NORTH JULIA B Form 4 November 05, 2002

FORM 4

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

[] Check this box if no longer subject to Section 16. Form 4 or Form 5 obligations may continue. See Instruction 1(b). STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP
Filed pursuant to Section 16(a) of the Securities
Exchange Act of 1934, Section 17(a) of the
Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935 or
Section 30(f) of the Investment Company Act of 1940

1.				2. Issuer Name and Ticker or Trading Symbol 6	. Rel
1	NORTH	JULIA	В.	ACUITY BRANDS, INC. (AYI)	[X]
 	(Last) C/O ACUITY 1170 PEACH SUITE 2400	TREE STREE'		3. I.R.S. Identi-	[]
 	ATLANTA	(Street) GEORGIA	30309		. Ir (Ch [X]
 	(City)	(State)	(Zip)	Table I Non-Derivative Securities Acquired, Dis	posed
1. Title of Security (Instr. 3)		ecurity	2. Trans- action Date (Month/	Code (Instr. 3, 4 and 5) Ben (Instr.8) Own	unt ouritieficied
 			Day/ - Year) 		str.
C	OMMON STOCK		I I	1,0	00
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Reminder: Report on a separate line for each class of securities beneficially directly or indire *If the form is filed by more than one reporting person, see Instruction 4(b)(v).

px; margin-bottom:6.667px; text-indent:48px; font-size:16px" align=justify>In June 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued FASB Interpretation No. 48, "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes - an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109" ("FIN 48"). This interpretation clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in an enterprise's financial statements in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 109, Accounting for Income Taxes (SFAS No. 109). This Interpretation prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for the financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken, or expected to be taken, in a tax return. This interpretation also provides guidance on de-recognition, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, disclosure, and transition. We have adopted the provisions of FIN 48 on January 1, 2007. As a result of the implementation of FIN 48, we did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

We and our subsidiaries file income tax returns in the U.S. federal jurisdiction, and various states and foreign jurisdictions. With a few exceptions, we are no longer subject to U.S. federal, state and local, or non-U.S. income tax examinations by tax authorities for years before 2001. The Internal Revenue Service (IRS) commenced an examination of the Company's U.S. income tax returns for year ended 2004 in the third quarter of 2006 that is anticipated to be completed by the end of the second quarter 2007. Tax years ending in 2005 and 2006 are open and subject to examination by the IRS. The IRS has proposed certain immaterial adjustments to our deduction for state income tax expense and currency losses. The total amount of income tax reserves as of January 1, 2007 is \$4.4 million, which includes immaterial amounts in interest and penalties and is reflected as a liability on the balance sheet. The amount of income tax reserve that, if recognized, would affect the effective tax rate is approximately \$4.4 million. At March 31, 2007, the balances have not materially changed nor do we expect a significant increase or decrease to these balances over the next twelve months. We recognize interest and penalties accrued related to income tax reserves in income tax expense. This method of accounting is consistent with prior years.

NOTE 4 -- STOCK BASED COMPENSATION

At March 31, 2007 we have stock options outstanding under the following plans: (i) the 2005 Incentive Stock Plan, which our stockholders approved in April 2005; (ii) the 2000 Nonstatutory Stock Option Plan (the 2000 Plan), which our Board of Directors adopted in February 2000; (iii) the 1997 Stock Option Plan (the 1997 Plan), which expired in January 2007; (iv) the Directors Stock Option Plan (the Directors Plan), which expired in May 2006; and (v) the 1995 Incentive Compensation Plan (the 1995 Plan), which our stockholders approved in September 1995 (and which expired in July 2005) and our employee Stock Purchase Plan (the ESPP) effective as of July 1, 2001, which our stockholders approved in May 2001.

Total pre-tax stock based compensation expense for the three months ended March 31,

2007, and 2006, was \$2.5 million and \$2.6 million, respectively, of which \$2.4 million and \$2.5 million related to stock options and \$0.1 million and \$0.1 million related to the ESPP, respectively. Tax benefits recognized in the consolidated condensed statements of income for stock based compensation during the three months ended March 31, 2007 and March 31, 2006, were \$1.0 million and \$1.0 million, respectively. In addition, the company realized excess tax benefits of \$0.6 million and \$2.3 million from the exercise of stock options in the three months ended March 31, 2007, and 2006, respectively.

The Black-Scholes option-pricing model is used in determining the fair value of each option grant using the assumptions noted in the table below. The expected term of options granted is based on historical experience and represents the period of time that awards granted are expected to be outstanding. Expected volatility is based upon historical volatility of the company s stock. The expected dividend yield is zero. The risk-free interest rate is based on the average of the U.S. Treasury three and five year yield rates which equal the expected term of the award. The significant weighted average assumptions relating to the valuation of the stock options granted during the three months ended March 31, 2007, and 2006, were as follows:

Three Months Ended March 31, 2007 2006 Expected term (in years) 5.0 4.4 Expected volatility 27.47% 29.08% Expected dividend yield 0.00% 0.00% Risk free interest rate 4.53%

4.83%

The weighted average grant date fair value of the stock options granted during the three months ended March 31, 2007, and 2006, was \$22.00 and \$17.58, respectively.

Stock option activity for the three months ended March 31, 2007, was as follows:

	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price per share	Weighted average remaining contractual life (in years)	Aggregate intrinsic value
Outstanding at December 31, 2006	3,518,655	\$ 41.92		
Granted	586,920	77.14		
Exercised	(85,652)	35.14		
Cancelled or expired	(24,710)	53.78		
Outstanding at March 31, 2007	3,995,213	\$ 47.17	7.24	\$ 137,164,199
Exercisable at March 31, 2007	1,925,755	\$ 33.91	5.78	\$ 91,639,122
Vested and expected to vest in the future at March 31, 2007	3,509,846	\$ 44.98	0.85	\$ 128,165,976

The total intrinsic value of options exercised for the quarter ended March 31, 2007, and 2006 was \$3.7 million and \$12.2 million, respectively. Intrinsic value is measured using the fair market value at the date of the exercise (for options exercised) or at March 31, 2007 (for outstanding options), less the applicable exercise price.

As of March 31, 2007, there was \$17.5 million of total unrecognized compensation expense, related to non-vested compensation expense, which is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 2.14 years.

NOTE 5 -- COMMON STOCK

During the quarter ended March 31, 2007, we repurchased on the open market, and subsequently cancelled, 589,786 shares of common stock. The weighted average repurchase price was \$78.12 per share.

NOTE 6 -- NET INCOME PER COMMON SHARE

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted net income per share (in thousands, except share and per share data):

	Three Months Ended				
	March 31,				
		2007		2006	
		(in thousands, exc	ept share and	per share data)	
Numerator:					
Net income	\$	29,387	\$	23,525	
Denominator:					
Denominator for basic earnings per					
share-weighted-average shares		44,142,263		44,062,173	
Effect of dilutive securities:					
Employee stock options		1,074,800		1,093,525	
Warrants		1,284		227	
Dilutive potential common shares		1,076,084		1,093,752	
Denominator for diluted earnings per share-					
adjusted weighted-average shares and					
assumed conversions		45,218,347		45,155,925	

Basic net income per share	\$ 0.67	\$ 0.53
Diluted net income per share	\$ 0.65	\$ 0.52

NOTE 7 -- COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

The components of total comprehensive income are net income, the change in cumulative currency translation adjustments and gains and losses on derivative instruments qualifying as cash flow hedges. The following table sets forth the components of total comprehensive income for the three months ended March 31, 2007 and 2006 (in thousands).

	Three Months Ended March 31,					
		2007		2006		
Net income	\$	29,387	\$	23,525		
Other comprehensive loss:						
Currency translation adjustments		(614)		(429)		
Net loss on derivative instruments		(63)		(70)		
Other comprehensive loss		(677)		(499)		
Total comprehensive income	\$	28,710	\$	23,026		

NOTE 8 -- GUARANTEE

We have guaranteed a loan to the Aozora Bank in Japan on behalf of Shiraishi-Sogyo Co. Ltd (Shiraishi). Shiraishi is a customer in Japan that is expanding their medical waste management business and has a five-year loan with a current balance of \$4.2 million with the Aozora Bank that expires in June 2009.

NOTE 9 -- GOODWILL

We have two geographical reporting segments, United States and Foreign Countries, both of which have goodwill. The changes in the carrying amount of goodwill, net of amortization, for the three months ended March 31, 2007 were as follows (in thousands):

	United States	Foreign Countries	Total
Balance as of January 1, 2007	\$ 647,524	\$ 166,449	\$ 813,973
Changes due to currency fluctuation		295	295
Allocated to intangibles		(8,132)	(8,132)

Changes in Goodwill for 2006 acquisitions	266	2,026	2,292
Goodwill on 2007 acquisitions	20,027	144	20,171
Balance as of March 31, 2007	\$ 667,817	\$ 160,782	\$ 828,599

NOTE 10 -- LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

We operate in a highly regulated industry and must deal with regulatory inquiries or investigations from time to time that may be instituted for a variety of reasons. We are also involved in a variety of civil litigation from time to time.

In Australia, we are in an arbitration proceeding with SteriCorp Limited over the performance of equipment sold to them. The discovery process is nearing conclusion and the hearings are expected to begin during the second quarter of 2007. We anticipate conclusion of the proceedings during the third quarter of 2007.

NOTE 11 -- NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

In February 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 159, "The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities - Including an amendment of FASB Statement No. 115" (SFAS 159). SFAS 159 allows measurement at fair value of eligible financial assets and liabilities that are not otherwise measured at fair value. If the fair value option for an eligible item is elected, unrealized gains and losses for that item are reported in current earnings at each subsequent reporting date. SFAS 159 also establishes presentation and disclosure requirements designed to draw comparison between the different measurement attributes that we elect for similar types of assets and liabilities. This statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007. We are in the process of evaluating the application of the fair value option and the effect on its financial position and results of operations.

NOTE 12 -- GEOGRAPHIC INFORMATION

Management has determined that we have two reportable segments, United States and Foreign Countries based on our consideration of the criteria detailed in FASB Statement No. 131, Disclosures about Segments of an Enterprise and Related Information. Revenues are attributed to countries based on the location of customers. Inter-company revenues recorded by the United States for work performed in Canada, which are immaterial, are eliminated prior to reporting United States revenues. The same accounting principles and critical accounting policies are used in the preparation of the financial statements for both reporting segments.

Detailed information for our United States reporting segment is as follows:

	Three Months Ended March 31,			
		2007		2006
		(ir	thousands)	
Regulated medical waste management services	\$	147,523	\$	133,797
Regulated returns management services		15,564		12,562
Total revenue	\$	163,087	\$	146,359
Net interest expense		5,962		4,972
Income before income taxes		41,559		34,375
Income taxes		16,503		14,096

Net income	\$ 25,056	\$ 20,279
Depreciation and amortization	\$ 5,259	\$ 4,569

Detailed information for our Foreign Countries reporting segment is as follows:

	Three Months Ended March 31,				
		2007		2006	
		(ir	thousands)		
Regulated medical waste management services	\$	47,836	\$	32,742	
Property equipment and technology license sales		126		148	
Total revenues	\$	47,962	\$	32,890	
Net interest expense		1,337		678	
Income before income taxes		6,538		4,191	
Income taxes		2,207		945	
Net income	\$	4,331	\$	3,246	
Depreciation and amortization	\$	1,879	\$	1,726	

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

We were incorporated in 1989 and presently serve approximately 355,200 customers throughout the United States, United Kingdom, Mexico, Canada, Ireland, Argentina, and Puerto Rico. In North America we have a fully integrated, national network. Our network includes processing centers and transfer and collection sites. We use this network to provide a broad range of services to our customers including regulated medical waste management services and regulated return management services. Regulated medical waste management services include servicing a variety of customers to remove and process waste while regulated return management services are physical services provided to companies and individual businesses that assist with the handling of products that are being removed from the supply chain due to recalls and expiration. These services also included advanced notification technology that is used to communicate specific instructions to the users of the product. Our waste treatment technologies include autoclaving, incineration, chemical treatment and our proprietary electro-thermal-deactivation system. In the United Kingdom we have a fully integrated network, which includes processing/collection centers and transfer/collection sites. In Argentina we own a processing facility, which uses a combination of both incineration and autoclave treatments. In addition, we have technology licensing agreements with companies located in Japan, Brazil, and Australia.

Other than the adoption of FIN 48 (see Note 3 Income Taxes), there were no material changes on the Company s critical accounting policies since the filing of its 2006 Form 10-K. For further information, see Note 11 New Accounting Standards for information about recently issued accounting pronouncements. As discussed in the 2006 Form 10-K, the preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles

generally accepted in the United States requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions that affect the amount of reported assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and revenues and expenses during the periods reported. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2007 COMPARED TO THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2006

The following summarizes (in thousands except per share data) the Company's operations:

2007		20	06
\$	%	\$	
\$ 211,049	100.0	\$ 179,249	
111,619	52.9	95,843	

Three Months Ended March 31,

	Ψ	/0	Ψ	/0
Revenues	\$ 211,049	100.0	\$ 179,249	100.0
Cost of revenues	111,619	52.9	95,843	53.5
Depreciation	5,194	2.5	4,653	2.6
Total cost of revenues	116,813	55.3	100,496	56.1
Gross profit	94,236	44.7	78,753	43.9
Selling, general and administrative				
expenses	36,703	17.4	31,734	17.7
Depreciation	1,076	0.5	1,131	0.6
Amortization	868	0.4	511	0.3
Acquisition integration expenses	313	0.1	631	0.4
Total selling, general and				
administrative expenses	38,960	18.4	34,007	19.0
Gain on sale of assets	(823)	-0.4	0	0.0
Impairment of fixed assets	650	0.3	0	0.0
Income from operations	55,449	26.3	44,746	25.0
Net income	29,387	13.9	23,525	13.1
Earnings per sharediluted	\$ 0.65		\$ 0.52	

Revenues. Revenues increased \$31.8 million or 17.7%, to \$211.0 million during the quarter ended March 31, 2007 from \$179.2 million during the comparable quarter in 2006 as a result of acquisitions completed during both 2006 and 2007, and our continued strategy of focusing on sales to higher-margin small quantity customers. During the quarter ended March 31, 2007, acquisitions less than one year old contributed approximately \$13.9 million in revenue for the quarter. For the quarter, our base internal revenue growth for small quantity customers increased approximately 10% and revenues from large quantity customers increased by approximately 6% as we continued to increase our number of Bio Systems customers.

We believe the size of the regulated medical waste market in the United States remained relatively stable during the quarter.

Cost of revenues. Cost of revenues increased by \$16.3 million to \$116.8 million during the quarter ended March 31, 2007 from \$100.5 million during the comparable quarter in 2006. This increase is primarily related to our increased revenues during 2007 compared to 2006. Our gross margin percentage increased to 44.7% during the quarter from 43.9% during the comparable quarter in 2006 due to an increase in gross margins on our domestic business as we continued to realize improvements from our ongoing programs, including growth in Steri-Safe

customers and improvement in margins on our large quantity business.

Selling, general and administrative expenses. Selling, general and administrative expenses, including acquisition related costs, increased to \$39.0 million for the quarter ended March 31, 2007 from \$34.0 million for the comparable quarter in 2006. The increase was primarily due to costs associated with additional revenues. As a percentage of revenue, these costs decreased by 0.6% for the quarter ended March 31, 2007.

Amortization expense increased to \$0.9 million during the quarter from \$0.5 million in the same quarter in 2006, consistent when compared as a percentage of revenues. Acquisition expenses for the quarter ended March 31, 2007 decreased to \$0.3 million compared to \$0.6 million for the quarter year-ago ended. This is reflective of the lower lesser dollar value of acquisitions made in the fourth quarter of 2006 and first quarter of 2007 compared to the same quarter a year-ago ended.

Income from operations. Income from operations increased to \$55.4 million for the quarter ended March 31, 2007 from \$44.7 million for the comparable quarter in 2005. The increase was due to higher gross profit, as well as a gain on sale of assets of \$0.8 million. Offsetting the gain on sale of assets were \$0.7 million in asset write-offs, \$0.2 of which were related to disposal of an incinerator in Mexico. Income from operations increased in total 1.4% to 26.4% as a percentage of revenue from 25.0% during the same quarter in 2006.

Net interest expense. Net interest expense increased to \$7.3 million during the quarter ended March 31, 2007 from \$5.7 million during the comparable quarter in 2006 due to increased borrowings related to stock repurchases and acquisitions as well as higher interest rates on our senior unsecured revolving credit facility.

Income tax expense. Income tax expense increased to \$18.7 million for the quarter ended March 31, 2007 from \$15.0 million for the comparable quarter in 2006. The increase was due to higher taxable income. The effective tax rates for the quarters ended March 31, 2007 and 2006 were 38.9% and 39.0%, respectively.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Our credit agreement requires us to comply with various financial, reporting, and other covenants and restrictions, including restrictions on dividend payments. At March 31, 2007 we were in compliance with all of our financial debt covenants. As of March 31, 2007, we had \$398.1 million of borrowings outstanding under our senior unsecured credit facility, which includes foreign currency borrowings of \$5.7 million. In addition, we had \$60.4 million committed to outstanding letters of credit. The weighted average rate of interest on the unsecured revolving credit facility was 6.12% per annum.

At March 31, 2007 we had \$73.4 million in other debt outstanding, which includes promissory notes issued in connection with acquisitions during 2004 through 2007 and foreign subsidiary bank debt.

Working Capital. At March 31, 2007, our working capital decreased \$33.6 million to \$43.0 million compared to working capital of \$76.6 million at December 31, 2006. \$26.5 million of the decrease was the result of the completion of sale of part of the United Kingdom

business that was classified as Asset group held for sale and Liability group held for sale and presented as current assets and current liabilities at December 31, 2006. Proceeds from the sale were used to pay down long-term debt. In addition working capital was affected by lower deferred income tax of \$2.5 million. Increase in cash of \$3.9 million and decrease of accounts receivable of \$4.9 million was due to stronger collections.

Net Cash Provided or Used. Net cash provided by operating activities was \$52.9 million during the three months ended March 31, 2007 compared to \$31.2 million for the comparable period in 2006. The increase was primarily due to increased revenues and collections on accounts receivable, reducing DSO by two days to 54 days compared to 56 days the quarter a year-ago ended.

Net cash from investing activities for the three months ended March 31, 2007 was a \$2.2 million inflow compared to \$134.0 million outflow for the comparable period in 2006. The difference is due to a cash inflow of \$26.5 million from the sale of assets in the quarter ended March 31, 2007 and a cash outflow of \$120.8 million for acquisitions, primarily Sterile Technologies Group, in the comparable quarter ended 2006. Capital expenditures were \$10.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2007 compared to \$7.5 million for the comparable period in 2006 as we continue to invest and improve our infrastructure. At March 31, 2007 we had approximately 8% of our treatment capacity in North America in incineration and approximately 92% in non-incineration technologies such as our proprietary patented ETD technology and autoclaving. The implementation of our commitment to move away from incinerations in North America may result in a write-down of the incineration equipment as and when we close incinerators that we are currently operating. Our commitment to move away from incineration in North America is in the nature of a goal to be accomplished over an undetermined number of years. Because of uncertainties relating, among other things, to customer education and acceptance and legal requirements to incinerate portions of the medical waste, we do not have a timetable for this transition or specific plans to close any of our existing incinerators.

Net cash used in financing activities was \$47.9 million during the three months ended March 31, 2007 compared to net cash provided of \$102.0 million for the comparable period in 2006. Approximately \$99.2 million of this difference is the result of lower borrowings of under our senior unsecured credit facility to fund acquisitions during the quarter ended March 31, 2007 compared to the quarter year-ago ended while another \$34.8 million is due to increased share repurchase during the quarter ended March 31, 2007.

Guarantees: We have guaranteed a loan to the Aozora Bank in Japan on behalf of Shiraishi-Sogyo Co. Ltd (Shiraishi). Shiraishi is a customer in Japan that is expanding their medical waste management business and has a five-year loan with a current balance of \$4.2 million with the Aozora Bank that expires in June 2009. Management currently believes no amount will be paid under the guarantee.

ITEM 3. QUALITATIVE AND QUANTITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

We are subject to market risks arising from changes in interest rates. Our potential additional interest expense over one year that would result from a hypothetical, instantaneous

and unfavorable change of 100 basis points in the interest rate on all of our variable rate obligations would be approximately \$4.1 million on a pre-tax basis.

We have exposure to currency exchange rate fluctuations between the U.S. dollar (USD) and U.K. pound sterling (GBP) related to a 11 million GBP inter-company loan with Stericycle International, Ltd., the parent company of White Rose Environmental. We use cash flow hedge accounting treatment on our forward contracts. Both the inter-company loan balance and the forward contracts are marked to market at the end of each reporting period and the impact on the balances is recorded on the balance sheet to other comprehensive income.

We have exposure to commodity pricing for gas and diesel fuel for our trucks and for the purchase of containers and boxes. We do not hedge these items to manage the exposure.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Our management, with the participation of our President and Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer, conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the fiscal quarter covered by this Report. On the basis of this evaluation, our President and Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer each concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective.

The term disclosure controls and procedures is defined in Rule 13a-14(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 as controls and other procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the issuer in the reports, files or submits under the Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the [Securities and Exchange] Commission s rules and forms. Our disclosure controls and procedures are designed to ensure that material information relating to us and our consolidated subsidiaries is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our President and Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding our required disclosures.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

During the quarter ended March 31, 2007, there were no changes in our internal controls over financial reporting that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely materially to affect, our internal controls over financial reporting.

FROM TIME TO TIME WE ISSUE FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS RELATING TO SUCH THINGS AS ANTICIPATED FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE, BUSINESS PROSPECTS, ACQUISITION ACTIVITIES AND SIMILAR MATTERS.

THESE FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS MAY INVOLVE RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES, SOME OF WHICH ARE BEYOND OUR CONTROL (FOR EXAMPLE, GENERAL ECONOMIC CONDITIONS). OUR ACTUAL RESULTS COULD DIFFER SIGNIFICANTLY FROM THE RESULTS DESCRIBED IN THE FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS. FACTORS THAT COULD CAUSE SUCH DIFFERENCES INCLUDE DIFFICULTIES IN COMPLETING THE INTEGRATION OF ACQUIRED BUSINESSES,

CHANGES IN GOVERNMENTAL REGULATION OF MEDICAL WASTE COLLECTION AND TREATMENT, AND INCREASES IN TRANSPORTATION AND OTHER OPERATING COSTS, AS WELL AS VARIOUS OTHER FACTORS.

PART II -- OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

See Note 10, Legal Proceedings, in the Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements. (Item 1 of Part I).

ITEM 2. CHANGES IN SECURITIES, USES OF PROCEEDS AND ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES

In May 2002 our Board of Directors authorized the Company to repurchase up to 3,000,000 shares of our common stock, in the open market or through privately negotiated transactions, at times and in amounts in the Company s discretion. In February 2005, at a time when we had purchased a total of 1,478,430 shares, the Board authorized the Company to purchase an additional 1,478,430 shares, thereby again giving the Company the authority to purchase up to a total of 3,000,000 additional shares. In February 2007, at a time when we had purchased an additional 1,571,040 shares since the prior increase in authorization, the Board authorized the Company to purchase up to an additional 1,571,040 shares, thereby again giving the Company the authority to purchase up to a total of 3,000,000 additional shares. The following table provides information about our purchases during the three months ended March 31, 2007 of shares of our common stock.

The following table provides information about our purchases during the three months ended March 31, 2007 of shares of common stock.

Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

Maximum		
Number (or		
Approximate		
Dollar Value)		
of Shares (or		

Number of Shares

Units) that	
Average	
(or Units)	
May Yet Be	
Total Number	
Price	
Purchased as Part	
Purchased	
of Shares	
Paid per	
of Publicly	
Under the	
(or Units)	
Share	
Announced Plans	
Plans or	
Period	
Purchased	
(or Unit)	
or Programs	
<u>Programs</u>	
January 1- January 31,2007	
0	
\$	

0.00

0

1,428,960

February 1- February 28, 2007

132,000

78.61

132,000

2,868,000

March 1- March 31, 2007

457,786

77.97

457,786

2,410,214

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

31.1

Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification of Mark C. Miller, President and Chief Executive Officer

31.2

Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification of Frank J.M. ten Brink, Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

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Section 1350 Certification of Mark C. Miller, President and Chief Executive Officer, and Frank J.M. ten Brink, Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Dated: May 9, 2007.

STERICYCLE, INC.

(Registrant)

By: Frank J.M. ten Brink

 $\label{thm:exact of the problem} Executive\ Vice\ President\ and\ Chief\ Financial\ Officer\ (Principal\ Financial\ and\ Principal\ Financial\ Chief\ Financial\ Officer\ (Principal\ Financial\ And\ Principal\ Financial\ And\ Principal\$

/s/ Frank J.M. ten Brink

Accounting Officer)