

CORILLIAN CORP  
Form 10-Q  
May 15, 2002

**Table of Contents**

**UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20549**

**FORM 10-Q**

**QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF  
THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the quarterly period ended **March 31, 2002**

**OR**

**TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF  
THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

**Commission file number 0-29291**

**CORILLIAN CORPORATION**

*(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)*

**OREGON**

*(State or other Jurisdiction  
of  
Incorporation or  
Organization)*

**91-1795219**

*(I.R.S. Employer  
Identification Number)*

**3400 NW John Olsen Place Hillsboro, Oregon**

*(Address of principal executive offices)*

**97124**

*(Zip Code)*

**(503) 629-3300**

*(Registrant's telephone number)*

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to the filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  No

The number of shares of the Registrant's Common Stock outstanding as of May 13, 2002 was 35,263,644 shares.

**TABLE OF CONTENTS**

**PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION**

Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

**PART II. OTHER INFORMATION**

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

ITEM 2. CHANGES IN SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS AND REPORTS ON FORM 8-K

SIGNATURE

INDEX TO EXHIBITS

EXHIBIT 99.1

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**Table of Contents**

**CORILLIAN CORPORATION  
FORM 10-Q  
TABLE OF CONTENTS**

		<u>Page</u>
<b>Part I</b>	<b>Financial Information</b>	<b>3</b>
Item 1.	Financial Statements:	
	Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets as of December 31, 2001 and March 31, 2002 (unaudited)	3
	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations for the Three Months ended March 31, 2001 and 2002 (unaudited)	4
	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the Three Months ended March 31, 2001 and 2002 (unaudited)	5
	Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)	6
Item 2.	Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	9
Item 3.	Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosure About Market Risk	15
<b>Part II</b>	<b>Other Information</b>	<b>16</b>
Item 1.	Legal Proceedings	16
Item 2.	Changes in Securities and Use of Proceeds	16
Item 6.	Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K	16
	Signature	17

**Table of Contents****PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION**

**CORILLIAN CORPORATION**  
Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets  
(in thousands)

	<b>December 31, 2001</b>	<b>March 31, 2002</b>
		(unaudited)
<b>Assets</b>		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 15,798	\$ 16,359
Investments	1,905	1,100
Accounts receivable	9,427	8,042
Revenue in excess of billings	6,410	6,649
Other current assets	1,429	1,402
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total current assets	34,969	33,552
Property and equipment, net	12,995	11,985
Investment in joint venture	1,990	1,832
Other assets	289	276
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total assets	\$ 50,243	\$ 47,645
	<hr/>	<hr/>
<b>Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity</b>		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 5,133	\$ 4,633
Deferred revenue	8,881	10,657
Current portion of capital lease obligations	414	454
Current portion of long-term borrowings	2,185	2,458
Other current liabilities	597	685
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total current liabilities	17,210	18,887
Capital lease obligations, less current portion	319	278
Long-term borrowings, less current portion	3,411	2,621
Other long-term liabilities	1,199	1,168
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total liabilities	22,139	22,954
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Shareholders' equity:		
Common stock	125,069	125,318
Deferred stock-based compensation	(1,169)	(803)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(19)	(17)
Accumulated deficit	(95,777)	(99,807)
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total shareholders' equity	28,104	24,691
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$ 50,243	\$ 47,645
	<hr/>	<hr/>

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.



**Table of Contents**

**CORILLIAN CORPORATION**  
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations  
(in thousands, except per share data)

	<b>For the Three Months Ended March 31,</b>	
	<b>2001</b>	<b>2002</b>
Revenues	\$ 13,690	\$ 10,063
Cost of revenues	8,304	5,323
	5,386	4,740
Gross profit		
Operating expenses:		
Sales and marketing	5,320	3,277
Research and development	3,753	1,862
General and administrative	3,832	3,031
Amortization of goodwill and other intangible assets	2,029	
Amortization of deferred stock-based compensation	791	325
	15,725	8,495
Total operating expenses		
Loss from operations	(10,339)	(3,755)
Other income (expense), net	276	(275)
	(10,063)	(4,030)
Net loss		
Basic and diluted net loss per share	\$ (0.29)	\$ (0.11)
Shares used in computing basic and diluted net loss per share	34,335	35,181

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

**Table of Contents**

**CORILLIAN CORPORATION**  
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows  
(in thousands)

	For the Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2001	2002
<b>Cash flows from operating activities:</b>		
Net loss	\$(10,063)	\$ (4,030)
<b>Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:</b>		
Depreciation and amortization	1,013	1,290
Amortization of deferred stock-based compensation	791	325
Amortization of goodwill and other intangible assets	2,029	
Equity in losses of joint venture	117	158
<b>Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of acquisitions:</b>		
Accounts receivable	1,387	1,385
Revenue in excess of billings	(1,329)	(239)
Other assets	(386)	37
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(2,822)	(499)
Deferred revenue and other liabilities	(512)	1,833
	(9,775)	260
<b>Cash flows from investing activities:</b>		
Net proceeds from the purchase and sale of property and equipment	(3,969)	(168)
Proceeds from the maturities of investments		805
	(3,969)	637
<b>Cash flows from financing activities:</b>		
Proceeds from the issuance of common stock, net of issuance costs	1,076	290
Proceeds from line of credit borrowings, net	765	(517)
Principal payments on capital lease obligations	(92)	(113)
	1,749	(340)
Effect of exchange rate fluctuations on cash and cash equivalents	(26)	4
(Decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(12,021)	561
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	49,150	15,798
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 37,129	\$ 16,359

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.



**Table of Contents**

**CORILLIAN CORPORATION**  
**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**(unaudited, in thousands, except share and per share data)**

**(1) Basis of Presentation**

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements of Corillian Corporation have been prepared pursuant to Securities and Exchange Commission rules and regulations. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America have been condensed or omitted pursuant to such rules and regulations. These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements and notes thereto included in report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2001 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 27, 2002.

The condensed consolidated financial statements include all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring adjustments), which are, in the opinion of management, necessary for a fair presentation of the results for interim periods. The results of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2002 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year.

The preparation of condensed consolidated financial statements requires Corillian to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses, and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. On an on-going basis, Corillian evaluates its estimates, including those related to revenue recognition, bad debts, investments, intangible assets, income taxes, financing operations, restructuring, and contingencies and litigation. Corillian bases its estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions.

**(2) Principles of Consolidation**

The condensed consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of Corillian Corporation and its wholly-owned subsidiaries, Corillian International, Ltd., Corillian Services, Inc. and Corillian South Asia Sdn Bhd. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

**(3) Concentration of Credit Risk**

Results of operations are derived primarily from United States operations and all significant assets reside in the United States. Banks and other financial institutions accounted for a majority of Corillian's consolidated revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2001 and 2002. Corillian is exposed to concentration of credit risk principally from accounts receivable and revenue in excess of billing. As of March 31, 2002, one customer accounted for approximately 15% of Corillian's consolidated trade accounts receivable balance. Two customers, in total, accounted for approximately 79% of Corillian's consolidated revenue in excess of billing balance as of March 31, 2002. Loss of or non-performance by these significant customers could adversely affect Corillian's financial position, liquidity or results from operations.

**(4) Comprehensive Income**

Corillian has adopted the provisions of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 130, *Reporting on Comprehensive Income* (Statement No. 130). Comprehensive income is defined as changes in shareholders' equity exclusive of transactions with owners, including foreign currency translation

**Table of Contents**

adjustments. To date, such transactions that are required to be reported in comprehensive income are not material to Corillian's financial position or results of operations.

**(5) Supplemental Disclosures of Cash Flow Information**

	For the Three Months Ended	
	March 31, 2001	March 31, 2002
	(in thousands)	
Cash paid during the period for:		
Interest	\$ 217	\$ 165
Taxes	14	7
Supplemental disclosures of non-cash investing and financing activities:		
Property and equipment acquired through capital leases		112
Common shares issued in business combination	306	

**(6) Net Loss Per Share**

We compute net loss per share in accordance with Statement No. 128, *Earnings Per Share*, and SEC Staff Accounting Bulletin (SAB) No. 98. Under the provisions of Statement No. 128 and SAB No. 98, basic and diluted net loss per share is computed by dividing the net loss attributed to common shareholders for the period by the weighted-average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period.

The following table sets forth for the periods indicated the weighted-average potential shares of common stock issuable under stock options and warrants using the treasury stock method, which are not included in calculating net loss per share due to their antidilutive effect for the periods indicated:

	For the Three Months Ended	
	March 31, 2001	March 31, 2002
Shares issuable under stock options	2,303,035	713,100
Shares issuable under warrants	45,501	
	<u>2,348,536</u>	<u>713,100</u>

The following shares issuable under stock options and a warrant would not result in additional dilutive shares under the treasury stock method as the exercise price of the stock options and warrant exceeded the average fair market value of the underlying common stock for the periods presented below:

	For the Three Months Ended	
	March 31, 2001	March 31, 2002
Shares issuable under stock options	2,446,272	4,277,495
Shares issuable under warrants		250,000
	<u>2,446,272</u>	<u>4,527,495</u>

**(7) Stock-based Compensation**

The amortization of deferred stock-based compensation relates to the following items in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of operations:

7

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**Table of Contents**

	For the Three Months Ended	
	March 31, 2001	March 31, 2002
	(in thousands)	
Cost of revenues	\$ 105	\$ 55
Sales and marketing	412	151
Research and development	64	25
General and administrative	210	94
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>
	\$ 791	\$ 325
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>

**(8) Segment Information**

Corillian has adopted Statement No. 131, *Disclosures about Segments of an Enterprise and Related Information*, which establishes standards for reporting information related to operating segments in annual financial statements and requires selected information for those segments to be presented in interim financial reports issued to shareholders. Statement No. 131 also establishes standards for related disclosures about products and services and geographic areas. Operating segments are defined as components of an enterprise about which separate, discrete financial information is available for evaluation by the chief operating decision maker, or decision-making group, in making decisions how to allocate resources and assess performance. Corillian's chief operating decision maker, as defined under Statement No. 131, is its chief executive officer.

*(a) Geographic Information*

Corillian derives its revenue from a single operating segment, providing electronic finance software and services. Revenue is generated in this segment through software license and professional service arrangements.

Results of operations are substantially derived from United States operations and substantially all assets reside in the United States. Our results of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2001 and 2002 include approximately \$2.0 million and \$2.2 million, respectively, of direct operating expenses related to our international operations, primarily Europe. Corillian's international operations generated a total of approximately \$1.3 million and \$323,000, respectively, of our consolidated revenues during the three months ended March 31, 2001 and 2002.

*(b) Revenues*

Revenues derived from Corillian's licenses and services are as follows:

	For the Three Months Ended	
	March 31, 2001	March 31, 2002
	(in thousands)	
License and professional services	\$ 13,116	\$ 8,141
Post-contractual customer support	431	1,459
Hosting	143	463
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>
	\$ 13,690	\$ 10,063
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>

**(9) Restructuring and Impairment Charges**

During the fourth quarter of 2001, Corillian initiated restructuring actions to improve operational efficiency and reduce operating expenses. Charges related to these restructuring actions were accrued in the



**Table of Contents**

period in which executive management committed to execute such actions. The restructuring actions taken in 2001 included the reorganization of operational and management responsibilities and closure of Corillian Services, Inc.'s Los Angeles headquarters. These actions resulted in a net reduction of worldwide headcount of 125, of which 41 were employees of Corillian Services, Inc. Restructuring charges recorded in connection with these actions totaled \$1.3 million and consisted of severance-related costs of \$1.2 million, \$90,000 in losses recognized on the sale of equipment, and lease cancellation costs of \$27,000. Of the cash restructuring charges of \$1.0 million, approximately \$889,000 was paid in 2001 and the remainder of approximately \$155,000 was paid during the three months ended March 31, 2002.

The following table summarizes the restructuring charges, the amounts paid and the ending accrual balances as of and for the three months ended March 31, 2002:

	<u>Accruals</u>	<u>Non-Cash Charges</u>	<u>Total Charges</u>
		(In thousands)	
Severance-related payments	\$ 1,017	\$ 200	\$ 1,217
Losses on sale of equipment		90	90
Lease cancellation costs	27		27
	<u>1,044</u>	<u>\$ 290</u>	<u>\$ 1,334</u>
Cash payments during 2001	<u>(889)</u>		
Accrued restructuring charges at December 31, 2001	155		
Cash payments during the three months ended March 31, 2002	<u>(155)</u>		
Accrued restructuring charges at March 31, 2002	<u>\$</u>		

In accordance with Statement No. 121, *Accounting for the Impairment of Long-Lived Assets and for Long-Lived Assets to be Disposed of*, Corillian determined in the fourth quarter of 2001 that the goodwill and other intangible assets recorded during the acquisition of Hatcher Associates, Inc. in November 2000 were impaired and recorded an impairment of the entire goodwill and other intangible assets balance of approximately \$16.8 million.

**(10) Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets**

Statement No. 142, *Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets*, requires disclosure of what reported income before extraordinary items and net income would have been in all periods presented exclusive of amortization expense (including any related tax effects) recognized in those periods related to goodwill and other intangible assets that are no longer being amortized. Corillian adopted Statement No. 142 on January 1, 2002.

The following table illustrates what Corillian's net loss and basic and diluted net loss per share would have been during the three months ended March 31, 2001 and 2002, exclusive of amortization expense related to the goodwill and other non-amortized intangible assets recorded during the acquisition of Hatcher Associates, Inc:

	<u>For the Three Months Ended March 31,</u>	
	<u>2001</u>	<u>2002</u>
	(In thousands, except per share data)	
Reported net loss	\$ (10,063)	\$ (4,030)
Add back: Amortization of goodwill and other intangible assets	1,813	

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Adjusted net loss	\$ (8,250)	\$ (4,030)
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>
Reported basic and diluted net loss per share	\$ (0.29)	\$ (0.11)
Add back: Amortization of goodwill and other intangible assets	0.05	
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>
Adjusted basic and diluted net loss per share	\$ (0.24)	\$ (0.11)
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>

### ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

This discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with our Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations set forth in our report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2001 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 27, 2002.

#### Overview

We license software and provide professional services to financial service providers, such as banks, brokerages, insurance companies and financial portals. Corillian Voyager is a software platform combined with a set of applications for Internet banking, electronic bill presentment and payment, targeted marketing, data aggregation and online customer relationship management. Our Corillian Voyager Standard Edition (SE) is a hosted Internet banking solution tailored to the specific needs of small to mid-sized financial institutions looking for the same scalability and reliability of Corillian Voyager in a more

## **Table of Contents**

rapidly deployable, economical solution. The Corillian Voyager SE services include Internet banking, bill payment and the complete integration of the Open Financial Exchange (OFX) data standard.

Substantially all of our revenue is derived from licensing our software and performing professional services for our customers, both through direct sales channels and indirect sales partners. These professional services include implementation, custom software engineering, consulting, maintenance, training and hosting. In most cases, we recognize revenues for licenses, implementation and custom engineering services using the percentage-of-completion method. Revenue relating to maintenance services is recognized ratably over the term of the associated maintenance contract. Revenues derived from training, hosting and consulting services are recognized as the services are performed. We generally license Corillian Voyager on an end user basis, with our initial license fee based on a fixed number of end users. As a customer increases its installed base of end users beyond the initial fixed number of end users, our software license requires the customer to pay us an additional license fee to cover additional increments of end users. For customers that provide us with significant strategic advantages, we have in the past and may in the future charge discounted license fees based on an unlimited number of end users.

Cost of revenues consists primarily of salaries and related expenses for professional service personnel and outsourced professional service providers who are responsible for the implementation and customization of our software and for maintenance and support personnel who are responsible for software maintenance. From time to time to accommodate specific customers, we resell equipment and materials to these customers, and the expenses associated with the purchase of this equipment and materials is included within the cost of revenues in the year in which the resale occurs.

Since incorporation, we have incurred substantial costs to develop and market our technology and to provide professional services. As a result, we have incurred net losses in each quarter of operation since inception and have accumulated a deficit of \$99.8 million as of March 31, 2002. Our limited operating history makes it difficult to forecast future operating results. As a result of the rapid evolution of our business and our limited operating history, we believe period-to-period comparisons of our results of operations, including our revenues and costs of revenues and operating expenses as a percentage of revenues, are not necessarily indicative of our future performance.

During the three months ended March 31, 2002, each of three customers accounted for more than 10% of consolidated revenue and, in total, these three customers accounted for approximately 38% of consolidated revenue during the quarter, as compared to the three months ended March 31, 2001, when one customer accounted for approximately 38% of consolidated revenue.

## **Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates**

Management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations is based upon our condensed consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The preparation of condensed consolidated financial statements requires Corillian to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses, and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. On an on-going basis, Corillian evaluates its estimates, including those related to revenue recognition, bad debts, investments, intangible assets, income taxes, financing operations, restructuring, and contingencies and litigation. Corillian bases its estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions.

Certain of our accounting policies require higher degrees of judgment than others in their application. These include software revenue recognition and accruals for loss contracts and contingencies. Our policy and related procedures for software revenue recognition are summarized below.

*Revenue Recognition.* Corillian recognizes revenue from software licensing agreements in accordance with the provisions of Statement of Position (SOP) No. 97-2, *Software Revenue Recognition*, as amended by SOP No. 98-9, *Modification of SOP No. 97-2, Software Revenue Recognition, with Respect to Certain Transactions*. Corillian's software licenses are functionally dependent on implementation and



## **Table of Contents**

certain custom software engineering services; therefore, software licenses and implementation services, together with custom software engineering services that are essential to the functionality of the software, are combined and recognized using the percentage-of-completion method of contract accounting in accordance with SOP 81-1, *Accounting for Performance of Construction-Type and Certain Production-Type Contracts*.

Revenue on software arrangements involving multiple elements, which generally include software licenses, implementation and custom software engineering services, post-contractual customer support, training services and hosting services, is allocated to the elements using the residual method specified in SOP No. 98-9. Corillian has determined that post-contractual customer support, training and hosting services can be separated from software licenses, implementation and custom software engineering services because (a) post-contractual customer support, training and hosting services are not essential to the functionality of any other element in the arrangement, and (b) sufficient vendor-specific objective evidence exists to permit the allocation of revenue to these service elements. Vendor-specific objective evidence has been established on post-contractual customer support and hosting services using the price the customer is required to pay when they are sold separately (the renewal rate), and on training based on the price customers are charged when these services are sold separately. Under the residual method, the fair value of post-contractual customer support, training, and hosting services is deferred and subsequently recognized as the services are performed. The difference between the total software arrangement fee and the amount deferred for post-contractual customer support, hosting and training services is allocated to software license, implementation and custom software engineering services and recognized using contract accounting.

The percentage-of-completion is measured by the percentage of contract hours incurred to date compared to the estimated total contract hours for each contract. Corillian has the ability to make reasonable, dependable estimates relating to the extent of progress towards completion, contract revenues and contract costs. Any estimation process, including that used in preparing contract accounting models, involves inherent risk. Corillian reduces the inherent risk relating to revenue and cost estimates in percentage-of-completion models through corporate policy, approval and monitoring processes. Risks relating to service delivery, usage, productivity and other factors are considered in the estimation process. Cumulative revenues recognized may be less or greater than cumulative costs and profits billed at any point in time during a contract term. The resulting difference is recognized as revenue in excess of billing or deferred revenue. Provisions for estimated losses on uncompleted contracts are made in the period in which such losses are determined.

## **Results of Operations**

### ***Revenues***

Revenues decreased from \$13.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2001, to \$10.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2002. This decrease in revenues is primarily due to a decrease in consolidated software license and professional service revenue of approximately \$5.0 million, as Corillian licensed software and performed professional services for a fewer number of customers during the three months ended March 31, 2002, as compared with the comparable period in fiscal 2001. Our international operations and Corillian Services, Inc. contributed approximately \$323,000 and \$962,000, respectively, to our consolidated software license and professional service revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2002, as compared with approximately \$1.3 million and \$3.2 million, respectively, for the three months ended March 31, 2001. The remaining decrease is due to a decrease in Corillian's domestic software license and professional service revenues during the three months ended March 31, 2002, as compared with the comparable period in fiscal 2001.

This decrease was partially offset by increases in consolidated maintenance and hosting revenue of approximately \$1.0 million and \$320,000, respectively, during the three months ended March 31, 2002, as compared with the comparable period in fiscal 2001. This increase in maintenance and hosting revenue is primarily due to an increased number of active maintenance and hosting customers, as well as improved

## **Table of Contents**

pricing associated with maintenance and hosting contracts, as compared with the comparable period in fiscal 2001.

### ***Cost of Revenues***

Cost of revenues decreased from \$8.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2001, to \$5.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2002. Gross profit increased as a percentage of revenues from 39% for the three months ended March 31, 2001, to 47% for the three months ended March 31, 2002.

This decrease in cost of revenues in absolute dollars was primarily due to a reduction in the number of our professional services personnel from 189 at March 31, 2001, to 148 at March 31, 2002. This decrease in absolute dollars was mainly a result of our restructuring actions to improve operational efficiency during the fourth quarter of 2001 and a significant reduction in third-party integration expenses incurred during the three months ended March 31, 2002, as compared with the comparable period in fiscal 2001. The increase in gross profit as a percentage of revenue is mainly attributable to improved pricing on post-contractual customer support and hosting services contracts, as well as increased utilization of professional services personnel.

Cost of revenues associated with Corillian Services, Inc. decreased approximately \$1.8 million during the three months ended March 31, 2002, as compared with the comparable period in fiscal 2001. This decrease in Corillian Services, Inc.'s cost of revenues is primarily due to the closure of its Los Angeles headquarters and the reduction in its headcount of 41 professional services personnel.

### ***Operating Expenses***

*Sales and Marketing Expenses.* Sales and marketing expenses consist of salaries, commissions, and related expenses for personnel involved in marketing, sales and support functions, as well as costs associated with trade shows and other promotional activities. Sales and marketing expenses decreased from \$5.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2001, to \$3.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2002.

This decrease was mainly a result of Corillian's restructuring actions to improve operational efficiency during the fourth quarter of 2001. We decreased the number of our sales and marketing personnel from 99 at March 31, 2001, to 58 at March 31, 2002. Primarily as a result of these restructuring actions and other corporate cost containment initiatives, domestic sales and marketing expenses decreased by \$1.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2002, as compared with the comparable period in fiscal 2001. This decrease was also attributable to a decrease of approximately \$379,000 and \$197,000, respectively, in direct international and Corillian Services, Inc. sales and marketing expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2002, as compared with the comparable period in fiscal 2001.

*Research and Development Expenses.* Research and development expenses consist primarily of salaries and related expenses for engineering personnel and costs of materials and equipment associated with the design, development and testing of our products. Research and development expenses decreased from \$3.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2001, to \$1.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2002. This decrease was mainly due to Corillian's restructuring actions during the fourth quarter of 2001 and other corporate cost containment initiatives, as we decreased the number of our research and development personnel from 71 at March 31, 2001, to 61 at March 31, 2002, and significantly reduced third-party research and development expenses during the three months ended March 31, 2002, as compared with the comparable period in fiscal 2001. This decrease was also due to approximately \$290,000 of funded research and development, which was recorded as a reduction of research and development expense during the three months ended March 31, 2002.

*General and Administrative Expenses.* General and administrative expenses consist of salaries and related expenses for executive, finance, human resources, legal, information systems management and administration personnel, as well as professional fees, corporate facility expenses and other general corporate expenses. General and administrative expenses decreased from \$3.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2001, to \$3.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2002.

## **Table of Contents**

This decrease was mainly due to Corillian's restructuring actions during the fourth quarter of 2001 and other corporate cost containment initiatives, as we decreased the number of our general and administrative personnel from 56 at March 31, 2001, to 38 at March 31, 2002. As a result, during the three months ended March 31, 2002, our direct domestic and Corillian Services, Inc. general and administrative expenses decreased approximately \$537,000 and \$802,000, respectively, as compared with the three months ended March 31, 2001. These decreases were partially offset by an increase of approximately \$537,000 in international general and administrative expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2002, as compared with the comparable period in fiscal 2001. This increase in international general and administrative expenses was mainly due to a charge of approximately \$619,000 recognized during the three months ended March 31, 2002 to write-off a customer receivable.

*Amortization of Intangible Assets.* Amortization of intangible assets decreased from \$2.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2001, to \$0 for the three months ended March 31, 2002. This decrease was due to Corillian recording an impairment of its entire goodwill and other intangible asset balance in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2001.

*Amortization of Deferred Stock-based Compensation.* Deferred stock-based compensation represents the difference between the exercise price of stock options granted to employees and the fair value of our common stock at the time of the grants. This amount is being amortized over the respective vesting periods of these options on an accelerated basis. In addition, this amount includes the fair value of stock options granted to non-employees. Amortization of deferred stock-based compensation decreased from \$791,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2001, to \$325,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2002. We expect amortization of approximately \$642,000 and \$161,000, respectively, for the remainder of 2002 and 2003, respectively, related to these stock options.

### ***Other Income (Expense), Net***

Other income (expense), net, consists primarily of interest earned on cash and cash equivalents and short-term investments, gains and losses recognized upon sale of our assets, interest expense, our share of earnings and losses in joint venture investments, and other miscellaneous items. Other income (expense), net, decreased from income of \$276,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2001, to an expense of \$275,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2002. This decrease was mainly the result of a reduction in interest income earned of approximately \$558,000 due to lower interest rates and decreased cash, cash equivalents and short-term investment balances.

### **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

At March 31, 2002, we had \$17.5 million in cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments, consisting of cash, money market funds and taxable municipal bonds with original maturities from 0 to 180 days. In January 2000, we obtained a \$3.0 million equipment line of credit with a financial institution of which \$1.3 million was outstanding at March 31, 2002. In November 2000, we obtained a \$5.0 million equipment line of credit with a financial institution of which \$3.8 million was outstanding at March 31, 2002.

Net cash used in operating activities was \$9.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2001. Net cash provided by operating activities was approximately \$260,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2002. This increase in net cash provided by operating activities resulted primarily from a significant reduction in net operating loss, a decrease in accounts receivable and an increase in deferred revenue, partially offset by a decrease in accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

Net cash used in investing activities was \$4.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2001. Net cash provided by investing activities was approximately \$637,000 for the three months ended March

## **Table of Contents**

31, 2002. This increase in net cash provided by investing activities resulted primarily from a reduction in capital expenditures of approximately \$3.8 million, as well as net proceeds from the maturities of short-term investments of approximately \$805,000 during the three months ended March 31, 2002. We expect that, in the future, any cash in excess of current requirements will be invested in short-term, investment-grade securities. We are currently obligated to contribute an additional \$1.0 million in cash to e-Banc, a company in which we invested in June 2000, and are in the process of structuring a note to be issued to e-Banc that would extend the date for payment of this amount.

Net cash provided by financing activities was \$1.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2001. Net cash used in financing activities was approximately \$340,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2002. This decrease in net cash provided by financing activities was primarily due to a reduction of approximately \$786,000 in proceeds received from the issuance of common shares under stock options and Corillian's employee stock purchase plan, as well as net payments made on long-term obligations of approximately \$630,000 during the three months ended March 31, 2002, compared to net borrowings under these obligations of approximately \$673,000 during the three months ended March 31, 2001.

We have no material financial obligations other than obligations under our line of credit facilities and operating and capital leases, as well as our obligation to contribute an additional \$1.0 million in cash to e-Banc. Future capital requirements will depend on many factors, including the timing of research and development efforts and the expansion of our operations, both domestically and internationally. We believe our current cash and cash equivalents will be sufficient to meet our working capital requirements for at least the next 12 months. Thereafter, we may find it necessary to obtain additional equity or debt financing. If additional financing is required, we may not be able to raise it on acceptable terms or at all. Additional financing could result in dilution to our current shareholders' percentage ownership. If we are unable to obtain additional financing, we may be required to reduce the scope of our planned research and development and sales and marketing efforts, as well as the further development of our infrastructure.

## **Forward-Looking Statements and Risk Factors**

This document contains forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties that may cause our actual results to differ materially from any forward-looking statement. These statements relate to future events or our future financial performance. In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by terminology including could, may, will, should, expect, plan, anticipate, believe, estimate, potential or continue, the negative of these terms or other comparable terminology. These statements are only predictions. Actual events or results may differ materially. In evaluating these statements, you should specifically consider various factors, including the risks described in Exhibit 99.1 to this report. Some of these risks are identified for you below, but you are advised to read the more detailed and thorough discussion of the risks we face in our business contained in Exhibit 99.1 to this report.

We have a limited operating history and are subject to the risks that our solutions are not adopted by financial service providers or used by consumers.

We have a history of losses, we expect to continue to incur losses and we may not achieve or maintain profitability.

We may need to raise additional financing to fund our operations and may not be able to raise funds on beneficial terms or at all.

A small number of customers account for a substantial portion of our revenues in each period; our business could suffer if we lose customers or fail to add additional customers to our customer base.

**Table of Contents**

If we do not develop international operations as expected or fail to address international market risks, we may not achieve anticipated sales growth.

If we, or our implementation partners, do not effectively implement our solutions at financial service providers' facilities, we may not achieve anticipated revenues or gross margins.

Acquisitions by us may be costly and difficult to integrate, divert management resources or dilute shareholder value.

Our products' lengthy sales cycles may cause revenues and operating results to be unpredictable and to vary significantly from period to period.

Competition in the market for Internet-based financial services is intense and could reduce our sales and prevent us from achieving profitability.

Our ability to meet revenue projections could be adversely affected by new and revised standards and interpretations of accounting rules governing revenue recognition.

Our business, results from operations, financial condition and liquidity could be seriously harmed by the negative outcome of a lawsuit, costs associated with a lawsuit and the diversion of management's time and resources to defend a lawsuit.

We do not guarantee future results, levels of activity, performance or achievements. We are under no duty to update any of the forward-looking statements after the date of this document to conform them to actual results or to changes in our expectations.

**ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK**

**Foreign Exchange Rate Sensitivity**

We develop products in the United States and market our products and services in the United States, and to a lesser extent in Europe, Asia and Australia. As a result, our financial results could be affected by factors such as changes in foreign currency exchange rates or weak economic conditions in foreign markets. Because nearly all of our revenue is currently denominated in United States dollars, a strengthening of the United States dollar could make our products less competitive in foreign markets.

We do not use derivative financial instruments for speculative purposes. We do not engage in exchange rate hedging or hold or issue foreign exchange contracts for trading purposes. We do have foreign-based operations where transactions are denominated in foreign currencies and are subject to market risk with respect to fluctuations in the relative value of currencies. Currently, we have operations in Europe, Asia and Australia and conduct transactions in various local currencies in these locales. To date, the impact of fluctuations in the relative fair value of other currencies has not been material.

**Interest Rate Sensitivity**

At March 31, 2002, we had cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments of \$17.5 million, which consist mainly of cash, highly liquid money market funds and taxable municipal bonds. Our investments may be subject to interest rate risk and will decrease in value if market interest rates increase. A decline in interest rates over a sustained period would reduce our interest income. Substantially all of our revenues recognized to date have been denominated in United States dollars and substantially all of our revenues are from customers in the United States. Although substantially all of our revenues have been from United States customers, we expect to recognize more revenues from international markets, and those revenues will likely be denominated in currency from those international markets. As a result, our operating results could become subject to significant fluctuations based upon changes in the exchange rates of the

**Table of Contents**

international currencies in those markets in relation to the United States dollar and could be adversely affected.

**PART II. OTHER INFORMATION**

**ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS**

In April 2000, KeyBank National Association brought a lawsuit in the Court of Common Pleas in Cuyahoga County, Ohio against one of our employees, alleging that the employee violated the terms of confidentiality agreements with KeyBank and misappropriated trade secrets of KeyBank and used them in performing work for us. We investigated the allegations and concluded that the employee did not use trade secrets or confidential information in performing any substantial services for us. We continue to employ this employee. In January 2001, KeyBank named us as a party to the lawsuit, alleging that we misappropriated KeyBank's trade secrets and confidential information and used them in performing work for some of our customers. KeyBank is seeking unspecified monetary damages. We filed a counterclaim against KeyBank, alleging that KeyBank used proprietary information that we disclosed to KeyBank when we shared our technology with them in November 1998. We are seeking unspecified monetary damages. We intend to vigorously contest KeyBank's claims and pursue our counterclaim.

Corillian is also subject to certain other legal proceedings and claims that have arisen in the ordinary course of business and which have not been fully adjudicated.

**ITEM 2. CHANGES IN SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS**

(d) Use of Proceeds

On April 17, 2000 we completed our initial public offering by issuing 4,600,000 shares of common stock (including shares issued upon the exercise of the underwriters' over-allotment option), issued 2,625,000 shares of common stock in a private placement that occurred concurrently with the closing of our initial public offering, and issued a warrant to purchase 250,000 shares of common stock. We realized \$54.7 million in proceeds from these sales, net of discounts, commissions and issuance costs. The effective date of our prospectus and related registration statement (Commission No. 33-95513) was April 12, 2000.

**ITEM 6. EXHIBITS AND REPORTS ON FORM 8-K**

(a) Exhibits

The exhibits listed on the accompanying index are filed as part of this Form 10-Q:

Exhibit No.	Description
99.1	Risk Factors



**Table of Contents**

**INDEX TO EXHIBITS**

<b>Exhibit No.</b>	<b>Description</b>
99.1	Risk Factors