MACQUARIE/FIRST TRUST GLOBA	L INFRASTR/UTIL D	OIV & INC FUND
Form N-Q		
October 24, 2018		

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM N-Q

# QUARTERLY SCHEDULE OF PORTFOLIO HOLDINGS OF REGISTERED MANAGEMENT INVESTMENT COMPANY

Investment Company Act file number 811-21496

<u>Macquarie/First Trust Global Infrastructure/Utilities Dividend & Income Fund</u> (Exact name of registrant as specified in charter)

120 East Liberty Drive, Suite 400

Wheaton, IL 60187

(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip code)

W. Scott Jardine, Esq.

First Trust Portfolios L.P.

120 East Liberty Drive, Suite 400

Wheaton, IL 60187

(Name and address of agent for service)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: N30-765-8000

Date of fiscal year end: November 30

Date of reporting period: August 31, 2018

Form N-Q is to be used by management investment companies, other than small business investment companies registered on Form N-5 (§§ 239.24 and 274.5 of this chapter), to file reports with the Commission, not later than 60 days after the close of the first and third fiscal quarters, pursuant to rule 30b1-5 under the Investment Company Act of 1940 (17 CFR 270.30b1-5). The Commission may use the information provided on Form N-Q in its regulatory, disclosure review, inspection, and policymaking roles.

A registrant is required to disclose the information specified by Form N-Q, and the Commission will make this information public. A registrant is not required to respond to the collection of information contained in Form N-Q unless the Form displays a currently valid Office of Management and Budget ("OMB") control number. Please direct comments concerning the accuracy of the information collection burden estimate and any suggestions for reducing the burden to the Secretary, Securities and Exchange Commission, 100 F Street, NE, Washington, DC 20549. The OMB has reviewed this collection of information under the clearance requirements of 44 U.S.C. § 3507.

## Item 1. Schedule of Investments.

The Schedule(s) of Investments is attached herewith.

Portfolio o	e/First Trust Global Infrastructure/Utilities Dividend & for Investments (Unaudited)	& Income Fund (MFD)
Shares/ Units	Description	Value
	N STOCKS (a) – 75.5% Australia – 15.4%	
184,591	APA Group (b)	\$1,327,029
2,956,154	AusNet Services (b)	3,495,930
2,103,339	Spark Infrastructure Group (b)	3,629,027
739,784	Sydney Airport (b)	3,834,511
333,543	Transurban Group (b) (c)	2,891,804
	Canada – 14.4%	15,178,301
167,833	Enbridge, Inc. (b)	5,724,330
69,700	Inter Pipeline, Ltd. (b)	1,280,771
60,213	Pembina Pipeline Corp. (b)	2,053,702
118,966	TransCanada Corp. (b)	5,066,766
	L. 1. 0.00	14,125,569
436,667	Italy - 9.9% Enav S.p.A. (b) (d)	2,158,220
825,671	Snam S.p.A. (b)	3,388,901
795,203	Terna Rete Elettrica Nazionale S.p.A (b)	4,177,652
,		9,724,773
340,000	Mexico – 1.6% Infraestructura Energetica Nova S.A.B. de C.V. (b)	1,586,171

58,012	Netherlands – 3.0% Koninklijke Vopak N.V. (b)	2,989,789
735,255	United Kingdom – 22.9% National Grid PLC (b)	7,721,064
373,011	Pennon Group PLC (b)	3,716,860
264,822	Severn Trent PLC (b)	6,869,977
441,828	United Utilities Group PLC (b)	4,247,928
	United States – 8.3%	22,555,829
22,500	Edison International (b)	1,478,925
164,700	Kinder Morgan, Inc. (b)	2,915,190
18,400	Sempra Energy (b)	2,135,872
21,100	Southwest Gas Holdings, Inc. (b)	1,631,452
	Total Common Stocks	8,161,439 74,321,871
MASTER	(Cost \$74,538,757) LIMITED PARTNERSHIPS (a) – 17.1% United States – 17.1% Buckeye Partners, L.P. (b)	
115,800		4,083,108
337,500	Enbridge Energy Partners, L.P. (b)	3,800,250
204,554	Enterprise Products Partners, L.P. (b)	5,850,244
See Notes	s to Portfolio of Investments	

Macquarie/First Trust Global Infrastructure/Utilities Dividend & Income Fund (MFD) Portfolio of Investments (Continued) August 31, 2018 (Unaudited)

Shares/ Description Value Units

MASTER LIMITED PARTNERSHIPS (a) (Continued)

United States (Continued)

Magellan Midstream Partners, L.P. (b) \$3,050,775 44,700

> **Total Master Limited Partnerships** 16,784,377

(Cost \$17,281,918)

Principal Value	Description	Rate (e)	Stated Maturity (f)	Value
	LOATING-RATE LOAN INTERESTS – 39.5% Cayman Islands – 2.2% Sable International Finance Ltd., Term B-4 Loan, 3 Mo. LIBOR + 3.25%, 0.00% Floor	5.33%	01/31/26	2,149,548
225,000	France – 2.3% Numericable US LLC, Incremental Term Loan B13, 3 Mo. LIBOR + 4.00%, 0.00% Floor	6.07%	01/31/26	218,691
987,500	Numericable US LLC, Term Loan B-11, 3 Mo. LIBOR + 2.75%, 0.00% Floor	4.82%	07/31/25	934,669
1,181,820	Numericable US LLC, Term Loan B-12, 3 Mo. LIBOR + 3.00%, 0.00% Floor	5.75%	01/31/26	1,134,050
	United States - 35.0%			2,287,410
2,161,298	Altice US Finance I Corp., March 2017 Term Loan, 3 Mo. LIBOR + 2.25%, 0.00% Floor	4.33%	07/28/25	2,156,802
995,000	Calpine Construction Finance Co., L.P., Term B Loan, 3 Mo. LIBOR + 2.50%, 0.00% FLoor	4.58%	01/15/25	995,627
1,954,660	Calpine Corp., Term Loan (05/15), 3 Mo. LIBOR + 2.50%, 0.00% Floor	4.84%	01/15/24	1,956,360
493,750	Calpine Corp., Term Loan (2017), 3 Mo. LIBOR + 1.75%, 0.00% Floor	3.83%	12/31/19	493,750
278,600	CenturyLink, Inc., Initial Term B Loan, 3 Mo. LIBOR + 2.75%, 0.00% Floor	4.83%	01/31/25	275,257
2,736,250	Charter Communications Operating LLC, Term B Loan, 3 Mo. LIBOR + 2.00%, 0.00% Floor	4.08%	04/30/25	2,736,250

500,000	CHS Community Health Systems, Inc., Incremental 2021 Term H Loan, 3 Mo. LIBOR + 3.25%, 1.00% Floor	5.56%	01/27/21	492,445
1,703,437	CSC Holdings, LLC, 2017 Refinancing Term Loan, 3 Mo. LIBOR + 2.25%, 0.00% Floor	4.31%	07/17/25	1,695,840
400,000	Energy Transfer Equity L.P., Refinanced Term Loan B, 3 Mo. LIBOR + 2.00%, 0.00% Floor	4.06%	02/02/24	399,936
1,479,167	Frontier Communications Corp., Initial Loan, 3 Mo. LIBOR + 2.75%, 0.00% Floor	4.83%	03/31/21	1,434,792
992,970	Frontier Communications Corp., Term B-1 Loan, 3 Mo. LIBOR + 3.75%, 0.75% Floor	5.83%	06/15/24	958,216
426,000	GIP III Stetson I L.P., Initial Term Loan, 3 Mo. LIBOR + 4.25%, 0.00% Floor	6.58%	07/18/25	428,931
1,115,570	Green Energy Partners/Stonewell LLC, Term B-1 Conversion Advances, 3 Mo. LIBOR + 5.50%, 1.00% Floor (g)	7.83%	11/13/21	1,109,992
233,462	HCA, Inc., Tranche B-11 Term Loan, 3 Mo. LIBOR + 1.75%, 0.00% Floor	3.83%	03/18/23	234,436
850,000	HFOTCO LLC, 7 Year Term Loan B, 3 Mo. LIBOR + 2.75%, 0.00% Floor	5.09%	06/26/25	848,674
2,880,000	Level 3 Financing, Inc., Term Loan B, 3 Mo. LIBOR + 2.25%, 0.00% Floor	4.32%	02/22/24	2,882,794
674,312	Lucid Energy Group II Borrower LLC, Initial Term Loan, 3 Mo. LIBOR + 3.00%, 1.00% Floor	5.08%	02/18/25	663,355
See Notes t	to Portfolio of Investments			

 $Macquarie/First\ Trust\ Global\ Infrastructure/Utilities\ Dividend\ \&\ Income\ Fund\ (MFD)$ 

Portfolio of Investments (Continued)

August 31, 2018 (Unaudited)

Principal Value	Description	Rate (e)	Stated Maturity (f)	Value	
SENIOR FI \$1,176,000	LOATING-RATE LOAN INTERESTS (Continued) United States (Continued) NRG Energy, Inc., Term Loan, 3 Mo. LIBOR + 1.75%, 0.00% Floor	4.08%	06/30/23	\$1,174,671	
350,000	Panda Hummel, Construction Term B Advances, 3 Mo. LIBOR + 6.00%, 1.00% Floor	8.08%	10/27/22	330,750	
2,962,500	Sprint Communications, Inc., Initial Term Loan, 3 Mo. LIBOR + 2.50%, 0.75% Floor	4.63%	02/02/24	2,962,500	
1,114,167	Summit Midstream Partners Holdings LLC, Term Loan, 3 Mo. LIBOR + 6.00%, 1.00% Floor	8.08%	05/21/22	1,128,094	
2,250,000	Telenet Financing USD LLC, Term Loan AN, 3 Mo. LIBOR + 2.25%, 0.00% Floor	4.31%	08/15/26	2,221,245	
497,500	TerraForm Power Operating LLC, Refinancing Term Loan, 3 Mo. LIBOR + 2.00%, 0.00% Floor	4.08%	11/08/22	497,500	
1,000,000	Unitymedia Finance LLC, Senior Facility Term Loan B, 3 Mo. LIBOR + 2.25%, 0.00% Floor	4.31%	09/30/25	997,630	
1,500,000	Unitymedia Finance LLC, Senior Facility Term Loan E, 3 Mo. LIBOR + 2.00%, 0.00% Floor	4.06%	06/01/23	1,497,495	
1,665,823	UPC Financing Partnership, Term Loan AR, 3 Mo. LIBOR + 2.50%, 0.00% Floor	4.56%	01/15/26	1,660,209	
2,270,000	Vistra Operations Co., LLC, 2018 Incremental Term Loan, 3 Mo. LIBOR + 2.00%, 0.00% Floor	4.06%-4.08%	12/01/25	2,264,325	
	Total Senior Floating-Rate Loan Interests	1		34,497,876 38,934,834	
	(Cost \$39,121,154)			, 50,757,054	

(Cost \$130,941,829) (h)
Outstanding Loan = (39.8)

Total Investments – 132.1%

Outstanding Loan – (39.8)% (39,200,000)

130,041,082

Net Other Assets and Liabilities – 7.7% 7,606,591

Net Assets – 100.0%	\$98,447,673
	\$90, <del>44</del> 7,072

- (a) Portfolio securities are categorized based upon their country of incorporation.
- (b) All or a portion of this security serves as collateral on the outstanding loan.
  - This security is fair valued by the Advisor's Pricing Committee in accordance with procedures adopted by the
- (c) Fund's Board of Trustees, and in accordance with the provisions of the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended. At August 31, 2018, securities noted as such are valued at \$2,891,804 or 2.9% of net assets. This security is restricted in the U.S. and cannot be offered for public sale without first being registered under the
- (d) Securities Act of 1933, as amended. This security is not restricted on the foreign exchange where it trades freely without any additional registration. As such, it does not require the additional disclosure required of restricted securities.
  - Senior Floating-Rate Loan Interests ("Senior Loans") in which the Fund invests pay interest at rates which are periodically predetermined by reference to a base lending rate plus a premium. These base lending rates are generally (i) the lending rate offered by one or more major European banks, such as the LIBOR, (ii) the prime rate
- (e) offered by one or more United States banks or (iii) the certificate of deposit rate. Certain Senior Loans are subject to a LIBOR floor that establishes a minimum LIBOR rate. When a range of rates is disclosed, the Fund holds more than one contract within the same tranche with identical LIBOR period, spread and floor, but different LIBOR reset dates.
- (f) Senior Loans generally are subject to mandatory and/or optional prepayment. As a result, the actual remaining maturity of Senior Loans may be substantially less than the stated maturities shown.
- This security's value was determined using significant unobservable inputs (see Note 2A-Portfolio Valuation in the Notes to Portfolio of Investments).
  - Aggregate cost for financial reporting purposes approximates the aggregate cost for federal income tax purposes.
- (h) As of August 31, 2018, the aggregate gross unrealized appreciation for all investments in which there was an excess of value over tax cost was \$5,463,624 and the aggregate gross unrealized depreciation for all investments in which there was an excess of tax cost over value was \$6,364,371. The net unrealized depreciation was \$900,747.

LIBOR London Interbank Offered Rate See Notes to Portfolio of Investments

Macquarie/First Trust Global Infrastructure/Utilities Dividend & Income Fund (MFD)

Total

Portfolio of Investments (Continued)

August 31, 2018 (Unaudited)

## Valuation Inputs

A summary of the inputs used to value the Fund's investments as of August 31, 2018 is as follows (see Note 2A - Portfolio Valuation in the Notes to Portfolio of Investments):

Level 2

Level 3

Significant Significant

	Value at 8/31/2018	Quoted Prices	C	Unobservable Inputs
Common Stocks: Australia	_\$ 15,178,301	\$ 12,286,49	<b>2,891,80</b> 4	1\$ —
Other Country Categories*	59,143,570	59,143,570	) —	_
Master Limited Partnerships*	16,784,377	16,784,377	_	_
Senior Floating-Rate Loan Interests: United States	<b>3</b> 4,497,876	_	33,387,884	4 1,109,992
Other Country Categories*	4,436,958	_	4,436,958	_
Total Investments	\$ 130.041.08	3 <b>%</b> 88.214.44	4 <b>5</b> 40.716.64	4 <b>6</b> 1.109.992

<sup>\*</sup>See Portfolio of Investments for country breakout.

Level 3 Senior Floating-Rate Loan Interests are fair valued by the Advisor's Pricing Committee and are footnoted in the Portfolio of Investments. Level 3 Senior Floating-Rate Loan Interests are valued based on third-party pricing service prices obtained from dealer runs and indicative sheets from brokers. These values are based on unobservable and non-quantitative inputs.

Beginning Balance at November 30, 2017

Senior Floating-Rate Loan Interests \$1,084,660

Net Realized Gain (Loss) —

Net Change in Unrealized Appreciation/Depreciation 25,332

Purchases

Sales —
Transfers In —
Transfers Out —

Ending Balance at August 31, 2018

Senior Floating-Rate Loan Interests

Total Level 3 holdings \$1,109,992

There was a net change of \$25,332 in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) from Level 3 investments held as of August 31, 2018.

See Notes to Portfolio of Investments

Notes to Portfolio of Investments

Macquarie/First Trust Global Infrastructure/Utilities Dividend & Income Fund (MFD)

August 31, 2018 (Unaudited)

1. Organization

Macquarie/First Trust Global Infrastructure/Utilities Dividend & Income Fund (the "Fund") is a non-diversified, closed-end management investment company organized as a Massachusetts business trust on January 21, 2004, and is registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"). The Fund trades under the ticker symbol MFD on the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE"). The Fund is considered an investment company and follows accounting and reporting guidance under Financial Accounting Standards Board Accounting Standards Codification Topic 946, "Financial Services-Investment Companies."

#### 2. Valuation and Investment Practices

#### A. Portfolio Valuation

The net asset value ("NAV") of the Common Shares of the Fund is determined daily as of the close of regular trading on the NYSE, normally 4:00 p.m. Eastern time, on each day the NYSE is open for trading. If the NYSE closes early on a valuation day, the NAV is determined as of that time. Domestic debt securities and foreign securities are priced using data reflecting the earlier closing of the principal markets for those securities. The Fund's NAV per Common Share is calculated by dividing the value of all assets of the Fund (including accrued interest and dividends), less all liabilities (including accrued expenses, dividends declared but unpaid and any borrowings of the Fund), by the total number of Common Shares outstanding.

The Fund's investments are valued daily at market value or, in the absence of market value with respect to any portfolio securities, at fair value. Market value prices represent last sale or official closing prices from a national or foreign exchange (i.e., a regulated market) and are primarily obtained from third-party pricing services. Fair value prices represent any prices not considered market value prices and are either obtained from a third-party pricing service or are determined by the Pricing Committee of the Fund's investment advisor, First Trust Advisors L.P. ("First Trust" or the "Advisor"), in accordance with valuation procedures adopted by the Fund's Board of Trustees, and in accordance with provisions of the 1940 Act. Investments valued by the Advisor's Pricing Committee, if any, are footnoted as such in the footnotes to the Portfolio of Investments. The Fund's investments are valued as follows: Common stocks, master limited partnerships and other equity securities listed on any national or foreign exchange (excluding The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC ("Nasdaq") and the London Stock Exchange Alternative Investment Market ("AIM")) are valued at the last sale price on the exchange on which they are principally traded or, for Nasdaq and AIM securities, the official closing price. Securities traded on more than one securities exchange are valued at the last sale price or official closing price, as applicable, at the close of the securities exchange representing the principal market for such securities.

Securities traded in an over-the-counter market are fair valued at the mean of their most recent bid and asked price, if available, and otherwise at their closing bid price.

Fixed income and other debt securities having a remaining maturity of sixty days or less when purchased are fair valued at cost adjusted for amortization of premiums and accretion of discounts (amortized cost), provided the Advisor's Pricing Committee has determined that the use of amortized cost is an appropriate reflection of fair value given market and issuer-specific conditions existing at the time of the determination. Factors that may be considered in determining the appropriateness of the use of amortized cost include, but are not limited to, the following:

- 1) the credit conditions in the relevant market and changes thereto;
- 2) the liquidity conditions in the relevant market and changes thereto;
- 3) the interest rate conditions in the relevant market and changes thereto (such as significant changes in interest rates);
- 4) issuer-specific conditions (such as significant credit deterioration); and
- any other market-based data the Advisor's Pricing Committee considers relevant. In this regard, the Advisor's Pricing
- 5)Committee may use last-obtained market-based data to assist it when valuing portfolio securities using amortized cost.

Certain securities may not be able to be priced by pre-established pricing methods. Such securities may be valued by the Fund's Board of Trustees or its delegate, the Advisor's Pricing Committee, at fair value. These securities generally include, but are not limited to, restricted securities (securities which may not be publicly sold without registration

under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended) for which a third-party pricing service is unable to provide a market price; securities whose trading has been formally suspended; a security whose market or fair value price is not available from a pre-established pricing source; a security with respect to which an event has occurred that is likely to materially affect the value of the security after the market has closed but before the calculation of the Fund's NAV or make it difficult or impossible to obtain a reliable market quotation; and a security whose price, as provided by the third-party pricing service, does not reflect the security's fair value. As a general principle, the current fair value of a security would appear to be the amount which the owner might reasonably expect to receive for the security upon its current sale. When fair value

Notes to Portfolio of Investments (Continued)

Macquarie/First Trust Global Infrastructure/Utilities Dividend & Income Fund (MFD)

August 31, 2018 (Unaudited)

prices are used, generally they will differ from market quotations or official closing prices on the applicable exchanges. A variety of factors may be considered in determining the fair value of such securities, including, but not limited to, the following:

- 1) the type of security;
- 2) the size of the holding;
- 3) the initial cost of the security;
- 4) transactions in comparable securities;
- 5) price quotes from dealers and/or third-party pricing services;
- 6) relationships among various securities;
- 7) information obtained by contacting the issuer, analysts, or the appropriate stock exchange;
- 8) an analysis of the issuer's financial statements; and
- 9) the existence of merger proposals or tender offers that might affect the value of the security.

If the securities in question are foreign securities, the following additional information may be considered:

- 1) the value of similar foreign securities traded on other foreign markets;
- 2) ADR trading of similar securities;
- 3) closed-end fund trading of similar securities;
- 4) foreign currency exchange activity;
- 5) the trading prices of financial products that are tied to baskets of foreign securities;
- 6) factors relating to the event that precipitated the pricing problem;
- 7) whether the event is likely to recur; and
- 8) whether the effects of the event are isolated or whether they affect entire markets, countries or regions.

Foreign securities traded outside the United States are generally valued as of the time their trading is complete, which is usually different from the close of the NYSE. Occasionally, events affecting the value of such securities may occur between such times and the close of the NYSE that will not always be reflected in the computation of the value of such securities. If events affecting the value of such securities occur during such period, these securities will be valued at their fair value according to procedures adopted by the Fund's Board of Trustees (see above). For certain foreign equity securities, a third-party pricing service may be utilized to determine fair value. All securities and other assets of the Fund initially expressed in foreign currencies will be converted to U.S. dollars using exchange rates in effect at the time of valuation.

The Senior Floating-Rate Loan interests ("Senior Loanset) in which the Fund invests are not listed on any securities exchange or board of trade. Senior Loans are typically bought and sold by institutional investors in individually negotiated private transactions that function in many respects like an over-the-counter secondary market, although typically no formal market-makers exist. This market, while having grown substantially since its inception, generally has fewer trades and less liquidity than the secondary market for other types of securities. Some Senior Loans have few or no trades, or trade infrequently, and information regarding a specific Senior Loan may not be widely available or may be incomplete. Accordingly, determinations of the market value of Senior Loans may be based on infrequent and dated information. Because there is less reliable, objective data available, elements of judgment may play a greater role in valuation of Senior Loans than for other types of securities. Typically, Senior Loans are fair valued using information provided by a third-party pricing service. The third-party pricing service primarily uses over-the-counter pricing from dealer runs and broker quotes from indicative sheets to value the Senior Loans. If the third-party pricing service cannot or does not provide a valuation for a particular Senior Loan or such valuation is deemed unreliable, the Advisor's Pricing Committee may value such Senior Loan at a fair value according to procedures adopted by the Fund's Board of Trustees, and in accordance with the provisions of the 1940 Act. Fair valuation of a Senior Loan is based on the consideration of all available information, including, but not limited to the following:

- 1) the fundamental business data relating to the borrower/issuer;
- 2) an evaluation of the forces which influence the market in which these securities are purchased and sold;
- 3) the type, size and cost of the security;

- 4) the financial statements of the borrower/issuer;
- 5) the credit quality and cash flow of the borrower/issuer, based on the sub-advisor's or external analysis;
- 6) the information as to any transactions in or offers for the security;
- 7) the price and extent of public trading in similar securities (or equity securities) of the issuer/borrower, or comparable companies;
- 8) the coupon payments;

(1) The terms "security" and "securities" used throughout the Notes to Portfolio of Investments include Senior Loans.

Notes to Portfolio of Investments (Continued)

Macquarie/First Trust Global Infrastructure/Utilities Dividend & Income Fund (MFD)

August 31, 2018 (Unaudited)

- 9) the quality, value and salability of collateral, if any, securing the security;
- the business prospects of the borrower/issuer, including any ability to obtain money or resources from a parent or affiliate and an assessment of the borrower's/issuer's management;
- the prospects for the borrower's/issuer's industry, and multiples (of earnings and/or cash flows) being paid for similar businesses in that industry;
- 12) the borrower's/issuer's competitive position within the industry;
- 13) the borrower's/issuer's ability to access additional liquidity through public and/or private markets; and
- 14) other relevant factors.

The Fund is subject to fair value accounting standards that define fair value, establish the framework for measuring fair value and provide a three-level hierarchy for fair valuation based upon the inputs to the valuation as of the measurement date. The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

Level 1 – Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical investments. An active market is a

- market in which transactions for the investment occur with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.
- Level 2 Level 2 inputs are observable inputs, either directly or indirectly, and include the following:

o Quoted prices for similar investments in active markets.

Quoted prices for identical or similar investments in markets that are non-active. A non-active market is a market owhere there are few transactions for the investment, the prices are not current, or price quotations vary substantially either over time or among market makers, or in which little information is released publicly.

Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the investment (for example, interest rates and yield curves observable at commonly quoted intervals, volatilities, prepayment speeds, loss severities, credit risks, and default rates).

o Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

Level 3 – Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs. Unobservable inputs may reflect the reporting entity's own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the investment.

The inputs or methodologies used for valuing investments are not necessarily an indication of the risk associated with investing in those investments. A summary of the inputs used to value the Fund's investments as of August 31, 2018, is included with the Fund's Portfolio of Investments.

#### **B.** Securities Transactions

Securities transactions are recorded as of the trade date. Realized gains and losses from securities transactions are recorded on the identified cost basis.

Securities purchased or sold on a when-issued, delayed-delivery or forward purchase commitment basis may have extended settlement periods. The value of the security so purchased is subject to market fluctuations during this period. The Fund maintains liquid assets with a current value at least equal to the amount of its when-issued, delayed-delivery or forward purchase commitments until payment is made. At August 31, 2018, the Fund had no when-issued, delayed-delivery or forward purchase commitments.

## C. Unfunded Loan Commitments

The Fund may enter into certain credit agreements, all or a portion of which may be unfunded. The Fund is obligated to fund these loan commitments at the borrower's discretion. The Fund had no unfunded delayed draw term loan commitments as of August 31, 2018.

## D. Foreign Currency

The books and records of the Fund are maintained in U.S. dollars. Foreign currencies, investments and other assets and liabilities are translated into U.S. dollars at the exchange rates prevailing at the end of the period. Purchases and sales of investments and items of income and expense are translated on the respective dates of such transactions.

#### Item 2. Controls and Procedures.

The registrant's principal executive and principal financial officers, or persons performing similar functions, have concluded that the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 30a-3(c) under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act") (17 CFR 270.30a-3(c))) are effective, as of a date within 90 (a) days of the filing date of the report that includes the disclosure required by this paragraph, based on their evaluation of these controls and procedures required by Rule 30a-3(b) under the 1940 Act (17 CFR 270.30a-3(b)) and Rules 13a-15(b) or 15d-15(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (17 CFR 240.13a-15(b) or 240.15d-15(b)).

There were no changes in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 30a-3(d) under the 1940 Act (17 CFR 270.30a-3(d)) that occurred during the registrant's last fiscal quarter that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

#### Item 3. Exhibits.

Certifications pursuant to Rule 30a-2(a) under the 1940 Act and Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 are attached hereto.

## **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the Investment Company Act of 1940, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

(Registrant)Macquarie/First Trust Global Infrastructure/Utilities Dividend & Income Fund

By (Signature and Title)\* /s/ James M. Dykas

James M. Dykas, President and Chief Executive Officer

(principal executive officer)

Date: October 24, 2018

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the Investment Company Act of 1940, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

By (Signature and Title)\* /s/ James M. Dykas

James M. Dykas, President and Chief Executive Officer

(principal executive officer)

Date: October 24, 2018

By (Signature and Title)\* /s/ Donald P. Swade

Donald P. Swade, Treasurer, Chief Financial Officer

and Chief Accounting Officer (principal financial officer)

Date: October 24, 2018

<sup>\*</sup>Print the name and title of each signing officer under his or her signature.

Barton Springs Salamander will impact our Circle C properties.

We are making, and will continue to make, expenditures with respect to our real estate development for the protection of the environment. Emphasis on environmental matters will result in additional costs in the future. New environmental regulations or changes in existing regulations or their enforcement may be enacted and such new regulations or changes may require significant expenditures by us. The recent trend toward stricter standards in environmental legislation and regulations is likely to continue and could have an additional impact on our operating costs.

The real estate business is very competitive and many of our competitors are larger and financially stronger than we are.

The real estate business is highly competitive. We compete with a large number of companies and individuals that have significantly greater financial, sales, marketing and other resources than we have. Our competitors include local developers who are committed primarily to particular markets and also national developers who acquire properties throughout the U.S. The current downturn in the real estate industry could significantly increase competition among developers. Increased competition could cause us to increase our selling incentives and/or reduce our prices. An oversupply of real estate properties available for sale or lease, as well as the potential significant discounting of prices by some of our competitors, may adversely affect the results of our operations.

Changes in weather conditions or natural disasters could adversely impact and materially affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Our performance may be adversely affected by weather conditions that delay development or damage property, resulting in substantial repair or replacement costs to the extent not covered by insurance, a reduction in property values, or a loss of revenue, each of which could have a material adverse impact on our business, financial condition and results of operations. Our competitors may be affected differently by such changes in weather conditions or natural disasters depending on the location of their supplies or operations.

Our common stock is thinly traded; therefore, our stock price may fluctuate more than the stock market as a whole.

As a result of the thin trading market for our stock, its market price may fluctuate significantly more than the stock market as a whole or the stock prices of similar companies. Without a larger float, our common stock will be less liquid than the stock of companies with broader public ownership, and as a result, the trading prices for our common stock may be more volatile. Among other things, trading of a relatively small volume of common stock may have a greater impact on the trading price than would be the case if public float were larger.

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## Item 3. Legal Proceedings

We are from time to time involved in various legal proceedings of a character normally incident to the ordinary course of our business. We believe that potential liability from any of these pending or threatened proceedings will not have a material adverse effect on our financial condition or results of operations. We maintain liability insurance to cover some, but not all, potential liabilities normally incident to the ordinary course of our business as well as other insurance coverage customary in our business, with such coverage limits as management deems prudent.

## Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Not applicable.

## Executive Officers of the Registrant

Certain information, as of March 20, 2012, regarding our executive officers is set forth in the following table and accompanying text:

Name	Age	Position or Office
William H. Armstrong III	47	Chairman of the Board, President and Chief Executive Officer
Erin D. Pickens	50	Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

Mr. Armstrong has been employed by us since our inception in 1992. Mr. Armstrong has served as President since August 1996, Chief Executive Officer since May 1998 and Chairman of the Board since August 1998.

Ms. Pickens has served as our Senior Vice President since May 2009 and as our Chief Financial Officer since June 2009. Ms. Pickens previously served as Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of Tarragon Corporation from November 1998 until April 2009, and as Vice President and Chief Accounting Officer from September 1996 until November 1998 and Accounting Manager from June 1995 until August 1996 for Tarragon and its predecessors. Tarragon Corporation filed for voluntary reorganization under Chapter 11 of the U.S. Bankruptcy Code on January 12, 2009, and emerged from bankruptcy on July 6, 2010.

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## PART II

Item 5. Market for Registrant's Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

Our common stock trades on the The Nasdaq Stock Market (NASDAQ) under the symbol STRS. The following table sets forth, for the periods indicated, the range of high and low sales prices of our common stock, as reported by NASDAQ.

	2011		2010		
	High	Low	High	Low	
First Quarter	\$14.10	\$9.07	\$11.49	\$8.00	
Second Quarter	14.95	11.75	12.24	8.40	
Third Quarter	14.79	7.31	10.09	8.01	
Fourth Quarter	8.26	5.90	9.60	8.16	

As of March 20, 2012, there were 516 holders of record of our common stock. We have not in the past paid, and do not anticipate in the future paying, cash dividends on our common stock. The declaration of dividends is at the discretion of our Board of Directors. Our current ability to pay dividends is restricted by terms of our credit agreement.

The following table sets forth information with respect to shares of our common stock that we repurchased during the three-month period ended December 31, 2011.

Period	Total Number of Shares	Average Price Paid Per	Purchased as Part of	Maximum Number of Shares That May Yet	
	Purchased	Share	Publicly Announced Plans or Programs <sup>a</sup>	the Plans or Programs <sup>a</sup>	
October 1 to 31, 2011	47,500	\$6.46	47,500	113,645	
November 1 to 30, 2011	<del></del>	_		113,645	
December 1 to 31, 2011				113,645	
Total	47,500	\$6.46	47,500		

In February 2001, our Board of Directors approved an open market share purchase program for up to 0.7 million shares of our common stock. The program does not have an expiration date. Our modified unsecured term loans an approhibit common stock purchases while any of the loans are outstanding; however, approval was obtained from the lender for the repurchase of 47,500 shares in October 2011.

Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

#### **OVERVIEW**

In management's discussion and analysis "we," "us," and "our" refer to Stratus Properties Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries and joint ventures. You should read the following discussion in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements and the related discussion of "Business and Properties" and "Risk Factors" included elsewhere in this Form 10-K. The results of operations reported and summarized below are not necessarily indicative of our future operating results. All references to "Notes" refer to Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements located in Item 8. "Financial Statements and Supplementary Data."

We are engaged in the acquisition, development, management, operation and sale of commercial, hotel, entertainment, multi-family and residential real estate properties located primarily in the Austin, Texas area. We generate revenues primarily from sales of developed properties and through our hotel operations. Developed property sales can include condominium units at our W Austin Hotel & Residences project, an individual tract of land that has been developed and permitted for residential use or a developed lot with a home already built on it. We may, on occasion, sell properties under development, undeveloped properties or commercial properties, if opportunities arise that we believe will maximize overall asset values.

In December 2010, the hotel at our W Austin Hotel & Residences project opened, and in January 2011, we began closing on sales of condominium units at the project. The W Austin Hotel & Residences project is located on a two-acre city block in downtown Austin and contains a 251-room luxury hotel, 159 residential condominium units, office, retail and entertainment space. The hotel is managed by Starwood Hotels & Resorts Worldwide Inc. The office space totals approximately 41,000 square feet and the retail space totals approximately 18,000 square feet. The entertainment space, occupied by Austin City Limits Live at the Moody Theater (ACL Live) includes a live music venue and production studio, which opened in February 2011 (see "Development and Other Activities – W Austin Hotel & Residences").

Our principal real estate holdings are in southwest Austin, Texas. The number of developed lots, developed or under development acreage and undeveloped acreage as of December 31, 2011, that comprise our principal real estate development projects are presented in the following table.

		Acreage	<b>;</b>						
		Under Development		Undevelo	oped				
	Developed	Multi-	Commercial	Total	Single	Multi-	Commonaial	Total	Total
	Lots/Units	family	Commerciai	Total	Family	family	Commercial	Total	Acreage
Austin									
Barton Creek	114	249	368	617	676	78	50	804	1,421
Lantana		_				_	223	223	223
Circle C	_	_	23	23	132	_	335	467	490
W Austin	81	a							
Residences	01	··	<del></del>	_		_	_	_	_
San Antonio									
Camino Real					_		2	2	2
Total	195	249	391	640	808	78	610	1,496	2,136
a. Includes 8 cond	lominium unit	ts that wer	re near comple	tion at D	ecember 31	1, 2011.			

Our other Austin holdings at December 31, 2011, consisted of two 75,000-square-foot office buildings at 7500 Rialto Boulevard (7500 Rialto) located in our Lantana development, which we sold in February 2012 (see "Discontinued")

Operations" and Note 12), a 22,000-square-foot retail complex and a 3,085-square-foot bank building representing phase one of Barton Creek Village, two retail buildings totaling 21,000 square feet and a 4,000-square-foot bank building on an existing ground lease at the 5700 Slaughter retail complex in the Circle C community, and 13,890 square feet at Parkside Village, a 92,473-square-foot retail project under development in the Circle C community.

In 2011, our revenues totaled \$137.0 million and our net loss attributable to common stock totaled \$10.4 million, compared with revenues of \$5.7 million and a net loss attributable to common stock of \$15.3 million for 2010. The significant increase in revenues relates primarily to sales of condominium units, operations of our hotel at the W Austin Hotel & Residences project and operations of ACL Live. In addition, we recorded valuation allowances totaling \$10.5 million in 2010 against our net deferred tax assets upon concluding that it was more likely than not

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that those assets will not be realized.

#### Real Estate Market Conditions

Our financial condition and results of operations are highly dependent upon market conditions for real estate activity in Austin, Texas. Our future operating cash flows and, ultimately, our ability to develop our properties and expand our business will be largely dependent on the level of our real estate sales. In turn, these sales will be significantly affected by future real estate market conditions in Austin, Texas, including development costs, interest rate levels, the availability of credit to finance real estate transactions, demand for residential and commercial real estate, and regulatory factors including our use and development entitlements. These market conditions historically move in periodic cycles, and can be volatile in specific regions. Because of the concentration of our assets primarily in the Austin, Texas area, market conditions in this region significantly affect our business.

In addition to the traditional influence of state and federal government employment levels on the local economy, the Austin area has been influenced by growth in the technology sector. The Austin-area population increased approximately 41 percent between 1999 and 2011, largely because of an influx of technology companies and related businesses. Median family income levels in Austin also increased during the period from 1999 through 2010, rising 18 percent. The expanding economy resulted in rising demands for residential housing, commercial office space and retail services. Between 1999 and 2010, sales tax receipts in Austin rose by approximately 35 percent, an indication of the dramatic increase in business activity during the period. The increases in population, income levels and sales tax revenues have been less dramatic over the last few years.

The following chart compares Austin's five-county metro area population and median family income for 1989, 1999 and the most current information available for 2010 and 2011, based on U.S. Census Bureau data and City of Austin (the City) data.

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Based on the City's fiscal year of October 1<sup>th</sup> through September 30<sup>th</sup>, the chart below compares Austin's sales tax revenues for 1989, 1999 and 2010 (the latest period for which data is available).

Real estate development in southwest Austin historically has been constrained as a result of various restrictions imposed by the City. Several special interest groups have also traditionally opposed development in that area, where most of our property is located. From 2001 through 2004, a downturn in the technology sector negatively affected the Austin real estate market, especially high-end residential and commercial leasing markets; however, beginning in 2005 through mid-2007, market conditions improved. During 2008 and 2009, economic conditions resulted in a general decline in leasing activity across the U.S. and caused vacancy rates to increase in most markets, including Austin, Texas. The December 31, 2011 and 2010, vacancy percentages for various types of developed properties in Austin are noted below.

	December 31,			
	2011		2010	
Building Type	Vacancy Factor			
Industrial Buildings	17	% a	21	% a
Office Buildings (Class A)	17	% a	23	% a
Multi-Family Buildings	5	% b	7	%с
Retail Buildings	9	% b	7	%с

a. CB Richard Ellis: Austin MarketView

b. Marcus & Millichap Research Services, CoStar Group, Inc.

c. Texas A&M University Real Estate Center: Texas Market News

## NEAR-TERM REQUIREMENTS FOR ADDITIONAL CAPITAL AND BUSINESS STRATEGY

Extended adverse market conditions for real estate in Austin, Texas, have constrained our ability to carry out our business plan. As of December 31, 2011, we had \$2.7 million in cash and cash equivalents available for use in our real estate operations, excluding \$5.0 million of cash primarily associated with the W Austin Hotel & Residences project, total debt of \$158.5 million (\$53.5 million of which matures in 2012), and \$7.2 million of availability under our credit facility with Comerica. At December 31, 2011, we had stockholders' equity of \$118.2 million, which was less than the amount required under a covenant in our loan agreements requiring a minimum stockholders' equity balance of \$120.0 million.

Although we were not in compliance with the minimum stockholders' equity covenant at December 31, 2011, we expect the February 2012 sale of 7500 Rialto, together with the March 2012 sale of shares of our common stock to Moffett Holdings, LLC (Moffett), to result in an increase in our stockholders' equity balance above \$120.0 million, effectively curing any default under the Beal Bank loan agreement. To further address our liquidity needs, we are pursuing extensions of the maturity dates for the loans that mature in 2012 and expect to pursue additional financing to fund our capital requirements and ongoing operations. There can be no assurance we will be successful in these efforts, which would have a detrimental effect on our ability to continue to operate. See Part 1, Item 1A. "Risk Factors" and Note 13 for further discussion.

We continue to focus on our near-term goal of developing our properties and projects in an uncertain economic climate through prudent use of available resources and our long-term goal of maximizing the value of our development projects. We believe that Austin, Texas continues to be a desirable market and many of our developments are in locations that are unique and where approvals and entitlements, which we have already obtained, are difficult to secure. Real estate development in southwest Austin historically has been constrained as a result of various restrictions imposed by the City and several special interest groups have also traditionally opposed development in the area where most of our property is located. We believe that many of our developments have inherent value given their unique nature and location and that this value should be sustainable in the future. Our ability to meet our future debt obligations will be dependent upon our future performance, which will be subject to financial, business and other factors affecting our operations, many of which are beyond our control. See Part 1, Item 1A. "Risk Factors."

#### CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Management's discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations are based on our consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The preparation of these financial statements requires that we make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. We base these estimates on historical experience and on assumptions that we consider reasonable under the circumstances; however, reported results could differ from those based on the current estimates under different assumptions and/or conditions. The areas requiring the use of management's estimates are discussed in Note 1 under the heading "Use of Estimates." We believe that our most critical accounting policies relate to our real estate and commercial leasing assets, revenue recognition, deferred tax assets and our allocation of overhead costs.

Management has reviewed the following discussion of its development and selection of critical accounting estimates with the Audit Committee of our Board of Directors.

Real Estate, Hotel, Entertainment Venue and Commercial Leasing Assets. Real estate held for sale is stated at the lower of cost or fair value less costs to sell. The cost of real estate sold includes acquisition, development,

construction and carrying costs and other related costs through the development stage. Real estate under development and land held for future development are stated at cost. Real estate held for investment, which includes the hotel and entertainment venue at the W Austin Hotel & Residences project and our commercial leasing assets, is also stated at cost. When events or circumstances indicate that an asset's carrying amount may not be recoverable, an impairment test is performed. For real estate held for sale, if estimated fair value less costs to sell is less than the related carrying amount, then a reduction of the asset's carrying value to fair value less costs to sell is required. For real estate under development, land held for future development and real estate held for investment, if the projected undiscounted cash flow from the asset is less than the related carrying amount, then a reduction of the carrying amount of the asset to fair value is required. Measurement of the impairment loss is based on the fair value of the asset. Generally, we determine fair value using valuation techniques such as discounted expected future cash flows.

In developing estimated future cash flows for impairment testing for our real estate assets, we have incorporated our own market assumptions including those regarding real estate prices, sales pace, sales and marketing costs, infrastructure costs and financing costs regarding real estate assets. Our assumptions are based, in part, on general economic conditions, the current state of the real estate industry, expectations about the short- and long-term outlook for the real estate market, and competition from other developers in the area in which we develop our properties. These assumptions can significantly affect our estimates of future cash flows. For those properties held for sale and deemed to be impaired, we determine fair value based on appraised values, adjusted for estimated development costs and costs to sell, as we believe this is the value for which the property could be sold. We recorded no impairment losses during 2011 or 2010 (see Note 1).

The estimate of our future revenues is also important because it is the basis of our development plans and also a factor in our ability to obtain the financing necessary to complete our development plans. If our estimates of future cash flows from our properties differ from expectations, then our financial position and liquidity may be impacted, which could result in our default under certain debt instruments or result in our suspending some or all of our development activities.

Revenue Recognition. The judgments involved in revenue recognition include understanding the complex terms of agreements and determining the appropriate time to recognize revenue for each transaction based on such terms. Each transaction is evaluated to determine: (1) at what point in time revenue is earned, (2) whether contingencies exist that impact the timing of recognition of revenue and (3) how and when such contingencies will be resolved. The timing of revenue recognition could vary if different judgments were made. Our revenues subject to the most judgment are property sales revenues. Revenues from property sales are recognized when the risks and rewards of ownership are transferred to the buyer, when the consideration received can be reasonably determined and when we have completed our obligations to perform certain supplementary development activities, if any exist, at the time of the sale. Consideration is reasonably determined and considered likely of collection when we have signed sales agreements and have determined that the buyer has demonstrated a commitment to pay. The buyer's commitment to pay is supported by the level of their initial investment, our assessment of the buyer's credit standing and our assessment of whether the buyer's stake in the property is sufficient to motivate the buyer to honor their obligation to it.

Deferred Tax Assets. The carrying amounts of deferred tax assets are required to be reduced by a valuation allowance if, based on the available evidence, it is more likely than not that such assets will not be realized. Accordingly, we assess the need to establish valuation allowances for deferred tax assets periodically based on the more-likely-than-not realization threshold criterion. In the assessment for a valuation allowance, appropriate consideration is given to all positive and negative evidence related to the realization of the deferred tax assets. This assessment considers, among other matters, the nature, frequency and severity of current and cumulative losses, forecasts of future profitability, the duration of statutory carryforward periods, our experience with operating loss and tax credit carryforwards not expiring unused, and tax planning alternatives. This process involves significant management judgment about assumptions that are subject to change based on variances between projected and actual operating performance and changes in our business environment or operating or financing plans.

Our deferred tax assets (net of deferred tax liabilities) before any valuation allowances totaled \$13.1 million at December 31, 2011, and \$10.7 million at December 31, 2010. In evaluating the recoverability of these deferred tax assets, we considered available positive and negative evidence, giving greater weight to the recent current losses, the absence of taxable income in the carry back period and uncertainty regarding projected future financial results. As a result, we concluded that there was not sufficient positive evidence supporting the realizability of our deferred tax assets beyond an amount totaling \$0.2 million (see Note 8), and therefore, we had deferred tax asset valuation allowances of \$13.0 million at December 31, 2011, and \$10.5 million at December 31, 2010.

Our future results of operations may be negatively impacted by our inability to realize a tax benefit for future tax losses or for items that will generate additional deferred tax assets. Our future results of operations may be favorably impacted by reversals of valuation allowances if we are able to demonstrate sufficient positive evidence that our deferred tax assets will be realized.

Allocation of Overhead Costs. We capitalize a portion of our direct overhead costs and also allocate a portion of these overhead costs to cost of sales based on the activities of our employees that are directly engaged in development activities. In connection with this procedure, we periodically evaluate our "corporate" personnel activities to quantify the amount of time, if any, associated with activities that would normally be capitalized or considered part of cost of sales. After determining the appropriate aggregate allocation rates, we apply these factors to our overhead costs to determine the appropriate allocations. This is a critical accounting policy because it affects our net results of operations for that portion which is capitalized. We capitalize only direct and indirect project costs associated with the acquisition, development and construction of a real estate project. Indirect costs include allocated costs associated with certain pooled resources (such as office supplies, telephone and postage) which are used to support our development projects, as well as general and administrative functions. Allocations of pooled resources are based only on those employees directly responsible for development (i.e., project manager and subordinates). We charge to expense indirect costs that do not clearly relate to a real estate project such as salaries and allocated expenses related to our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer.

#### DEVELOPMENT AND OTHER ACTIVITIES

W Austin Hotel & Residences. In 2005, the City selected our proposal to develop a mixed-use project in downtown Austin immediately north of the new City Hall complex. The W Austin Hotel & Residences project includes a two-acre city block and contains a mixture of hotel, residential, office, retail and entertainment space. In 2008, we entered into a joint venture with Canyon-Johnson Urban Fund II, L.P. (Canyon-Johnson) for the development of the project. Construction of the approximate \$300 million project commenced in second-quarter 2008, and estimated remaining costs to complete totaled less than \$1 million at December 31, 2011.

We currently consolidate the joint venture with Canyon-Johnson based on our assessment that it is a variable interest entity (VIE) and we are the primary beneficiary. If it is determined that the W Austin Hotel & Residences project is no longer a VIE or that we are no longer the primary beneficiary of the entity, the project will be deconsolidated from our financial statements. For a discussion of the ownership and financing structure for the W Austin Hotel & Residences project see Note 2.

In June 2011, there were a series of incidents in which glass attached to the railings on the balconies of the condominium units at the W Austin Hotel & Residences project broke and fell to the surrounding areas, including adjoining streets and the pool deck at the W Austin Hotel. These incidents resulted in the hotel being closed for 11 days during June and July 2011. We investigated these matters and have taken precautionary measures to prevent further incidents. The engineering and redesign of replacement railings is complete and we currently expect to substantially complete installation of the replacement railing system in second-quarter 2012. We recorded a charge to cost of sales for the estimated repair costs totaling \$0.9 million in 2011.

W Austin Hotel. We have executed an agreement with Starwood Hotels & Resorts Worldwide Inc. for the management of hotel operations. The hotel opened in December 2010 and includes 251 luxury rooms and suites, a full service spa, gym, rooftop pool and 9,750 square feet of meeting space.

W Austin Residences. Delivery of the first condominium units began in January 2011. Condominium units are being completed on a floor-by-floor basis with delivery of pre-sold units as they are completed. As of March 20, 2012, sales of 87 of the 159 condominium units had closed for \$98.7 million (including 78 condominium units for \$89.0 million in 2011) and 8 of the remaining 72 condominium units were under contract. Net operating income of the joint venture with Canyon-Johnson, including proceeds from the sales of the condominium units, has been and must continue to be offered to the lender to repay debt incurred in connection with the project.

ACL Live. The project also includes ACL Live, a live music and entertainment venue and production studio with a maximum capacity of approximately 3,000 people. In addition to hosting concerts and private events, this venue is the new home of Austin City Limits, a television program showcasing popular music legends. ACL Live opened in February 2011, has hosted 198 events through March 20, 2012, and has booked events through December 2012.

Office and Retail. The project has approximately 41,000 square feet of leasable office space, of which 17,500 square feet opened in March 2011, including 9,000 square feet for our corporate office. The project also has 18,000 square feet of leasable retail space, of which 14,500 square feet opened in August 2011. As of March 20, 2012, occupancy was 43 percent for the office space and 79 percent for the retail space. Leasing activities for the remaining office and retail space are ongoing.

Residential. As of December 31, 2011, the number of our residential developed lots and development potential by area are shown below (excluding lots and units associated with our Canyon-Johnson and Crestview Station joint ventures):

	Residential Lots			
	Developed	Potential Development <sup>a</sup>	Total	
Barton Creek:		-		
Calera:				
Calera Drive	8	_	8	
Verano Drive	65	_	65	
Amarra Drive:				
Phase I Lots	4	_	4	
Phase II Lots	35	_	35	
Townhomes	_	221	221	
Phase III	_	64	64	
Mirador Estate	2	_	2	
Section N Multi-family	_	1,860	1,860	
Other Barton Creek Sections	_	154	154	
Circle C:				
Meridian	_	57	57	
Total Residential Lots	114	2,356	2,470	

Our development of the properties identified under the heading "Potential Development" is dependent upon the approval of our development plans and permits by governmental agencies, including the City. Those governmental agencies may either not approve one or more development plans and permit applications related to such properties or require us to modify our development plans. Accordingly, our development strategy with respect to those properties may change in the future. While we may be proceeding with approved infrastructure projects on some of these properties, they are not considered to be "under development" for disclosure in this table unless other development activities necessary to fully realize the properties' intended final use are in progress or scheduled to commence in the near term.

Calera. Calera is a residential subdivision with plat approval for 155 lots. During 2004, we began construction of 16 courtyard homes at Calera Court, the 16-acre initial phase of the Calera subdivision. The second phase of Calera, Calera Drive, consisting of 53 single-family lots, many of which adjoin the Fazio Canyons Golf Course, received final plat and construction permit approval in 2005. Construction of the final phase, known as Verano Drive, was completed in July 2008 and includes 71 single-family lots. We sold one Calera Court courtyard home in 2010 for \$0.6 million and the final Calera Court courtyard home in 2011 for \$0.5 million. As of December 31, 2011, eight lots at Calera Drive and 65 lots at Verano Drive remained unsold. We sold one Calera Drive lot for \$0.2 million and three Verano Drive lots for \$0.8 million in first-quarter 2012.

Amarra Drive. Amarra Drive Phase I, which is the initial phase of the Amarra Drive subdivision, was completed in 2007 and includes six lots with sizes ranging from approximately one to four acres, some of which are course-side lots on the Fazio Canyons Golf Course and others are secluded lots adjacent to the Nature Conservancy of Texas. We sold one Amarra Drive Phase I lot for \$0.6 million in 2011, and as of December 31, 2011, four Amarra Drive Phase I lots remained unsold. In January 2008, we commenced development of Amarra Drive Phase II, which consists of 35 lots on 51 acres. Development was substantially completed in October 2008, but no sales have occurred.

Mirador Estate. The Mirador subdivision consists of 34 estate lots, with each lot averaging approximately 3.5 acres in size. As of December 31, 2011, two Mirador estate lots remained unsold. In February 2012, we sold one Mirador lot for \$0.4 million.

Wimberly Lane. Wimberly Lane included two phases, with phase one consisting of 75 residential lots and phase two consisting of 47 residential lots. We entered into a contract with a national homebuilder to sell 41 lots within the Wimberly Lane Phase II subdivision. We sold the last homebuilder lot in January 2008 and sold the final Wimberly Lane lot in December 2010.

Circle C. We are developing the Circle C community based on the entitlements secured in our Circle C settlement with the City. Our Circle C settlement, as amended in 2004, permits development of 1.16 million square feet of commercial space, 504 multi-family units and 830 single-family residential lots. Meridian is an 800-lot residential development at the Circle C community. Development of Meridian included our contracts with three national homebuilders to complete the construction and sales of 494 lots. We sold the final 13 lots for \$0.9 million in first-quarter 2010.

In 2006, we signed another contract with a national homebuilder for 42 additional lots. Development of those lots was substantially complete in April 2008. In June 2009, this contract was terminated by the homebuilder. As of the date the contract was terminated, there were 30 remaining unclosed lots. We sold eight lots in 2010 for \$1.1 million and the final 21 lots in 2011 for \$2.3 million. The final phase of Meridian is expected to consist of 57 one-acre lots.

Commercial. As of December 31, 2011, the number of square feet of our commercial property developed, under development and our remaining entitlements are shown below (excluding property associated with our Canyon-Johnson and Crestview Station joint ventures):

Carryon voimson and Crestite in Station for	Commercial Prop	erty			
	Developed	Under	Potential	Total	
•		Development	Development a	10141	
Barton Creek:					
Treaty Oak Bank	3,085			3,085	
Barton Creek Village Phase I	22,000	_	_	22,000	
Barton Creek Village Phase II	_	_	18,000	18,000	
Entry Corner	_	_	5,000	5,000	
Amarra Retail/Office			90,000	90,000	
Section N			1,500,000	1,500,000	
Circle C:					
JP Morgan Chase Bank Ground Lease	4,000			4,000	
5700 Slaughter	21,000	_	_	21,000	
Parkside Village	13,890	78,583		92,473	
Tract 110			685,000	685,000	
Tract 101	_		90,000	90,000	
Tract 102	_		25,000	25,000	
Tract 114	_		5,000	5,000	
Lantana:					
7500 Rialto <sup>b</sup>	150,000			150,000	
Tract G06	_		400,000	400,000	
Tract GR1	_	_	325,000	325,000	
Tract G05	_		260,000	260,000	
Tract CS5	_		175,000	175,000	
Tract G07	_		160,000	160,000	
Tract CS1-CS3	_	_	134,200	134,200	
Tract L03	_	_	99,800	99,800	
Tract L04		_	70,000	70,000	
Tract LR1	_		62,200	62,200	
Austin 290 Tract	_	_	20,000	20,000	
Total Square Feet	213,975	78,583	4,124,200	4,416,758	

a. Our development of the properties identified under the heading "Potential Development" is dependent upon the approval of our development plans and permits by governmental agencies, including the City. Those governmental

agencies may either not approve one or more development plans and permit applications related to such properties or require us to modify our development plans. Accordingly, our development strategy with respect to those properties may change in the future. While we may be proceeding with approved infrastructure projects on some of these properties, they are not considered to be "under development" for disclosure in this table unless other development activities necessary to fully realize the properties' intended final use are in progress or scheduled to commence in the near term.

b. In February 2012, we sold 7500 Rialto. See "Discontinued Operations" and Note 12 for further discussion.

Barton Creek. The first phase of Barton Creek Village includes a 22,000-square-foot retail complex and a 3,085-square-foot bank building within this retail complex. As of December 31, 2011, the retail complex was 100 percent leased and the bank building is leased through January 2023.

Circle C. In 2008, we completed the construction of two retail buildings totaling 21,000 square feet at 5700 Slaughter. This retail project also includes a 4,000-square-foot bank building on an existing ground lease, which expires in 2025. As of December 31, 2011, occupancy was approximately 91 percent for the two retail buildings.

The Circle C community also includes Parkside Village, a 92,473-square-foot retail project. The project consists of a 33,650-square-foot full-service movie theater and restaurant, a 13,890-square-foot medical clinic and five other retail buildings, including a 14,933-square-foot building, a 10,000-square-foot building, two 7,500-square-foot buildings and a stand-alone 5,000-square-foot building. In February 2011, we entered into a joint venture with Moffett Holdings, LLC (Moffett) to develop Parkside Village, obtained final permits and entitlements and began construction (see Note 3). Construction activities at Parkside Village continue on schedule, and are expected to be completed in fourth-quarter 2012. At December 31, 2011, we had executed leases for 64,647 square feet at Parkside Village, including 13,890 square feet that opened in December 2011, and leasing activities are ongoing.

Lantana. Lantana is a partially developed, mixed-use real-estate development project. Lantana includes two 75,000-square-foot office buildings at 7500 Rialto Boulevard, which we sold in February 2012 (see "Discontinued Operations" and Note 12). As of December 31, 2011, occupancy was 56 percent for the original office building and 100 percent for the second office building. As of December 31, 2011, we had remaining entitlements for approximately 1.7 million square feet of office and retail use on 223 acres. Regional utility and road infrastructure is in place with capacity to serve Lantana at full build-out permitted under our existing entitlements.

Crestview Station. In 2005, we formed a joint venture with Trammell Crow Central Texas Development, Inc. (Trammell Crow) to acquire an approximate 74-acre tract at the intersection of Airport Boulevard and Lamar Boulevard in Austin, Texas, for \$7.7 million. The property, known as Crestview Station, is a single-family, multi-family, retail and office development, which is located on the site of a commuter rail line. The joint venture completed environmental remediation, which the State of Texas certified as complete in 2007, and permitting of the property. The joint venture obtained permits to develop Crestview Station as a 450-unit transit-oriented neighborhood. Crestview Station sold substantially all of its multi-family and commercial properties in 2007 and one commercial site in 2008, while retaining the single-family component of Crestview Station and one commercial site. At December 31, 2011, our investment in the Crestview Station project totaled \$3.2 million and the joint venture partnership had \$7.7 million of outstanding debt, of which we guarantee \$1.4 million. In 2011, we and Trammell Crow each contributed \$0.5 million to the joint venture for interest and property taxes through loan maturity of May 2012, and scheduled principal payments, which began in June 2011. We account for our 50 percent interest in the Crestview Station joint venture under the equity method. See Note 6 for further discussion of Crestview Station.

#### RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

We are continually evaluating the development potential of our properties and will continue to consider opportunities to enter into transactions involving our properties. As a result, and because of numerous other factors affecting our business activities as described herein, our past operating results are not necessarily indicative of our future results.

The following table summarizes our operating results (in thousands):

	2011	2010	
Operating income (loss):			
Real estate operations	\$7,573	\$(3,722	)
Hotel	(1,987	) (3,235	)
Entertainment venue	(1,023	) (699	)
Commercial leasing	(2,882	) (2,746	)

Operating income (loss)	\$1,681	\$(10,402	)
Interest expense, net	\$(6,667	) \$—	
Provision for income taxes	\$(651	) \$(8,006	)
Net (income) loss attributable to noncontrolling interest in subsidiaries	\$(5,155	) \$2,377	
Net loss attributable to Stratus common stock	\$(10,388	) \$(15,336	)

We have four operating segments, "Real Estate Operations," "Hotel," "Entertainment Venue" and "Commercial Leasing" (see Note 11). The following is a discussion of our operating results by segment.

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# **Real Estate Operations**

The following table summarizes our real estate operating results (in thousands):

	2011	2010	
Revenues:			
Developed property sales	\$92,790	\$2,725	
Undeveloped property sales	4,235	_	
Commissions and other	626	561	
Total revenues	97,651	3,286	
Cost of sales, including depreciation	86,319	3,303	
General and administrative expenses	3,759	3,705	
Operating income (loss)	\$7,573	\$(3,722	)

Developed Property Sales. Residential property sales for 2011 and 2010 included the following (dollars in thousands):

	2011			2010		
	Lots/Units	Revenues	Average Cost per Lot/Unit	Lots/Units	Revenues	Average Cost per Lot/Unit
W Austin Hotel & Residences						
Condominium Units	78	\$89,009	\$952		\$—	<b>\$</b> —
Barton Creek Calera:						
Calera Court Courtyard Homes	1	490	501	1	595	\$580
Verano Drive	2	400	98	_		
Amarra:						
Phase I Lots	1	550	198			_
Wimberly Lane Phase II	_	_	_	1	117	50
Circle C						
Meridian	21	2,341	108	21	2,013	71
Total Residential	103	\$92,790		23	\$2,725	

The increase in developed property sales revenues in 2011 primarily resulted from the sale of condominium units at the W Austin Hotel & Residences project, which became available in first-quarter 2011.

As of March 20, 2012, we sold 9 condominium units in 2012 and had 8 condominium units under contract at the W Austin Hotel & Residences project.

Undeveloped Property Sales. During 2011, we sold a 12-acre tract of undeveloped land at Barton Creek for \$2.2 million and a 28-acre tract of undeveloped land at Circle C for \$2.0 million.

Commissions and Other. Commissions and other revenues primarily included sales of our development fee credits to third parties totaling \$0.2 million in 2011 and 2010. We received these development fee credits as part of the Circle C settlement (see Note 10).

Cost of Sales. Cost of sales includes the cost of property sold, project operating and marketing expenses and allocated overhead costs, partly offset by reductions for certain municipal utility district reimbursements. Cost of sales totaled

\$86.3 million in 2011 and \$3.3 million in 2010. The increase in cost of sales in 2011 primarily resulted from the sale of condominium units at the W Austin Hotel & Residences project, which became available in first-quarter 2011. Cost of sales for 2011 also include estimated building repair costs totaling \$0.9 million, associated with the falling glass incidents at the W Austin Hotel & Residences project in June 2011, and a fourth-quarter 2011 margin reduction charge totaling \$5.8 million, associated with revised estimates of costs to complete the condominium units at the W Austin Hotel & Residences project. Cost of sales for our real estate operations also include significant, recurring costs (including property taxes, maintenance and marketing), which totaled \$5.9 million in 2011 and \$5.2 million in 2010 and do not vary significantly with the number of property sales. These recurring

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costs were partly offset by Barton Creek Municipal Utility District (MUD) reimbursements totaling \$4.1 million in 2010. We received no MUD reimbursements in 2011.

General and Administrative Expenses. Consolidated general and administrative expenses totaled \$6.7 million in 2011 and \$6.5 million in 2010. General and administrative expenses allocated to real estate operations totaled \$3.8 million in 2011 and \$3.7 million in 2010. For information about the allocation of general and administrative expenses to our operating segments, see Note 11.

#### Hotel

The following table summarizes our hotel operating results (in thousands):

	2011	2010	
Hotel revenue	\$28,100	\$792	
Hotel cost of sales, excluding depreciation	24,546	3,733	
Depreciation	5,495	294	
General and administrative expenses	46	_	
Operating loss	\$(1,987	) \$(3,235	)

Hotel Revenue. Hotel revenue reflects the results of operations for the W Austin Hotel, which opened in December 2010, and primarily includes revenue from room reservations and food and beverage sales. Certain key operating statistics specific to the hotel industry are included below to further illustrate our hotel operating performance. These statistics include "Average Daily Rate," which is calculated by dividing total room revenue by total rooms occupied and "Revenue per Available Room" (REVPAR), which is calculated by dividing total room revenue by total rooms available. The following table summarizes our operating measures related to hotel operations:

	2011	
Average daily rate	\$250	
Average occupancy	74	%
REVPAR	\$184	

Hotel Operating Costs. Hotel operating costs totaled \$24.5 million in 2011 and \$3.7 million in 2010 primarily reflecting salaries and wages, food and beverage expenses and advertising costs. Hotel operating costs for the year 2010 also include start-up costs associated with the opening of the hotel totaling \$2.6 million, of which \$1.7 million was salaries wages and other personnel related costs.

#### Entertainment Venue

The following table summarizes our entertainment venue operating results (in thousands):

	2011	
Entertainment venue revenue	\$9,010	
Entertainment venue costs of sales, excluding depreciation	8,982	
Depreciation	1,036	
General and administrative expenses	15	
Operating loss	\$(1,023	

Entertainment Venue Revenue. Entertainment venue revenue reflects the results of operations for ACL Live, which opened in February 2011, and primarily includes ticket sales; sponsorships, personal seat license sales and suite sales; and sales of concessions and merchandise. Certain key operating statistics specific to the concert and event hosting industry are included below to further illustrate our venue operating performance.

)

Events:

Events hosted 151
Estimated attendance 187,800
Ancillary net revenue per attendee<sup>a</sup> \$15.59

Ticketing:

Number of tickets sold 128,800 Gross value of tickets sold (in thousands) \$6,435

a. Primarily includes sales of concessions and merchandise.

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Entertainment Venue Operating Costs. Entertainment venue operating costs totaled \$9.0 million in 2011 and primarily reflect artist performance fees, salaries, property taxes and utilities.

# Commercial Leasing

The following table summarizes our commercial leasing operating results (in thousands):

	2011	2010	
Rental revenue	\$2,275	\$1,578	
Rental cost of sales, excluding depreciation	1,506	1,023	
Depreciation	818	480	
General and administrative expenses	2,833	2,821	
Operating loss	\$(2,882	) \$(2,746	)

Rental Revenue. Rental revenue totaled \$2.3 million in 2011, compared with \$1.6 million in 2010, with the increase primarily reflecting rental revenue from the office and retail space at the W Austin Hotel & Residences project, which opened during 2011.

Rental Operating Costs. Rental operating costs increased to \$1.5 million in 2011, compared with \$1.0 million in 2010, primarily reflecting operating costs from the office and retail space at the W Austin Hotel & Residences project, which opened during 2011.

Depreciation. Depreciation expense increased to \$0.8 million in 2011, compared with \$0.5 million in 2010, primarily reflecting depreciation on the office and retail space at the W Austin Hotel & Residences project, which opened during 2011.

# Non-Operating Results

Interest Expense, Net. Interest expense (before capitalized interest) totaled \$17.8 million in 2011 and \$12.0 million in 2010. Higher interest expense in 2011 primarily reflected interest on the financing for the W Austin Hotel & Residences project. Capitalized interest is primarily related to the W Austin Hotel & Residences project and totaled \$11.1 million in 2011 and \$12.0 million in 2010. We expect to capitalize significantly less interest cost in 2012, as the W Austin Hotel & Residences project is nearing completion.

Other Income, Net. We recorded other income of \$0.6 million in 2011, which primarily reflects forfeited deposits associated with terminated sales contracts for condominium units at the W Austin Hotel & Residences project. We also recorded other income of \$0.4 million in 2010, which primarily reflects a reimbursement of deferred financing costs for extinguished debt.

Equity in Unconsolidated Affiliate's Loss. We account for our 50 percent interest in our unconsolidated affiliate, Crestview Station, using the equity method. Crestview Station sold substantially all of its multi-family and commercial properties prior to 2010. Our equity in Crestview Station's losses totaled \$0.3 million in 2011 and 2010, primarily reflecting the operating losses recognized by Crestview Station because there were no sales.

Provision for Income Taxes. We recorded a provision for income taxes of \$0.7 million in 2011 and \$8.0 million in 2010. Our tax provision for 2011 includes the Texas state margin tax and our tax provision for 2010 includes valuation allowances totaling \$10.5 million recorded against our deferred tax assets. The difference between our consolidated effective income tax rates for 2011 and 2010, and the U.S. federal statutory rate of 35 percent primarily was primarily attributable to additional valuation allowances recorded against deferred tax assets (see Note 8).

Net (Income) Loss Attributable to Noncontrolling Interest in Subsidiary. Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest in subsidiary totaled net income of \$5.2 million in 2011 and a net loss of \$2.4 million in 2010, primarily related to the portion of W Austin Hotel & Residences project income allocated to Canyon-Johnson under our joint venture agreement (see Note 2).

#### **DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS**

On February 27, 2012, we sold 7500 Rialto to Lincoln Properties and Greenfield Partners (Lincoln Properties) for \$27.0 million. Lincoln Properties paid us \$6.7 million in cash and assumed our outstanding nonrecourse debt (the Lantana Promissory Note) of \$20.3 million secured by the property. We are providing a limited guarantee of debt service and other obligations on the Lantana Promissory Note up to \$5.0 million until May 1, 2016, which will be reduced to \$2.5 million on May 1, 2016, through January 1, 2018 (the maturity date for the Lantana Promissory Note). We expect our gain on the sale to approximate \$10 million, with \$5 million recorded in first-quarter 2012 and the balance to be recorded as our obligations under the limited guarantee are relieved. See Note 12 for further discussion.

## CAPITAL RESOURCES AND LIQUIDITY

As a result of continuing weak economic conditions and reduced activity in the real estate market, including the markets in which we operate, the near-term outlook for sales of our properties is uncertain. However, we believe that the unique nature and location of our assets will provide positive cash flows when market conditions improve. See "Near Term Requirements for Additional Capital and Business Strategy" for further discussion of our liquidity.

# Comparison of Year-to-Year Cash Flows

Cash provided by operating activities totaled \$35.9 million in 2011, compared with cash used in operating activities of \$58.1 million in 2010. The improvement in operating cash flows reflects a \$90.1 million increase in developed property sales principally resulting from sales of condominium units at the W Austin Hotel & Residences project. As stated previously, the continued weakness in the U.S. and Austin, Texas area real estate market has negatively affected sales of lots, and we expect this trend to continue in the near-term. In addition, we currently expect fewer sales of condominium units in 2012 because 2011 sales included presales from prior years that closed and were delivered as the units were completed in 2011. Expenditures for purchases and development of real estate properties for 2011 and 2010 included development costs for our real estate operations properties, primarily for the residential portion of the W Austin Hotel & Residences project (\$45.3 million in 2011 and \$52.6 million in 2010). We currently project cash costs of \$5.2 million in 2012 to complete the residential portion of the W Austin Hotel & Residences project.

Cash used in investing activities totaled \$18.2 million in 2011 and \$75.9 million in 2010. Development expenditures for 2011 and 2010 included costs for the hotel, office, retail and entertainment venue portions of the W Austin Hotel & Residences project totaling \$15.4 million in 2011 and \$75.4 million in 2010. We also contributed capital to Crestview Station totaling \$0.5 million in 2011 and less than \$0.1 million in 2010.

Cash used in financing activities totaled \$21.4 million in 2011 and cash provided by financing activities totaled \$130.3 million in 2010. In 2011, net borrowings from our credit facility totaled \$13.5 million (including borrowings of \$12.2 million under the Comerica term loans), borrowings from the Beal Bank loan totaled \$26.2 million, borrowings from the Parkside Village loan totaled \$4.0 million and borrowings from the 5700 Slaughter loan totaled \$0.9 million, partly offset by financing costs of \$0.3 million. Debt repayments on the Beal Bank loan, Ford loan and other project and term loans totaled \$75.4 million in 2011. We used \$0.3 million in 2011 to repurchase shares of our common stock (see below). Noncontrolling interest contributions for the W Austin Hotel & Residences project and Parkside Village project totaled \$10.1 million in 2011 and \$12.2 million in 2010. In 2010, net borrowings from our credit facility totaled \$12.7 million, borrowings from the Beal Bank loan totaled \$76.5 million, borrowings from the Ford loan totaled \$30.0 million and borrowings from the 5700 Slaughter term loan totaled \$4.5 million, partly offset by financing costs of \$1.1 million. Debt repayments on project and term loans totaled \$4.4 million in 2010. See "Credit Facility and Other Financing Arrangements" for a discussion of our outstanding debt at December 31, 2011.

In 2001, our Board of Directors authorized an open market share purchase program for up to 0.7 million shares of our common stock. During 2011, we purchased 47,500 shares in private transactions for \$0.3 million, or \$6.46 per share. During 2010, there were no purchases made under this program. A total of 113,645 shares remain available under this program. Our modified unsecured term loans prohibit common stock purchases while any of the loans are outstanding; however approval was obtained from the lender for the purchases made in 2011.

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Credit Facility and Other Financing Arrangements

At December 31, 2011, we had total debt of \$158.5 million, and total cash and cash equivalents of \$7.7 million. Our debt outstanding at December 31, 2011, consisted of the following:

\$67.9 million outstanding under the Beal Bank loan agreement, which is secured by the assets in the W Austin Hotel & Residences project. Net operating income of the W Austin Hotel & Residences project, including proceeds from the sales of the condominium units, has been and must continue to be offered to repay debt incurred in connection with the project.

\$38.3 million outstanding, \$2.9 million of letters of credit issued and \$7.2 million of availability under our credit facility with Comerica. The credit facility includes a \$35.0 million revolving loan, of which \$4.4 million is available, a \$8.5 million term loan, with no additional availability, and a \$5.0 million term loan, \$2.8 million of which is available (see Note 7 for further discussion). The availability under the \$8.5 million term loan was permanently reduced by \$1.5 million in 2011, when the required quarterly principal payments of \$0.5 million were made in the second, third and fourth quarters of 2011. We used the proceeds from these borrowings for general corporate purposes, including overhead and development costs. The credit facility is secured by our properties at Barton Creek, Lantana and Circle C. A principal payment of \$5.0 million was made on the credit facility in March 2012, with proceeds from the sale of common stock (see Note 13).

\$36.0 million outstanding under seven unsecured term loans, which include an \$8.0 million loan, a \$7.0 million loan, two \$5.0 million loans, a \$4.0 million loan and two \$3.5 million loans. In December 2011, we entered into loan modification agreements to extend the maturity dates on two and accelerate the maturity dates on two of these unsecured term loans (see Note 7 for further discussion). In connection with these modifications, principal payments totaling \$4.0 million were made in first-quarter 2012.

\$2.5 million outstanding under the Ford loan agreement, which is secured by a second lien on the W Austin Hotel & Residences project assets. Additionally, the Ford loan agreement provides for a profits interest in our joint venture with Canyon-Johnson. The profits interest is accounted for as the lender's participation in the cash flows of the W Austin Hotel & Residences project. In first-quarter 2012, the operating cash flow generated, as defined in the profits interest agreement, entitled Ford to a profits interest of \$1.2 million. This loan and the profits interest were fully repaid in first-quarter 2012, and we will record a charge of approximately \$1.2 million to interest expense (before capitalized interest) in first-quarter 2012 for the profits interest.

- \$5.2 million outstanding under a \$5.4 million term loan, which is secured by 5700 Slaughter.
- \$4.5 million outstanding under a term loan, which is secured by Barton Creek Village.

\$4.0 million outstanding under a \$13.7 million construction loan, which is secured by the assets at the Parkside Village project (see Note 3 for further discussion).

The Beal Bank and Ford loan agreements contain customary financial covenants, including a requirement that we maintain a minimum total stockholders' equity balance of \$120.0 million, and our Comerica credit facility and our American Strategic Income Portfolio Inc. (ASIP, formerly First American Asset Management or FAAM) unsecured term loans contain cross-default provisions with our other loans. As of December 31, 2011, our total stockholders' equity was \$118.2 million. We expect the February 2012 sale of 7500 Rialto, together with the March 2012 sale of shares of our common stock to Moffett Holdings, LLC (Moffett), to result in an increase in our stockholders' equity balance above \$120.0 million, effectively curing any default under the Beal Bank loan agreement (see Note 13). To further address our liquidity needs, we are pursuing extensions of the maturity dates for the loans that mature in 2012

and expect to pursue additional financing to fund our capital requirements and ongoing operations. A prolonged weak or worsening real estate market in Austin, Texas, including any impacts on our sales of condominium units at the W Austin Hotel & Residences project, could have a material adverse effect on our business, which may adversely affect our cash flows and profitability and reduce our stockholders' equity. For additional information, see Part 1, Item 1A. "Risk Factors."

## DEBT MATURITIES AND OTHER CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS

The following table summarizes our contractual cash obligations as of December 31, 2011 (in thousands):

	2012	2013	2014	2015	Total
Debt <sup>a</sup>	\$53,500	\$19,223	\$80,750	\$4,978	\$158,451
Scheduled interest payments <sup>b</sup>	11,256	8,776	6,196	_	26,228
Construction contracts	2,370	_	_	_	2,370
Operating lease	90	59	3	1	153
Total	\$67,216	\$28,058	\$86,949	\$4,979	\$187,202

Debt maturities represent scheduled maturities based on outstanding debt balances at December 31, 2011; however, a all proceeds from sales of condominium units and net operating income at the W Austin Hotel & Residences project must be offered to Beal Bank to pay down debt incurred in connection with the project.

Scheduled interest payments were calculated using stated coupon rates for fixed-rate debt and interest rates b. applicable at January 1, 2012, for variable-rate debt. Also includes payments associated with the profits interest agreement on the Ford loan (see Note 7 for further discussion).

We had commitments under noncancelable construction contracts totaling \$2.4 million at December 31, 2011. These commitments include the following contracts:

\$225.9 million in contracts in connection with architectural, design, engineering, construction and testing for the W Austin Hotel & Residences project with a remaining balance of \$0.6 million at December 31, 2011.

Contracts totaling \$10.4 million for infrastructure work in connection with new residential subdivisions, MUDs and general development at Barton Creek, and Parkside Village at Circle C with a remaining balance of \$1.7 million at December 31, 2011.

At December 31, 2011, we guaranteed \$1.4 million of the \$7.7 million of outstanding debt at Crestview Station. To the extent the joint venture does not have funds available, Stratus and Trammell Crow will equally fund monthly interest payments on the outstanding loan balance with scheduled principal payments, which began in June 2011 (see Note 6).

At December 31, 2011, we also have guarantees related to the W Austin Hotel & Residences project (see Note 2).

# NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

We do not expect the impact of recently issued accounting standards to have a significant impact on our future financial statements and disclosures.

# **OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS**

Refer to Note 10 for discussion of off-balance sheet arrangements.

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## **CAUTIONARY STATEMENT**

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations contain forward-looking statements in which we discuss certain of our expectations regarding future operational and financial performance. Forward-looking statements are all statements other than statements of historical facts, such as those statements regarding future reimbursements for infrastructure costs, future events related to financing and regulatory matters, anticipated development plans and sales of land, units and lots, projected timeframes for development, construction and completion of our projects, projected capital expenditures, liquidity and capital resources, anticipated results of our business strategy, and other plans and objectives of management for future operations and activities. The words "anticipates," "may," "can," "plans," "believes," "estimates," "expects," "projects," "intends," "likely," "will," "should," "to be expressions and/or statements that are not historical facts are intended to identify those assertions as forward-looking statements.

We caution readers that forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance, and our actual results may differ materially from those anticipated, projected or assumed in the forward-looking statements. Important factors that can cause our actual results to differ materially from those anticipated in the forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, changes in economic and business conditions, business opportunities that may be presented to and/or pursued by us, the availability of financing, increases in foreclosures and interest rates, the termination of sales contracts or letters of intent due to, among other factors, the failure of one or more closing conditions or market changes, the failure to attract homebuilding customers for our developments or their failure to satisfy their purchase commitments, the failure to complete agreements with strategic partners and/or appropriately manage relationships with strategic partners, a decrease in the demand for real estate in the Austin, Texas market, competition from other real estate developers, increases in operating costs, including real estate taxes and the cost of construction materials, changes in laws, regulations or the regulatory environment affecting the development of real estate and other factors described in more detail under "Risk Factors" in Item 1A. of this Form 10-K.

Investors are cautioned that many of the assumptions on which our forward-looking statements are based are subject to change after our forward-looking statements are made. Further, we may make changes to our business plans that could or will affect our results. We caution investors that we do not intend to update our forward-looking statements more frequently than quarterly, notwithstanding any changes in our assumptions, changes in our business plans, our actual experience, or other changes, and we undertake no obligation to update any forward-looking statements.

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Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data

## MANAGEMENT'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

Stratus Properties Inc.'s (the Company's) management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting. Internal control over financial reporting is defined in Rule 13a-15(f) or 15d-15(f) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 as a process designed by, or under the supervision of, the Company's principal executive and principal financial officers and effected by the Company's Board of Directors, management and other personnel, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and includes those policies and procedures that:

Pertain to the maintenance of records that in reasonable detail accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the Company's assets;

Provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the Company; and Provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

The Company's management, including its principal executive officer and principal financial officer, assessed the effectiveness of its internal control over financial reporting as of the end of the fiscal year covered by this annual report on Form 10-K. In making this assessment, its management used the criteria set forth in Internal Control-Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO). Based on its management's assessment, management concluded that, as of December 31, 2011, the Company's internal control over financial reporting is effective based on the COSO criteria.

/s/ William H. Armstrong III William H. Armstrong III Chairman of the Board, President and Chief Executive Officer /s/ Erin D. Pickens Erin D. Pickens Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

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#### REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

The Board of Directors and Shareholders Stratus Properties Inc.

We have audited Stratus Properties Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2011, based on criteria established in Internal Control - Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO). Stratus Properties Inc.'s management is responsible for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, included in the accompanying Management's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal control over financial reporting based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects. Our audit of internal control over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. Our audit also included performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

In our opinion, Stratus Properties Inc. maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2011, based on the criteria established in Internal Control - Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission.

We have also audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the consolidated balance sheets of Stratus Properties Inc. and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2011, and 2010, and the related consolidated statements of operations, stockholders' equity, and cash flows for each of the years in the two-year period ended December 31, 2011, and our report dated March 30, 2012, expressed an unqualified opinion on these consolidated financial statements.

/s/ BKM Sowan Horan, LLP

Addison, Texas March 30, 2012

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#### REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

The Board of Directors and Shareholders Stratus Properties Inc.

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Stratus Properties Inc. and subsidiaries (the Company) as of December 31, 2011, and 2010 and the related consolidated statements of operations, stockholders' equity, and cash flows for each of the years in the two-year period ended December 31, 2011. We have also audited the schedule listed in the accompanying index. These consolidated financial statements and schedule are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements and schedule based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Stratus Properties Inc. as of December 31, 2011, and 2010 and the results of their operations and their cash flows for each of the years in the two-year period ended December 31, 2011 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Also in our opinion, the related financial statement schedule, when considered in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole present fairly, in all material respects, the information set forth therein.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), Stratus Properties Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2011, based on criteria established in Internal Control - Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO), and our report dated March 30, 2012 expressed an unqualified opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ BKM Sowan Horan, LLP

Addison, Texas March 30, 2012

# STRATUS PROPERTIES INC. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (In Thousands, Except Par Value)

	December 31,		
	2011	2010	
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$7,695	\$11,307	
Real estate held for sale	74,003	27,312	
Real estate under development	54,956	189,057	
Land held for future development	60,936	57,822	
Real estate held for investment	185,221	127,009	
Investment in unconsolidated affiliate	3,246	3,084	
Other assets	18,619	21,271	
Discontinued operations (Note 12)	16,929	18,324	
Total assets	\$421,605	\$455,186	
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			
Accounts payable	\$8,760	\$19,328	
Accrued liabilities	10,217	7,713	
Deposits	1,848	9,082	
Debt (Note 7)	158,451	180,841	
Other liabilities	3,064	3,590	
Discontinued operations (Note 12)	21,583	21,832	
Total liabilities	203,923	242,386	
Commitments and contingencies (Notes 7,10 and 12)			
Equity:			
Stratus stockholders' equity:			
Preferred stock, par value \$0.01 per share, 50,000 shares authorized			
and unissued	_		
Common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, 150,000 shares authorized,			
8,387 and 8,354 shares issued, respectively and			
7,452 and 7,475 shares outstanding, respectively	84	84	
Capital in excess of par value of common stock	198,175	197,773	
Accumulated deficit	*	) (51,335	)
Common stock held in treasury, 935 shares and 879 shares,	( - , ,	, (= -,= = =	,
at cost, respectively	(18,347	) (17,972	)
Total Stratus stockholders' equity	118,189	128,550	,
Noncontrolling interest in subsidiaries	99,493	84,250	
Total equity	217,682	212,800	
Total liabilities and equity	\$421,605	\$455,186	
The accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements are an integral			
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statements.

# STRATUS PROPERTIES INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (In Thousands, Except Per Share Amounts)

	Years Ended December 31,		
	2011	2010	
Revenues:			
Real estate	\$97,651	\$3,286	
Hotel	28,100	792	
Entertainment venue	9,010	_	
Rental	2,275	1,578	
Total revenues	137,036	5,656	
Cost of sales:			
Real estate, net	86,095	3,104	
Hotel	24,546	3,733	
Entertainment venue	8,982	699	
Rental	1,506	1,023	
Depreciation	7,573	973	
Total cost of sales	128,702	9,532	
General and administrative expenses	6,653	6,526	
Total costs and expenses	135,355	16,058	
Operating income (loss)	1,681	(10,402	)
Interest expense, net	(6,667	) —	
Other income, net	550	358	
Loss from continuing operations before income taxes			
and equity in unconsolidated affiliate's loss	(4,436	) (10,044	)
Equity in unconsolidated affiliate's loss	(337	) (323	)
Provision for income taxes	(651	) (8,006	)
Loss from continuing operations	(5,424	) (18,373	)
Income from discontinued operations	191	660	
Net loss	(5,233	) (17,713	)
Net (income) loss attributable to noncontrolling interest in subsidiaries	(5,155	) 2,377	
Net loss attributable to Stratus common stock	\$(10,388	) \$(15,336	)
Basic and diluted net (loss) income per share of common stock:			
Continuing operations	\$(1.41	) \$(2.14	)
Discontinued operations	0.02	0.09	,
Basic and diluted net loss per share attributable to Stratus common stock	\$(1.39	) \$(2.05	)
Weighted average shares of common stock outstanding:			
Basic and diluted	7,482	7,466	
The accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements are an integra	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	*	
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The accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

# STRATUS PROPERTIES INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (In Thousands)

	Years Ended December 31,			
	2011	2010		
Cash flow from operating activities:				
Net loss	\$(5,233	) \$(17,713	)	
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by				
(used in) operating activities:				
Depreciation	8,426	1,886		
Cost of real estate sold	70,623	2,071		
Deferred income taxes	18	7,973		
Stock-based compensation	422	585		
Equity in unconsolidated affiliate's loss	337	323		
Deposits	(7,274	) (2,319	)	
Purchases and development of real estate properties	(58,590	) (56,027	)	
Municipal utility district reimbursements		939		
Decrease (increase) in other assets	3,071	(1,702	)	
Increase in accounts payable, accrued liabilities and other	24,102	5,888		
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	35,902	(58,096	)	
Cash flow from investing activities:				
Development of hotel	(6,370	) (53,233	)	
Development of entertainment venue	(4,985	) (16,507	)	
Development of commerical leasing properties	(6,303	) (6,153		
Investment in unconsolidated affiliate	(500	) (15	)	
Net cash used in investing activities	(18,158	) (75,908	)	
Cash flow from financing activities:				
Borrowings from credit facility	22,561	20,359		
Payments on credit facility	(9,023	) (7,652	)	
Borrowings from project and term loans	31,128	111,002	,	
Payments on project and term loans	(75,417	) (4,436	)	
Noncontrolling interest contributions	10,088	12,190	,	
Net payments for stock-based awards	(88	) (22	)	
Purchases of Stratus common stock	(307	) —	,	
Financing costs	(331	) (1,105	)	
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(21,389	) 130,336	,	
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(3,645	) (3,668	)	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	11,730	15,398	,	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$8,085	\$11,730		

The accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, which include information regarding noncash transactions, are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

# STRATUS PROPERTIES INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF EQUITY (In Thousands)

	Stratus Comm Stock		nolders' Equ	uity		non Stock in Treasur	ý				
		Par Value	Capital in Excess of Par Value	Accumulated Deficit	Numb of Share	Cost	Total Stratus Stockholo Equity	ler	Noncontrolli Interest in Subsidiary	ing Fotal Equity	
Balance at December 31 2009	'8,315	\$83	\$197,333	\$(35,999)	873	\$(17,941	\$ 143,476	•	\$ 74,437	\$217,91	3
Exercised and issued stock-based awards and other	39	1	(145)	_		_	(144	)	_	(144	)
Stock-based compensation	_	_	585	_	_		585			585	
Tender of shares for stock-based awards	_	_	_	_	6	(31	) (31	)	_	(31	)
Noncontrolling interest contributions	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		12,190	12,190	
Comprehensive loss: Net loss			_	(15,336 )		_	(15,336	)	(2,377 )	(17,713	)
Total comprehensive loss	_	_	_	(15,336)	_	_	(15,336	)	(2,377 )	(17,713	)
Balance at December 31 2010	'8,354	84	197,773	(51,335 )	879	(17,972	) 128,550		84,250	212,800	
Exercised and issued stock-based awards and other	33	_	(20 )	_	_	_	(20	)	_	(20	)
Stock-based compensation	_	_	422	_	_	_	422		_	422	
Treasury stock purchases	_	_	_	_	47	(307	) (307	)	_	(307	)
Tender of shares for stock-based awards	_	_	_	_	9	(68	) (68	)		(68	)
Noncontrolling interest contributions Comprehensive (loss)	_	_	_	_		_	_		10,088	10,088	
income:											
Net (loss) income			_	(10,388)		_	(10,388	)	5,155	(5,233	)
Total comprehensive (loss) income	_	_	_	(10,388 )	_	_	(10,388	)	5,155	(5,233	)
Balance at December 31 2011	'8,387	\$84	\$198,175	\$(61,723)	935	\$(18,347	\$ 118,189	)	\$ 99,493	\$217,682	2

The accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

# STRATUS PROPERTIES INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Business and Principles of Consolidation. Stratus Properties Inc. (Stratus), a Delaware Corporation, is engaged in the acquisition, development, management, operation and sale of commercial, hotel, entertainment, multi-family and residential real estate properties located primarily in the Austin, Texas area. The real estate development and marketing operations of Stratus are conducted through its wholly owned subsidiaries, two consolidated joint ventures (see Notes 2 and 3) and through an unconsolidated joint venture (see "Investment in Unconsolidated Affiliate" below and Note 6). Stratus consolidates its wholly owned subsidiaries, subsidiaries in which Stratus has a controlling interest and variable interest entities in which Stratus is deemed the primary beneficiary. All significant intercompany transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

On February 27, 2012, Stratus sold its two office buildings at 7500 Rialto Boulevard (7500 Rialto). As a result, 7500 Rialto is reported as discontinued operations and the consolidated financial statements for all periods presented have been adjusted to reflect this presentation (see Note 12).

Concentration of Risks. Stratus primarily conducts its operations in Austin, Texas. Consequently, any significant economic downturn in the Austin market could potentially have an effect on Stratus' business, results of operations and financial condition.

Use of Estimates. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S.) requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in these financial statements and accompanying notes. The more significant estimates include the (1) estimates of future cash flow from development and sale of real estate properties and sources of financing for development projects used in the assessment of impairments, (2) valuation allowances for deferred tax assets, (3) allocation of certain indirect costs and (4) useful lives for depreciation. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Real Estate and Commercial Leasing Assets. Real estate held for sale is stated at the lower of cost or fair value less costs to sell. The cost of real estate held for sale includes acquisition, development, construction and carrying costs, and other related costs through the development stage. Real estate under development and land held for future development are stated at cost. Real estate held for investment, which includes the hotel and entertainment venue at the W Austin Hotel & Residences project and Stratus' commercial leasing assets, is stated at cost, less accumulated depreciation. Stratus capitalizes interest on funds used in developing properties from the date of initiation of development activities through the date the property is substantially complete and ready for sale or lease. Stratus recorded capitalized interest of \$11.1 million in 2011 and \$12.0 million in 2010. Common costs are allocated based on the relative fair value of individual land parcels. Certain carrying costs are capitalized on properties currently under active development. Stratus capitalizes improvements that increase the value of commercial leasing properties and have useful lives greater than one year. Costs related to repairs and maintenance are charged to expense as incurred.

Stratus performs an impairment test when events or circumstances indicate that an asset's carrying amount may not be recoverable. Events or circumstances that Stratus considers indicators of impairment include significant decreases in market values, adverse changes in regulatory requirements (including environmental laws) and current period or projected operating cash flow losses from rental properties. Impairment tests for properties to be held and used, including properties under development, involve the use of estimated future net undiscounted cash flows expected to be generated from the use of the property and its eventual disposition. If projected undiscounted cash flow from properties to be held and used is less than the related carrying amount, then a reduction of the carrying amount of the

long-lived asset to fair value is required. Measurement of the impairment loss is based on the fair value of the asset. Generally, Stratus determines fair value using valuation techniques such as discounted expected future cash flows. Impairment tests for properties held for sale involve management estimates of fair value based on estimated market values for similar properties in similar locations and management estimates of costs to sell. If estimated fair value less costs to sell is less than the related carrying amount, then a reduction of the carrying amount of the asset to fair value less costs to sell is required.

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Stratus recorded no impairment charges for the years ended December 31, 2011 and 2010. Should market conditions further deteriorate in the future or other events occur that indicate the carrying amount of Stratus' real estate assets may not be recoverable, Stratus will reevaluate the expected cash flows from each property to determine whether any impairment exists.

Depreciation. Commercial leasing properties are depreciated on a straight-line basis over their estimated life of between 30 and 40 years. Furniture, fixtures and equipment are depreciated on a straight-line basis over a three to five-year period. Tenant improvements are depreciated over the related lease terms.

Investment in Unconsolidated Affiliate. Stratus has a 50 percent interest in the Crestview Station project (see Note 6), which it accounts for under the equity method. Stratus has determined that consolidation of the Crestview Station project is not required.

Other Assets. Other assets primarily consist of deferred financing and leasing costs, prepaid insurance, tenant and other accounts receivable, and notes and interest receivable. Deferred financing costs are amortized using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method, to interest expense. Deferred leasing costs are amortized to cost of sales using the straight-line method over the related lease terms.

Accrued Property Taxes. Stratus estimates its property taxes based on prior year property tax payments and other current events that may impact the amount. Upon receipt of the property tax bill, Stratus adjusts its accrued property tax balance at year-end to the actual amount of taxes due in January. Accrued property taxes totaled \$6.5 million at December 31, 2011, and \$3.0 million at December 31, 2010.

Revenue Recognition. Revenues from property sales are recognized when the risks and rewards of ownership are transferred to the buyer, when the consideration received can be reasonably determined and when Stratus has completed its obligations to perform certain supplementary development activities, if any exist, at the time of the sale. Consideration is reasonably determined and considered likely of collection when Stratus has signed sales agreements and has determined that the buyer has demonstrated a commitment to pay. The buyer's commitment to pay is supported by the level of their initial investment, Stratus' assessment of the buyer's credit standing and Stratus' assessment of whether the buyer's stake in the property is sufficient to motivate the buyer to honor their obligation to pay.

Stratus' revenues from hotel operations are primarily derived from room reservations and food and beverage sales. Revenue is recognized when rooms are occupied and services have been rendered. Taxes collected from customers and submitted to taxing authorities are not recorded in revenue.

Stratus' revenues from entertainment venue operations are primarily derived from ticket sales; sponsorships, personal seat licenses and suite sales; and sales of concessions and merchandise. Revenues from ticket sales are recognized after the corresponding performance occurs. Revenues from sponsorships and other revenue not related to a single event, are classified as deferred revenue and generally amortized over the operating season or term of the contract. Revenues from concessions and merchandise sales are recognized at the time of sale.

Stratus recognizes its rental income based on the terms of its signed leases with tenants on a straight-line basis. Recoveries from tenants for taxes, insurance and other commercial property operating expenses are recognized as revenues in the period the related costs are incurred. Stratus recognizes sales commissions and management and development fees when earned, as properties are sold or when the services are performed. A summary of Stratus' revenues follows (in thousands):

Years Ended December 31,

	2011	2010
Revenues:		
Developed property sales	\$92,790	\$2,725
Undeveloped property sales	4,235	
Hotel	28,100	792
Entertainment venue	9,010	
Rental	2,275	1,578
Commissions and other	626	561
Total revenues	\$137,036	\$5,656

Cost of Sales. Cost of sales includes the cost of real estate sold as well as costs directly attributable to the properties sold such as marketing and depreciation. Cost of sales also includes operating costs for properties held for investment and municipal utility district reimbursements. A summary of Stratus' cost of sales follows (in thousands):

Years Ended December 31

	rears Ended December 51,		
	2011	2010	
Cost of developed property sales	\$77,415	\$2,120	
Cost of undeveloped property sales	2,240	65	
Hotel operating costs	24,546	3,733	
Entertainment venue operating costs	8,982	699	
Rental operating costs	1,506	1,023	
Project expenses and allocation of overhead costs (see below)	5,892	5,172	
Municipal utility district reimbursements (see below)	_	(4,090	)
Depreciation	7,573	973	
Other, net	548	(163	)
Total cost of sales	\$128,702	\$9,532	

Gross profit on condominium sales from the W Austin Hotel & Residences project is based on estimates of total project sales value and total project costs for the condominiums. When estimates of sales value or project costs are revised, gross profit is adjusted in the period of change so that cumulative project earnings reflect the revised profit estimate. During fourth-quarter 2011, based on current market conditions and the status of construction, Stratus revised estimates of costs to complete, resulting in an increase in projected total cost of sales and, therefore, lower expected gross profit margin on condominiums units at the W Austin Hotel & Residences project. The margin reduction increased cost of sales and lowered gross profit by \$5.8 million in fourth-quarter 2011.

Allocation of Overhead Costs. Stratus has historically allocated a portion of its overhead costs to both capitalized real estate costs and cost of sales based on the percentage of time certain of its employees, comprising its indirect overhead pool, worked in the related areas (i.e. construction and development for capital assets and sales and marketing for cost of sales). Stratus capitalizes only direct and certain indirect project costs associated with the acquisition, development and construction of a real estate project. Indirect costs include allocated costs associated with certain pooled resources (such as office supplies, telephone and postage) which are used to support Stratus' development projects, as well as general and administrative functions. Allocations of pooled resources are based only on those employees directly responsible for development (i.e., project manager and subordinates). Stratus charges to expense indirect costs that do not clearly relate to a real estate project, such as salaries and allocated expenses related to the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer.

Municipal Utility District Reimbursements. Stratus receives Barton Creek Municipal Utility District (MUD) reimbursements for certain infrastructure costs incurred in the Barton Creek area. Prior to 1996, Stratus capitalized infrastructure costs to the costs of its properties as those costs were incurred. Subsequently, those costs were expensed through cost of sales as properties sold. In 1996, following the 1995 creation of MUDs, Stratus began capitalizing the infrastructure costs to a separate MUD property category. MUD reimbursements received for infrastructure costs incurred prior to 1996 are reflected as a reduction of cost of sales, while other MUD reimbursements represent a reimbursement of the cost of MUD properties and are recorded as a reduction of the related asset's carrying amount. Stratus has long-term agreements with seven independent MUDs in Barton Creek to build the MUDs' utility systems and to be eligible for future reimbursements for the related costs. The amount and timing of MUD reimbursements depends upon the respective MUD having a sufficient tax base within its district to issue bonds and being able to obtain the necessary state approval for the sale of the bonds. Because the timing of the issuance and approval of the bonds is subject to considerable uncertainty, coupled with the fact that interest rates on such bonds cannot be fixed until they are approved, the amounts associated with MUD reimbursements are not known until approximately one

month before the MUD reimbursements are received. To the extent the reimbursements are less than the costs capitalized, Stratus records a loss when that determination is made. MUD reimbursements represent the actual amounts received.

Advertising Costs. Advertising costs are expensed as incurred and are included as a component of cost of sales. Advertising costs totaled \$0.1 million in 2011 and 2010.

Income Taxes. Stratus accounts for deferred income taxes utilizing an asset and liability method, whereby deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized based on the tax effects of temporary differences between the financial statements and the tax basis of assets and liabilities, as measured by current enacted tax rates. The effect on deferred income tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates or laws is recognized in income in the period in which such changes are enacted. Stratus periodically evaluates the need for a valuation allowance to reduce deferred tax assets to estimated recoverable amounts. Stratus establishes a valuation allowance to reduce its deferred tax assets and records a corresponding charge to earnings if it is determined, based on available evidence at the time, that it is more likely than not that any portion of the deferred tax assets will not be realized. In evaluating the need for a valuation allowance, Stratus estimates future taxable income based on projections and ongoing tax strategies. This process involves significant management judgment about assumptions that are subject to change based on variances between projected and actual operating performance and changes in Stratus' business environment or operating or financial plans. See Note 8 for further discussion.

Earnings Per Share. Stratus' basic and diluted net loss per share of common stock were calculated by dividing the net loss attributable to Stratus common stock by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the year. Stock options and restricted stock units representing approximately 120,800 shares for 2011 and 125,800 shares for 2010 were excluded from weighted average common shares outstanding for purposes of calculating diluted net loss per share because they were anti-dilutive, either because inclusion of the options would result in a decrease of Stratus' net loss per share, or the stock options had exercise prices greater than the average market price of Stratus' common stock.

Stock-Based Compensation. Compensation costs for share-based payments to employees, including stock options, are measured at fair value and charged to expense over the requisite service period for awards that are expected to vest. The fair value of stock options is determined using the Black-Scholes option valuation model. In addition, for other stock-based awards under the plans, compensation costs are recognized based on the fair value on the date of grant for restricted stock units. Stratus estimates forfeitures at the time of grant and revises those estimates in subsequent periods if actual forfeitures differ from those estimates through the final vesting date of the awards. See Note 9 for further discussion.

New Accounting Standards. In May 2011 the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued an Accounting Standards Update (ASU) in connection with guidance for fair value measurements and disclosures. This ASU clarifies the FASB's intent on current guidance, modifies and changes certain guidance and principles, and expands disclosures concerning Level 3 fair value measurements in the fair value hierarchy (including quantitative information about significant unobservable inputs within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy). In addition, this ASU requires disclosure of the fair value hierarchy for assets and liabilities not measured at fair value in the statement of financial position, but whose fair value is required to be disclosed. This ASU is effective for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2011, and early application is not permitted. Stratus is evaluating the manner of adopting this ASU.

In June 2011, the FASB issued an ASU in connection with accounting guidance on the presentation of comprehensive income. The objective of this ASU is to improve the comparability, consistency, and transparency of financial reporting and to increase the prominence of items reported in other comprehensive income. This ASU requires an entity to present the components of net income, other comprehensive income and total comprehensive income (i.e. inluding net income) either in a single continuous statement of comprehensive income or in two seperate but consecutive statements. This ASU eliminates the option to present the components of other comprehensive income as part of the statement of equity, but does not change the items that must be reported in other comprehensive income. This ASU is effective for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2011, and early adoption is permitted. Stratus is evaluating the manner of adopting this ASU.

## 2. Joint Venture with Canyon-Johnson Urban Fund II, L.P.

Stratus and Canyon-Johnson Urban Fund II, L.P. (Canyon-Johnson) are participants in a joint-venture for a 36-story mixed-use development in downtown Austin, Texas, anchored by a W Hotel & Residences (the W Austin Hotel & Residences project). Stratus is the manager of, and has an approximate 40 percent interest in, the joint venture, and Canyon-Johnson has an approximate 60 percent interest in the joint venture. As of December 31, 2011, capital contributions totaled \$71.6 million for Stratus and \$93.6 million for Canyon-Johnson. The joint venture has a construction loan with Beal Bank Nevada and a second lien loan with Hunter's Glen/Ford Investments LLC, to finance project costs (see Note 7 for further discussion).

Upon formation of the joint venture, Stratus performed an initial evaluation and concluded that the joint venture was a variable interest entity (VIE) and that Stratus was the primary beneficiary. Stratus reevaluated the primary beneficiary of the joint venture upon adoption of new consolidation guidance, effective January 1, 2010, and concluded that Stratus is still the primary beneficiary, as Stratus has the power to direct the activities that most significantly impact the joint venture's financial performance. Stratus also reevaluated and reaffirmed its previous conclusion as to the VIE status and primary beneficiary of the joint venture as of the dates of the amendments to the operating agreement (March 31, 2010, and June 24, 2010). Accordingly, the W Austin Hotel & Residences project has been consolidated in Stratus' financial statements. Stratus will continue to evaluate the primary beneficiary of this joint venture in accordance with applicable accounting guidance.

In June 2011, there were a series of incidents in which glass attached to the railings on the balconies of the condominium units at the W Austin Hotel & Residences project broke and fell to the surrounding areas, including adjoining streets and the pool deck at the W Austin Hotel. These incidents resulted in the hotel being closed for 11 days during June and July 2011. Stratus investigated these matters and has taken precautionary measures to prevent further incidents. The engineering and redesign of replacement railings is complete and Stratus currently expects to substantially complete installation of the replacement railing system in second-quarter 2012. Stratus recorded charges to cost of sales for the estimated repair costs totaling \$0.9 million in 2011.

At December 31, 2011, Stratus' consolidated balance sheet includes \$263.0 million in total assets and \$87.4 million in total liabilities associated with the W Austin Hotel & Residences project. The assets associated with the W Austin Hotel & Residences project can only be used to settle obligations of the joint venture. The \$263.0 million of total assets associated with the project included \$5.0 million of cash and cash equivalents, \$54.8 million of real estate held for sale, \$18.4 million of real estate under development, \$170.8 million of real estate held for investment and \$14.0 million of other assets. The \$87.4 million of total liabilities associated with the project included \$6.5 million of accounts payable, \$7.4 million of accrued liabilities, \$1.6 million of deposits, \$70.4 million of debt and \$1.5 million of other liabilities. Stratus also guarantees certain obligations of the W Austin Hotel & Residences project (see Note 7).

Profits and losses between partners in a real estate venture should be allocated based on how changes in net assets of the venture would affect cash payments to the investors over the life of the venture and on its liquidation. The amount of the ultimate profits earned by the W Austin Hotel & Residences project will affect the ultimate profit sharing ratios because of provisions in the joint venture agreement which would require Stratus to return certain previously received distributions to Canyon-Johnson under certain circumstances. Because of the uncertainty of the ultimate profits and, therefore, profit-sharing ratios, the W Austin Hotel & Residences project's cumulative profits or losses are allocated based on a hypothetical liquidation of the venture's net assets as of each balance sheet date. At December 31, 2011, the cumulative losses for the W Austin Hotel & Residences project were allocated based on 44 percent for Stratus and 56 percent for Canyon-Johnson.

## 3. Joint Venture with Moffett Holdings, LLC

On February 28, 2011, Stratus entered into a joint venture with Moffett Holdings, LLC (Moffett) for the development of Parkside Village, a 92,473-square-foot retail project in the Circle C community. The project consists of a 33,650-square-foot full-service movie theater and restaurant, a 13,890-square-foot medical clinic and five other retail buildings, including a 14,933-square-foot building, a 10,000-square-foot building, two 7,500-square-foot buildings and a stand-alone 5,000-square-foot building.

Stratus' initial capital contributions to the joint venture totaled \$3.1 million, which consisted of a 23.03 acre tract of land located in Austin, Texas, the related property and development agreements for the land and other project costs incurred by Stratus before February 28, 2011. Moffett made initial capital contributions to the joint venture totaling \$1.0 million and made additional capital contributions of \$2.8 million to fund the development of the project. As of December 31, 2011, capital contributions totaled \$3.1 million for Stratus and \$3.8 million for Moffett. The joint venture has a construction loan with Comerica Bank to finance the development of Parkside Village (see Note 7 for

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#### further discussion).

Stratus is the manager of the joint venture, and after the partners are repaid their original capital contributions and a preferred return on those contributions, Stratus will receive 80 percent of any distributions and Moffett will receive 20 percent. As the manager of the joint venture with a majority of the voting and profit interest (80 percent), Stratus consolidates this joint venture in its financial statements.

#### 4. Real Estate, net

December 31, 2011 (In Thousands)		2010	
Real estate held for sale:	,		
Developed lots and condominium units	\$74,003	a \$27,312	
Real estate under development:			
W Austin Hotel & Residences	18,432	163,005	a
Acreage and lots	36,524	26,052	
_	54,956	189,057	
Land held for future development:			
Undeveloped acreage	60,936	57,822	
Real estate held for investment:			
W Austin Hotel & Residences			
Hotel	121,888	115,858	
Entertainment venue	40,612	a	
Office and Retail	15,400	a	
Barton Creek Village	6,476	6,415	
5700 Slaughter	5,866	5,867	
Parkside Village	2,686	_	
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	1,787	866	
Total	194,715	129,006	
Accumulated depreciation	(9,494	) (1,997	)
Total real estate held for investment, net	185,221	b 127,009	b
Total real estate, net	\$375,116	\$401,200	

Includes \$53.3 million of condominium unit assets, \$35.6 million of entertainment venue assets and \$14.8 million of a office and retail assets reclassified from real estate under development related to the W Austin Hotel & Residences project in 2011.

Real estate held for sale. A developed lot is an individual tract of land that has been developed and permitted for residential use. A developed lot may be sold with a home already built on it. As of December 31, 2011, Stratus owned 114 developed lots and 73 completed condominium units at the W Austin Hotel & Residences project.

Real estate under development. At December 31, 2011, the remaining W Austin Hotel & Residences condominium units under development totaled 8 units. Acreage under development includes real estate for which infrastructure for

b. Excludes real estate held for investment, net of accumulated depreciation, totaling \$15.2 million in 2011 and \$16.0 million in 2010 associated with 7500 Rialto, which was reclassified as discontinued operations (see Note 12).

the entire property is currently under construction and/or is expected to be completed, and necessary permits have been received, or on which commercial properties are under development. Acreage under development at December 31, 2011, totaled 640 acres.

Land held for future development. Undeveloped acreage includes real estate that can be sold "as is" (i.e., no infrastructure or development work has begun on such property). Stratus' undeveloped acreage as of December 31, 2011, included approximately 1,496 acres of land in Austin, Texas, permitted for residential and commercial development.

Real estate held for investment. The W Austin Hotel & Residences project includes a 251-room hotel, which opened in December 2010. The W Austin Hotel & Residences project also includes Austin City Limits Live at the Moody Theater (ACL Live), an entertainment venue and production studio, with a maximum capacity of 3,000 people, approximately 41,000 square feet of office space and approximately 18,000 square feet of retail space. As of December 31, 2011, occupancy was 43 percent for the office space and 79 percent for the retail space. The Barton Creek Village property includes a 22,000-square-foot retail complex, which was 100 percent leased at December 31, 2011, and a 3,300-square-foot bank building, which is leased through January 2023. The 5700 Slaughter property includes two retail buildings totaling 21,000 square feet, which was 91 percent leased at December 31, 2011. The Parkside Village property consists of a 92,473-square-foot retail complex in the Circle C community, and 13,890 square feet opened in December 2011. At March 20, 2012, Stratus had executed leases for 64,647 square feet at Parkside Village and leasing activities are ongoing.

Stratus also owns two acres of undeveloped commercial property in San Antonio, Texas.

#### 5. Fair Value Measurements

Summarized below are the carrying values and estimated fair values of financial assets and liabilities (in thousands).

	December 31, 2011		December 31, 2010	
	Carrying	Fair	Carrying	Fair
	Value	Value	Value	Value
Cash and cash equivalents <sup>a</sup>	\$7,695	\$7,695	\$11,307	\$11,307
Accounts and notes receivable <sup>a</sup>	2,210	2,210	804	804
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities <sup>a</sup>	18,977	18,977	27,041	27,041
Debt <sup>b</sup>	158,451	157,529	180,841	180,636

a. Fair value approximates the carrying amounts because of the short-term nature of these instruments. Fair value of substantially all of Stratus' debt is estimated based on discounted future expected cash flows at b. estimated current interest rates. The fair value of debt does not represent the amounts that will ultimately be paid upon the maturities of the loans.

#### 6. Investment in Unconsolidated Affiliate

In 2005, Stratus formed a joint venture with Trammell Crow Central Texas Development, Inc. (Trammell Crow) to acquire an approximate 74-acre tract at the intersection of Airport Boulevard and Lamar Boulevard in Austin, Texas, for \$7.7 million. The property, known as Crestview Station, is a single-family, multi-family, retail and office development, which is located on the commuter rail line approved by City of Austin voters. With Trammell Crow, Stratus has completed environmental remediation, which the State of Texas certified as complete in September 2007, and permitting of the property. The initial phase of utility and roadway infrastructure is complete.

In connection with funding the development of Crestview Station, the joint venture entered into a loan agreement in 2005 with Comerica (the Crestview Loan Agreement), pursuant to which the joint venture borrowed funds in the principal amount of \$7.6 million. In November 2007, the joint venture amended the Crestview Loan Agreement to increase the amount of availability under the loan to \$10.9 million. Stratus and Trammell Crow, the joint venture's operating partner, each executed guarantees of payment in connection with the Crestview Loan Agreement. Each partner severally guaranteed the joint venture's principal payment obligations under the Crestview Loan Agreement up to a maximum of \$1.9 million each, plus certain interest payments and related costs.

On August 20, 2009, Stratus and Trammell Crow entered into a fifth modification of the Crestview Loan Agreement with an effective date of May 31, 2009. Prior to the execution of the fifth loan modification, the joint venture paid \$1.0 million to Comerica to reduce the outstanding loan balance to \$8.2 million. The modification agreement extended the loan maturity date to May 31, 2012, and lowered each joint venture partner's guarantee from \$1.9 million to \$1.4

million. The principal amount of the loan was \$7.7 million on December 31, 2011. Stratus and Trammell Crow are equally funding monthly interest payments on the outstanding loan balance and scheduled principal payments.

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Crestview Station sold substantially all of its multi-family and commercial properties in 2007 and one commercial site in 2008. Stratus' equity in Crestview Station's losses totaled \$0.3 million in 2011 and 2010. Summarized, unaudited financial information for Crestview Station follows (in thousands):

	2011	2010		
Years Ended December 31:				
Gross loss	<b>\$</b> —	\$—		
Net loss	(674	) (645		)
At December 31:				
Total assets	\$14,393	\$14,5	510	
Total liabilities	7,900	8,343	}	
Total equity	6,493	6,167	1	
7. Debt				
		December 31,		
		2011	2010	
		(In Thousands)		
Beal Bank loan,				
average interest rate 10.0% in 2011 and 2010		\$67,872	\$81,020	
Comerica credit facility,				
average interest rate 6.12% in 2011 and 5.83% in 2010		38,348	24,810	
Unsecured term loans,				
average interest rate 8.75% in 2011 and 8.21% in 2010		36,000	36,000	
Slaughter term loan,				
average interest rate 6.95% in 2011 and 2010		5,243	4,445	
Barton Creek Village term loan,				
average interest rate 6.25% in 2011 and 2010		4,477	4,566	
Parkside Village loan,		4.02.4		
average interest rate 5.0% in 2011		4,034		
Ford loan,		2 477	20.000	
average interest rate 17.5% in 2011 and 2010		2,477	30,000	
Total Debt		\$158,451	\$180,841	

Beal Bank Loan. On October 21, 2009, the joint venture with Canyon-Johnson obtained construction financing from Beal Bank Nevada (Beal Bank). Pursuant to the Beal Bank loan, the joint venture may borrow up to an aggregate of \$120.0 million to fund the construction, development and marketing costs of the W Austin Hotel & Residences project. The Beal Bank loan is secured by the W Austin Hotel & Residences project assets, which had a net book value of \$237.7 million at December 31, 2011.

Effective June 30, 2010, the joint venture with Canyon-Johnson and Beal Bank entered into a modification agreement, which increased the annual interest rate applicable to amounts borrowed under the Beal Bank loan agreement to The Wall Street Journal Prime Rate, as it changes from time to time, plus 6.75 percent. The prior applicable annual interest rate was The Wall Street Journal Prime Rate, as it changes from time to time, plus 6.25 percent. The outstanding principal is due at maturity on October 21, 2014.

Borrowed amounts may not be prepaid, in whole or in part, prior to July 2, 2013. Borrowed amounts may be prepaid in whole or in part after July 2, 2013, and on or prior to July 2, 2014, subject to a prepayment fee equal to one percent of the amount of principal being prepaid. Optional prepayments made after July 2, 2014, are not subject to prepayment premiums or fees. In addition, as and when residential condominium units are sold, all net sales proceeds from the sale

of the residential units and all net operating income (each as defined under the Beal Bank loan agreement) must be offered to Beal Bank as a principal prepayment under the loan agreement. Beal Bank, in its sole discretion, may at any time elect to accept or reject any offered prepayments.

The Beal Bank loan agreement contains customary financial covenants, including a requirement that Stratus maintain a minimum total stockholders' equity balance of \$120.0 million, and other restrictions. Stratus' total stockholders equity balance was \$118.2 million at December 31, 2011 (see Note 13). The full payment and performance obligations under the loan have been guaranteed by each of Stratus and Canyon-Johnson.

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Comerica Credit Facility. Stratus had a \$45.0 million credit facility with Comerica, which sets limitations on liens and transactions with affiliates and requires that certain financial ratios be maintained. This credit facility is secured by certain assets at the Barton Creek and Circle C communities, which had a net book value of \$106.5 million at December 31, 2011. On April 7, 2010, Stratus extended and modified its credit facility, effective as of March 31, 2010, such that the existing \$45.0 million facility was replaced with a \$35.0 million revolving loan and a \$10.0 million term loan. Any amounts repaid under the \$10.0 million term loan are not available for future advance to Stratus. The applicable interest rate for the revolving loan is LIBOR plus 4 percent, with a minimum rate of 6 percent, and the applicable interest rate for the term loan is LIBOR plus 5 percent, with a minimum rate of 7 percent. The outstanding principal from both loans is due at maturity on May 30, 2012.

Interest payments are due monthly on amounts outstanding under the \$35.0 million revolving loan. The \$10.0 million term loan required monthly interest only payments for the first year, and quarterly principal payments of \$0.5 million beginning on June 1, 2011, in addition to the monthly interest payments. In addition, any distributions received by Stratus from its investment in the W Austin Hotel & Residences project shall, after repayment of any amounts due under the Beal Bank and Ford loans, be paid to Comerica and applied against the \$10.0 million term loan to the extent of any outstanding amounts. The availability of the \$10.0 term loan was reduced by \$1.5 million of principal payments during 2011. The modified Comerica credit facility also increased Stratus' minimum net worth covenant from \$80.0 million to \$120.0 million (see Note 13).

On September 30, 2011, Stratus obtained a \$5.0 million term loan with Comerica, which will mature in May 2012, secured by a second lien on the assets securing the credit facility. The applicable interest rate is LIBOR plus 5 percent, with a minimum rate of 7 percent, and payments of accrued interest are due monthly beginning on November 5, 2011.

At December 31, 2011, \$27.6 million was outstanding under the revolving loan, \$8.5 million was outstanding under the term loan and \$2.2 million was outstanding under the new \$5.0 million term loan. A principal payment of \$5.0 million was made on the credit facility in March 2012, with proceeds from the sale of common stock (see Note 13).

Unsecured Term Loans. Stratus has \$36.0 million of borrowings outstanding under seven unsecured term loans with American Strategic Income Portfolio Inc. (ASIP, formerly First American Asset Management or FAAM), including two \$5.0 million loans, an \$8.0 million loan, a \$7.0 million loan, a \$4.0 million loan and two \$3.5 million loans.

On April 7, 2010, Stratus extended and modified the ASIP loans effective as of March 31, 2010. Stratus repaid \$2.0 million in March 2010, and \$2.0 million in June 2010, and the remaining maturities were \$9.0 million in December 2011, \$3.5 million in December 2012, \$15.0 million in December 2013 and \$8.5 million in December 2014. On December 7, 2011, Stratus extended and modified the ASIP loans effective as of November 1, 2011. In connection with the modifications, Stratus repaid \$2.0 million in January 2012 and \$2.0 million in February 2012 and extended the maturity of the remaining \$5.0 million due December 2011 to December 2012. Stratus also accelerated the maturity of the \$15.0 million due December 2013 to June 2013.

The applicable interest rate for all seven ASIP loans is 8.75 percent. In addition, the debt service coverage ratio covenant contained in the loan agreements was modified such that Stratus will remain compliant with the covenant so long as Stratus maintains total stockholders' equity of no less than \$120.0 million (see Note 13). The modified loan agreements prohibit common stock repurchases while any of the loans are outstanding.

Slaughter Term Loan. Stratus has \$5.2 million of borrowings outstanding under a \$5.4 million term loan, which will mature in January 2015. The Slaughter term loan is secured by 5700 Slaughter, which had a net book value of \$5.2 million at December 31, 2011. The applicable interest rate is 6.95 percent, and payments of principal and interest are due monthly. Stratus used the proceeds from this loan for general corporate purposes.

Barton Creek Village Term Loan. In March 2009, Stratus borrowed \$4.7 million under a term loan, which will mature in April 2014. The Barton Creek Village term loan is secured by Barton Creek Village, which had a net book value of \$5.4 million at December 31, 2011. The applicable interest rate is 6.25 percent, and payments of interest and principal are due monthly. Stratus used the proceeds from this loan for general corporate purposes.

Parkside Village Loan. On May 17, 2011, the joint venture entered into a Construction Loan Agreement and Promissory Note with Comerica Bank to finance the development of Parkside Village. Pursuant to the loan agreement, the joint venture may borrow up to an aggregate of \$13.7 million to fund the construction and

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development costs of Parkside Village. At Stratus' option, amounts borrowed will bear interest at a per annum rate equal to the base rate as defined in the loan agreement plus one percent or the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) plus three percent. The loan agreement contains customary financial covenants and other restrictions. The outstanding principal balance of the note, together with all accrued and unpaid interest is due and payable on May 31, 2013. The loan may be prepaid in whole or in part at any time prior to maturity without penalty or premium. The loan may be extended for an additional one-year term upon its maturity. The loan is secured by a lien on the assets of the Parkside Village project, which had a net book value of \$12.8 million at December 31, 2011. The full payment and performance of the loan agreement is guaranteed by Stratus.

Ford Loan. On April 6, 2010, Stratus and Canyon-Johnson entered into a \$30.0 million loan with Hunter's Glen/Ford Investments I LLC (the Ford loan) effective as of March 31, 2010. This loan is secured by a second lien on the W Austin Hotel & Residences project assets, which had a net book value of \$237.7 million at December 31, 2011. Amounts borrowed under the Ford loan bear interest at an annual rate equal to 17.5 percent. Interest will accrue and can either be paid annually or added to the principal. The outstanding principal and accrued unpaid interest are due at maturity on March 31, 2012. The lender will have the option to extend the loan maturity date on the Ford loan for two additional one-year periods upon payment by the joint venture of a \$50,000 extension fee for each of the respective extension options exercised. Optional prepayments made after the first anniversary, April 6, 2011, are not subject to prepayment premiums or fees. In addition, after April 6, 2011, the lender, with permission from Beal Bank, may require prepayment, but solely from the proceeds from the sale of W Austin Hotel & Residences project residential units. Stratus has guaranteed payment of principal and interest under the loan and completion of the project in connection with this loan agreement. The Ford loan agreement contains a covenant requiring that Stratus maintain a minimum total stockholders' equity balance of \$120.0 million (see Note 13).

Additionally, the Ford loan agreement provides for a profits interest in the joint venture. The profits interest provides that Ford will receive 95 percent of the operating cash flow and net proceeds from capital events of the joint venture up to a maximum payment of \$750,000 if paid on April 6, 2011, and increased each full or partial month thereafter by \$62,500 until the Ford loan and profits interest are paid in full.

On December 31, 2011, the Ford loan had an outstanding balance of \$2.5 million. In first-quarter 2012, Stratus fully repaid the Ford loan and generated operating cash flow, as defined in the profits interest agreement, which entitled Ford to a profits interest of \$1.2 million, resulting in a charge to interest expense (before capitalized interest) of approximately \$1.2 million in first-quarter 2012. Stratus has no further obligation under the profits interest agreement.

Maturities. The following table summarizes our debt maturities as of December 31, 2011 (in thousands):

	2012	2013	2014	2015	Total
Beal Bank Loan	<b>\$</b> —	\$—	\$67,872	\$—	\$67,872
Comerica Credit Facility	38,348	a		_	38,348
Unsecured Term Loans	12,500	b 15,000	8,500	_	36,000
Ford Loan	2,477	c		_	2,477
Slaughter Term Loan	81	89	95	4,978	5,243
Barton Creek Village Loan	94	100	4,283	_	4,477
Parkside Village Loan	_	4,034		_	4,034
Total	\$53,500	\$19,223	\$80,750	\$4,978	\$158,451

a. \$37.4 million matures in May 2012.

b. Loan repayments of \$2.0 million each were made in January 2012 and February 2012. Remaining loans totaling \$8.5 million mature in December 2012.

c.Loan was paid in full in first-quarter 2012.

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#### 8. Income Taxes

The components of deferred income taxes follow (in thousands):

	December 31,		
	2011	2010	
Deferred tax assets and liabilities:			
Real estate, commercial leasing assets and facilities	\$3,931	\$3,244	
Alternative minimum tax credits (no expiration)	820	812	
Employee benefit accruals	523	1,166	
Accrued liabilities	63	185	
Other assets	3,433	1,160	
Net operating loss credit carryforwards	4,734	4,502	
Other liabilities	(373	) (388	)
Valuation allowance	(12,978	) (10,510	)
Deferred tax assets, net	\$153	\$171	

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Stratus' deferred tax assets (net of deferred tax liabilities) before any valuation allowances totaled \$13.1 million at December 31, 2011, and \$10.7 million at December 31, 2010. In evaluating the recoverability of these deferred tax assets, Stratus considered available positive and negative evidence, giving greater weight to the recent current losses, the absence of taxable income in the carry back period and uncertainty regarding projected future financial results. As a result, Stratus concluded that there was not sufficient positive evidence supporting the realizability of its deferred tax assets beyond an amount totaling \$0.2 million at December 31, 2011, and 2010, and Stratus recorded charges totaling \$2.5 million in 2011 and \$10.5 million in 2010 to provision for income taxes to provide additional valuation allowances.

Stratus' future results of operations may be negatively impacted by its inability to realize a tax benefit for future tax losses or for items that will generate additional deferred tax assets. Stratus' future results of operations may be favorably impacted by reversals of valuation allowances if Stratus is able to demonstrate sufficient positive evidence that its deferred tax assets will be realized.

Stratus' income tax (provision) benefit consists of the following (in thousands):

	Years Ended December 31,		
	2011	2010	
Current	\$(632	) \$(33	)
Deferred	(19	) (7,973	)
(Provision for) benefit from income taxes	\$(651	) \$(8,006	)

Excess tax benefits related to option exercises and vesting of restricted stock units cannot be recognized until realized through a reduction of current taxes payable. Stratus' deferred tax asset related to the U.S. net operating loss carry forwards at December 31, 2011, did not include an additional \$5.0 million of net operating losses in relation to excess tax benefits on stock option exercises and restricted stock units vested beginning in 2007 because these benefits have not yet been realized. At December 31, 2011, excluding these losses, Stratus had net operating loss carryforwards of approximately \$13.7 million that expire between 2023 and 2031.

Stratus records liabilities offsetting the tax provision benefits of uncertain tax positions to the extent it estimates that a tax position is not more likely than not to be sustained upon examination by the taxing authorities. Stratus had no unrecognized tax benefits relating to uncertain tax positions as of December 31, 2011. Stratus has elected to classify any interest expense and penalties related to income taxes within income tax expense in its consolidated statements of operations.

Stratus files income tax returns in the U.S. federal jurisdiction and state jurisdictions. With few exceptions, Stratus is no longer subject to U.S. federal income tax examinations by tax authorities for the years prior to 2008, and state income tax examinations for the years prior to 2007.

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Reconciliations of the income tax benefit computed at the federal statutory tax rate and the recorded income tax (provision) benefit follow (dollars in thousands):

	Years Ended December 31,					
	2011			2010		
	Amount	Percent		Amount	Percent	
Income tax benefit computed at the						
federal statutory income tax rate	\$1,474	35	%	\$3,273	35	%
Adjustments attributable to:						
Change in valuation allowance	(2,468	) (59	)	(10,452	) (112	)
Noncontrolling interest	1,804	43		(832	) (9	)
Equity in unconsolidated affiliate's loss	118	3		113	1	
State taxes and other, net	(1,579	) (37	)	(108	) (1	)
Income tax (provision) benefit	\$(651	) (15	)%	\$(8,006	) (86	)%

Stratus paid federal and state income taxes totaling \$0.1 million in 2011 and 2010. Stratus received refunds of federal and state income taxes totaling \$1.2 million in 2010. Stratus did not receive refunds of federal or state income taxes in 2011.

#### 9. Stock-Based Compensation, Equity Transactions and Employee Benefits

Stock-Based Compensation Plans. Stratus currently has four stock-based compensation plans. Three of these plans have awards available for grant. In August 2010, Stratus' shareholders approved the 2010 Stock Incentive Plan, which provides for the issuance of stock-based compensation awards, including stock options and restricted stock units, relating to 140,000 shares of Stratus common stock, that are issuable to Stratus employees and non-employee directors. Stratus' 2002 Stock Incentive Plan also provides for the issuance of a variety of stock-based compensation awards, and Stratus' 1996 Stock Option Plan for Non-Employee Directors provides for the issuance of stock options only. Stratus common stock issued upon option exercises or restricted stock unit vestings represent newly issued shares of stock. Awards with respect to 95,500 shares under the 2010 Stock Incentive Plan, 1,059 shares under the 2002 Stock Incentive Plan and 2,500 shares under the 1996 Stock Option Plan for Non-Employee Directors were available for new grants as of December 31, 2011.

Stock-Based Compensation Costs. Compensation costs charged against earnings for stock-based awards are shown below (in thousands). Stock-based compensation costs are capitalized when appropriate. Stratus' estimated forfeiture rate used in estimating stock-based compensation costs for stock options was 2.8 percent and for restricted stock units was zero percent for the years presented below.

	Years Ended December 3	
	2011	2010
Stock options awarded to employees (including directors)	\$57	\$74
Restricted stock units awarded to employees	366	512
Impact on net loss before income taxes	\$423	\$586

Options. Stock options granted under the plans generally expire ten years after the date of grant and vest in 25 percent annual increments beginning one year from the date of grant. The plans and award agreements provide that participants will receive the following year's vesting after retirement and provide for accelerated vesting if there is a change of control (as defined in the plans). A summary of stock options outstanding as of December 31, 2011, and changes during the year ended December 31, 2011, follows:

Number of	Weighted	Weighted	Aggregate
Options	Average	Average	Intrinsic
	Option Price	Remaining	Value

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			Contractual Term (years)	(\$000)
Balance at January 1	93,500	\$17.19	•	
Granted	7,500	9.99		
Exercised	_			
Expired	_			
Balance at December 31	101,000	16.65	4.7	\$12
Vested and exercisable at December 31	82,250	17.99	3.8	\$6
50				

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A summary of stock options outstanding and changes during the year ended December 31, 2010, follows:

	2010	
	Number of Options	Weighted Average Option Price
Balance at January 1	96,437	\$16.98
Granted	7,500	8.90
Exercised	(7,500	) 9.27
Expired	(2,937	) 9.44
Balance at December 31	93,500	17.19

The fair value of each option award is estimated on the date of grant using a Black-Scholes option valuation model. Expected volatility is based on the historical volatility of Stratus' stock. Stratus estimates its expected life of options using historical data to estimate option exercises and forfeitures. When appropriate, employees who have similar historical exercise behavior are grouped for valuation purposes. The risk-free interest rate is based on Federal Reserve rates in effect for bonds with maturity dates equal to the expected term of the option at the date of grant. Stratus has not paid, and has no current plan to pay, cash dividends on its common stock. The following table summarizes the number of stock options granted, the calculated fair value and assumptions used to determine the fair value of Stratus' stock option awards during 2011 and 2010.

	2011	2010	)	
Options granted	7,500	7,50	0	
Grant-date fair value per stock option	\$6.91	\$6.3	34	
Expected and weighted average volatility	76.2	% 78.7	ç	%
Expected life of options (in years)	6.7	6.7		
Risk-free interest rate	1.5	% 2.0	Ç	%

2011

2010

There were no options exercised during 2011. The intrinsic value of options exercised during 2010 was less than \$0.1 million. Vested stock options totaled 7,500 during 2011 and 2010 with weighted-average grant-date fair values of \$10.65 per option in 2011 and \$12.71 per option in 2010. As of December 31, 2011, there were 18,750 stock options unvested with a weighted-average grant-date fair value of \$7.11 per option. As of December 31, 2011, Stratus had less than \$0.1 million of total unrecognized compensation cost related to unvested stock options expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 1.5 years.

The following table includes amounts related to exercises of stock options and vesting of restricted stock units for the years ended December 31, 2011 and 2010 (in thousands, except Stratus shares tendered):

	2011	2010
Stratus shares tendered to pay the exercise		
price and/or the minimum required taxes <sup>a</sup>	8,531	9,828
Cash received from stock option exercises	<del></del>	70
Amounts Stratus paid for employee taxes	88	92

Under terms of the related plans, upon exercise of stock options and vesting of restricted stock units, employees may a. tender Stratus shares to Stratus to pay the exercise price and/or the minimum required taxes.

Restricted Stock Units. Restricted stock units granted under the plans provide for the issuance of common stock to certain officers of Stratus at no cost to the officers. The restricted stock units are converted into shares of Stratus common stock ratably and generally vest in one-quarter increments over the four years following the grant date. The

Edgar Filing: MACQUARIE/FIRST TRUST GLOBAL INFRASTR/UTIL DIV & INC FUND - Form N-Q awards fully vest upon retirement and upon a change of control.

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A summary of outstanding unvested restricted stock units as of December 31, 2011, and activity during the year ended December 31, 2011 is presented below:

	Number of Restricted Stock Units	Aggregate Intrinsic Value (\$000)
Balance at January 1	58,000	
Granted	37,000	
Vested	(32,500	)
Balance at December 31	62.500	\$488

The total grant date fair value of restricted stock units granted during the year ended December 31, 2011, was \$0.4 million. The total intrinsic value of restricted stock units vesting during the year ended December 31, 2011, was \$0.3 million. As of December 31, 2011, Stratus had \$0.4 million of total unrecognized compensation cost related to unvested restricted stock units expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 1.8 years.

Share Purchase Program. In 2001, Stratus' Board of Directors authorized an open market stock purchase program for up to 0.7 million shares of Stratus' common stock. The purchases may occur over time depending on many factors, including the market price of Stratus stock; Stratus' operating results, cash flow and financial position; and general economic and market conditions. In addition, Stratus' \$45.0 million credit facility allows Stratus to purchase up to \$6.5 million of its outstanding common stock after September 30, 2005. At December 31, 2011, \$0.6 million remains available under the Comerica agreement for purchases of our common stock. Since 2004, Stratus has purchased 586,355 shares of its common stock for \$8.8 million (an average of \$15.09 per share) under this program. Purchases include 47,500 shares for \$0.3 million (an average of \$6.46 per share) in 2011, which Stratus purchased in private transactions. As of December 31, 2011, 113,645 shares remain available under this program. Stratus' modified unsecured term loans prohibit common stock purchases while any of the loans are outstanding (see Note 7 for further discussion); however, Stratus obtained approval from the lender for the purchases in 2011.

Employee Benefits. Stratus maintains 401(k) defined contribution plans subject to the provisions of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA). The 401(k) plans provides for an employer matching contribution equal to 100 percent of the participant's contribution, subject to a limit of 5 percent of the participant's annual salary. Stratus' policy is to make an additional safe harbor contribution equal to 3 percent of each participant's total compensation for corporate employees and 4 percent for ACL Live employees. The 401(k) plans also provides for discretionary contributions. Stratus' contributions to the 401(k) plans totaled \$0.4 million in 2011 and \$0.5 million in 2010.

#### 10. Commitments and Contingencies

Construction Contracts. Stratus had commitments under noncancelable construction contracts totaling \$2.4 million at December 31, 2011. These commitments include the following contracts:

\$225.9 million in contracts in connection with architectural, design, engineering, construction and testing for the W Austin Hotel & Residences project with a remaining balance of \$0.6 million at December 31, 2011;

Contracts totaling \$10.4 million for infrastructure work in connection with new residential subdivisions, MUDs and general development at Barton Creek, and Parkside Village at Circle C with a remaining balance of \$1.7 million at December 31, 2011.

Guarantees. At December 31, 2011, Stratus guarantees \$1.4 million of the \$7.7 million of outstanding debt at Crestview Station (see Note 6). Stratus also had guarantees related to the W Austin Hotel & Residences project (see Note 2).

Letters of Credit. As of December 31, 2011, Stratus had outstanding letters of credit totaling \$2.9 million under its revolving credit facility with Comerica.

Rental Income. As of December 31, 2011, Stratus' minimum rental income, which includes scheduled rent increases and excludes amounts related to the two office buildings at 7500 Rialto Boulevard that Stratus sold in February 2012 (see Note 12), under noncancelable long-term leases which extend through 2025, total \$2.1 million

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in 2012, \$2.0 million in 2013, \$2.0 million in 2014, \$1.9 million in 2015, \$1.6 million in 2016 and \$7.4 million thereafter.

Operating Lease. As of December 31, 2011, Stratus' minimum annual contractual payments under its noncancelable long-term operating leases which expire in 2013 and 2015 total \$0.1 million in 2012, and less than \$0.1 million in 2013, 2014 and 2015. Total expense under Stratus' operating leases amounted to \$0.1 million in 2011 and \$0.3 million in 2010.

Circle C Settlement. On August 1, 2002, the City of Austin (the City) granted final approval of a development agreement (the Circle C settlement) and permanent zoning for Stratus' real estate located within the Circle C community in southwest Austin. The Circle C settlement firmly established all essential municipal development regulations applicable to Stratus' Circle C properties for thirty years. Those approvals permitted development of 1.0 million square feet of commercial space, 900 multi-family units and 830 single-family residential lots. In 2004, Stratus amended its Circle C settlement with the City to increase the amount of permitted commercial space from 1.0 million square feet to 1.16 million square feet in exchange for a decrease in allowable multi-family units from 900 units to 504 units. The City also provided Stratus \$15 million of development fee credits, which are in the form of Credit Bank capacity, in connection with its future development of its Circle C and other Austin-area properties for waivers of fees and reimbursement for certain infrastructure costs. In addition, Stratus can elect to sell up to \$1.5 million of the incentives per year to other developers for their use in paying City fees related to their projects as long as the projects are within the desired development zone, as defined within the Circle C settlement. To the extent Stratus sells the incentives to other developers, Stratus recognizes the income from the sale when title is transferred and compensation is received. As of December 31, 2011, Stratus has permanently used \$10.1 million of its City-based development fee credits, including cumulative amounts sold to third parties totaling \$4.7 million. Fee credits used for the development of Stratus' properties effectively reduce the basis of the related properties and defer recognition of any gain associated with the use of the fees until the affected properties are sold. Stratus also has \$1.7 million in Credit Bank capacity in use as temporary fiscal deposits as of December 31, 2011. Available Credit Bank capacity was \$3.2 million at December 31, 2011.

Environmental Regulations. Stratus has made, and will continue to make, expenditures for protection of the environment. Increasing emphasis on environmental matters can be expected to result in additional costs, which will be charged against Stratus' operations in future periods. Present and future environmental laws and regulations applicable to Stratus' operations may require substantial capital expenditures that could adversely affect the development of its real estate interests or may affect its operations in other ways that cannot be accurately predicted at this time.

Litigation. Stratus may from time to time be involved in various legal proceedings of a character normally incident to the ordinary course of its business. Stratus believes that potential liability from any of these pending or threatened proceedings will not have a material adverse effect on Stratus' financial condition or results of operations.

#### 11. Business Segments

Stratus currently has four operating segments, Real Estate Operations, Hotel, Entertainment Venue and Commercial Leasing. The Real Estate Operations segment is comprised of all Stratus' residential real estate (developed, under development and undeveloped) which consists of its properties in the Barton Creek community, the Circle C community and Lantana, and the condominium units at the W Austin Hotel & Residences project.

The Hotel segment includes the W Austin Hotel, which began operations in December 2010.

The Entertainment Venue segment includes ACL Live, a live music and entertainment venue and production studio at the W Austin Hotel & Residences project, which began operations in February 2011. In addition to hosting concerts and private events, this venue is the new home of Austin City Limits, a television program showcasing popular music legends.

The Commercial Leasing segment includes the office and retail space at the W Austin Hotel & Residences project, a retail building and a bank building in Barton Creek Village and two retail buildings, a bank building and Parkside Village in the Circle C community. In February 2012, Stratus sold the two office buildings at 7500 Rialto Boulevard (7500 Rialto). Accordingly, the operating results for 7500 Rialto are reported as discontinued operations in the table below (see Note 12).

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Stratus uses operating income or loss to measure the performance of each segment. Stratus allocates general and administrative expenses that do not directly relate to an operating segment between the Real Estate Operations and Commercial Leasing segments based on projected annual revenues for each segment, excluding the results of the W Austin Hotel & Residences project. Stratus also allocates the W Austin Hotel & Residences project's capital expenditures and assets among the segments based on projected cost of construction for each segment. Accordingly, the following segment information reflects management's determinations that may not be indicative of what actual financial performance of each segment would be if it were an independent entity.

Segment data presented below were prepared on the same basis as Stratus' consolidated financial statements.

·	Real Estate Operations <sup>a</sup>	Hotel	Entertainment Venue	Commercial Leasing	Other	Total
Year Ended December 31, 2011:	•					
Revenues	\$97,651	\$28,100	\$9,010	\$2,275	<b>\$</b> —	\$137,036
Cost of sales, excluding depreciation	86,095	b 24,546	8,982	1,506		121,129
Depreciation	224	5,495	1,036	818		7,573
General and administrative expenses	3,759	46	15	2,833	_	6,653
Operating income (loss)	\$7,573	\$(1,987	) \$(1,023 )	\$(2,882)	<b>\$</b> —	\$1,681
Income from discontinued operations	<b>\$</b> —	\$—	<b>\$</b> —	\$191	\$—	\$191
Capital expenditures	\$58,590	\$6,370	\$4,985	\$6,303	<b>\$</b> —	\$76,248
Total assets at December 31, 201	1 \$206,950	\$121,170	\$41,245	\$52,087	\$153	\$421,605
Year Ended December 31, 2010:						
Revenues	\$3,286	\$792	<b>\$</b> —	\$1,578	<b>\$</b> —	\$5,656
Cost of sales, excluding depreciation	3,104	3,733	699	1,023	_	8,559
Depreciation	199	294	_	480		973
General and administrative expenses	3,705	_		2,821	_	6,526
Operating loss	\$(3,722	\$(3,235)	\$(699)	\$(2,746)	\$	\$(10,402)
Income from discontinued operations	\$—	\$	<b>\$</b> —	\$660	<b>\$</b> —	\$660
Capital expenditures	\$56,027	\$53,233	\$16,507	\$6,153	\$	\$131,920
Total assets at December 31, 2010	0 \$245,650	\$116,553	\$43,049	\$49,764	\$170	\$455,186

a. Includes sales commissions, management fees and other revenues together with related expenses.

#### 12. Discontinued Operations

On February 27, 2012, Stratus sold 7500 Rialto to Lincoln Properties and Greenfield Partners (Lincoln Properties) for \$27.0 million. Lincoln Properties paid Stratus \$6.7 million in cash and assumed Stratus' outstanding nonrecourse debt (the Lantana Promissory Note) of \$20.3 million secured by the property. Stratus is providing a limited guaranty of debt service and other obligations on the Lantana Promissory Note up to \$5.0 million through May 1, 2016, which will be reduced by \$2.5 million on May 1, 2016, until January 1, 2018 (the maturity date for the Lantana Promissory Note). Stratus expects its gain on the sale will total approximately \$10 million, with \$5 million recorded in

b. Includes \$0.9 million associated with railing repair costs at the W Austin Residences.

Includes assets from discontinued operations of 7500 Rialto, which Stratus sold on February 27, 2012, totaling  $^{\rm c}$ . \$16.9 million in 2011 and \$18.3 million in 2010.

d. Includes deferred tax assets, net of valuation allowances (see Note 8).

first-quarter 2012 and the balance to be recorded as its obligations under the limited guarantee are relieved.

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The operating results and assets and liabilities for 7500 Rialto are presented in the financial statements as discontinued operations. The operations of 7500 Rialto previously represented a component of the Commercial Leasing segment and have been reclassified to discontinued operations (see Note 11). The following table presents the results of operations for 7500 Rialto (in thousands):

	Years Ended December 3		
	2011	2010	
Revenues	\$3,400	\$3,467	
Rental property costs	1,850	1,862	
Depreciation	853	913	
Interest expense <sup>a</sup>	1,260	1,279	
Provision for income taxes	33	32	
7500 Rialto net loss	(596	) (619	)
Interest capitalized by Stratus to other properties <sup>b</sup>	787	1,279	
Income from discontinued operations	\$191	\$660	

a. Relates to interest on the Lantana Promissory Note and does not include any additional allocations of interest.

The assets and liabilities for 7500 Rialto are shown below (in thousands):

	December 31,			
	2011	2010		
Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$390	\$423		
Real estate held for investment	15,193	16,040		
Other assets	1,346	1,861		
Total assets	16,929	18,324		
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	64	70		
Accrued liabilities	947	867		
Deposits	205	213		
Debt	20,367	20,682		
Total liabilities	21,583	21,832		
Net liabilities	\$(4,654	) \$(3,508	)	

#### 13. Subsequent Events

As further explained in Note 7, during first-quarter 2012 Stratus paid the \$1.2 million due under the Ford profits interest from first-quarter 2012 operating cash flows generated by the W Hotel & Residences project. Stratus will record a charge of \$1.2 million to interest expense (before capitalized interest) in first-quarter 2012 for the profits interest payment.

Extended adverse market conditions for real estate in Austin, Texas, have constrained Stratus' ability to carry out its business plan. As of December 31, 2011, Stratus had \$2.7 million in cash and cash equivalents available for use in its real estate operations, excluding \$5.0 million of cash primarily associated with the W Austin Hotel & Residences project, total debt of \$158.5 million (\$53.5 million of which matures in 2012), and \$7.2 million of availability under its credit facility with Comerica. At December 31, 2011, Stratus had stockholders' equity of \$118.2 million, which was less than the amount required under a covenant in Stratus' loan agreements requiring a minimum stockholders' equity balance of \$120.0 million. Stratus has taken the following actions subsequent to December 31, 2011, to enhance its

b. Stratus capitalized interest cost on the Lantana Promissory Note to other development projects.

financial liquidity and comply with the minimum stockholders' equity requirement in its loan agreements.

On February 27, 2012, Stratus sold 7500 Rialto for \$27.0 million, with the purchaser paying Stratus \$6.7 million in eash and assuming related outstanding debt secured by the property totaling \$20.3 million; the portion of the gain on the sale expected to be recognized in first-quarter 2012, approximates \$5 million (see Note 12).

On March 15, 2012, in a private transaction, Stratus sold 625,000 shares of its common stock to Moffett for

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an aggregate purchase price of \$5.0 million, or \$8.00 per share. Following the sale, Stratus had 8,093,167 shares of common stock outstanding, with Moffett owning approximately 7.7% of Stratus' outstanding common stock. Stratus used the \$5.0 million in proceeds from the sale to pay down the outstanding principal balance under the Comerica credit facility from \$38.3 million at December 31, 2011, to \$37.4 million at March 20, 2012.

Stratus expects the sale of 7500 Rialto, together with the sale of shares of Stratus common stock to Moffett, to result in an increase in Stratus' stockholders' equity balance above \$120.0 million, effectively curing any default under the Beal Bank loan agreement.

Unaudited Pro Forma Balance Sheet. The following unaudited pro forma consolidated balance sheet presents Stratus' financial position as if each of the above transactions had been completed on December 31, 2011. The unaudited pro forma consolidated balance sheet has been prepared for informational purposes only and does not necessarily indicate the financial position or results of operations that would have occurred had these transactions taken place on December 31, 2011, or which may result in the future.

# Unaudited Pro Forma Consolidated Balance Sheet At December 31, 2011

·	Historical	Rialto Sale	Pro Forma Subtotal	Equity Sale	Pro Forma Total
ASSETS	THIS COLL COLL	Suic	Suctotal	Suic	10141
Cash and cash equivalents	\$7,695	\$5,364	\$13,059	\$5,000	\$18,059
Real estate held for sale	74,003	_	74,003	_	74,003
Real estate under development	54,956		54,956	_	54,956
Land held for future development	60,936		60,936	_	60,936
Real estate held for investment	185,221		185,221	_	185,221
Investment in unconsolidated affiliate	3,246		3,246	_	3,246
Other assets	18,619	_	18,619		18,619
Discontinued operations	16,929	(16,929)	· —	_	
Total assets	\$421,605	\$(11,565)	\$410,040	\$5,000	\$415,040
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Deposits Debt Other liabilities Discontinued operations Total liabilities  Commitments and contingencies	\$8,760 10,217 1,848 158,451 3,064 21,583 203,923	\$— — 5,000 (21,583 ) (16,583 )	\$8,760 10,217 1,848 158,451 8,064 — 187,340	\$— — — — —	\$8,760 10,217 1,848 158,451 8,064 — 187,340
Equity: Stratus stockholders' equity: Preferred stock Common stock Capital in excess of par value of common stock Accumulated deficit		   5,018		— 6 4,994	 90 203,169 (56,705 )
Accumulated deficit	(01,723	3,010	(30,703 )	· <del></del>	(50,705)

(18,347	) —	(18,347	) —	(18,347)
118,189	5,018	123,207	5,000	128,207
99,493		99,493		99,493
217,682	5,018	222,700	5,000	227,700
\$421,605	\$(11,565)	\$410,040	\$5,000	\$415,040
	118,189 99,493 217,682	118,189 5,018 99,493 — 217,682 5,018	118,189       5,018       123,207         99,493       —       99,493         217,682       5,018       222,700	118,189       5,018       123,207       5,000         99,493       —       99,493       —         217,682       5,018       222,700       5,000

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Unaudited Pro Forma Statement of Operations. A pro forma consolidated statement of operations has not been presented because any adjustments directly related to these transactions are not expected to have a continuing effect on Stratus' statement of operations, with the exception of the equity sale, which would have changed diluted net loss per share attributable to Stratus common stock for the year ended December 31, 2011, from \$1.39 per share to \$1.28 per share.

Stratus evaluated events after December 31, 2011, and through the date the financial statements were issued, and determined any events or transactions occurring during this period that would require recognition or disclosure are appropriately addressed in these financial statements.

Item 9. Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure Not applicable.

#### Item 9A. Controls and Procedures

- Evaluation of disclosure controls and procedures. Our chief executive officer and chief financial officer, with the participation of management, have evaluated the effectiveness of our "disclosure controls and procedures" (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) or 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) as of the end of the period covered by this annual report on Form 10-K. Based on their evaluation, they have concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures are effective as of the end of the period covered by this report.
- (b) Changes in internal controls. There has been no change in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the quarter ended December 31, 2011, that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect our internal control over financial reporting.
- (c) Management's annual report on internal control over financial reporting is included in Item 8. "Financial Statements and Supplementary Data."

Item 9B. Other Information Not applicable.

#### **PART III**

#### Item 10. Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance

Information required by this item will be contained in our definitive proxy statement to be filed with the SEC pursuant to Regulation 14A relating to our 2012 annual meeting of stockholders and is incorporated herein by reference. The information required by Item 10. regarding our executive officers appears in a separately captioned heading after Item 4. in Part I of this report on Form 10-K.

#### Item 11. Executive Compensation

Information required by this item will be contained in our definitive proxy statement to be filed with the SEC pursuant to Regulation 14A relating to our 2012 annual meeting of stockholders and is incorporated herein by reference.

Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters

Information required by this item will be contained in our definitive proxy statement to be filed with the SEC pursuant to Regulation 14A relating to our 2012 annual meeting of stockholders and is incorporated herein by reference.

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Equity Compensation Plan Information as of December 31, 2011

We have equity compensation plans pursuant to which our common stock may be issued to employees and non-employees as compensation. All of our outstanding equity compensation plans were previously approved by our stockholders, and only three of these plans had shares available for grant as of December 31, 2011: the 2010 Stock Incentive Plan, the 2002 Stock Incentive Plan and the 1996 Stock Option Plan for Non-Employee Directors. The following table presents information regarding these equity compensation plans as of December 31, 2011:

	Number of Securities To be Issued Upon Exercise of Outstanding Options, Warrants and Rights (a)	Weighted-Average Exercise Price of Outstanding Options, Warrants and Rights (b)	Number of Securities Remaining Available for Future Issuance Under Equity Compensation Plans (Excluding Securities Reflected in Column (a)) (c)
Equity compensation plans approved by security holder Equity compensation plans	s 163,500	\$16.65	99,059
not approved by security holder Total	s N/A 163,500	N/A —	N/A 99,059

The number of securities to be issued upon the exercise of outstanding options, warrants and rights includes shares (1) issuable upon the vesting of 62,500 restricted stock units. These awards are not reflected in column (b) as they do not have an exercise price.

As of December 31, 2011, there were 95,500 shares remaining available for future issuance to Stratus employees and non-employee directors under the 2010 Stock Incentive Plan, all of which could be issued pursuant to awards of stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock, restricted stock units or "other stock-based awards." In addition, there were 1,059 shares remaining available for future issuance under the 2002 Stock Incentive Plan, all of which could be issued pursuant to awards of stock options or stock appreciation rights, and only 263 of which could be issued pursuant to awards of restricted stock, restricted stock units or "other stock-based awards." Finally, there were 2,500 shares remaining available for future issuance of stock options to our non-employee directors under the 1996 Stock Option Plan for Non-Employee Directors.

#### Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence

Information required by this item will be contained in our definitive proxy statement to be filed with the SEC pursuant to Regulation 14A relating to our 2012 annual meeting of stockholders and is incorporated herein by reference.

#### Item 14. Principal Accounting Fees and Services

Information required by this item will be contained in our definitive proxy statement to be filed with the SEC pursuant to Regulation 14A relating to our 2012 annual meeting of stockholders and is incorporated herein by reference.

#### **PART IV**

Item 15. Exhibits, Financial Statement Schedules (a)(1). Financial Statements.

Consolidated Balance Sheets, page 33.

Consolidated Statements of Operations, page 34.

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, page 35.

Consolidated Statements of Equity, page 36.

(a)(2). Financial Statement Schedule.

Schedule III-Real Estate, Commercial Leasing Assets and Facilities and Accumulated Depreciation, page F-2.

(a)(3). Exhibits.

Reference is made to the Exhibit Index beginning on page E-1 hereof.

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#### **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

#### STRATUS PROPERTIES INC.

By: /s/ William H. Armstrong III William H. Armstrong III Chairman of the Board, President and Chief Executive Officer

Date: March 30, 2012

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the

following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

/s/ William H. Armstrong III

Chairman of the Board, President and Chief Executive Officer

William H. Armstrong III

(Principal Executive Officer)

\* Senior Vice President
Erin D. Pickens and Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial Officer)

\* Vice President and Controller C. Donald Whitmire, Jr. (Principal Accounting Officer)

\* Director

James C. Leslie

\* Director

Michael D. Madden

\* Director

Bruce G. Garrison

\* Director

Charles W. Porter

\*By: /s/ William H. Armstrong III

William H. Armstrong III

Attorney-in-Fact

Date: March 30, 2012

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# STRATUS PROPERTIES INC. INDEX TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The schedule listed below should be read in conjunction with the financial statements of Stratus contained elsewhere in this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Page

Schedule III-Real Estate, Commercial Leasing Assets and Facilities and Accumulated Depreciation

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Schedules other than the one listed above have been omitted since they are either not required, not applicable or the required information is included in the financial statements or notes thereto.

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#### STRATUS PROPERTIES INC.

# REAL ESTATE, COMMERCIAL LEASING ASSETS AND FACILITIES AND ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION

December 31, 2011

(In Thousands, except Number of Lots and Acres)

#### SCHEDULE III

	Initial C	ost	Cost Capitalized	Gross And December			Number Lots/Us and Ac	nits		
		Bldg. and	Subsequen to	t	Bldg. and		Lots/ Units	cres	Accumu	la <b>Yex</b> hr
	Land	Improvem	en <b>Ac</b> quisition	nsLand	Improvem	en <b>īto</b> tal	Units		Deprecia	ati <b>&amp;o</b> quired
Real Estate Held for Sale <sup>a</sup> Barton Creek,										
Austin, TX W Austin Hotel &	\$803	\$ <i>—</i>	\$ 18,418	\$19,221	\$ <i>—</i>	\$19,221	114 —	-	\$—	1988
Residences, Austin, TX	2,791		51,991	54,782		54,782	81			2006
Real Estate Under Development <sup>b,c</sup>	•									
Barton Creek, Austin, TX	10,539	_	15,832	26,371	_	26,371	<b>—</b> 61	17	_	1988
Circle C, Austin, TX	2,453	_	7,700	10,153	_	10,153	— 23	3	_	1992
W Austin Hotel & Residences, Austin, TX <sup>d</sup>	930	_	17,502	18,432	_	18,432	_ 2		_	2006
Land Held for Future Development <sup>c,e</sup>										
Camino Real, San Antonio, TX	16	_	(16 )		_	_	_ 2		_	1990
Barton Creek, Austin, TX	7,321	_	25,397	32,718	_	32,718	— 80	)4	_	1988
Circle C, Austin, TX	5,719	_	7,239	12,958	_	12,958	— 46	57	_	1992
Lantana, Austin, TX	463	_	14,797	15,260	_	15,260	— 22	23	_	1994
Real Estate Held for Investment <sup>b,c</sup> W Austin Hotel &										
Residences, Austin, TX <sup>f</sup>	8,074	169,883	_	8,074	169,883	177,957		_	7,169	2006
Barton Creek Village, Austin, TX <sup>g</sup>	55	6,360	61	55	6,360	6,476		_	1,037	2007

5700 Slaughter, Austin, TX <sup>h</sup>	969	4,897	_	969	4,897	5,866	 692	2008
Parkside Village, Austin, TX <sup>i</sup>	194	2,492		194	2,492	2,686	4	1992
Corporate offices, Austin,TX		1,730	_	_	1,730	1,730	 592	N/A

Total<sup>j</sup> \$40,327 \$185,362 \$158,921 \$199,187 \$185,362 \$384,610 195 2,138 \$9,494

- b. Includes real estate that is currently being developed or has received the necessary permits to be developed.
- c. See Note 7 included in Item 8. of this Form 10-K for description of assets securing debt.
- d. Completion.
- e. Undeveloped real estate that can be sold "as is" or will be developed in the future as additional permitting is obtained.
- f. Consists of a 251-room hotel, entertainment venue, and office and retail space at the W Austin Hotel & Residences project.
- Consists of a 22,000-square-foot retail complex representing phase one of Barton Creek Village and a  $^{\rm g}$ . 3,085-square-foot bank building.
- h. Consists of a 92,473-square-foot retail complex in the Circle C community.
- Consists of two retail buildings totaling 21,000 square feet and a 4,000-square-foot bank building at the 5700 Slaughter retail complex in Circle C.
- j. Excludes 7500 Rialto, which is presented as discontinued operations at December 31, 2011.

a. Includes individual tracts of land that have been developed and permitted for residential use, condominium units at our W Austin Hotel & Residences project or developed lots with homes already built on them.

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#### STRATUS PROPERTIES INC.

Notes to Schedule III

#### (1) Reconciliation of Real Estate, Commercial Leasing Assets and Facilities:

The changes in real estate, commercial leasing assets and facilities for the years ended December 31, 2011 and 2010 are as follows (in thousands):

	2011		2010	
Balance, beginning of year	\$403,197		\$267,602	
Improvements and other	52,036		137,666	
Cost of real estate sold	(70,623	)	(2,071	)
Balance, end of year	\$384,610		\$403,197	

The aggregate net book value for federal income tax purposes as of December 31, 2011 was \$394.2 million.

#### (2) Reconciliation of Accumulated Depreciation:

The changes in accumulated depreciation for the years ended December 31, 2011 and 2010 are as follows (in thousands):

	2011	2010
Balance, beginning of year	\$1,997	\$1,223
Retirement of assets	(76)	(199)
Depreciation expense	7,573	973
Balance, end of year	\$9,494	\$1,997

Depreciation of buildings and improvements is calculated over estimated lives of 30 to 40 years.

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# STRATUS PROPERTIES INC. EXHIBIT INDEX

		Filed with	Incorpora	ated by Referen	ce
Exhibit Number	Exhibit Title	Filed with this Form 10-K	Form	File No.	Date Filed
3.1	Composite Certificate of Incorporation of Stratus.		8-A	000-19989	8/26/2010
3.2	By-laws of Stratus, as amended as of November 6, 2007.		10-Q	000-19989	8/11/2008
4.1	Rights Agreement dated as of May 16, 2002, between Stratus and Mellon Investor Services LLC, as Rights Agent, which includes the Form of Certificate of Designations of Series C Participating Cumulative Preferred Stock, the Form of Right Certificate, and the Summary of Rights.		8-A	000-19989	5/23/2002
4.2	Amendment No. 1 to Rights Agreement between Stratus Properties Inc. and Mellon Investor Services LLC, as Rights Agent, dated as of November 7, 2003.		8-K	000-19989	11/14/2003
4.3	Investor Rights Agreement by and between Stratus Properties Inc. and Moffett Holdings, LLC. dated as of March 15, 2012.		8-K	000-19989	3/20/2012
10.1	Loan Agreement by and between CJUF II Stratus Block 21 LLC and Hunter's Glen/Ford Investments I LLC effective as of March 31, 2010.		10-Q	000-19989	5/17/2010
10.2	Promissory Note by and between CJUF II Stratus Block 21 LLC and Hunter's Glen/Ford Investments I LLC effective as of March 31, 2010.		10-Q	000-19989	5/17/2010
10.3	Profits Interest Agreement by and between CJUF II Stratus Block 21 LLC and Hunter's Glen/Ford Investments I LLC effective as of March 31, 2010.		10-Q	000-19989	5/17/2010
10.4	Fourth Modification and Extension Agreement by and between Stratus Properties Inc., Stratus Properties Operating Co., L.P., Circle C Land, L.P., Austin 290 Properties, Inc., Calera Court, L.P., Oly Stratus Barton Creek I Joint Venture		10-K	000-19989	5/17/2010

and Comerica Bank effective as of March 31, 2010.

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10.5	Loan Agreement by and between Stratus Properties Inc., Stratus Properties Operating Co., L.P., Circle C Land, L.P., Austin 290 Properties, Inc., Calera Court, L.P., and Comerica Bank dated as of September 30, 2005.	8-K	000-19989	10/5/2005
10.6	Revolving Promissory Note by and between Stratus Properties Inc., Stratus Properties Operating Co., L.P., Circle C Land, L.P., Austin 290 Properties, Inc., Calera Court, L.P., and Comerica Bank dated as of September 30, 2005.	8-K	000-19989	10/5/2005
10.7	Note Modification Agreement by and among CJUF II Stratus Properties Inc., Stratus, Canyon-Johnson Urban Fund II LP and Beal Bank Nevada effective as of June 30, 2010.	10-Q	000-19989	8/16/2010
10.8	Amended and Restated Construction Loan Agreement dated October 21, 2009, by and between CJUF II Stratus Block 21 LLC and Beal Bank Nevada.	10-Q	000-19989	11/6/2009
10.9	Amended and Restated Promissory Note dated October 21, 2009, by and between CJUF II Stratus Block 21 LLC and Beal Bank Nevada.	10-Q	000-19989	11/6/2009

		F1 1 14	Incorporated by Reference		
Exhibit Number	Exhibit Title	Filed with this Form 10-K	Form	File No.	Date Filed
10.10	Loan Modification Agreement between Stratus Properties Inc. and American Strategic Income Portfolio IncII effective as of March 31, 2010 (modifying 2006 \$5.0 million loan).		10-Q	000-19989	5/17/2010
10.11	Amended and Restated Loan Agreement between Stratus Properties Inc. and American Strategic Income Portfolio IncII dated as of December 12, 2006 (\$5.0 million loan).		10-K	000-19989	3/16/2007
10.12	Loan Modification Agreement by and between Stratus Properties Inc. and American Strategic Income Portfolio Inc. II, effective as of November 1, 2011 (modifying 2006 \$5.0 million loan).		8-K	000-19989	3/20/2012
10.13	Loan Modification Agreement between Stratus Properties Inc. and American Select Portfolio Inc. effective as of March 31, 2010 (modifying 2006 \$5.0 million loan).		10-Q	000-19989	5/17/2010
10.14	Amended and Restated Loan Agreement between Stratus Properties Inc. and American Select Portfolio Inc. dated as of December 12, 2006 (\$5.0 million loan).		10-K	000-19989	3/16/2007
10.15	Construction Loan Agreement dated June 11, 2001, between 7500 Rialto Boulevard, L.P. (now Lantana Office Properties I, L.P. and Comerica Bank-Texas.		10-K	000-19989	3/22/2002
10.16	Modification Agreement dated January 31, 2003, by and between Lantana Office Properties I, L.P., (formerly 7500 Rialto Boulevard, L.P.), and Comerica Bank-Texas.		10-Q	000-19989	5/15/2003
10.17	Second Modification Agreement dated as of December 29, 2003, effective as of January 31, 2004, by and between Lantana Office Properties I, L.P., a Texas limited partnership (formerly 7500 Rialto Boulevard, L.P.), as borrower, and Comerica Bank, as lender.		10-K	000-19989	3/30/2004
10.18			10-K	000-19989	3/22/2002

Guaranty Agreement dated June 11, 2001, by Stratus Properties Inc. in favor of Comerica Bank-Texas.

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10.19	Promissory Note dated as of December 14, 2007, between Lantana Office Properties I, L.P., as borrower, and The Lincoln National Life Insurance Company, as lender.	8-K	000-19989	12/14/2007
10.20	Development Agreement dated August 15, 2002, between Circle C Land Corp. and City of Austin.	10-Q	000-19989	11/14/2002
10.21	Agreement of Sale and Purchase dated November 23, 2005, by and between Stratus Properties Operating Co., L.P., as Seller, and Advanced Micro Devices, Inc., as Purchaser.	10-Q	000-19989	5/10/2006
10.22	First Amendment to Agreement of Sale and Purchase dated April 26, 2006, by and between Stratus Properties Operating Co., L.P., as Seller, and Advanced Micro Devices, Inc., as Purchaser.	10-Q	000-19989	5/10/2006
10.23	Loan Modification Agreement between Stratus Properties Inc. and American Strategic Income Portfolio IncII effective as of March 31, 2010 (modifying 2006 \$8.0 million loan).	10-Q	000-19989	5/17/2010
10.24	Loan Modification Agreement by and between Stratus Properties Inc. and American Strategic Income Portfolio Inc. II, effective as of November 1, 2011 (modifying 2006 \$5.0 million loan).	8-K	000-19989	3/20/2012

		T21 1 1.1	Incorporated by Reference		
Exhibit Number	Exhibit Title	Filed with this Form 10-K	Form	File No.	Date Filed
10.25	Loan Agreement between Stratus Properties Inc. and Holliday Fenoglio Fowler, L.P. dated as of December 12, 2006, subsequently assigned to American Strategic Income Portfolio IncII (\$8.0 million loan).		10-K	000-19989	3/16/2007
10.26	Loan Modification Agreement between Stratus Properties Inc. and American Strategic Income Portfolio IncIII effective as of March 31, 2010 (modifying 2006 \$7.0 million loan).		10-Q	000-19989	5/17/2010
10.27	Loan Modification Agreement by and between Stratus Properties Inc. and American Strategic Income Portfolio Inc. III, effective as of November 1, 2011 (modifying 2006 \$7.0 million loan).		8-K	000-19989	3/20/2012
10.28	Loan Agreement between Stratus Properties Inc. and Holliday Fenoglio Fowler, L.P. dated as of December 12, 2006, subsequently assigned to American Strategic Income Portfolio IncIII (\$7.0 million loan).		10-K	000-19989	3/16/2007
10.29	Loan Modification Agreement by and between Stratus Properties Inc. and American Select Portfolio Inc. effective as of March 31, 2010 (modifying 2007 \$3.5 million loan).		10-Q	000-19989	5/17/2010
10.30	Loan Agreement between Stratus Properties Inc. and Holliday Fenoglio Fowler, L.P. dated as of June 1, 2007, subsequently assigned to American Select Portfolio Inc. (\$3.5 million loan).		10-Q	000-19989	8/9/2007
10.31	Loan Modification Agreement by and between Stratus Properties Inc. and American Strategic Income Portfolio Inc. effective as of March 31, 2010 (modifying 2007 \$3.5 million loan).		10-Q	000-19989	5/17/2010
10.32	Loan Agreement between Stratus Properties Inc. and Holliday Fenoglio Fowler, L.P. dated as of June 1, 2007, subsequently assigned to American Strategic Income Portfolio Inc. (\$3.5 million loan).		10-Q	000-19989	8/9/2007

10.33	Loan Modification Agreement by and between Stratus Properties Inc. and American Strategic Income Portfolio IncIII effective as of March 31, 2010 (modifying 2007 \$8.0 million loan).	10-Q	000-19989	5/17/2010
10.34	Loan Agreement between Stratus Properties Inc. and Holliday Fenoglio Fowler, L.P. dated as of June 1, 2007, subsequently assigned to American Strategic Income Portfolio IncIII (\$8.0 million loan).	10-Q	000-19989	8/9/2007
10.35	Loan Modification Agreement by and between Stratus Properties Inc. and American Strategic Income Portfolio Inc. III, effective as of November 1, 2011 (modifying 2007 \$8.0 million loan).	8-K	000-19989	3/20/2012
10.36	Construction Loan Agreement by and between Tract 107, LLC and Comerica Bank dated as of May 17, 2011.	10-Q	000-19989	8/15/2010
10.37	Promissory Note by and between Tract 107, LLC and Comerica Bank dated as of May 17, 2011.	10-Q	000-19989	8/15/2010
10.38	Stock Purchase Agreement by and between Stratus Properties Inc. and Moffett Holdings, LLC dated as of March 15, 2012.	8-K	000-19989	3/20/2012
10.39*	Stratus 2010 Stock Incentive Plan	8-K	000-19989	8/12/2010
10.40*	Form of Notice of Grant of Nonqualified Stock Options under the 2002 and 2010 Stock Incentive Plans (adopted January 2011).	10-K	000-19989	3/31/2011

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		T' 1 '4	Incorporated by Reference		
Exhibit Number	Exhibit Title	Filed with this Form 10-K	Form	File No.	Date Filed
10.41*	Form of Notice of Grant of Restricted Stock Units under the 2002 and 2010 Stock Incentive Plans (adopted January 2011).		10-K	000-19989	3/31/2011
10.42*	Stratus' Performance Incentive Awards Program, as amended, effective December 30, 2008.		10-Q	000-19989	5/5/2009
10.43*	Stratus Properties Inc. 1996 Stock Option Plan for Non-Employee Directors, as amended and restated.		10-Q	000-19989	5/10/2007
10.44*	Stratus Properties Inc. 2002 Stock Incentive Plan, as amended and restated.		10-Q	000-19989	5/10/2007
10.45*	Form of Notice of Grant of Nonqualified Stock Options under the 2002 Stock Incentive Plan.		10-Q	000-19989	8/12/2005
10.46*	Form of Restricted Stock Unit Agreement under the 2002 Stock Incentive Plan.		10-Q	000-19989	5/10/2007
10.47*	Stratus Director Compensation.	X			
10.48*	Change of Control Agreement between Stratus Properties Inc. and William H. Armstrong III, effective as of March 9, 2010.		8-K	000-19989	3/12/2010
10.49*	Change of Control Agreement between Stratus Properties Inc. and Erin D. Pickens, effective as of March 9, 2010.		8-K	000-19989	3/12/2010
14.1	Ethics and Business Conduct Policy.		10-K	000-19989	3/30/2004
21.1	List of subsidiaries.	X			
<u>23.1</u>	Consent of BKM Sowan Horan, LLP.	X			
<u>24.1</u>	Certified resolution of the Board of Directors of Stratus authorizing this report to be signed on behalf of any officer or director pursuant to a Power of Attorney.	X			
24.2	Power of attorney pursuant to which a report has been signed on behalf of certain officers and directors of Stratus.	X			

31.1	Certification of Principal Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a).	X
31.2	Certification of Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a).	X
32.1	Certification of Principal Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350.	X
32.2	Certification of Principal Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350.	X
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document	X
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema	X
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase	X
101.DEF	XBRL Extension Definition Linkbase	X
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase	X
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase	X

Note: Certain instruments with respect to long-term debt of Stratus have not been filed as exhibits to this Annual Report on Form 10-K since the total amount of securities authorized under any such instrument does not exceed 10 percent of the total assets of Stratus and its subsidiaries on a consolidated basis. Stratus agrees to furnish a copy of each such instrument upon request of the Securities and Exchange Commission.

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<sup>\*</sup> Indicates management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement.