derivative Instruments					
Asset/Liability Management					
Foreign Exchange Contracts					
Assets	\$77.5	\$77.5	\$—	\$77.5	\$ —
Liabilities	41.5	41.5		41.5	
Interest Rate Contracts					
Assets	168.0	168.0	_	168.0	_
Liabilities	65.1	65.1	_	65.1	_
Other Financial Derivatives					
Liabilities (1)	28.8	28.8	_	0.1	28.7

Client-Related and Trading Foreign Exchange Contracts

1 oreign Exchange Contracts				
Assets	4,660.2	4,660.2	_	4,660.2—
Liabilities	4,653.7	4,653.7	_	4,653.7—
Interest Rate Contracts				
Assets	206.5	206.5		206.5 —
Liabilities	204.3	204.3		204.3 —

Note: Refer to the table located on page 37 for the disaggregation of available for sale securities.

⁽¹⁾ This line includes swaps related to the sale of certain Visa Class B common shares, credit default swaps and total return swaps.

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) (continued)

(In Millions)	December Book Value	31, 2015 Total Fair Value	Fair Value Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	3
Assets Cash and Due from Banks Federal Reserve and Other Central Bank Deposits Interest-Bearing Deposits with Banks Federal Funds Sold and Resell Agreements Securities	\$6,418.5 23,695.5 6,872.2 1,614.2	\$6,418.5 23,695.5 6,872.2 1,614.2	\$6,418.5 — — —	\$ — 23,695.5 6,872.2 1,614.2	_	
Available for Sale (Note) Held to Maturity Trading Account Loans (excluding Leases)	32,317.9 5,248.3 1.2	32,317.9 5,227.5 1.2	6,178.3 26.0	26,122.5 5,201.5 1.2		
Held for Investment Held for Sale	32,432.7 12.0	32,596.5 12.0	_	_	32,596 12.0	5.5
Client Security Settlement Receivables Other Assets	2,157.0	2,157.0	_	2,157.0	_	
Federal Reserve and Federal Home Loan Bank Stock Community Development Investments	253.1 173.5	253.1 177.1	_	253.1 177.1	_	
Employee Benefit and Deferred Compensation Liabilities Deposits	155.3	153.4	104.2	49.2	_	
Demand, Noninterest-Bearing, Savings and Money Market	\$45,191.3	\$45,191.3	\$45,191.3	\$ —	\$	_
Savings Certificates and Other Time	1,455.8	1,463.5	_	1,463.5		
Non U.S. Offices Interest-Bearing	50,221.8	50,221.8	_	50,221.8		
Federal Funds Purchased	351.5	351.5	_	351.5		
Securities Sold under Agreements to Repurchase	546.6	546.6	_	546.6		
Other Borrowings	4,055.1	4,055.7	_	4,055.7	_	
Senior Notes	1,497.4	1,531.8	_	1,531.8	_	
Long Term Debt (excluding Leases)						
Subordinated Debt	1,341.6	1,332.2		1,332.2		
Floating Rate Capital Debt Other Liabilities	277.3	236.6	_	236.6	_	
Standby Letters of Credit	46.6	46.6	_		46.6	
Loan Commitments	48.9	48.9			48.9	
Derivative Instruments Asset/Liability Management Foreign Exchange Contracts						
Assets	\$81.6	\$81.6	\$ —	\$ 81.6	\$	
Liabilities	19.0	19.0	_	19.0	_	
Interest Rate Contracts	17.0	17.0		17.0		
Assets	117.4	117.4		117.4	_	
Liabilities	22.7	22.7		22.7		
Other Financial Derivatives						
Liabilities (1)	10.9	10.9	_	0.1	10.8	
Client-Related and Trading						
Foreign Exchange Contracts						

Assets	2,541.8	2,541.8		2,541.8	
Liabilities	2,500.4	2,500.4	_	2,500.4	
Interest Rate Contracts					
Assets	111.1	111.1	_	111.1	_
Liabilities	108.5	108.5		108.5	_

Note: Refer to the table located on page 38 for the disaggregation of available for sale securities.

⁽¹⁾ This line consists of a swap related to the sale of certain Visa Class B common shares and total return swaps.

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) (continued)

4. Securities — The following tables provide the amortized cost and fair values of securities at June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015.

Table 36: Reconciliation of Amortized Cost to Fair Value of Securities Available for Sale

Securities Available for Sale	June 30, 2	016		
	Amortized	Gross		Fair
	Cost	Unrea		Value
(In Millions)			Losses	
U.S. Government	\$6,818.3	\$71.0	\$ <i>-</i>	\$6,889.3
Obligations of States and Political Subdivisions	641.7	1.9		643.6
Government Sponsored Agency	17,396.1	65.1	24.2	17,437.0
Non-U.S. Government	280.5	0.2		280.7
Corporate Debt	3,997.2	15.3	11.1	4,001.4
Covered Bonds	1,377.8	2.2	3.4	1,376.6
Sub-Sovereign, Supranational and Non-U.S. Agency Bonds		3.4	1.5	1,121.5
Other Asset-Backed	2,388.0	3.5	0.9	2,390.6
Auction Rate	6.3	—	0.2	6.1
Commercial Mortgage-Backed	408.0	2.9		410.9
Other	74.4			74.4
Total	\$34,507.9	\$165.5	5 \$41.3	\$34,632.1
Securities Available for Sale	December	31, 20	15	
	Amortized	Gross		Fair
	Cost	Unrea	lized	Value
(In Millions)	Cost	Gains	Losses	value
U.S. Government	\$6,180.4	\$3.4	\$5.5	\$6,178.3
	φο,1οο. ι	Ψ5.Τ	$\psi J.J$	Φ0,170.5
Obligations of States and Political Subdivisions	36.4	0.1	0.1	36.4
Obligations of States and Political Subdivisions Government Sponsored Agency				
-	36.4	0.1	0.1	36.4
Government Sponsored Agency	36.4 16,370.5	0.1 42.8	0.1 46.5	36.4 16,366.8
Government Sponsored Agency Non-U.S. Government	36.4 16,370.5 309.5	0.1 42.8 0.1	0.1 46.5 0.1	36.4 16,366.8 309.5
Government Sponsored Agency Non-U.S. Government Corporate Debt	36.4 16,370.5 309.5 3,744.4 1,873.3	0.1 42.8 0.1 0.9	0.1 46.5 0.1 33.1	36.4 16,366.8 309.5 3,712.2
Government Sponsored Agency Non-U.S. Government Corporate Debt Covered Bonds	36.4 16,370.5 309.5 3,744.4 1,873.3	0.1 42.8 0.1 0.9 1.8	0.1 46.5 0.1 33.1 4.9	36.4 16,366.8 309.5 3,712.2 1,870.2
Government Sponsored Agency Non-U.S. Government Corporate Debt Covered Bonds Sub-Sovereign, Supranational and Non-U.S. Agency Bonds	36.4 16,370.5 309.5 3,744.4 1,873.3 860.9	0.1 42.8 0.1 0.9 1.8 0.5	0.1 46.5 0.1 33.1 4.9 2.0	36.4 16,366.8 309.5 3,712.2 1,870.2 859.4
Government Sponsored Agency Non-U.S. Government Corporate Debt Covered Bonds Sub-Sovereign, Supranational and Non-U.S. Agency Bonds Other Asset-Backed	36.4 16,370.5 309.5 3,744.4 1,873.3 860.9 2,504.2	0.1 42.8 0.1 0.9 1.8 0.5 0.1	0.1 46.5 0.1 33.1 4.9 2.0 4.2	36.4 16,366.8 309.5 3,712.2 1,870.2 859.4 2,500.1
Government Sponsored Agency Non-U.S. Government Corporate Debt Covered Bonds Sub-Sovereign, Supranational and Non-U.S. Agency Bonds Other Asset-Backed Auction Rate	36.4 16,370.5 309.5 3,744.4 1,873.3 860.9 2,504.2 16.7	0.1 42.8 0.1 0.9 1.8 0.5 0.1	0.1 46.5 0.1 33.1 4.9 2.0 4.2 0.1	36.4 16,366.8 309.5 3,712.2 1,870.2 859.4 2,500.1 17.1
Government Sponsored Agency Non-U.S. Government Corporate Debt Covered Bonds Sub-Sovereign, Supranational and Non-U.S. Agency Bonds Other Asset-Backed Auction Rate Commercial Mortgage-Backed	36.4 16,370.5 309.5 3,744.4 1,873.3 860.9 2,504.2 16.7 378.1 93.4	0.1 42.8 0.1 0.9 1.8 0.5 0.1 0.5	0.1 46.5 0.1 33.1 4.9 2.0 4.2 0.1 3.7	36.4 16,366.8 309.5 3,712.2 1,870.2 859.4 2,500.1 17.1 374.4

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) (continued)

Table 37: Reconciliation of Amortized Cost to Fair Value of Securities Held to Maturity

Securities Held to Maturity	June 30, 2	2016		
(In Millions)	Amortize Cost	Unrea	lized Losses	Fair Value
U.S Government	\$8.0	\$	\$ <i>—</i>	\$8.0
Obligations of States and Political Subdivisions	77.1	4.7	_	81.8
Government Sponsored Agency	8.5	0.6	_	9.1
Corporate Debt	150.6	0.4	_	151.0
Covered Bonds	1,771.4	11.0	2.3	1,780.1
Non-U.S. Government	974.5	8.2	_	982.7
Certificates of Deposit	1,122.6	0.3	0.1	1,122.8
Sub-Sovereign, Supranational and Non-U.S. Agency Bonds	2,157.9	12.0	0.7	2,169.2
Other	100.3	0.7	29.5	71.5
Total	\$6,370.9	\$37.9	\$ 32.6	\$6,376.2
Securities Held to Maturity	Decembe	er 31, 20	015	
(In Millions)	Amortize Cost	Unrea	lized Losses	Fair Value
U.S Government	\$26.0	\$ —	\$ <i>—</i>	\$26.0
Obligations of States and Political Subdivisions	89.2	5.2	_	94.4
Government Sponsored Agency	9.9	0.7	_	10.6
Covered Bonds	892.4	0.4	1.9	890.9
Non-U.S. Government	1,118.0	4.8	0.5	1,122.3
Certificates of Deposit	691.6	0.1	0.1	691.6
Sub-Sovereign, Supranational and Non-U.S. Agency Bonds	2 226 2	8.3	0.9	2,333.6
	2,326.2	0.5	0.9	2,333.0

Securities held to maturity consist of debt securities that management intends to, and Northern Trust has the ability to, hold until maturity.

\$5,248.3 \$19.5 \$40.3 \$5,227.5

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) (continued)

The following table provides the remaining maturity of securities as of June 30, 2016.

Table 38: Remaining Maturity of Securities Available for Sale and Held to Maturity

June 30, 2	2016
Amortize	& air
Cost	Value
\$9,817.1	\$9,836.2
19,289.8	19,386.0
4,406.7	4,415.3
994.3	994.6
34,507.9	34,632.1
2,476.2	2,481.2
3,825.3	3,851.0
13.8	11.4
55.6	32.6
\$6,370.9	\$6,376.2
	Cost \$9,817.1 19,289.8 4,406.7 994.3 34,507.9 2,476.2 3,825.3 13.8 55.6

Note: Mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities are included in the above table taking into account anticipated future prepayments.

Investment Security Gains / Losses. Net investment security losses of \$2.4 million were recognized in the three months ended June 30, 2016, related to the other-than-temporary impairment (OTTI) of certain Community Reinvestment Act (CRA) eligible held to maturity securities. Net investment security losses of \$0.4 million were recognized in the three months ended June 30, 2015. Gross proceeds from the sale of securities during the three months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 were \$10.0 million and \$4.5 million, respectively.

There were \$2.1 million of net investment security losses recognized in the six months ended June 30, 2016, which include \$2.4 million of charges related to the other-than-temporary impairment (OTTI) of certain Community Reinvestment Act (CRA) eligible held to maturity securities. Net investment security losses of \$0.3 million were recognized in the six months ended June 30, 2015. For the six months ended June 30, 2016, proceeds of \$523.6 million were received from the sale of securities, resulting in gross realized gains of \$0.3 million. For the six months ended June 30, 2015, proceeds of \$106.5 million were received from the sale of securities, resulting in gross realized gains and losses of \$0.1 million and \$0.4 million, respectively.

Securities with Unrealized Losses. The following tables provide information regarding securities that had been in a continuous unrealized loss position for less than twelve months and for twelve months or longer as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015.

Table 39: Securities with Unrealized Losses

Securities with Unrealized Losses as of June 30,	Less than	n 12	12 Month	ns or	Total	
2016	Months		Longer			
(In Millions)	Fair	Unrealize	dFair	Unrealized	dFair	Unrealized
(III WIIIIOIIS)	Value	Losses	Value	Losses	Value	Losses
Government Sponsored Agency	\$5,410.2	\$ 16.3	\$1,351.7	\$ 7.9	\$6,761.9	\$ 24.2
Corporate Debt	523.5	2.5	1,016.1	8.6	1,539.6	11.1
Covered Bonds	847.2	3.1	141.2	2.6	988.4	5.7
Sub-Sovereign, Supranational and Non-U.S. Agency	570.3	1.1	148.9	1.1	719.2	2.2
Bonds	370.3	1.1	140.7	1.1	119.2	2.2
Other Asset-Backed	488.2	0.8	185.0	0.1	673.2	0.9
Certificates of Deposit	191.0	0.1		_	191.0	0.1
Auction Rate	_	_	5.5	0.2	5.5	0.2
Other	35.8	9.7	50.3	19.8	86.1	29.5

Total \$8,066.2 \$ 33.6 \$2,898.7 \$ 40.3 \$10,964.9 \$ 73.9

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) (continued)

Securities with Unrealized Losses as of December 31, 2015	Less than	12 Months	12 Month Longer	ns or	Total	
(In Milliana)	Fair	Unrealize	dFair	Unrealize	dFair	Unrealized
(In Millions)	Value	Losses	Value	Losses	Value	Losses
U.S. Government	\$3,888.0	\$ 5.5	\$ —	\$ —	\$3,888.0	\$ 5.5
Obligations of States and Political Subdivisions	15.1	0.1	_	_	15.1	0.1
Government Sponsored Agency	9,208.5	38.7	1,213.6	7.8	10,422.1	46.5
Non-U.S. Government	314.3	0.6	_	_	314.3	0.6
Corporate Debt	2,067.6	10.3	1,057.1	22.8	3,124.7	33.1
Covered Bonds	1,598.4	6.7	10.0	0.1	1,608.4	6.8
Sub-Sovereign, Supranational and Non-U.S. Agency	1,132.9	2.3	109.3	0.6	1,242.2	2.9
Bonds	1,132.9	2.3	109.3	0.0	1,242.2	2.9
Other Asset-Backed	2,122.7	4.0	170.6	0.2	2,293.3	4.2
Certificates of Deposit	180.3	0.1			180.3	0.1
Auction Rate	_	_	6.4	0.1	6.4	0.1
Commercial Mortgage-Backed	374.4	3.7	_	_	374.4	3.7
Other	28.7	13.3	50.7	23.6	79.4	36.9
Total	\$20,930.9	\$ 85.3	\$2,617.7	\$ 55.2	\$23,548.6	\$ 140.5

As of June 30, 2016, 507 securities with a combined fair value of \$11.0 billion were in an unrealized loss position, with their unrealized losses totaling \$73.9 million. Unrealized losses of \$24.2 million related to government sponsored agency securities were primarily attributable to higher market interest rates since purchase. Unrealized losses of \$11.1 million within corporate debt securities primarily reflected higher market rates, and wider credit spreads since purchase; 31% of the corporate debt portfolio is backed by guarantees provided by U.S. and non-U.S. governmental entities.

The majority of the \$29.5 million of unrealized losses in securities classified as "other" at June 30, 2016, related to securities primarily purchased at a premium or par by Northern Trust for compliance with the CRA. Unrealized losses on these CRA-related securities were attributable to yields that were below market rates for the purpose of supporting institutions and programs that benefit low- to moderate- income communities within Northern Trust's market area. Unrealized losses of \$0.2 million related to auction rate securities primarily reflected reduced market liquidity as a majority of auctions continued to fail, preventing holders from liquidating their investments at par. The remaining unrealized losses on Northern Trust's securities portfolio as of June 30, 2016, were attributable to changes in overall market interest rates, increased credit spreads or reduced market liquidity. As of June 30, 2016, Northern Trust did not intend to sell any investment in an unrealized loss position and it was not more likely than not that Northern Trust would be required to sell any such investment before the recovery of its amortized cost basis, which may be maturity. Security impairment reviews are conducted quarterly to identify and evaluate securities that have indications of possible OTTI. A determination as to whether a security's decline in market value is other-than-temporary takes into consideration numerous factors and the relative significance of any single factor can vary by security. Factors Northern Trust considers in determining whether impairment is other-than-temporary include, but are not limited to: the length of time the security has been impaired; the severity of the impairment; the cause of the impairment and the financial condition and near-term prospects of the issuer; activity in the market of the issuer, which may indicate adverse credit conditions; Northern Trust's intent regarding the sale of the security as of the balance sheet date; and the likelihood that it will not be required to sell the security for a period of time sufficient to allow for the recovery of the security's amortized cost basis. For each security meeting the requirements of Northern Trust's internal screening process, an extensive review is conducted to determine if OTTI has occurred.

While all securities are considered, the process for identifying credit impairment within CRA-eligible mortgage-backed securities incorporates an expected loss approach using discounted cash flows on the underlying collateral pools. To evaluate whether an unrealized loss on CRA-eligible mortgage-backed securities is other-than-temporary, a calculation of the security's present value is made using current pool data, the current

delinquency pipeline, default rates and loan loss severities based on the historical performance of the mortgage pools, and Northern Trust's outlook for the housing market and the overall economy. If the present value of the collateral pools was found to be less than the current amortized cost of the security, a credit-related OTTI loss would be recorded in earnings equal to the difference between the two amounts.

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) (continued)

Impairments of CRA-eligible mortgage-backed securities are influenced by a number of factors, including but not limited to, U.S. economic and housing market performance, pool credit enhancement level, year of origination and estimated credit quality of the collateral. The factors used in estimating losses related to CRA-eligible mortgage-backed securities vary by vintage of loan origination and collateral quality. There were \$2.4 million of OTTI losses recognized in the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 related to CRA-eligible mortgage-backed securities. There were no OTTI losses recognized during the three and six months ended June 30, 2015. Credit Losses on Debt Securities. The table below provides the cumulative credit-related losses recognized in earnings on debt securities other-than-temporarily impaired.

C:

There

Table 40: Cumulative Credit-Related Losses on Securities

	Three	•	S1X	
	Mont	hs	Mont	hs
	Ende	d	Ende	d
	June	30,	June	30,
(In Millions)	2016	2015	2016	2015
Cumulative Credit-Related Losses on Securities Held — Beginning of Period	\$5.2	\$5.2	\$5.2	\$5.2
Plus: Losses on Newly Identified Impairments	0.3		0.3	_
Additional Losses on Previously Identified Impairments	2.1		2.1	_
Less: Current and Prior Period Losses on Securities Sold During the Period	_	_	_	_
Cumulative Credit-Related Losses on Securities Held — End of Period	\$7.6	\$5.2	\$7.6	\$5.2

5. Securities Sold Under Agreements to Repurchase — Securities sold under agreements to repurchase are accounted for as collateralized financings and recorded at the amounts at which the securities were sold plus accrued interest. To minimize any potential credit risk associated with these transactions, the fair value of the securities sold is monitored, limits are set on exposure with counterparties, and the financial condition of counterparties is regularly assessed. Securities sold under agreements to repurchase are held by the counterparty until the repurchase.

The following table provides information regarding repurchase agreements that are accounted for as secured borrowings as of June 30, 2016.

Table 41: Repurchase Agreements Accounted for as Secured Borrowings

	Jur	ne 30, 2016
	Re	maining Contractual
(In Millions)	Ma	turity of the
	Ag	reements
Repurchase Agreements	Ov	ernight and
Repurchase Agreements	Co	ntinuous
U.S. Treasury and Agency Securities	\$	555.3
Total Borrowings	\$	555.3
Gross Amount of Recognized Liabilities for Repurchase Agreements in Note 21	\$	555.3
Amounts related to agreements not included in Note 21	\$	

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) (continued)

6. Loans and Leases — Amounts outstanding for loans and leases, by segment and class, are shown below.

Table 42	: Loans	and	Leases
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(In Millions)	June 30,	December 3	31,
(III MIIIIOIIS)	2016	2015	
Commercial			
Commercial and Institutional	\$9,983.5	\$ 9,431.5	
Commercial Real Estate	3,995.9	3,848.8	
Lease Financing, net	381.5	544.4	
Non-U.S.	2,027.2	1,137.7	
Other	283.9	194.1	
Total Commercial	16,672.0	15,156.5	
Personal			
Residential Real Estate	8,224.3	8,850.7	
Private Client	9,624.9	9,136.4	
Other	35.9	37.3	
Total Personal	17,885.1	18,024.4	
Total Loans and Leases	34,557.1	33,180.9	
Allowance for Credit Losses Assigned to Loans and Leases	(192.0)	(193.8)
Net Loans and Leases	\$34,365.1	\$ 32,987.1	

Residential real estate loans consist of traditional first lien mortgages and equity credit lines that generally require a loan-to-collateral value of no more than 65% to 75% at inception. Northern Trust's equity credit line products generally have draw periods of up to 10 years and a balloon payment of any outstanding balance is due at maturity. Payments are interest only with variable interest rates. Northern Trust does not offer equity credit lines that include an option to convert the outstanding balance to an amortizing payment loan. As of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, equity credit lines totaled \$1.4 billion and \$1.5 billion, respectively, and equity credit lines for which first liens were held by Northern Trust represented 90% and 89% of the total equity credit lines as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively.

Included within the non-U.S., commercial-other and personal-other classes are short-duration advances primarily related to the processing of custodied client investments that totaled \$1.6 billion at June 30, 2016, and \$719.5 million at December 31, 2015. Demand deposits reclassified as loan balances totaled \$47.1 million and \$75.4 million at June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively. Loans and leases classified as held for sale totaled \$1.2 million and \$106.3 million at June 30, 2016, respectively, and totaled \$12.0 million and \$112.3 million, at December 31, 2015, respectively, primarily related to the decision to exit a non-strategic loan and lease portfolio.

Credit Quality Indicators. Credit quality indicators are statistics, measurements or other metrics that provide information regarding the relative credit risk of loans and leases. Northern Trust utilizes a variety of credit quality indicators to assess the credit risk of loans and leases at the segment, class and individual credit exposure levels. As part of its credit process, Northern Trust utilizes an internal borrower risk rating system to support identification, approval and monitoring of credit risk. Borrower risk ratings are used in credit underwriting, management reporting and the calculation of credit loss allowances and economic capital.

Risk ratings are used for ranking the credit risk of borrowers and the probability of their default. Each borrower is rated using one of a number of ratings models or other subjective assessment methodologies, which consider both quantitative and qualitative factors. The ratings models vary among classes of loans and leases in order to capture the unique risk characteristics inherent within each particular type of credit exposure. Provided below are the more significant performance indicator attributes considered within Northern Trust's borrower rating models, by loan and lease class.

Commercial and Institutional: leverage, profit margin, liquidity, asset size and capital levels;

Commercial Real Estate: debt service coverage, loan-to-value ratio, leasing status and guarantor support;

Lease Financing and Commercial-Other: leverage, profit margin, liquidity, asset size and capital levels;

Non-U.S.: leverage, profit margin, liquidity, return on assets and capital levels;

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) (continued)

Residential Real Estate: payment history, credit bureau scores and loan-to-value ratio;

Private Client: cash-flow-to-debt and net worth ratios, leverage and liquidity; and

Personal-Other: cash-flow-to-debt and net worth ratios.

While the criteria vary by model, the objective is for the borrower ratings to be consistent in both the measurement and ranking of risk. Each model is calibrated to a master rating scale to support this consistency. Ratings for borrowers not in default range from "1" for the strongest credits to "7" for the weakest non-defaulted credits. Ratings of "8" or "9" are used for defaulted borrowers. Borrower risk ratings are monitored and are revised when events or circumstances indicate a change is required. Risk ratings are validated at least annually.

Loan and lease segment and class balances as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 are provided below, segregated by borrower ratings into "1 to 3," "4 to 5" and "6 to 9" (watch list), categories.

Table 43: Borrower Ratings

	June 30, 2	016			December	31, 2015		
(In Millions)	1 to 3 Category	4 to 5 Category	6 to 9 Category (Watch List	Total	1 to 3 Category	4 to 5 Category	6 to 9 Category (Watch List	Total
Commercial								
Commercial and Institutional	\$6,728.7	\$3,098.1	\$ 156.7	\$9,983.5	\$6,360.6	\$2,897.2	\$ 173.7	\$9,431.5
Commercial Real Estate	2,073.3	1,881.1	41.5	3,995.9	1,822.6	1,992.7	33.5	3,848.8
Lease Financing, net	248.0	106.7	26.8	381.5	377.0	133.1	34.3	544.4
Non-U.S.	590.6	1,434.9	1.7	2,027.2	313.8	823.3	0.6	1,137.7
Other	162.4	121.5		283.9	94.9	99.2		194.1
Total Commercial	9,803.0	6,642.3	226.7	16,672.0	8,968.9	5,945.5	242.1	15,156.5
Personal								
Residential Real Estate	2,770.4	5,141.2	312.7	8,224.3	3,014.9	5,516.7	319.1	8,850.7
Private Client	6,088.1	3,511.2	25.6	9,624.9	5,908.3	3,207.1	21.0	9,136.4
Other	20.5	15.4		35.9	18.3	19.0		37.3
Total Personal	8,879.0	8,667.8	338.3	17,885.1	8,941.5	8,742.8	340.1	18,024.4
Total Loans and Leases	\$18,682.0	\$15,310.1	\$ 565.0	\$34,557.1	\$17,910.4	\$14,688.3	\$ 582.2	\$33,180.9

Loans and leases in the "1 to 3" category are expected to exhibit minimal to modest probabilities of default and are characterized by borrowers having the strongest financial qualities, including above average financial flexibility, cash flows and capital levels. Borrowers assigned these ratings are anticipated to experience very little to moderate financial pressure in adverse down cycle scenarios. As a result of these characteristics, borrowers within this category exhibit a minimal to modest likelihood of loss.

Loans and leases in the "4 to 5" category are expected to exhibit moderate to acceptable probabilities of default and are characterized by borrowers with less financial flexibility than those in the "1 to 3" category. Cash flows and capital levels are generally sufficient to allow for borrowers to meet current requirements, but have reduced cushion in adverse down cycle scenarios. As a result of these characteristics, borrowers within this category exhibit a moderate likelihood of loss.

Loans and leases in the watch list category have elevated credit risk profiles that are monitored through internal watch lists, and consist of credits with borrower ratings of "6 to 9." These credits, which include all nonperforming credits, are expected to exhibit minimally acceptable probabilities of default, elevated risk of default, or are currently in default. Borrowers associated with these risk profiles that are not currently in default have limited financial flexibility. Cash flows and capital levels range from acceptable to potentially insufficient to meet current requirements, particularly in adverse down cycle scenarios. As a result of these characteristics, borrowers in this category exhibit an elevated likelihood of loss.

Recognition of Income. Interest income on loans is recorded on an accrual basis unless, in the opinion of management, there is a question as to the ability of the debtor to meet the terms of the loan agreement, or interest or principal is

more than 90 days contractually past due and the loan is not well-secured and in the process of collection. Loans meeting such criteria are classified as nonperforming and interest income is recorded on a cash basis. At the time a loan is determined to be nonperforming, interest

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) (continued)

accrued but not collected is reversed against interest income in the current period. Interest collected on nonperforming loans is applied to principal unless, in the opinion of management, collectability of principal is not in doubt. Management's assessment of the indicators of loan and lease collectability, and its policies relative to the recognition of interest income, including the suspension and subsequent resumption of income recognition, do not meaningfully vary between loan and lease classes. Nonperforming loans are returned to performing status when factors indicating doubtful collectability no longer exist. Factors considered in returning a loan to performing status are consistent across all classes of loans and leases and, in accordance with regulatory guidance, relate primarily to expected payment performance. Loans are eligible to be returned to performing status when: (i) no principal or interest that is due is unpaid and repayment of the remaining contractual principal and interest is expected or (ii) the loan has otherwise become well-secured (possessing realizable value sufficient to discharge the debt, including accrued interest, in full) and is in the process of collection (through action reasonably expected to result in debt repayment or restoration to a current status in the near future). A loan that has not been brought fully current may be restored to performing status provided there has been a sustained period of repayment performance (generally a minimum of six months) by the borrower in accordance with the contractual terms, and Northern Trust is reasonably assured of repayment within a reasonable period of time. Additionally, a loan that has been formally restructured so as to be reasonably assured of repayment and performance according to its modified terms may be returned to accrual status, provided there was a well-documented credit evaluation of the borrower's financial condition and prospects of repayment under the revised terms and there has been a sustained period of repayment performance (generally a minimum of six months) under the revised terms.

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Past due status is based on how long since the contractual due date a principal or interest payment has been past due. For disclosure purposes, loans that are 29 days past due or less are reported as current. The following tables provide balances and delinquency status of performing and nonperforming loans and leases by segment and class, as well as the total OREO and nonperforming asset balances, as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015.

Table 44: Delinquency Status

June 30, 2016

June 30, 2010							
(In Millions)	Current	30-59 Days Past Due	60-89 Days Past Due	90 Days or More Past Due	Total Performing	Nonperforming	Total Loans and Leases
Commercial							
Commercial and Institutiona	1\$9,939.5	\$ 3.0	\$ 2.3	\$ 0.2	\$9,945.0	\$ 38.5	\$ 9,983.5
Commercial Real Estate	3,968.0	7.6	3.1	5.0	3,983.7	12.2	3,995.9
Lease Financing, net	381.5		_	_	381.5	_	381.5
Non-U.S.	2,026.2	0.9	0.1		2,027.2	_	2,027.2
Other	283.9		_		283.9		283.9
Total Commercial	16,599.1	11.5	5.5	5.2	16,621.3	50.7	16,672.0
Personal	- ,				-,-		-,
Residential Real Estate	8,105.9	7.3	8.9	2.9	8,125.0	99.3	8,224.3
Private Client	9,504.7	77.0	40.8	0.2	9,622.7	2.2	9,624.9
Other	35.9			_	35.9	_	35.9
Total Personal	17,646.5	84.3	49.7	3.1	17,783.6	101.5	17,885.1
Total Loans and Leases	\$34,245.6	\$ 95.8	\$ 55.2	\$ 8.3	\$34,404.9	\$ 152.2	\$ 34,557.1
		l Estate Own	ed			14.2	
	Total Non	performing A	Assets			\$ 166.4	
December 31, 2015							
December 31, 2015 (In Millions)	Current	30-59 Days Past Due	60-89 Days Past Due	90 Days or More Past Due	Total Performing	Nonperforming	Total Loans and Leases
	Current		-	More Past		Nonperforming	
(In Millions)			-	More Past		Nonperforming \$ 42.9	
(In Millions) Commercial		Past Due	Past Due	More Past Due	Performing	-	and Leases
(In Millions) Commercial Commercial and Institutional	1\$9,377.6	Past Due \$ 7.8	Past Due \$ 0.9	More Past Due \$ 2.3	Performing \$9,388.6	\$ 42.9	and Leases \$ 9,431.5
(In Millions) Commercial Commercial and Institutiona Commercial Real Estate	1\$9,377.6 3,823.3	Past Due \$ 7.8 2.4	Past Due \$ 0.9	More Past Due \$ 2.3	Performing \$9,388.6 3,832.1	\$ 42.9 16.7	and Leases \$ 9,431.5 3,848.8
(In Millions) Commercial Commercial and Institutiona Commercial Real Estate Lease Financing, net	1\$9,377.6 3,823.3 544.4	Past Due \$ 7.8 2.4	Past Due \$ 0.9 4.9 —	More Past Due \$ 2.3 1.5	Performing \$9,388.6 3,832.1 544.4	\$ 42.9 16.7	\$ 9,431.5 3,848.8 544.4
(In Millions) Commercial Commercial and Institutional Commercial Real Estate Lease Financing, net Non-U.S.	3,823.3 544.4 1,137.7	Past Due \$ 7.8 2.4	Past Due \$ 0.9 4.9 —	More Past Due \$ 2.3 1.5 —	\$9,388.6 3,832.1 544.4 1,137.7	\$ 42.9 16.7 —	\$ 9,431.5 3,848.8 544.4 1,137.7
(In Millions) Commercial Commercial and Institutional Commercial Real Estate Lease Financing, net Non-U.S. Other	1\$9,377.6 3,823.3 544.4 1,137.7 194.1	Past Due \$ 7.8 2.4	Past Due \$ 0.9 4.9 — —	More Past Due \$ 2.3 1.5 	\$9,388.6 3,832.1 544.4 1,137.7 194.1	\$ 42.9 16.7 —	\$ 9,431.5 3,848.8 544.4 1,137.7 194.1
(In Millions) Commercial Commercial and Institutional Commercial Real Estate Lease Financing, net Non-U.S. Other Total Commercial	1\$9,377.6 3,823.3 544.4 1,137.7 194.1	Past Due \$ 7.8 2.4	Past Due \$ 0.9 4.9 — —	More Past Due \$ 2.3 1.5 	\$9,388.6 3,832.1 544.4 1,137.7 194.1	\$ 42.9 16.7 —	\$ 9,431.5 3,848.8 544.4 1,137.7 194.1
(In Millions) Commercial Commercial and Institutional Commercial Real Estate Lease Financing, net Non-U.S. Other Total Commercial Personal	3,823.3 544.4 1,137.7 194.1 15,077.1	Past Due \$ 7.8 2.4	Past Due \$ 0.9 4.9 — — 5.8	More Past Due \$ 2.3 1.5 3.8	\$9,388.6 3,832.1 544.4 1,137.7 194.1 15,096.9	\$ 42.9 16.7 — — 59.6	\$ 9,431.5 3,848.8 544.4 1,137.7 194.1 15,156.5
(In Millions) Commercial Commercial and Institutional Commercial Real Estate Lease Financing, net Non-U.S. Other Total Commercial Personal Residential Real Estate Private Client Other	3,823.3 544.4 1,137.7 194.1 15,077.1 8,679.3 9,104.8 37.3	Past Due \$ 7.8 2.4 10.2 35.2 17.5	Past Due \$ 0.9 4.9 5.8 14.5 12.0	More Past Due \$ 2.3 1.5 — — 3.8 1.6 1.7 —	\$9,388.6 3,832.1 544.4 1,137.7 194.1 15,096.9 8,730.6 9,136.0 37.3	\$ 42.9 16.7 — — 59.6 120.1 0.4 —	\$ 9,431.5 3,848.8 544.4 1,137.7 194.1 15,156.5 8,850.7 9,136.4 37.3
(In Millions) Commercial Commercial and Institutional Commercial Real Estate Lease Financing, net Non-U.S. Other Total Commercial Personal Residential Real Estate Private Client	3,823.3 544.4 1,137.7 194.1 15,077.1 8,679.3 9,104.8 37.3 17,821.4	Past Due \$ 7.8 2.4 10.2 35.2 17.5 52.7	Past Due \$ 0.9 4.9 5.8 14.5 12.0 26.5	More Past Due \$ 2.3 1.5 3.8 1.6 1.7 3.3	\$9,388.6 3,832.1 544.4 1,137.7 194.1 15,096.9 8,730.6 9,136.0	\$ 42.9 16.7 — — 59.6	\$ 9,431.5 3,848.8 544.4 1,137.7 194.1 15,156.5 8,850.7 9,136.4
(In Millions) Commercial Commercial and Institutional Commercial Real Estate Lease Financing, net Non-U.S. Other Total Commercial Personal Residential Real Estate Private Client Other	3,823.3 544.4 1,137.7 194.1 15,077.1 8,679.3 9,104.8 37.3	Past Due \$ 7.8 2.4 10.2 35.2 17.5 52.7	Past Due \$ 0.9 4.9 5.8 14.5 12.0	More Past Due \$ 2.3 1.5 — — 3.8 1.6 1.7 —	\$9,388.6 3,832.1 544.4 1,137.7 194.1 15,096.9 8,730.6 9,136.0 37.3	\$ 42.9 16.7 — — 59.6 120.1 0.4 — 120.5 \$ 180.1	\$ 9,431.5 3,848.8 544.4 1,137.7 194.1 15,156.5 8,850.7 9,136.4 37.3
(In Millions) Commercial Commercial and Institutional Commercial Real Estate Lease Financing, net Non-U.S. Other Total Commercial Personal Residential Real Estate Private Client Other Total Personal	1\$9,377.6 3,823.3 544.4 1,137.7 194.1 15,077.1 8,679.3 9,104.8 37.3 17,821.4 \$32,898.5 Other Rea	Past Due \$ 7.8 2.4 10.2 35.2 17.5 52.7	Past Due \$ 0.9 4.9 5.8 14.5 12.0 26.5 \$ 32.3	More Past Due \$ 2.3 1.5 — — 3.8 1.6 1.7 — 3.3	\$9,388.6 3,832.1 544.4 1,137.7 194.1 15,096.9 8,730.6 9,136.0 37.3 17,903.9	\$ 42.9 16.7 — — 59.6 120.1 0.4 — 120.5	\$ 9,431.5 3,848.8 544.4 1,137.7 194.1 15,156.5 8,850.7 9,136.4 37.3 18,024.4

Impaired Loans. A loan is considered to be impaired when, based on current information and events, management determines that it is probable that Northern Trust will be unable to collect all amounts due according to the contractual terms of the loan agreement. Impaired loans are identified through ongoing credit management and risk rating processes, including the formal review of past due and watch list credits. Payment performance and delinquency status are critical factors in identifying impairment for all loans and leases, particularly those within the residential real

estate, private client and personal-other classes. Other key factors considered in identifying impairment of loans and leases within the commercial and institutional, non-U.S., lease financing and commercial-other classes relate to the borrower's ability to perform under the terms of the obligation as measured through the

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) (continued)

assessment of future cash flows, including consideration of collateral value, market value and other factors. A loan is also considered to be impaired if its terms have been modified as a concession resulting from the debtor's financial difficulties, referred to as a troubled debt restructuring (TDR) and discussed in further detail below. Impairment is measured based upon the loan's market price, the present value of expected future cash flows, discounted at the loan's effective interest rate, or the fair value of the collateral if the loan is collateral dependent. If the loan valuation is less than the recorded value of the loan, based on the certainty of loss, either a specific allowance is established or a charge-off is recorded for the difference. Smaller balance (individually less than \$1 million) homogeneous loans are collectively evaluated for impairment and excluded from impaired loan disclosures as allowed under applicable accounting standards. Northern Trust's accounting policies for impaired loans are consistent across all classes of loans and leases.

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The following tables provide information related to impaired loans by segment and class.

Table 45: Information about Impaired Loans as of the Period End

	As of June 30, 2016			As of December 31, 2015				
(In Millions)	Record	Unpaid ded Principal ment Balance	Specific Allowance	Record	Unpaid ed Principal nent Balance	Specific Allowance		
With No Related Specific Allowance								
Commercial and Institutional	\$30.6	\$ 33.4	\$ —	\$27.1	\$ 30.7	\$ —		
Commercial Real Estate	18.6	22.5		17.2	21.2			
Lease Financing, net	1.3	_						
Residential Real Estate	97.2	136.9		99.3	140.7			
Private Client	2.2	2.2	_	0.2	0.2			
With a Related Specific Allowance								
Commercial and Institutional	4.0	7.3	0.4	9.3	11.4	1.6		
Commercial Real Estate	_	_	_		1.4			
Lease Financing, net	0.8		0.8	2.7	2.7	1.4		
Residential Real Estate	1.4	1.5	0.1	1.5	1.5	0.1		
Private Client	_	_	_		_			
Total								
Commercial	55.3	63.2	1.2	56.3	67.4	3.0		
Personal	100.8	140.6	0.1	101.0	142.4	0.1		
Total	\$156.	1 \$ 203.8	\$ 1.3	\$157.3	\$ 209.8	\$ 3.1		
	Three N	Ionths End	ed June 30,		Six Mo	nths Ended.	June 30,	
	2016		2015		2016		2015	
	Average	Interest	AverageIr	iterest	Averag	eInterest	Averag	geInterest
			_		_		_	
(In Millions)	Recorde	ethcome	Recordell	icome	Record	ethcome	Record	lethcome
(In Millions)								
(In Millions) With No Related Specific								lethcome menticognized
With No Related Specific				t cognize				
With No Related Specific Allowance	Investm	a Rate cognize	d Investm&	ntcognize —	ed Investm	n Ant cognized	l Investr	ment cognized
With No Related Specific Allowance Commercial and Institutional	Investm \$28.5	a Rate cognize	d Investm&	ntcognize —	ed Investn \$28.4	n Retacognized	l Investr	mater and the second se
With No Related Specific Allowance Commercial and Institutional Commercial Real Estate	\$28.5 16.9 1.3	a Rate cognize	d Investm&	etcognize — 2	\$28.4 17.3	* — 0.1	\$8.6 41.2	\$ — 0.4
With No Related Specific Allowance Commercial and Institutional Commercial Real Estate Lease Financing, net	\$28.5 16.9 1.3	Reticognize \$ — —	\$8.1 \$ 33.9 0.	etcognize — 2	\$28.4 17.3 0.9	* — 0.1 0.1	\$8.6 41.2 3.4	* — 0.4 0.1
With No Related Specific Allowance Commercial and Institutional Commercial Real Estate Lease Financing, net Residential Real Estate	\$28.5 16.9 1.3 97.4	Reticognize \$ — —	\$8.1 \$ 33.9 0. ————————————————————————————————————	etcognize — 2	\$28.4 17.3 0.9 98.5	* — 0.1 0.1	\$8.6 41.2 3.4 158.5	* — 0.4 0.1
With No Related Specific Allowance Commercial and Institutional Commercial Real Estate Lease Financing, net Residential Real Estate Private Client	\$28.5 16.9 1.3 97.4	Reticognize \$ — —	\$8.1 \$ 33.9 0. ————————————————————————————————————	etcognize — 2	\$28.4 17.3 0.9 98.5	* — 0.1 0.1	\$8.6 41.2 3.4 158.5	* — 0.4 0.1
With No Related Specific Allowance Commercial and Institutional Commercial Real Estate Lease Financing, net Residential Real Estate Private Client With a Related Specific Allowance	\$28.5 16.9 1.3 97.4 1.5	Reticognize \$ — —	\$8.1 \$ 33.9 0. — — — 155.7 0. 0.6 —	etcognize — 2	\$28.4 17.3 0.9 98.5 0.9	* — 0.1 0.1	\$8.6 41.2 3.4 158.5 0.4	* — 0.4 0.1
With No Related Specific Allowance Commercial and Institutional Commercial Real Estate Lease Financing, net Residential Real Estate Private Client With a Related Specific Allowance Commercial and Institutional	\$28.5 16.9 1.3 97.4 1.5	Reticognize \$ — —	\$8.1 \$ 33.9 0. ———————————————————————————————————	etcognize — 2	\$28.4 17.3 0.9 98.5 0.9	* — 0.1 0.1	\$8.6 41.2 3.4 158.5 0.4	* — 0.4 0.1
With No Related Specific Allowance Commercial and Institutional Commercial Real Estate Lease Financing, net Residential Real Estate Private Client With a Related Specific Allowance Commercial and Institutional Commercial Real Estate	\$28.5 16.9 1.3 97.4 1.5	Reticognize \$ — —	\$8.1 \$ 33.9 0	etcognize — 2	\$28.4 17.3 0.9 98.5 0.9 7.5	* — 0.1 0.1	\$8.6 41.2 3.4 158.5 0.4	* — 0.4 0.1
With No Related Specific Allowance Commercial and Institutional Commercial Real Estate Lease Financing, net Residential Real Estate Private Client With a Related Specific Allowance Commercial and Institutional Commercial Real Estate Lease Financing, net	\$28.5 16.9 1.3 97.4 1.5 6.6 — 0.8	Reticognize \$ — —	\$8.1 \$ 33.9 0.	etcognize — 2	\$28.4 17.3 0.9 98.5 0.9 7.5 — 1.5	* — 0.1 0.1	\$8.6 41.2 3.4 158.5 0.4 10.3 11.2 1.6	* — 0.4 0.1
With No Related Specific Allowance Commercial and Institutional Commercial Real Estate Lease Financing, net Residential Real Estate Private Client With a Related Specific Allowance Commercial and Institutional Commercial Real Estate Lease Financing, net Residential Real Estate	\$28.5 16.9 1.3 97.4 1.5 6.6 — 0.8	Reticognize \$ — —	\$8.1 \$ 33.9 0.	etcognize — 2	\$28.4 17.3 0.9 98.5 0.9 7.5 — 1.5	* — 0.1 0.1	\$8.6 41.2 3.4 158.5 0.4 10.3 11.2 1.6 4.8	* — 0.4 0.1
With No Related Specific Allowance Commercial and Institutional Commercial Real Estate Lease Financing, net Residential Real Estate Private Client With a Related Specific Allowance Commercial and Institutional Commercial Real Estate Lease Financing, net Residential Real Estate Private Client	\$28.5 16.9 1.3 97.4 1.5 6.6 — 0.8	Reticognize \$ — —	\$8.1 \$ 33.9 0.	2 - 5 - -	\$28.4 17.3 0.9 98.5 0.9 7.5 — 1.5	* — 0.1 0.1	\$8.6 41.2 3.4 158.5 0.4 10.3 11.2 1.6 4.8	* — 0.4 0.1
With No Related Specific Allowance Commercial and Institutional Commercial Real Estate Lease Financing, net Residential Real Estate Private Client With a Related Specific Allowance Commercial and Institutional Commercial Real Estate Lease Financing, net Residential Real Estate Private Client Total	\$28.5 16.9 1.3 97.4 1.5 6.6 — 0.8 1.4 —	Reticognize \$ — —	\$8.1 \$ 33.9 0. — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —		\$28.4 17.3 0.9 98.5 0.9 7.5 — 1.5 1.4	\$ — 0.1 0.1 1.0 — — —	\$8.6 41.2 3.4 158.5 0.4 10.3 11.2 1.6 4.8 0.8	\$ — 0.4 0.1 0.8 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —
With No Related Specific Allowance Commercial and Institutional Commercial Real Estate Lease Financing, net Residential Real Estate Private Client With a Related Specific Allowance Commercial and Institutional Commercial Real Estate Lease Financing, net Residential Real Estate Private Client Total Commercial	\$28.5 16.9 1.3 97.4 1.5 6.6 — 0.8 1.4 —	\$ — 0.6 — — — — 0.6 — — — 0.6	\$8.1 \$ 33.9 0. — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	2 5 2 5	\$28.4 17.3 0.9 98.5 0.9 7.5 — 1.5 1.4 —	\$ — 0.1 0.1 1.0 — — — — — — — — 0.2 1.0	\$8.6 41.2 3.4 158.5 0.4 10.3 11.2 1.6 4.8 0.8 76.3 164.5	\$ — 0.4 0.1 0.8 — — — — — — — — 0.5

Note: Average recorded investment in impaired loans is calculated as the average of the month-end impaired loan balances for the period.

Interest income that would have been recorded for nonperforming loans in accordance with their original terms was \$2.1 million and \$2.0 million, respectively, for the three months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, and \$4.2 million and

\$4.1 million, respectively, for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015.

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) (continued)

There were \$1.7 million and \$3.1 million of aggregate undrawn loan commitments and standby letters of credit at June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively, issued to borrowers whose loans were classified as nonperforming or impaired.

Troubled Debt Restructurings (TDRs). Included within impaired loans were \$82.4 million and \$79.2 million of nonperforming TDRs, and \$48.2 million and \$37.9 million of performing TDRs as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively. All TDRs are reported as impaired loans in the calendar year of their restructuring. In subsequent years, a TDR may cease being reported as impaired if the loan was modified at a market rate and has performed according to the modified terms for at least six months. A loan that has been modified at a below market rate will return to performing status if it satisfies the six-month performance requirement; however, it will remain reported as impaired.

The following tables provide, by segment and class, the number of loans and leases modified in TDRs during the three- and six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, and the recorded investments and unpaid principal balances as of June 30, 2016 and 2015.

Table 46: Troubled Debt Restructurings

(¢ I., M:11:)	Three Months Ended						Six Months Ended June				
(\$ In Millions)	Jun	e í	30.	, 2016		30, 2016					
	Nui	m <u>t</u>	ger	corded	Unpaid	Nu	mber Recorded	Unpaid			
	OT				Principal	ΩŤ		Principal			
	Loa	li ans	nv s a	estment nd Lease	Balance	Lo	Investment ans and Leas	seßalance			
Commercial											
Commercial and Institutional	2	\$	5	0.1	\$ 0.2	4	\$ 4.1	\$ 6.2			
Commercial Real Estate	1	1	.8		1.8	6	7.3	9.5			
Total Commercial	3	1	.9		2.0	10	11.4	15.7			
Personal											
Residential Real Estate	20	3	0.6		3.4	44	8.5	9.6			
Private Client	1	2	0.2		2.0	1	2.0	2.0			
Total Personal	21	5	0.6		5.4	45	10.5	11.6			
Total Loans and Leases	24	\$	<u>, </u>	6.9	\$ 7.4	55	\$ 21.9	\$ 27.3			
Note: Period end balances ref	flect all paydowns and char						offs during th	ne period.			
(0.7.36:11:	Thr	ee	N	Ionths E	nded	Six Months Ended June					
						30, 2015					
(\$ In Millions)	Jun	e í	30	, 2015		30,	2015				
(\$ In Millions)				-	Unpaid			Unpaid			
(\$ In Millions)	Nu	mł R	ec	orded	Principal	Nu	mber Recorded	Principal			
(\$ In Millions)	Nu	mł R	ec	orded	Principal	Nu	mber Recorded	Principal			
(\$ In Millions) Commercial	Nu	mł R	ec	orded	Principal	Nu	mber Recorded	Principal			
	Nui of Loa	mh R Ir ans	er lec ives a	orded	Principal	Nu	mber Recorded	Principal			
Commercial	Nui of Loa	mh R Ir ans	er lec ives a	corded estment nd Lease	Principal Balance	Nu of Loa	mber Recorded Investment ans and Leas \$ 0.1	Principal Balance			
Commercial Commercial and Institutional	Nui of Loa	mh R Ir ans	per lec ives a	corded estment nd Lease	Principal Balance	Nu of Loa	mber Recorded Investment ans and Leas \$ 0.1	Principal alance			
Commercial Commercial and Institutional Commercial Real Estate	Nui of Loa 1	Irans	per lec ives a	corded estment nd Lease	Balance \$ 0.1	Numof Loa 2	mber Recorded Investment ans and Leas \$ 0.1 0.8	Principal Balance \$ 0.1 0.8			
Commercial Commercial and Institutional Commercial Real Estate Total Commercial	Nui of Loa 1	Ir Ir \$ -	per lec nves a	corded estment nd Lease	Balance \$ 0.1	Numof Loa 2 1 3	mber Recorded Investment ans and Leas \$ 0.1 0.8	Principal Balance \$ 0.1 0.8			
Commercial Commercial and Institutional Commercial Real Estate Total Commercial Personal	Numof Load	## R Ir	per lec nves a	corded estment nd Lease	### Balance \$ 0.1 — 0.1	Numof Loa 2 1 3	mber Recorded Investment ans and Leas \$ 0.1 0.8 0.9	Principal Balance \$ 0.1 0.8 0.9			
Commercial Commercial and Institutional Commercial Real Estate Total Commercial Personal Residential Real Estate	Num of Load 1 — 1 19	## R Ir	.1 .5	corded estment nd Lease	### ##################################	Nu of Loa 2 1 3 76 1	mber Recorded Investment ans and Leas \$ 0.1 0.8 0.9	Principal Balance \$ 0.1 0.8 0.9			
Commercial Commercial and Institutional Commercial Real Estate Total Commercial Personal Residential Real Estate Private Client	Num of Loss 1	## R Ires	nves a	corded estment nd Lease	\$ 0.1 	Nu. of Los 2 1 3 76 1 77	mber Recorded Investment ans and Leas \$ 0.1 0.8 0.9 15.6 0.6	Principal salance \$ 0.1 0.8 0.9 19.6 0.6			

Note: Period end balances reflect all paydowns and charge-offs during the period.

TDR modifications involve interest rate concessions, extensions of term, deferrals of principal and other modifications. Other modifications typically reflect other nonstandard terms which Northern Trust would not offer in non-troubled situations.

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, the majority of TDR modifications of loans within residential real estate were deferred principal, extension of term, interest rate concessions, and other modifications. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, the majority of TDR modifications within commercial and institutional, and commercial real estate classes were extension of term, deferred principal, and other modifications. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, the

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) (continued)

majority of TDR modifications of loans within residential real estate were interest rate concessions, extension of term, deferred principal, and other modifications. The majority of TDR modifications of loans within commercial and institutional, commercial real estate, and private client classes were deferred principal, extension of term, and other modifications.

There was one residential real estate loan modified in a TDR during the twelve months ended March 31, 2016, which subsequently became nonperforming during the three and six months ended June 30, 2016. The total recorded investment and unpaid principal balance for this loan was approximately \$0.1 million.

There were four residential real estate loans modified in TDRs during the twelve months ended March 31, 2015, which subsequently became nonperforming during the three months ended June 30, 2015. The total recorded investment and unpaid principal balance for these loans was approximately \$0.6 million and \$0.7 million, respectively.

All loans and leases modified in TDRs are evaluated for impairment. The nature and extent of impairment of TDRs, including those that have experienced a subsequent default, is considered in the determination of an appropriate level of allowance for credit losses.

Northern Trust may obtain physical possession of residential real estate collateralizing a consumer mortgage loan via foreclosure on an in-substance repossession. As of June 30, 2016, Northern Trust held foreclosed residential real estate properties with a carrying value of \$13.4 million as a result of obtaining physical possession. In addition, as of June 30, 2016, Northern Trust had consumer loans with a carrying value of \$18.6 million collateralized by residential real estate property for which formal foreclosure proceedings were in process.

Leveraged Leases. During the three months ended June 30, 2016, and June 30, 2015, Northern Trust determined that there was an other-than-temporary impairment of the residual value related to certain aircraft and rail car under leveraged lease agreements. During the three months ended June 30, 2016, the impact of the impairment was \$7.5 million which was recognized as a reduction to other operating income and interest income in the consolidated statements of income. During the three months ended June 30, 2015, the impact of the impairment was \$17.8 million, which was recognized as a reduction to interest income in the consolidated statements of income. See "Leveraged Leases" under Note 18 - Variable interest Entities for further information.

7. Allowance for Credit Losses — The allowance for credit losses, which represents management's estimate of probable losses related to specific borrower relationships and inherent in the various loan and lease portfolios, undrawn commitments, and standby letters of credit, is determined by management through a disciplined credit review process. Northern Trust's accounting policies related to the estimation of the allowance for credit losses and the charging off of loans, leases and other extensions of credit deemed uncollectible are consistent across both loan and lease segments. As of December 31, 2015, Northern Trust changed the estimation methodology for inherent losses that have been incurred in the loan and lease portfolio. The new estimation methodology is more quantitatively focused than the previous methodology as it is based on internally developed loss data specific to the Northern Trust loan and lease portfolio. The change in methodology is accounted for as a change in estimate applicable to the current period and future periods. The new estimation methodology and the related qualitative adjustment framework segregate the loan and lease portfolio into homogeneous segments. For each segment, the probability of default and the loss given default are applied to the total exposure at default to determine a quantitative inherent allowance. The estimated allowance is reviewed by the Loan Loss Reserve Committee within a qualitative adjustment framework to determine an appropriate adjustment to the quantitative inherent allowance for each segment of the loan portfolio. In determining the appropriate adjustment, management applies judgment by assessing internal risk factors, potential limitations in the quantitative methodology and environmental factors that are not contemplated in the quantitative methodology. The Loan Loss Reserve Committee is comprised of representatives from Credit Risk Management, the reporting segments and Corporate Finance. The new methodology was used to determine the inherent allowance as of June 30, 2016. For periods prior to the methodology change, including as of June 30, 2015, the amount of inherent allowance was based on factors that incorporated management's evaluation of historical charge-off experience and various qualitative factors such as management's evaluation of economic and business conditions and changes in the character and size of the loan portfolio. Factors were applied to loan and lease credit exposures aggregated by shared risk characteristics

and were reviewed quarterly by the Loan Loss Reserve Committee.

Loans, leases and other extensions of credit deemed uncollectible are charged to the allowance for credit losses. Subsequent recoveries, if any, are credited to the allowance. Determinations as to whether an uncollectible loan is charged-off or a specific allowance is established are based on management's assessment as to the level of certainty regarding the amount of loss.

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) (continued)

The following table provides information regarding changes in the total allowance for credit losses by segment during the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015.

Table 47: Changes in the Allowance for Credit Losses

	Three N	Months End	ded June 3	30,					
	2016			2015					
(In Millions)	Comme	erd Pe rsonal	Total	Commerdersonal Total					
Balance at Beginning of Period	\$115.2	\$117.4	\$232.6	\$164.3 \$122.4 \$286.7					
Charge-Offs	(0.9)	(4.0)	(4.9)	(2.5) (3.6) (6.1)					
Recoveries	1.3	1.2	2.5	2.4 1.1 3.5					
Net (Charge-Offs) Recoveries	0.4	(2.8)	(2.4)	(0.1) (2.5) (2.6)					
Provision for Credit Losses	(3.2)	0.2	(3.0)	(11.6) 1.6 (10.0)					
Effect of Foreign Exchange Rates	(0.1)) —	(0.1)	0.1 — 0.1					
Balance at End of Period	\$112.3	\$114.8	\$227.1	\$152.7 \$121.5 \$274.2					
	Six Mo	nths Ended	l June 30,						
	Six Mor 2016	nths Endec	l June 30,	2015					
(In Millions)	2016	nths Ended erd Pe rsonal	ĺ						
(In Millions) Balance at Beginning of Period	2016		ĺ	2015 Commerdersonal Total					
,	2016 Comme \$114.8	er dfe rsonal \$118.5	Total	2015 CommerdParsonal Total \$169.7 \$126.2 \$295.9					
Balance at Beginning of Period	2016 Comme \$114.8	er dfe rsonal \$118.5	Total \$233.3	2015 CommerdParlsonal Total \$169.7 \$126.2 \$295.9					
Balance at Beginning of Period Charge-Offs	2016 Comme \$114.8 (4.4 2.5	*118.5 (5.8)	Total \$233.3 (10.2) 5.1	2015 CommerdPersonal Total \$169.7 \$126.2 \$295.9 (5.2) (8.4) (13.6)					
Balance at Beginning of Period Charge-Offs Recoveries	2016 Comme \$114.8 (4.4 2.5 (1.9	*118.5 (5.8)	Total \$233.3 (10.2) 5.1 (5.1)	2015 CommerdPersonal Total \$169.7 \$126.2 \$295.9 (5.2) (8.4) (13.6) 4.1 2.3 6.4					
Balance at Beginning of Period Charge-Offs Recoveries Net (Charge-Offs) Recoveries	2016 Comme \$114.8 (4.4 2.5 (1.9 (0.5	**************************************	Total \$233.3 (10.2) 5.1 (5.1)	2015 Commerdatsonal Total \$169.7 \$126.2 \$295.9 (5.2) (8.4) (13.6) 4.1 2.3 6.4 (1.1) (6.1) (7.2)					

The following table provides information regarding the balances of the recorded investments in loans and leases and the allowance for credit losses by segment as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015.

Table 48: Information about the Recorded Investments in Loans and Leases

	June 30, 2016			Deceml	15	
(In Millions)	Comme	e iReias onal	Total	Comme	e iReias onal	Total
Loans and Leases						
Specifically Evaluated for Impairment	\$55.3	\$ 100.8	\$ 156.1	\$56.3	\$ 101.0	\$ 157.3
Evaluated for Inherent Impairment	16,616.	717,784.3	34,401.0	15,100.	217,923.4	33,023.6
Total Loans and Leases	16,672.	017,885.1	34,557.1	15,156.	518,024.4	33,180.9
Allowance for Loans and Leases						
Specifically Evaluated for Impairment	1.2	0.1	1.3	3.0	0.1	3.1
Evaluated for Inherent Impairment	87.5	103.2	190.7	83.3	107.4	190.7
Allowance Assigned to Loans and Leases	88.7	103.3	192.0	86.3	107.5	193.8
Allowance for Unfunded Exposures						
Commitments and Standby Letters of Credit	23.6	11.5	35.1	28.5	11.0	39.5
Total Allowance for Credit Losses	\$112.3	\$ 114.8	\$ 227.1	\$114.8	\$ 118.5	\$ 233.3

8. Pledged Assets — Certain of Northern Trust's subsidiaries, as required or permitted by law, pledge assets to secure public and trust deposits, repurchase agreements and Federal Home Loan Bank borrowings, as well as for other purposes, including support for securities settlement, primarily related to client activities, and for potential Federal Reserve Bank discount window borrowings. As of June 30, 2016, securities and loans totaling \$38.0 billion (\$28.9 billion of government-sponsored agency and other securities, \$700.0 million of obligations of states and political subdivisions and \$8.3 billion of loans) were pledged. This compares to \$35.8

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) (continued)

billion (\$27.1 billion of government-sponsored agency and other securities, \$117.5 million of obligations of states and political subdivisions and \$8.6 billion of loans) at December 31, 2015. Collateral required for these purposes totaled \$10.4 billion and \$8.9 billion at June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively. Available for sale securities with a total fair value of \$1.5 billion at both June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 were included in the total pledged assets, which were pledged as collateral for agreements to repurchase securities sold transactions. The secured parties to these transactions have the right to repledge or sell these securities.

Northern Trust is not permitted, by contract or custom, to repledge or sell collateral from agreements to resell securities purchased transactions. The total fair value of accepted collateral was \$1.6 billion as of June 30, 2016 and \$1.5 billion as of December 31, 2015. There was no repledged or sold collateral at June 30, 2016 or December 31, 2015

Deposits maintained to meet Federal Reserve Bank reserve requirements averaged \$1.8 billion for both the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, and \$1.7 billion and \$1.6 billion for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, respectively.

9. Goodwill and Other Intangibles — The carrying amounts of goodwill and other intangibles assets, reflecting the effect of foreign exchange rates on non-U.S.-dollar-denominated balances, by reporting segment at June 30, 2016, and December 31, 2015, were as follows:

Table 49: Goodwill by Reporting Segment

 $\begin{array}{c} \text{June 30, December 31,} \\ 2016 & 2015 \end{array}$ Corporate & Institutional Services \$ 456.7 \$ 455.1 Wealth Management 71.1 71.3 Total Goodwill \$ 527.8 \$ 526.4

The gross carrying amount and accumulated amortization of other intangible assets subject to amortization as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, were as follows:

Table 50: Other Intangible Assets

 (In Millions)
 June 30, December 31,

 2016
 2015

 Gross Carrying Amount
 \$ 90.8
 \$ 182.3

 Less: Accumulated Amortization
 43.7
 135.8

 Net Book Value
 \$ 47.1
 \$ 46.5

Other intangible assets consist primarily of the value of acquired client relationships and are included within other assets in the consolidated balance sheets. Amortization expense related to other intangible assets totaled \$2.2 million and \$4.3 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, respectively, and \$2.1 million and \$6.7 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, respectively. Amortization for the remainder of 2016 and for the years 2017, 2018, 2019, and 2020 is estimated to be \$4.5 million, \$9.0 million, \$8.3 million, \$8.2 million and \$8.1 million, respectively.

In May 2016, Northern Trust completed its acquisition of Aviate Global LLP, an institutional equity brokerage firm offering market research and execution services with offices located in the United States, Europe and the Asia-Pacific region. The purchase price, which is subject to certain performance-related adjustments over a three-year period after the acquisition date, totaled \$18.8 million inclusive of contingent consideration. Goodwill and other intangible assets associated with the acquisition totaled \$11.8 million and \$4.5 million, respectively.

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) (continued)

10. Reporting Segments — The following table shows the earnings contributions of Northern Trust's reporting segments for the three- and six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015.

Table 51: Results of Reporting Segments

Table 51: Re Three	sults of Repo	orting Segmer	nts					
Months	Corporate d	&	Wealth		Treasury a	ind	Total	
Ended June	Institutiona	1 Services	Manageme	nt	Other		Consolidated	
30, (\$ In								
Millions)	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015
Noninterest								
Income								
Trust,								
Investment								
and Other	\$446.9	\$432.0	\$330.3	\$324.8	\$ —	\$ —	\$777.2	\$756.8
Servicing								
Fees								
Foreign								
Exchange	62.2	71.8	1.6	3.0	0.6		64.4	74.8
Trading								
Income								
Other Noninterest	25.9	43.2	26.7	26.8	122.8	103.1	175.4	173.1
Income	23.9	43.2	20.7	20.8	122.6	105.1	1/3.4	173.1
Net Interest								
Income*	141.2	92.7	160.2	141.0	5.2	23.9	306.6	257.6
Revenue*	676.2	639.7	518.8	495.6	128.6	127.0	1,323.6	1,262.3
Provision for	. (0.8	2.0	(2.2)	(12.0) —		(3.0)	(10.0)
Credit Losse	s (0.0	2.0	(2.2	(12.0) —		(3.0)	(10.0)
Noninterest	556.8	488.2	330.3	322.7	37.9	43.6	925.0	854.5
Expense	220.0	100.2	220.2	322.7	37.5	13.0	<i>525.</i> 6	05 1.5
Income								
before	120.2	149.5	190.7	184.9	90.7	83.4	401.6	417.8
Income Taxes*								
Provision for								
Income	34.0	45.3	71.9	69.6	35.0	33.7	140.9	148.6
Taxes*	34.0	43.3	71.5	07.0	33.0	33.1	140.9	140.0
Net Income	\$86.2	\$104.2	\$118.8	\$115.3	\$55.7	\$49.7	\$260.7	\$269.2
Percentage o								
Consolidated	1 33	% 39 %	% 46 °	% 43	% 21	% 18 %	% 100 %	6 100 %
Net Income								
Average	\$75,696.5	\$75,765.9	\$26,736.6	\$24,850.4	\$12,480.7	\$11,074.8	\$114,913.8	\$111,691.1
Assets	•		•			•	•	•
			•	•	ent basis (FT	E). Total conso	olidated include	s FTE
•	ot \$6.9 milli	on for 2016 ar	nd \$6.4 millio	n tor 2015.				
Civ Months								

Six Months				
	Corporate &	Wealth	Treasury and	Total
Ended June	*	M	·	C1: 1-4-1
30	Institutional Services	Management	Other	Consolidated

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	(\$ In	2016		2015		2016		2015		2016		2015	2016		2015	
	Millions)	2010		2013		2010		2013		2010		2013	2010		2013	
]	Noninterest															
]	Income															
-	Trust,															
]	Investment															
á	and Other	\$880.3		\$839.3		\$645.1		\$645.0		\$—		\$ —	\$1,525.4		\$1,484.3	
,	Servicing															
	Fees															
]	Foreign															
	Exchange															
	Trading	113.9		139.3		6.1		7.1		4.9		_	124.9		146.4	
	Income															
	Other															
		71.5		85.1		53.5		55.6		123.9		107.2	248.9		247.9	
	Income	, 1.0		00.1		55.5		22.0		123.7		107.12	2.0.5		2.7.5	
	Net Interest															
	Income*	279.6		188.7		318.7		279.3		22.3		56.4	620.6		524.4	
	Revenue*	1,345.3		1,252.4		1,023.4		987.0		151.1		163.6	2,519.8		2,403.0	
	D									131.1		103.0				
	Credit Losses)	(0.2)	3.0		(14.3)				(1.0)	(14.5)
	Noninterest															
	Expense	1,032.1		923.1		657.2		644.6		64.5		75.8	1,753.8		1,643.5	
	Income															
	before															
	Income	317.2		329.5		363.2		356.7		86.6		87.8	767.0		774.0	
	Taxes*															
	Provision for															
	Income	96.2		102.6		136.8		134.2		31.5		37.3	264.5		274.1	
	Taxes*	90.2		102.0		130.6		134.2		31.3		31.3	204.3		2/4.1	
		\$221.0		¢226.0		\$226.4		¢222 5		\$55.1		Φ <i>E</i> Ω <i>E</i>	¢ 500 5		¢ 400 0	
				\$226.9		\$220.4		\$222.5		\$33.1		\$50.5	\$502.5		\$499.9	
	Percentage of		7/	45	01	15	01	45	01	1.1	01	10 0/	100	O	100	01
	Consolidated	44 %	10	45	%	45	%	45	%	11	%	10 %	100	%	100	%
	Net Income															
	Average	\$75,534.7		\$72,513.3	,	\$26,487.2		\$24,513.4	4	\$12,143.5	5	12,587.0	\$114,165.4	Ļ	\$109,613.7	7
	Assets			. ,				. ,		. ,		,	. ,		. ,	

^{*}Non-GAAP financial measures stated on a fully taxable equivalent basis (FTE). Total consolidated includes FTE adjustments of \$13.1 million for 2016 and \$12.6 million for 2015.

In the six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015, the presentation of average assets was changed to reflect a modification to the methodology by which assets are allocated among our reporting segments. The change in presentation resulted in an increase in average assets and a reduction in net interest margin for C&IS and a reduction in average assets and an increase in net interest margin for Treasury and Other.

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) (continued)

Further discussion of reporting segment results is provided within the "Reporting Segments" section of Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

11. Stockholders' Equity

Preferred Stock. The Corporation is authorized to issue 10 million shares of preferred stock without par value. The Board of Directors is authorized to fix the particular designations, preferences and relative, participating, optional and other special rights and qualifications, limitations or restrictions for each series of preferred stock issued. As of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, preferred stock totaled \$388.5 million, related to the issuance of Series C Non-Cumulative Perpetual Preferred Stock (Series C Preferred Stock) in August 2014. As of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, 16 million depositary shares, each representing 1/1000 ownership interest in a share of Series C Preferred Stock, were issued and outstanding. Series C Preferred Stock has no par value and has a liquidation preference of \$25,000 (\$25 per depositary share).

Dividends on the Series C Preferred Stock will accrue and be payable on the liquidation preference amount, on a non-cumulative basis, quarterly in arrears on the first day of January, April, July and October of each year, at a rate per annum equal to 5.85%. On April 19, 2016, the Corporation declared a cash dividend of \$365.625 per share of Series C Preferred Stock payable on July 1, 2016, to stockholders of record as of June 15, 2016.

Common Stock. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, the Corporation repurchased 1,969,228 shares of common stock, including 2,239 shares withheld related to share-based compensation, at a total cost of \$140.8 million (\$71.52 average price per share) and 4,279,845 shares of common stock, including 387,843 shares withheld related to share-based compensation, at a total cost of \$281.1 million (\$65.68 average price per share), respectively. The Corporation's current common stock repurchase authorization was approved by the Board of Directors in April 2015, pursuant to which the Corporation may repurchase up to 15 million shares. The stock repurchase authorization remaining as of June 30, 2016 was 5,424,157 shares. The repurchase authorization approved by the Board of Directors has no expiration date.

Under the Corporation's 2016 Capital Plan, which was reviewed without objection by the Federal Reserve, the Corporation may repurchase up to \$275.0 million of common stock between July 2016 and June 2017.

12. Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) — The following tables summarize the components of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) (AOCI) at June 30, 2016 and 2015, and changes during the three- and six-month periods then ended.

Table 52: Summary of Changes in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)

(In Millions)	Balance at June 30, 2016	Net Change	Balance at December 31 2015	1,
Net Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Securities Available for Sale	\$77.2	\$ 108.2	\$ (31.0)
Net Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Cash Flow Hedges	3.6	6.6	(3.0)
Net Foreign Currency Adjustments	(7.4)	10.2	(17.6)
Net Pension and Other Postretirement Benefit Adjustments	(313.0)	8.1	(321.1)
Total	\$(239.6)	\$ 133.1	\$ (372.7)
(In Millions)	Balance at June 30, 2015	Net Change	Balance at December 31 2014	1,
Net Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Securities Available for Sale	\$59.3	\$ 31.7	\$ 27.6	
Net Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Cash Flow Hedges	(2.6)	2.1	(4.7)
Net Foreign Currency Adjustments	(1.8)	(0.1)	(1.7)
Net Pension and Other Postretirement Benefit Adjustments	(328.6)	12.3	(340.9)
Total	\$(273.7)	\$ 46.0	\$ (319.7)

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) (continued)

Table 53: Details of Changes in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)

2016 2015 (In Millions) Before Teax Effect After Tax Before Teax Effect After T Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Securities Available for Sale Noncredit-Related Unrealized Losses on Securities OTTI Security April 10 february 11 to 10 february 11 to 10 february 12	`ax
Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Securities Available for Sale Noncredit-Related Unrealized Losses on Securities OTTI \$— \$— \$— \$— \$—	ax
Noncredit-Related Unrealized Losses on Securities OTTI \$— \$— \$— \$— \$—	
O(1 II 1' 1 O' /I) O '(' A '1 1 1 C	
Other Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Securities Available for 53.9 (20.4) 33.5 (36.4) 13.8 (22.6)
Sale	,
Reclassification Adjustment for (Gains) Losses Included in Net	
Income	
)
Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Cash Flow Hedges	
Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Cash Flow Hedges 0.7 (0.2) 0.5 4.8 (2.4) 2.4	
Reclassification Adjustment for (Gains) Losses Included in Net	
Income 0.7 (0.2) 0.5 (1 (2.0) 2.2	
Net Change 0.7 (0.2) 0.5 6.1 (2.9) 3.2 Foreign Currency Adjustments	
Foreign Currency Translation Adjustments (58.3) (1.1) (59.4) 53.0 2.4 55.4	
Long-Term Intra-Entity Foreign Currency Transaction Gains (38.3) (1.1) (39.4) 35.0 2.4 35.4	
(Losses) (3.0) 0.5 (2.5) 1.5 (0.5) 1.0	
)
Reclassification Adjustment for (Gains) Losses Included in Net	
Income	
Net Change 48.7 (42.4) 6.3 (26.6) 32.4 5.8	
Pension and Other Postretirement Benefit Adjustments	
Net Actuarial Gain (Loss) — — — — — —	
Reclassification Adjustment for (Gains) Losses Included in Net 6.4 (2.4) 4.0 9.7 (3.6) 6.1	
Income (3.4) (3.4) (3.6) (3.1)	
Net Change \$6.4 \\$ (2.4) \\$ 4.0 \\$ 9.7 \\$ (3.6) \\$ 6.1	
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2016

Six Months Ended June 30,

2015

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) (continued)

(In Millions)	Before	Tlanx Ef	fec	t After '	Tax	Before	TLanx Ef	fec	t After '	Tax
Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Securities Available for Sal	e									
Noncredit-Related Unrealized Losses on	\$—	\$ —		\$ —		\$ —	\$ —		\$ —	
Securities OTTI	·	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	4		Ψ	
Other Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Securities Available	tor 174.4	(66.0)	108.4		50.4	(18.9)	31.5	
Sale Reclassification Adjustment for (Gains) Losses Included	n									
Net Income	(0.3)	0.1		(0.2))	0.3	(0.1)	0.2	
Net Change	174.1	(65.9)	108.2		50.7	(19.0)	31.7	
Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Cash Flow Hedges		(,					,		
Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Cash Flow Hedges	10.0	(3.8)	6.2		0.1	0.6		0.7	
Reclassification Adjustment for (Gains) Losses Included	n 0.6	(0.2)	0.4		2.3	(0.9)	1.4	
Net Income		·					•			
Net Change	10.6	(4.0)	6.6		2.4	(0.3))	2.1	
Foreign Currency Adjustments	(41.0.)	(1.4	\	(10.1	`	(27.1.)	146		(22.5	`
Foreign Currency Translation Adjustments Long Torm Intro Entity Foreign Currency Transaction Co.	(41.0)	(1.4)	(42.4)	(37.1)	14.6		(22.5)
Long-Term Intra-Entity Foreign Currency Transaction Ga (Losses)	1.2	(0.5)	0.7		0.5	(0.2)	0.3	
Net Investment Hedge Gains (Losses)	83.5	(31.6)	51.9		35.5	(13.4)	22.1	
Reclassification Adjustment for (Gains) Losses Included	n									
Net Income	_									
Net Change	43.7	(33.5)	10.2		(1.1)	1.0		(0.1))
Pension and Other Postretirement Benefit Adjustments										
Net Actuarial Gain (Loss)				_					_	
Reclassification Adjustment for (Gains) Losses Included Net Income	n 12.8	(4.7)	8.1		19.2	(6.9)	12.3	
Net Change	\$12.8	\$ (4.7)	\$ 8.1		\$19.2	\$ (6.9)	\$ 12.3	,
The following table provides the location and before-tax a			-		ut (•	-		
and six months ended June 30, 2016.							υ			
Table 54: Reclassification Adjustment out of Accumulate	d Other Co	mprehe	nsi	ve Inco	me	(Loss)				
·		-					Amo	unt	of	
							Recla	assi	fication	n
							Adju	stn	nents	
	Location of						Reco	\sim		
(In Millions)	Reclassifi		djı	ıstment	s R	ecogniz				
	in Income						Thre			_
									Month Ended	S
									, 2016	
Securities Available for Sale							June	30,	, 2010	
Realized (Gains) Losses on Securities Available for Sale	Investmen	t Securi	tv (Gains (Los	sses) ne	t \$_		\$ (0.3)
Realized Losses on Cash Flow Hedges	THI V COLLING	it Beedin		oums (,505), 110	Ψ		Ψ (0.5	,
Foreign Exchange Contracts	Other Ope	rating I	ncc	me/Ex	pen	se	_		0.6	
Pension and Other Postretirement Benefit Adjustments	•	-		•	-					
Amortization of Net Actuarial Loss	Employee Benefits 6.5					6.5		12.9		
Amortization of Prior Service Cost										
	Employee						(0.1)	(0.1))

\$ 6.4 \$ 12.8

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) (continued)

13. Net Income Per Common Share Computations — The computations of net income per common share are presented in the following table.

Table 55: Net Income per Common Share

	Three N	Months	Six Mo	nths Ended
	Ended.	June 30,	June 30),
(\$ In Millions Except Per Common Share Information)	2016	2015	2016	2015
Basic Net Income Per Common Share				
Average Number of Common Shares Outstanding	227,53	5 27303 ,149,020	228,07	7,23325,264,453
Net Income	\$260.7	\$ 269.2	\$502.5	\$ 499.9
Less: Dividends on Preferred Stock	5.8	5.8	11.7	11.7
Net Income Applicable to Common Stock	254.9	263.4	490.8	488.2
Less: Earnings Allocated to Participating Securities	4.7	4.1	8.8	7.8
Earnings Allocated to Common Shares Outstanding	250.2	259.3	482.0	480.4
Basic Net Income Per Common Share	\$1.10	\$ 1.11	\$2.11	\$ 2.06
Diluted Net Income Per Common Share				
Average Number of Common Shares Outstanding	227,533	5 23 331,149,020	228,07	7,23395,264,453
Plus: Dilutive Effect of Share-based Compensation	1,661,3	122,083,815	1,510,9	517,996,158
Average Common and Potential Common Shares	229,19	7,208153,232,835	229,588	8,23352,260,611
Earnings Allocated to Common and Potential Common Shares	\$250.1	\$ 259.3	\$482.0	\$ 480.4
Diluted Net Income Per Common Share	1.09	1.10	2.10	2.04

Note: Common stock equivalents of 331,233 and 1,557,641 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, respectively, were not included in the computation of diluted net income per common share because their inclusion would have been antidilutive. For the three months ended June 30, 2015, there were no common stock equivalents excluded in the computation of diluted net income per common share. Common stock equivalents of 748,268 for the six months June 30, 2015, were not included in the computation of diluted net income per common share because their inclusion would have been antidilutive.

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) (continued)

14. Net Interest Income — The components of net interest income were as follows: Table 56: Net Interest Income

	Three Months		Six Mo	nths	
	Ended 3	June 30,	Ended June 3		
(In Millions)	2016	2015	2016	2015	
Interest Income					
Loans and Leases	\$201.3	\$171.0	\$402.2	\$354.9	
Securities — Taxable	96.9	77.2	200.1	153.7	
— Non-Taxable	1.6	1.2	2.8	2.6	
I					