

WILD OATS MARKETS INC
Form S-3
April 09, 2002
Table of Contents

As filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on April 9, 2002.

Registration No. 333-_____

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM S-3

REGISTRATION STATEMENT

UNDER

THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933

Wild Oats Markets, Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

84-1100630

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

3375 Mitchell Lane
Boulder, CO 80301
(303) 440-5220

(Address, including zip code, and telephone number, including area code of registrant's principal executive offices)

Edward F. Dunlap
Chief Financial Officer
Wild Oats Markets, Inc.
3375 Mitchell Lane

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Boulder, CO 80301
(303) 440-5220

(Name, address, including zip code, and telephone number, including area code, of agent for service)

Copy to:
Francis R. Wheeler, Esq.
Cooley Godward LLP
380 Interlocken Crescent, Suite 900
Boulder, CO 80021
(720) 566-4000

Approximate date of commencement of proposed sale to the public:

As soon as practicable after this registration statement becomes effective.

If the only securities being registered on this form are being offered pursuant to dividend or interest reinvestment plans, please check the following box. //

If any of the securities being registered on this form are to be offered on a delayed or continuous basis pursuant to Rule 415 under the Securities Act of 1933, other than securities offered only in connection with dividend or interest reinvestment plans, check the following box. /x/

If this form is filed to register additional securities for an offering pursuant to Rule 462(b) under the Securities Act, please check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering. //

If this form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule 462(c) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering. //

If delivery of the prospectus is expected to be made pursuant to Rule 434, please check the following box. //

CALCULATION OF REGISTRATION FEE

Title of Shares to be Registered	Amount to be Registered	Proposed Maximum Offering Price Per Share (1)	Proposed Maximum Aggregate Offering Price (1)	Amount of Registration Fee
Common Stock, par value \$.001 per share	123,153	\$9.02	\$1,110,840.06	\$102.20

(2)

1. Estimated solely for the purpose of calculating the amount of the registration fee pursuant to Rule 457(c) under the Securities Act, and based upon the average of the high and low prices of the registrant's common stock as reported on the Nasdaq National Market on April 4, 2002.
2. Includes preferred share purchase rights ("Rights"). The Rights are associated with and trade with the common stock. The value, if any, attributable to the Rights is reflected in the market price of the common stock.

The registrant hereby amends this registration statement on such date or dates as may be necessary to delay its effective date until the registrant shall file a further amendment which specifically states that this registration statement shall thereafter become effective in accordance with Section 8(a) of the Securities Act of 1933 or until the registration statement shall become effective on such date as the Securities and Exchange Commission, acting pursuant to said Section 8(a), may determine.

PROSPECTUS

WILD OATS MARKETS, INC.

123,153 SHARES OF COMMON STOCK

This prospectus covers the offer and sale by the selling stockholders listed on page 9 of up to 123,153 shares of common stock, \$.001 par value, of Wild Oats Markets, Inc.

The selling stockholders are "underwriters" within the meaning of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, in connection with their sale of our common stock under this prospectus.

Our common stock is quoted on Nasdaq National Market under the symbol "OATS." On April 8, 2002, the last reported sale price of our common stock on the Nasdaq National Market was \$9.20 per share.

Investing in our common stock involves a high degree of risk. See "Risk Factors" beginning on page 3.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or passed upon the adequacy or accuracy of this prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

The date of this prospectus is April ____, 2002.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Wild Oats Markets

Risk Factors

Special Note Regarding Forward-Looking Information

Use of Proceeds

Selling Stockholders

Plan of Distribution

Legal Matters

Experts

Where You Can Find More Information

WILD OATS MARKETS

Wild Oats Markets, Inc. is one of the largest natural foods supermarket chains in North America. As of March 1, 2002, we operated 102 natural foods stores, including two small vitamin stores, in 23 states and British Columbia, Canada under several names, including:

- ◆ Wild Oats Natural Marketplace (nationwide)
- ◆ Henry's Marketplace (San Diego and Orange County, CA)
- ◆ Nature's - A Wild Oats Market (metropolitan Portland, OR)
- ◆ Sun Harvest Farms (TX)
- ◆ Capers Community Market (British Columbia, Canada)

We are dedicated to providing a broad selection of high-quality natural, organic and gourmet foods and related products at competitive prices in an inviting and educational store environment emphasizing customer service. Our stores range in size from 2,700 to 45,000 gross square feet and feature natural alternatives for virtually every product category found in conventional supermarkets. We provide our customers with a one-stop, full-service shopping alternative to both conventional supermarkets and traditional health food stores. We believe we have developed a differentiated concept that appeals to a broader, more mainstream customer base than the traditional natural foods store. Our comprehensive selection of natural health foods products appeals to health-conscious shoppers while we also offer virtually every product category found in a conventional supermarket, including grocery, produce, meat, poultry, seafood, dairy, frozen, food service, bakery, vitamins and supplements, health and body care and household items.

Retail sales of natural products have grown from \$7.6 billion in 1994 to \$24.6 billion in fiscal 2000, a 21.6% compound annual growth rate, and total sales of natural products (including over the internet, by practitioners, by multi-level marketers and through mail order) reached \$32.1 billion in fiscal 2000, according to the Natural Foods Merchandiser. Sales growth in the traditional grocery industry has remained relatively flat over the same period. We believe that this growth reflects a broadening of the natural products consumer base, which is being propelled by several factors, including healthier eating patterns, increasing concern regarding food purity and safety and greater environmental awareness. Our unique positioning, coupled with industry data that states that the natural products industry comprises less than 5% of the total grocery industry, offers significant potential for us to continue to expand our customer base.

Our sales grew from \$838.1 million during fiscal 2000 to \$893.2 million during fiscal 2001, an increase of 6.6%, due largely to improvements in merchandising, marketing and operations in our stores and the opening of four new stores. We also believe that sales increases, in the face of a number of store closures and sales, resulted from the implementation in 44 of our natural foods supermarket format stores of certain new strategic initiatives. These include strategic banner consolidation to build brand equity, and marketing, merchandising and pricing initiatives as part of our Fresh Look program. The Fresh Look program was tested in our Colorado stores on a modified format in July of

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2001, and rolled out to 44 stores in phases during September, October and November of 2001. The Fresh Look program includes price reductions on up to 2,500 items per store, increased marketing through the introduction of a weekly, eight-page flyer that is distributed to a broader range of potential customers, and operational modifications in the stores, including product reorganization, department reorganization within the store, modification of product mix and increased labor staffing.

We added 4, 13, 25, 16 and 14 new and acquired stores to our store base in fiscal years 2001, 2000, 1999, 1998 and 1997, respectively. As a result of our aggressive growth over the last five years, we have increased our penetration of existing markets, entered new geographic markets and created a stronger platform for future growth. We believe our growth has resulted in operating efficiencies created by:

- warehousing, distribution and administrative economies of scale
- improved volume purchasing discounts
- coordinated merchandising and marketing strategies

Our aggressive growth has also resulted in operations and acquisition integration difficulties that had a negative impact on our overall operating results in fiscal 2001.

At the end of fiscal 2001, we had 107 stores located in 23 states and Canada, as compared to 106 stores in 22 states and Canada as of the end of fiscal 2000. A summary of store openings, acquisitions, closures and sales is as follows:

TOTAL STORE COUNT

Fiscal Year
Ending

Period
Ending

2000

2001

March 1, 2002

Store count at beginning of period

	110
	106
	107
Stores opened	
	14
	4
Stores acquired	
	2
Stores closed	
	(17)
	(1)
	(2)
Stores sold	

(3)

(2)

(3)

Store count at end of period

106

107

102

As part of our strategic repositioning announced in the second and fourth quarters of fiscal 2000, we identified 22 natural foods stores for closure or sale due to weak performance. In fiscal 2000, we closed 10 and sold three of those identified stores. In the second quarter of fiscal 2001, as part of additional evaluation of our operations by new management, we identified an additional three stores for closure in fiscal 2001; in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2001, we extended our evaluation and identified an additional three stores for closure in fiscal 2001 and 2002. To date, we have closed three of the identified stores, terminated our lease-related obligations as to two of the identified locations and sold five of the identified stores, four in related transactions. One store remains to be closed or sold in fiscal 2002. We also closed two small vitamin stores in the second and third quarters of fiscal 2000. Due to a change in estimates related to changes in facts and circumstances during the fourth quarter of fiscal 2001, we decided to continue to operate four stores previously identified for closure or sale. A summary of restructuring activity by store count is as follows:

RESTRUCTURING STORE COUNT

Fiscal Year Ending		Period Ending
2000	2001	

March
1, 2002

Stores remaining at commencement of period		9		6
Stores identified in fiscal 2000 for closure or sale	22			
Stores identified in fiscal 2001 for closure or sale		6		
Identified stores closed or abandoned	(10)	(3)		(2)
Identified stores sold	(3)	(2)		(3)
Reversal of stores identified for closure or sale		(4)		
Identified stores remaining at period end	9	6		1

We are a Delaware corporation and our executive offices are located at 3375 Mitchell Lane, Boulder, Colorado 80301, and our telephone number is (303) 440-5220.

RISK FACTORS

You should carefully consider the following risk factors, in addition to the other information included or incorporated by reference in this prospectus, before making an investment decision. Additional risks that we do not yet know of or that we currently think are immaterial may also impair our business operations. If any of the events or circumstances described in the following risks actually occurs, our business may suffer, the trading price of common stock could decline, and you may lose all or part of your investment.

Our quarterly financial results and our stock price may fluctuate significantly

Our quarterly results of operations may differ materially from quarter to quarter for a variety of reasons, including the timing and success of new store openings, overall store performance, changes in the economy, seasonality and the timing of holidays, significant increases or decreases in prices for or availability of goods and services, competitive pressure and labor disturbances, as well as other factors mentioned in this section.

Our stock price has been and continues to be fairly volatile. Our stock price is affected by our quarterly and year-end results, results of our major competitors and suppliers, general market and economic conditions and publicity about us, our competitors, our vendors or our industry. Volatility in our stock price may affect our future ability to raise proceeds from equity financings, renegotiate our existing credit agreement or enter into a new borrowing relationship,

or affect our ability to obtain new store sites on favorable economic terms.

Our past comparable store sales may not be indicative of future comparable store sales

A variety of factors affect our comparable store sales results, including, among others:

- the opening of stores by us or by our competitors in markets where we have existing stores;
- the relative proportion of new stores to mature stores;
- store remodels;
- the timing of promotional events;
- our ability to follow our operating plans effectively;
- changes in consumer preferences for natural foods products; and
- general economic conditions.

Past increases in comparable store sales may not reflect future performance. Comparable store sales for any particular period may decrease in the future. Due to the factors listed above, we believe that period-to-period comparisons of our operating results are not necessarily meaningful and that such comparisons cannot be relied upon as indicators of future financial performance. Fluctuations in our comparable store sales could cause the price of our common stock to fluctuate substantially.

Increased competition in the sale of natural foods products could reduce our profitability

Our competitors currently include other independent and multi-unit natural foods supermarkets, smaller traditional natural foods stores, conventional supermarkets and specialty grocery stores. We believe that our primary competitor is Whole Foods Market, Inc., a national natural foods supermarket chain based in Texas, which, as of September 30, 2001, had 126 stores and had annual sales of approximately \$2.3 billion in its 2001 fiscal year. A number of other natural foods supermarkets offer a range of natural foods products similar to those we offer. While some competitors do not offer as full a range of products as we do, they do compete with us in some product categories.

Many of our competitors have been in business longer and have greater financial or marketing resources than we do. Our competitors also may be able to devote more funds and employees to securing suitable locations for new stores and to the sourcing, promotion and sale of their products. In addition, should any of our competitors reduce prices, we may be required to reduce prices to remain competitive, which could result in lower sales and profitability. As we open stores in new geographic markets, our success will depend in part on our ability to gain market share from established competitors. Traditional and specialty grocery stores are expanding the amount of natural foods they carry and market, and therefore they now compete directly with us for products, customers and locations. We expect competition from both new and existing competitors to increase in our markets and we may not be able to compete effectively in the future, which could adversely affect our profitability.

Economic conditions may affect us to a greater degree than our competitors

Downturns in general economic conditions in communities, states, regions or the nation as a whole can negatively affect our results of operations. While purchases of food generally do not decrease in a slower economy, consumers may choose less expensive alternative sources for food purchases. In addition, downturns in the economy make the disposition of excess properties, for which we continue to pay rent and other carrying costs, substantially more

difficult as the markets become saturated with vacant space and market rents decrease.

Information picketing and other union activities may negatively affect our sales

From time to time, unions will attempt to organize employees or portions of the employee base at stores or our distribution or manufacturing facilities. Responses to organization attempts require substantial management and employee time and are disruptive to operations. In addition, from time to time certain of our stores may be subject to informational picketing by local trade unions, which can discourage customer traffic and lower sales volumes.

Loss of key personnel could disrupt our operations

We believe that our continued success will depend to a significant extent upon the leadership and performance of our key executive personnel, including:

- Perry D. Odak, our Chief Executive Officer and President;
- Stephen P. Kaczynski, our Senior Vice President of Merchandising; and
- Bruce Bowman, our Senior Vice President of Operations.

The loss of the services of these individuals or other of our key personnel could harm our operations. We do not maintain key person insurance on any of these personnel. Our continued success is also dependent upon our ability to attract and retain qualified executives to meet our future growth needs. We face intense competition for qualified executives, many of whom are subject to offers from competing employers. We may not be able to attract and retain key executive personnel as necessary to operate our business.

Disruptions of product supply could reduce store sales and profitability and disrupt our operations

Our business is dependent on our ability to buy products on a timely basis and at competitive prices from a small number of distributors and from a large number of relatively small vendors. We purchase 28.2% of our total goods from one distributor under an agreement that expires in August 2002. We are currently negotiating with that distributor and others for a new distribution agreement. We may experience significant disruption in our operations through shortages of goods and services if we change our distribution relationship. Any significant disruption in the supply of goods could have a material impact on our overall sales volume, cost of goods and our profitability. We may not be able to negotiate future supply agreements with this or other distributors on terms favorable to us, if at all. Even where we have access to alternative sources of supply, the failure of a vendor or distributor to meet our demands may temporarily disrupt store-level merchandise selection, resulting in reduced sales.

Changes in government regulation could increase our costs and harm our operating results

We are subject to many laws, regulations and ordinances at the local, state and national level and problems or failures to comply with these laws could negatively affect our store sales and operations, or could delay the opening of a new store. Such laws regulate our operations, including:

- health and sanitation standards;
- food labeling and handling requirements;
- employment and wage levels; and
- food and alcoholic beverage sales regulations.

For example, in the fall of 2002, the National Organic Standards, a comprehensive program of regulations governing the growing, production, handling and sale of goods advertised as "organic", will be fully implemented. We may experience a disruption in our product offerings if our suppliers are unable to comply with these standards.

Additionally, over 17% of our total sales come from the sale of vitamins, supplements and herbal products and there have been many proposals for new laws on a national level to restrict sales of certain supplement products or to regulate information available to consumers regarding these products.

Modifications in existing laws and the implementation of new laws governing components of our business operations may be triggered by consumer and regulatory concerns regarding food safety issues, new technology or competitive pressures. Such modifications could require the reformulation of certain products to meet new standards, the recall or discontinuance of certain products not able to be reformulated, additional record keeping, expanded documentation of the properties of certain products, expanded or different labeling and/or scientific substantiation. Any of these requirements could harm our sales volume, costs of goods and direct store expenses. In addition, from time to time we are audited by various governmental agencies for compliance with existing laws, and we could be subject to fines or operational modifications as a result of noncompliance.

Our Fresh Look program may not be successful, which would harm our operating results

In 2001, we introduced our Fresh Look program in 44 of our natural supermarket stores, and as part of such program reduced everyday prices on up to 2,500 items per store and implemented a weekly flyer program, with an expanded selection of sale items. Our Fresh Look program may not be successful, in which case we will experience an increase in costs and a decrease in gross margins without a corresponding increase in gross sales. For example, after analysis of results from the Fresh Look stores and additional customer research, we determined that some pricing reductions on certain items were overly aggressive, resulting in greater margin erosion without corresponding customer recognition and item movement, and we are evaluating a modest price increase on selected products.

Successfully opening and operating new stores is a critical component of our growth strategy

We have grown considerably in size and geographic scope since 1992. Between 1997 and 2001, we added 72 new and acquired stores to our store base. We plan to continue growing, primarily through the opening of new stores. If we are unable to successfully open and operate new stores our growth strategy will be restricted and our operating results will be harmed. We are currently restricted by our bank covenants in the number of new leases we can sign and the amount of aggregate new store capital expenditures we can make; *however*, the bank covenants allow us to add additional leases and make additional capital expenditures if we are successful in raising \$30.0 million or more in new equity financings. Our ability to successfully open and operate new stores depends on many factors, including our ability to:

- raise sufficient equity financing to allow us execute new leases and spend additional capital in accordance with the terms of our current bank covenants;
- hire and train new personnel, including administrative and accounting personnel, departmental, regional and store managers, store employees and other personnel in our corporate organization;
- expand into areas of the country where we have no operating experience;
- identify areas of the country that meet our criteria for new store sites;
- locate suitable store sites and negotiate acceptable lease terms;
- obtain governmental and other third party consents, permits and licenses needed to operate new stores;

- integrate new stores into our existing operations;
- expand our existing systems or acquire and implement new systems, including information systems, hardware and software, and distribution infrastructure, to include new relocated and acquired stores; and
- obtain adequate funding for operations.

New stores build their sales volumes and refine their merchandise selection gradually and, as a result, generally have lower gross margins and higher operating expenses as a percentage of sales than more mature stores. We anticipate that the stores we opened in 2001 will experience operating losses for the first six to 12 months of operation, in accordance with historical trends; however, given the continued weakening of the U.S. economy in the wake of the events of September 11, 2001, operating losses may be extended for additional periods of time. Additionally, we incur significant pre-opening expenses and, as a result, the opening of a significant number of new stores in a single period will negatively affect our operating results.

We may grow our business through the acquisition of other stores, which we may be unable to successfully accomplish

We will continue to consider acquisitions of natural foods retailers where attractive opportunities exist. Acquisitions of operating stores involve risks which could have a negative effect on our business and financial results such as:

- short-term declines in our reported operating results;
- diversion of management's attention;
- unanticipated problems or legal liabilities;
- inclusion of incompatible operations, particularly management information systems; and
- inexperience in operating different store formats.

Further, acquired stores, while generally profitable as of the acquisition date, generate lower gross margins and store contribution margins than our company average due to their substantially lower volume purchasing discounts and the integration of the acquired stores into our operating systems. Over time, we expect the gross margin and store contribution margin of acquired stores to approach our company average. Other factors that could cause acquired stores to perform at lower-than-expected levels include, among other things, difficulties in integrating existing employees, turnover of regional and store management, disruption of advertising, changes in product mix and delays in the integration of purchasing programs.

Our remodeling efforts may cause an extended reduction in the sales volumes of our remodeled stores

We completed the remodeling of 15 of our older stores in 2001, and remerchandised a number of our stores in the second, third and fourth quarters of 2001, with the goal of eliminating slower-selling products, reducing excess SKU counts in certain categories of products, and giving greater emphasis to produce, meat and seafood and grocery departments. Remodels and remerchandising typically cause short-term disruption in sales volume and related increases in certain expenses as a percentage of sales, such as payroll. Current and future remodeled or remerchandised stores may experience sales disruptions and the related impact on earnings to a greater degree than we have projected.

Our strategy of clustering stores may cause an extended decrease in sales of clustered stores

As part of our growth strategy, we strive to locate stores in clusters in select regional markets to increase overall sales, reduce operating costs and increase customer awareness. Our comparable store sales results have been negatively affected in the past by, among other factors, planned cannibalization, which is the loss of sales at an existing store when we open a new store nearby, resulting from the implementation of our store clustering strategy. Some new stores opened in the past two years have caused a greater degree of cannibalization than previously expected, and we currently believe that the store contribution margins at the older, affected stores in these regions will not rebound to their prior levels. In other existing markets, the sales and operating results trends for other stores may continue to experience temporary declines related to the clustering of stores. We are currently reevaluating our clustering strategy in response to greater-than-expected sales cannibalization in certain existing markets where we opened new stores.

Our growth strategy has, and will continue to, place a significant strain on our management

Although we believe that we have the management, operational and information systems, distribution infrastructure and other resources required to implement our growth strategy, we may not be able to execute our new store expansion plans within the expected time frame. Our continued growth may place a significant strain on our management, our ability to distribute products to our stores, working capital, and financial and management control systems. In order for us to manage our expanding store base successfully, our management will be required to anticipate the changing demands of our growing operations and to adapt systems and procedures accordingly. If we are not able to do so, our business, sales and overall profitability will be materially and negatively affected.

Our growth strategy will be harmed if capital resources are not available

The construction or acquisition of new stores, remodeling of existing stores, as well as completion of capital purchases of new technology systems required for efficient operation of our business require substantial capital expenditures. In the past, our capital expenditures have been funded by cash generated from operations, bank debt and equity financing proceeds. These sources of capital may not be available to us in the future; in addition, our existing credit agreement contains limitations on our ability to execute new leases and make capital expenditures that may constrain future growth without additional equity financings.

We are currently seeking to raise approximately \$30.0 million to \$50.0 million in a private placement of our equity securities to provide us with additional liquidity. We may not be able to complete this transaction on terms favorable to us, if at all, in which case our growth strategy may be restricted and our financial results would be negatively affected.

We do not intend to pay cash dividends for the foreseeable future

We have never paid cash dividends on shares of our common stock. We do not intend to pay cash dividends in the foreseeable future. Our credit facilities contain various financial covenants which restrict, among other things, our ability to pay cash dividends.

Legal proceedings could materially impact our results

From time to time we are party to legal proceedings including matters involving personnel and employment issues, distribution relationships, real estate leases, and other proceedings arising in the ordinary course of business. Although not currently anticipated by management, our operating results could be harmed by the decisions and expenses related to such proceedings.

We may be subject to product liability claims if people are harmed by the products we sell

There is increasing governmental scrutiny of and public awareness regarding food safety. We believe that many customers choose to shop at our stores because of their interest in health, nutrition and food safety. We believe that

our customers hold us to a higher standard than conventional supermarkets. The real or perceived sale of contaminated food products by us could result in decreased sales and product liability claims, which would harm our operating results.

Information system upgrades or integrations may disrupt our operations or financial reporting

We continually evaluate and upgrade our management information systems. We have completed a number of acquisitions in recent years, and the information systems of some of the acquired operations have not been fully integrated with our information systems. Although we do not anticipate any disruption in our operations or financial reporting as a result of system upgrades or system integrations, there can be no assurance that such disruption will not occur or that the desired benefits from the system upgrades will be realized.

SPECIAL NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION

This prospectus contains "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act. In some cases, you can identify these forward-looking statements by words such as "may," "will," "expect," "intend," "anticipate," "believe," "estimate," "plan," "could," "should" and "continue" and other similar words and expressions. Specifically, this prospectus contains forward-looking statements regarding:

- our plans to open, acquire, relocate or close additional stores;
- the anticipated performance of such stores;
- the impact of competition and current economic uncertainty;
- the sufficiency of funds to satisfy the our cash requirements through the remainder of fiscal 2002;
- our expectations for comparable store sales;
- our plans for redesigning our natural foods supermarket store format;
- the impact of changes resulting from implementation of our Fresh Look merchandising, advertising and pricing program;
- levels of cannibalization caused by clustering stores; and
- expected pre-opening expenses and capital expenditures.

Such forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause our actual results, performance or achievements to differ materially from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Important factors that could cause such differences include, among other things, the following:

- our ability to conclude a private placement of our stock;
- the timing and success of the implementation of the Fresh Look program;

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- the timing and execution of new store openings, relocations, remodels, sales and closures;
- the impact of competition;
- changes in product supply or suppliers;
- changes in management information needs;
- changes in customer needs and expectations;
- governmental and regulatory actions;
- general industry or business trends or events;
- changes in economic or business conditions in general or affecting the natural foods industry in particular;
- competition for and the availability of sites for new stores and potential acquisition candidates; and
- other factors referenced in this prospectus.

You should also consider carefully the risk factors described on pages 3 through 7 of this prospectus, which address additional factors that could cause our results to differ from those set forth in the forward-looking statements. We undertake no obligation to update any of the forward-looking statements after the date of this prospectus to conform such statements to actual results, except to the extent required by law.

USE OF PROCEEDS

The proceeds from the sale of the common stock offered pursuant to this prospectus are solely for the account of the selling stockholders. Accordingly, we will not receive any proceeds from the sale of the shares by the selling stockholders.

SELLING STOCKHOLDERS

This prospectus covers the offer and sale by the selling stockholders of up to 123,153 shares of common stock. The following table sets forth information regarding the beneficial ownership of our common stock as of April 4, 2002, and as adjusted to reflect the sale of common stock offered hereby, for each selling stockholder. Beneficial ownership is determined in accordance with the rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission and includes voting and investment power with respect to the securities. Except as indicated by footnote, the entities named in the table below have sole voting and investment power with respect to the shares set forth opposite such entity's name.

Percentage ownership is based on 24,960,653 shares of common stock outstanding as of April 4, 2002.

Name	Shares Beneficially Owned Prior to Offering (1)	Shares Being Offered	Shares Beneficially Owned After Offering (1)
------	-------------------------------------------------	----------------------	----------------------------------------------

(2)

	<u>Number</u>	<u>Percent</u>		<u>Number</u>	<u>Percent</u>
Michael C. Gilliland and Elizabeth C. Cook (2)	2,400,972	9.62%	123,153	2,277,819	9.13%

1. Beneficial ownership is determined in accordance with the rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission and generally includes voting or investment power with respect to securities. Shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of options currently exercisable, or exercisable within 60 days of the date of this Prospectus, are deemed outstanding for computing the percentage of the person holding such securities but are not outstanding for computing the percentage of any other person. Subject to community property laws where applicable, the persons named in the above table have sole voting and investment power with respect to all shares of common stock shown as beneficially owned by them.
2. Consists of 123,153 shares held by Michael C. Gilliland and Elizabeth C. Cook as tenants in common, 914,968 shares held by Mr. Gilliland, 4,185 shares subject to exercisable stock options by Mr. Gilliland, 318,543 shares held by Elizabeth C. Cook, 11,406 shares subject to exercisable stock options held by Ms. Cook, 14,625 shares held by the Michael C. Gilliland 1997 Charitable Remainder Trust, 14,625 shares held by the Elizabeth C. Cook 1997 Charitable Remainder Trust, 30,381 shares held by the Wild Oats Community Foundation, 15,970 shares held by the Ian Patrick Gilliland 1993 Trust, 15,969 shares held by the Stella Elizabeth Gilliland 1993 Trust and 937,147 shares held by the Gilliland/Cook Family Limited Liability Partnership. Mr. Gilliland disclaims beneficial ownership of the shares held by the trusts (other than the Michael C. Gilliland 1997 Charitable Remainder Trust), Ms. Cook, the Gilliland/Cook Family Limited Liability Partnership and the Wild Oats Community Foundation. Ms. Cook disclaims beneficial ownership of the shares held by the trusts (other than the Elizabeth C. Cook 1997 Charitable Remainder Trust), Mr. Gilliland, the Gilliland/Cook Family Limited Liability Partnership and the Wild Oats Community Foundation.

The shares of common stock represented hereby are being registered for resale by the selling stockholders pursuant to a settlement agreement entered into with the selling stockholders. We will pay the registration and filing fees, printing expenses, listing fees, blue sky fees, if any, and fees and disbursements of our counsel and independent public accountants in connection with this offering, and we will effectively bear any underwriting discounts, selling commissions and similar expenses relating to the sale of the shares pursuant to the terms of the settlement agreement.

Mr. Gilliland and Ms. Cook founded Wild Oats in October 1987. Mr. Gilliland was our Chief Executive Officer from our inception through March 2001 and served on our Board of Directors from our inception until December 2001. Mr. Gilliland also served as our President and Chairman of the Board from inception until July 1996. Ms. Cook held various positions with Wild Oats between October 1987 and May 2001, including Secretary, General Counsel, Vice President and, most recently, Executive Vice President. Ms. Cook also served on our Board of Directors from our inception until December 2001.

PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

The selling stockholders may offer and sell their shares from time to time, in their discretion, on one or more exchanges on which the shares are listed or quoted at the time of sale or in the over-the-counter market, at prices and terms then prevailing or at prices related to the then current market price. The selling stockholders are "underwriters" within the meaning of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, in connection with their sale of our common stock under this prospectus.

The selling stockholders will act independently of us in making decisions regarding the timing, manner and size of each sale hereunder. The selling stockholders may effect these transactions by selling their shares to or through broker-dealers. The selling stockholders may sell their shares by one or more of the following methods:

- a block trade in which a broker or dealer will attempt to sell the shares as agent but may position and resell all or a portion of the block as principal to facilitate the transaction;
- purchases by a broker-dealer as principal and resale by such broker-dealer for its account under this prospectus;
- an exchange distribution in accordance with the rules of an exchanges; and
- ordinary brokerage transactions and transactions in which the broker solicits purchases.

In effecting sales, brokers or dealers engaged by the selling stockholders may arrange for other brokers or dealers to participate. Such brokers or dealers may receive commissions, discounts or concessions from the selling stockholders in amounts to be negotiated. Such brokers and dealers and any other participating brokers or dealers may be deemed to be "underwriters" within the meaning of the Securities Act, in connection with such sales.

The selling stockholders may also offer to sell their shares in one or more underwritten offerings, on a firm commitment or best efforts basis. We will receive no proceeds from the sale of the selling stockholders' shares by the selling stockholders. The shares may be sold from time to time in one or more transactions at a fixed offering price, which may be changed, or at varying prices determined at the time of sale or at negotiated prices. Such prices will be determined by the selling stockholders or by agreement between a selling stockholder and its underwriters, dealers, brokers or agents.

To the extent required under the Securities Act, the aggregate amount of selling stockholders' shares being offered and the terms of the offering, the names of any such agents, brokers, dealers or underwriters and any applicable commission with respect to a particular offer will be set forth in an accompanying prospectus supplement. Any underwriters, dealers, brokers or agents participating in the distribution of the shares may receive compensation in the form of underwriting discounts, concessions, commissions or fees from a selling stockholder and/or purchasers of selling stockholders' shares, for whom they may act. In addition, sellers of selling stockholders' shares may be deemed to be underwriters under the Securities Act and any profits on the sale of selling stockholders' shares by them may be deemed to be discount commissions under the Securities Act. The selling stockholders may have other business relationships with Wild Oats and its subsidiaries or affiliates in the ordinary course of business.

We are bearing all costs relating to the registration of the shares (other than fees and expenses, if any, of counsel or other advisors to the selling stockholders) and we are effectively bearing any commissions, discounts or other fees payable to broker-dealers in connection with any sale of the shares pursuant to the terms of the settlement agreement.

The selling stockholders and any other persons participating in the sale or distribution of the shares offered by this prospectus will be subject to liability under the federal securities laws and must comply with the requirements of the Securities Act and the Exchange Act. These rules and regulations may limit the timing of purchases and sales of shares of our common stock by the selling stockholders or such other persons. Under these rules and regulations, the selling stockholders and such other persons:

- may not engage in any stabilization activity in connection with our shares of common stock;
- must furnish each broker which offers shares of our common stock covered by this prospectus with the number of copies of this prospectus and any prospectus supplement which are required by such broker; and

- may not bid for or purchase any of our shares of common stock or attempt to induce any person to purchase any of our shares of common stock other than as permitted under the Exchange Act.

These restrictions may affect the marketability of the shares of our common stock by the selling stockholders.

We have agreed to indemnify the selling stockholders in certain circumstances, against certain liabilities, including liabilities arising under the Securities Act.

LEGAL MATTERS

The validity of the common stock being offered hereby will be passed upon by Cooley Godward LLP, Broomfield, Colorado.

EXPERTS

The financial statements incorporated in this Prospectus by reference to the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 29, 2001, have been so incorporated in reliance on the report of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, independent accountants, given on the authority of said firm as experts in auditing and accounting.

The report of Ernst & Young LLP, independent accountants, on the financial statements of Sun Harvest Farms, Inc. as of September 28, 1999, December 29, 1998, December 30, 1997, and for the nine-month period ended September 28, 1999 and the fiscal years ended December 29, 1998, December 30, 1997, and December 31, 1996, which report appears in the Form 8-K of Wild Oats Markets, Inc. dated February 28, 2000 are incorporated by reference in reliance on Ernst & Young LLP's report, given on their authority as experts in accounting and auditing.

WHERE YOU CAN FIND MORE INFORMATION

You should rely only on the information provided or incorporated by reference in this prospectus. We have not authorized anyone to provide you with any different information. This prospectus does not constitute an offer to sell, or a solicitation of an offer to buy, these securities in any state where the offer or sale is prohibited. You should not assume that the information in this prospectus or any prospectus supplement is accurate as of any date other than the date on the front of the document.

We are a reporting company and file annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information with the Securities and Exchange Commission, or SEC. We have filed with the SEC a registration statement on Form S-3 under the Securities Act with respect to the shares of common stock the selling stockholders are offering under this prospectus. This prospectus does not contain all of the information set forth in the registration statement and the exhibits to the registration statement. For further information regarding our company and the common stock being offered under this prospectus, we refer you to the registration statement and the exhibits and schedules filed as a part of the registration statement. You may read and copy the registration statement, as well as our reports, proxy statements and other information filed with the SEC, at the SEC's Public Reference Room at Room 1024, 450 Fifth Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20549. You can request copies of these documents by writing to the SEC and paying a fee for the copying cost. Please call the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330 for more information about the operation of the

public reference rooms. Our SEC filings are also available at the SEC's web site at "http://www.sec.gov." In addition, you can read and copy our SEC filings at the office of the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. at 1735 K Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20006.

The SEC allows us to "incorporate by reference" information that we file with it, which means that we can disclose important information to you by referring you to those documents. The information incorporated by reference is an important part of this prospectus. Information in this prospectus supersedes information incorporated by reference that we filed with the SEC prior to the date of this prospectus, while information that we file later with the SEC will automatically update and supersede this information. We incorporate by reference into this registration statement and prospectus the documents listed below and any future filings we will make with the SEC under Sections 13(a), 13(c), 14 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act after the date of the initial registration statement but prior to effectiveness of the registration statement and after the date of this prospectus but prior to the termination of the offering of the shares covered by this prospectus.

The following documents filed with the SEC are incorporated by reference in this prospectus:

1. Our annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 29, 2001;
2. Our current report on Form 8-K dated February 1, 2002; and
3. The description of our common stock set forth in our registration statement on Form 8-A, filed with the SEC on October 17, 1996.
4. The description of the rights to purchase our Series A junior participating preferred stock set forth in our registration statement on Form 8-A, filed with the SEC on May 21, 1998.

We will furnish without charge to you, on written or oral request, a copy of any or all of the documents incorporated by reference, including exhibits to these documents. You should direct any requests for documents to Wild Oats Markets, Inc., Attention: Chief Financial Officer, 3375 Mitchell Lane, Boulder, Colorado 80301, telephone: (303) 440-5220.

PART II

INFORMATION NOT REQUIRED IN PROSPECTUS

Item 14. Other Expenses of Issuance and Distribution.

The following table sets forth the estimated expenses, other than any underwriting discounts and commissions, payable by the registrant in connection with the offering of the common stock being registered. All the amounts shown are estimates, except for the registration fee. These expenses will be borne by the registrant.

SEC registration fee	\$ 102.20
Accounting fees and expenses	5,000.00
Legal fees and expenses	15,000.00
Miscellaneous expenses	<u>5,000.00</u>
Total	\$ 20,102.20 =====

Item 15. Indemnification of Officers and Directors.

Section 102(b)(7) of the Delaware General Corporation Law permits a Delaware corporation to limit the personal liability of its directors in accordance with the provisions set forth therein. The Certificate of Incorporation of the registrant provides that the personal liability of its directors shall be limited to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law.

Section 145 of the Delaware General Corporation Law permits Delaware corporations to indemnify directors, officers, employees or agents against expenses, judgments and fines reasonably incurred and against certain other liabilities in connection with any threatened, pending or completed action, suit or proceeding, whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative, by reason of the fact that such person was or is a director, officer, employee or agent of the corporation. The Certificate of Incorporation and the Bylaws of the registrant provide for indemnification to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law. The Certificate of Incorporation limits the liability of the registrant's directors for monetary damages for breaches of the directors' fiduciary duty of care. In addition, the Certificate of Incorporation requires the registrant to indemnify its directors, officers, employees and agents serving at the registrant's request against expenses, judgment (including derivative actions), fines and amounts paid in settlement. This indemnification is limited to actions taken in good faith in the reasonable belief that the conduct was lawful and in or not opposed to the registrant's interests. The Bylaws provide for the indemnification of directors and officers in connection with civil, criminal, administrative or investigative proceedings when acting in their capacities as agents of the registrant. In addition, the registrant has entered into agreements with its directors and certain executive officers that require it to indemnify such persons against expenses, judgments, fines, settlements and other amounts actually and reasonably incurred (including expenses of a derivative action) in connection with any proceeding, whether actual or threatened, to which any such person may be made a party by reason of the fact that such person is or was our director or officer, provided that such person's conduct was not knowingly fraudulent or deliberately dishonest and did not constitute willful misconduct. The registrant also maintains an officers and directors liability insurance policy.

The foregoing may reduce the likelihood of a derivative litigation against the registrant's directors and executive officers and may discourage or deter stockholders or management from suing directors or executive officers for breaches of their duty of care, even though such actions, if successful, might otherwise benefit the registrant and its stockholders.

Item 16. Exhibits and Financial Statement Schedules.

(a) **Exhibits**

Exhibit Number	Description of Document
4 (i).1.(a)	Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Wild Oats (1)
4 (i).1.(b)	Certificate of Correction to Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Wild Oats (1)
4 (i).1.(c)	Certificate of Amendment to Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Wild Oats (3)

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- 4 (ii).1 Amended and Restated By-Laws of Wild Oats (1)
- 4.2 Specimen stock certificate (2)
- 4.3 Rights Agreement dated May 22, 1998 between Wild Oats and Norwest Bank Minnesota (4)
- 4.4 Amendment No. 1 to Rights Agreement dated February 26, 2002 between Wild Oats and Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. (5)
- 5.1 Opinion of Cooley Godward LLP*
- 23.1 Consent of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP*
- 23.2 Consent of Ernst & Young LLP*
- 23.3 Consent of Cooley Godward LLP. Reference is made to Exhibit 5.1
- 24.1 Power of Attorney*

* Filed herewith.

(1) Incorporated by reference to Wild Oats' Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 28, 1996 (File Number 0-21577).

(2) Incorporated by reference to Wild Oats' Registration Statement on Form S-1 (File Number 333-11261).

(3) Incorporated by reference to Wild Oats' Registration Statement on Form S-3 (File Number 333-88011).

(4) Incorporated by reference to Wild Oats' Registration Statement on Form S-8 (File No. 333-66347).

(5) Incorporated by reference to Wild Oats' Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 29, 2001 (File Number 0-21577).

Item 17. Undertakings

The undersigned registrant hereby undertakes:

(1) To file, during any period in which offers or sales are being made, a post-effective amendment to this registration statement:

- (i) To include any prospectus required by section 10(a)(3) of the Securities Act;
 - (ii) To reflect in the prospectus any facts or events arising after the effective date of the registration statement (or the most recent post-effective amendment thereof) which, individually or in the aggregate, represent a fundamental change in the information set forth in the registration statement. Notwithstanding the foregoing, any increase or decrease in the volume of securities offered (if the total dollar value of the securities offered would not exceed that which was registered) and any deviation from the low or high end of the estimated maximum offering range may be reflected in the form of prospectus filed with the Commission pursuant to Rule 424(b) if, in the aggregate, the changes in volume and price represent no more than twenty percent (20%) change in the maximum aggregate offering price set forth in the "Calculation of Registration Fee" table in the effective registration statement;
 - (iii) To include any material information with respect to the plan of distribution not previously disclosed in the registration statement or any material change to such information in the registration statement.
- (2) That, for the purpose of determining any liability under the Securities Act, each such post-effective amendment shall be deemed to be a new registration statement relating to the securities offered therein, and the offering of such securities at that time shall be deemed to be the initial bona fide offering thereof.
- (3) To remove from registration by means of a post-effective amendment any of the securities being registered which remain unsold at the termination of the offering.
- (4) That, for purposes of determining any liability under the Securities Act, each filing of the registrant's annual report pursuant to section 13(a) or section 15(d) of the Exchange Act that is incorporated by reference in the registration statement shall be deemed to be a new registration statement relating to the securities offered herein, and the offering of such securities at that time shall be deemed to be the initial bona fide offering thereof.

Insofar as indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act may be permitted to directors, officers and controlling persons of the registrant pursuant to the provisions described under Item 15, or otherwise, the registrant has been advised that in the opinion of the Securities and Exchange Commission such indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act and is, therefore, unenforceable. In the event that a claim for indemnification against such liabilities (other than the payment by the registrant of expenses incurred or paid by a director, officers or controlling person of the registrant in the successful defense of any action, suit or proceeding) is asserted by such director, officer or controlling person in connection with the securities being registered, the registrant will, unless in the opinion of its counsel the matter has been settled by controlling precedent, submit to a court of appropriate jurisdiction the question whether such indemnification by it is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act and will be governed by the final adjudication of such issue.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act, the registrant certifies that it has reasonable grounds to believe that it meets all of the requirements for filing on Form S-3 and has duly caused this registration statement to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the City of Boulder, State of Colorado, on April 9, 2002.

Wild Oats Markets,
Inc.

By: /s/ Edward F.
Dunlap
Edward F. Dunlap

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Executive Officer
and Chief Financial
Officer
(Principal Financial
and Accounting
Officer)

Date: April 9, 2002

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act, this registration statement has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

<u>Signature</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>Date</u>
By: * _____ Perry D. Odak	Chief Executive Officer, President and Director	April 9, 2002
By: * _____ Edward F. Dunlap	Chief Financial Officer	April 9, 2002
By: * _____ John A. Shields	Chairman	April 9, 2002
By: * _____ David M. Chamberlain	Vice Chairman	April 9, 2002
By: * _____ Brian K. Devine	Director	April 9, 2002
By: * _____ David L. Ferguson	Director	April 9, 2002
By: * _____ James B. McElwee	Director	April 9, 2002

By: *
Mo J. Siegel

Director

April 9, 2002

*By: /s/ Freya R. Brier
Freya R. Brier, as Attorney in Fact

Attorney in Fact

April 9, 2002

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